

OLD MASTER IS TOO MUCH FOR THE ATHLETICS

Mathewson Pitches Supreme Effort of Lifetime to Win the Second World Series Game.

DRIVES IN THE WINNING RUN

Matty Not Only Pitches, but Hits to Save His Own Game.

GIANTS SHOW LINE OF CRIPPLES

Merkle and Meyers Out and Snodgrass Still Unable to Play.

SUBSTITUTES WORK AS WONDERS

Wiltse at First and McLean as Catcher Surprise Crowds.

MACKMEN HELPLESS ALL WAY

Mathewson's Pitching Gets Grand Support and the National League Team Wins Game of Most Thrilling Sort.

By I. E. SANBORN.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 8.—(Special Telegram.)—Christy Mathewson, veteran of four world's series and more than a dozen national league campaigns, pitched the supreme game of his lifetime and achieved a personal triumph over the Philadelphia Athletics in the second game of the 1913 series for the world's championship, but it took him ten innings to do it by a score of 3 to 0. With a team of Giants behind him shot to pieces by accidents, forcing three substitutes into important positions, Mathewson shut out the greatest batting team in either league for ten rounds and drove home, with a clean single in the first half of the tenth inning the only run necessary to give New York victory. Nor was that the only hit Mathewson made off his rival, Eddie Plank, who has faced him in more than one crucial combat in the past. Mathewson made another single in the third inning and put the Gettysburg graduate of many years ago on the defensive for the only time during the regulation number of rounds.

Plank Also Was Good.

Plank pitched a wonderful game for an old man who is supposed to have passed the age of major league ball playing. He held the Giants to four singles in nine innings, and was in the hole only once, but the masterful hurling of Mathewson against a team that was far stronger in batting ability than he was, put a Giant runner in position to knock in the tenth. Here Matty himself delivered the safety which brought victory and ended up the series. The Athletics broke after that and allowed two more runs to score on an error, a batsman hit and another single, but the two tallies proved unnecessary.

Patching Up the Giants.

Mathewson did this in front of team which looked hopelessly crippled when the battle started. Two regulars were out of the lineup and two were playing out of position. Fred Merkle showed up with a badly wrench off, the result of a quick turn at first base in the closing innings of yesterday's game at New York. In spite of all efforts to keep the swelling down by the use of all devices known to trainers Merkle was too lame to cover first base. Just before the game near the end of the fielding practice of the Giants today Chief Meyers split his throwing hand, reopening an old wound and was thrown out of commission indefinitely. Manager McGraw, who was batting to the infield when this last blow fell, threw out his hands in a gesture which indicated near despair, then went on with his job as if nothing had happened. When the Giants took the field it was discovered that he had placed Snodgrass, himself a cripple, on first base, and Larry McLean, unknown to world's series combat, behind the bat. Before the third inning was over Snodgrass had shown by his painful attempts to negotiate the bases that the "charley-horse" in his right leg refused absolutely.

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The Weather

Forecast till 7 p. m. Thursday: For Omaha, Council Bluffs and Vicinity—Unsettled; not much change in temperature.

Temperatures at Omaha Yesterday.

Hour	Deg.
8 a. m.	53
9 a. m.	52
10 a. m.	51
11 a. m.	50
12 m.	49
1 p. m.	48
2 p. m.	47
3 p. m.	46
4 p. m.	45
5 p. m.	44
6 p. m.	43
7 p. m.	42

Comparative Local Record.

1912	1911	1910	1909
Highest yesterday	73	69	61
Lowest yesterday	42	48	40
Mean yesterday	64	54	50
Total rainfall since March 1	39.87	39.87	39.87
Normal precipitation	47.00	47.00	47.00
Deficiency for the year	7.13	7.13	7.13
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Deficiency for the year	7.13	7.13	7.13

Reports from Stations at 7 P. M.

Station and State	Temp.	High	Rain
Omaha, Neb.	48	51	0.00
Chicago, Ill.	45	48	0.00
Davenport, Ia.	46	49	0.00
Denver, Colo.	40	43	0.00
Des Moines, Ia.	47	50	0.00
St. Paul, Minn.	44	47	0.00
St. Louis, Mo.	45	48	0.00
Portland, Ore.	42	45	0.00
San Francisco, Cal.	55	58	0.00
Seattle, Wash.	48	51	0.00
Portland, Me.	45	48	0.00
Boston, Mass.	46	49	0.00
New York, N. Y.	47	50	0.00
Washington, D. C.	48	51	0.00
Philadelphia, Pa.	49	52	0.00
Baltimore, Md.	46	49	0.00
Richmond, Va.	47	50	0.00
Charlotte, N. C.	48	51	0.00
Savannah, Ga.	49	52	0.00
Atlanta, Ga.	50	53	0.00
Mobile, Ala.	51	54	0.00
New Orleans, La.	52	55	0.00

L. A. WELSH, Local Forecaster.

PITCHERS WHO STARTED SECOND CHAMPIONSHIP GAME.



EDWARD PLANK, Philadelphia.



CHRISTY MATHEWSON, New York.

GIANTS CONQUER OVER ODDS

Win Second When Plank Weakens in the Tenth.

MATTY WONDER IN PINCH

Airtight Defense by Infield Keeps Athletics from Scoring When Bases Are Clogged by New York Men.

ATTENDANCE AND RECEIPTS.

Attendance, second game	20,223
Total receipts, second game	\$49,640
Receipts, two games	\$124,958
Score by Innings:	
New York	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 0 0
Philadelphia	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
PHILADELPHIA	
Kerros, 3b.	E. Murphy, rf.
Doyle, 2b.	Oldring, lf.
Fitcher, ss.	Collins, 3b.
Burns, 1b.	Baker, 2b.
Shaffer, cf.	McInnis, 1b.
McLean, c.	Strunk, cf.
Snodgrass, 1b.	Barr, ss.
Mathewson, p.	Lapp, c.
	Plank, p.

SHIBE PARK, PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 8.

The New York Giants captured the second game of the world's series today, defeating the Philadelphia Athletics by a score of 3 to 0, in ten innings of play. It was a pitchers' battle between Mathewson and Plank until the tenth inning, when Plank perceptibly weakened, and, coupled with the fearful wild throw by Collins, sent three Giants scampering across the plate. Mathewson was in difficulties in the last half of the ninth, when he was combed for two hits, and, with Doyle's error put Athletic runners on second and third with none out. Then Mathewson with splendid pitching and an airtight defense by the infield kept the Athletics runless.

New York Crippled.

New York fans were about to give up in despair when they realized that so many of their men were out of the game. Doyle was a cripple, Snodgrass was supposed to be too lame to play, but in spite of this he was sent to first base to take the place of Merkle, who sprained his ankle in the opening game of the series at the Polo grounds Tuesday. Snodgrass had been in the battle but a short time before he was forced to retire when his "charley horse" caught him in running to first base after a hit. Wiltse took Snodgrass' place at first and played a splendid game.

Big Chief Meyers was not in the lineup, although scheduled to be behind the bat. He injured his hand in warming up before the game and his place was taken by McLean, who did yeoman service. In spite of all these handicaps the Giants went in to win and were rewarded for their uphill efforts by being returned winning in an extra inning game, which was fought hard all the way through.

Batteries Announced.

It was announced that Plank and Lapp and Mathewson and McLean were batteries for today's game. Empire Connolly went behind the plate. Rigler took care of the decisions on the bases, while Empire Egan took care of right field. Empire Klein went to left field.

The Athletics were first on the field. They were garbed in their usual home uniforms.

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ALL EVIDENCE IN SULZER CASE IS IN

Arguments Will Begin This Morning at 10 O'Clock and Are Limited to Two Days.

GOVERNOR DOES NOT TESTIFY

Neither Does His Wife Take Stand as First Planned.

SARECKY DESTROYS RECORDS

Sulzer's Secretary Burns Check Stubs and Memoranda.

CAMPAIGN FUNDS IN ONE BANK

He Also Admits Omitting Contributions from Brewers from Statement He Prepared for Governor to File.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 8.—Both prosecution and defense rested their cases in the Sulzer impeachment trial this noon and the court of impeachment adjourned until 10 o'clock tomorrow, counsel will begin to sum up. There have been set aside for summing up a verdict on Tuesday next appears. Neither Governor Sulzer nor his wife testified.

Sarecky Destroys Checks.

Louis A. Sarecky, formerly Governor Sulzer's campaign secretary, under cross-examination told how he had destroyed practically all of the check books, check stubs and memoranda in connection with contributions to the governor's campaign fund, which were in his possession. He also admitted omitting the contributions of prominent brewers from the campaign statement, which he said he prepared and which the governor swore to and filed with the secretary of state.

The cross examination of Sarecky was not completed at the close of the morning session. It had been searching—an inquiry into the most minute details of his connection with the impeached executive and of his handling of the Sulzer campaign funds.

Sarecky declared he had no bank account in which he placed campaign contributions except that in the Mutual Alliance Trust company in New York.

Benjamin Altman, Millionaire and Art Connoisseur, Dead

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—The estate of Benjamin Altman, president of the dry goods firm of Altman & Co., who died at the age of 73 years yesterday, is said to amount to probably \$48,000,000. About half of this wealth is represented by art objects, of which Mr. Altman had one of the finest private collections in the country, particularly in the line of paintings and porcelain. His real estate holdings are valued at \$25,000,000. Mr. Altman was a bachelor and led a very secluded life, especially during recent years. Dr. Sacks, his physician, said that although Mr. Altman was prominent as a merchant and as a man of great wealth, it was doubtful if there were one hundred persons in New York who knew him by sight.

Inhabitants of Nome Begin Work of Rehabilitation

NOME, Alaska, Oct. 8.—With the subsidence of the waters that demolished half of Nome, the inhabitants are cleaning out and repairing their damaged buildings. The city is in darkness at night, the electric light plant having been destroyed. There is no meat except the small supply that was in butcher shops not affected by the storm. The large plant of the Pacific Cold Storage company is a total loss.

Among the marine losses are four power schooners and five tugs. Two large gold dredgers also were lost. WASHINGTON, Oct. 8.—Reports to the federal Bureau of Education from Nome say there is no danger of famine there because of the recent tidal storm. Reindeer representing 750 tons of meat are within driving distance of the stricken city.

SECRETARY LANE FINDS IRRIGATION LOOMING UP

Secretary Lane of the interior department, after spending more than a month in the west inspecting the irrigation propositions promoted and constructed by the government and under government supervision is on his way back to Washington. The secretary is of the opinion that all of the projects are proving successful and that the conserving of water and distributing it over the semi-arid lands will result in adding vast areas that heretofore have been worthless. During this trip in all irrigated sections he found crops abundant and the quality excellent.

GRETNA GIVES M'KINLEY PEOPLE LIGHT FRANCHISE

A fifty-year franchise to sell electrical current has been granted to the McKinley interests by the townsmen of Gretna. The current will be brought there from Papillion, and Springfield, Halston, Richfield and Louisville will also be supplied from the same circuit.

Moving Pictures



Drawn for The Bee by Powell.

WILSON DENIES STATEMENT Deputy Sheriff Shot by Strikers Near Houghton

President Sends Personal Letter to Washington Post Editor.

WILSON DENIES STATEMENT

Executive Says He Did Not Use Any Harsh Words Toward Democrats Who Object to Currency Bill.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 8.—Reports that President Wilson was attempting to prod democratic senators into quick action on the currency bill and a published statement that he would class as a "rebel" any democrat who did not support him, brought out an emphatic denial from the White House today. "The president made public the following letter: "To the editor of the Washington Post: Sir, I am quoted in your issue of this morning as saying that any one who does not support me is no democrat, but a rebel. Of course, I never said any such thing. It is contrary, both to my thought and to my character and I must ask that you give a very prominent place in your issue of tomorrow to this denial. Very truly yours, WOODROW WILSON."

Hitchcock Off Reservation.

At the White House there was a disposition to look on the currency situation as on the way to amicable adjustment. The president, it was told today, feels sure that Senator Reed of Missouri would soon join the administration supporters in the banking and currency committee, and that Senator O'Gorman would in the end side with the majority. There was no such sanguine feeling, however, with respect to Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska.

While there have been many published reports to the effect that the president was considering a statement charging the existence of a lobby by the big banks exerting control over smaller banks to oppose the bill, the White House today declared the president would not issue such a statement at this time.

Foreign Nations Are Protesting Against Differential Clause

WASHINGTON, Oct. 8.—Germany has given notice that exception will be taken to any ruling on the tariff law which limits the application of the 5 per cent differential to imports from Prussia, the Hanseatic states and Mecklenburg-Schwerin to the exclusion of the remainder of the German empire. France has sent notification that it stands by its earlier protest and indicating that retaliation will follow any discrimination against French imports. Portugal, which, like France, has no favored nation treaty, has asked whether its imports are to be penalized, and Austria has made like inquiry. The attorney general has been called on for an interpretation of the law, pending which customs collectors have been instructed to withhold the 5 per cent differential in all cases. After conferring with President Wilson today Solicitor Polk of the State department went to conference with Representative Underwood and Senator Simmons to recommend a modification or repeal of the 5 per cent differential in the new tariff law, against which foreign nations generally are protesting.

Mexican Rebels Take Torreón and Massacre Federals

LAREDO, Tex., Oct. 8.—Federal General Alvarez and his staff and 13 federal soldiers were executed yesterday in Torreón, Mex., under orders of General Francisco Villa of the constitutionalists forces, according to information from reliable sources brought here today. With the city of Torreón the rebels captured practically all of the federal's arms and artillery. The battle lasted four days, with heavy losses to both sides.

The National Capital

Wednesday, October 8, 1913. The Senate. Not in session; meets Thursday noon. President Frank A. Vanderlip of the National City bank gave his views on currency reform to the senate banking committee. The House. Resumed business at getting a quorum to work on the urgent deficiency bill.

RULES FOR LAND DRAWING

General Land Office Prepares Statement Regulating Opening.

MUST BE ACTUAL SETTLERS

Registering Applicants Will Have to Declare Their Intentions as Being Bona Fide in Settlement of Land.

Information relative to the restoration of the lands excluded from the Nebraska national forest has been prepared by the Department of Interior general land office. The information follows: "By proclamation of September 20, 1913, the president revoked the proclamation of March 1, 1913, affecting the Nebraska national forest, and provided for the exclusion of the North Platte division thereof on October 1, 1913, and that the public lands therein, not otherwise withdrawn or reserved and to which there are no valid subsisting rights, shall be disposed of for a period of ninety days from and including October 1 by drawing to actual settlers only under the act of April 25, 1904 (32 Stat. 147), and amendatory, known as the Kinkaid homestead laws. "In order to save applicants the expense of two registrations it is provided in said proclamation that all persons qualified to make entry under said act may on and after October 13, 1913, and prior to and including October 25, 1913, present to James W. Wittan, superintendent, or to someone designated by him, at North Platte, Broken Bow or Valentine, Neb., their applications to enter lands in the former Fort Niobrara military reservation, Nebraska, and that all such applications shall be treated as applications to enter the lands excluded from the Nebraska national forest under said proclamation of September 20, and that all persons who apply to enter lands within said former military reservation, and who comply with the rules and regulations that have heretofore been or may hereafter be prescribed by the secretary of the interior for the disposition of said lands, may elect to enter either the Fort Niobrara lands or the lands excluded October 1 from the Nebraska national forest, if properly qualified. Such persons shall enter such lands in the manner which their applications to enter lands in the former Fort Niobrara military reservation shall have been drawn and numbered, but no person shall be required to make entry of the lands excluded from the Nebraska national forest, and all who do so elect shall waive their rights to thereafter enter under such drawing lands in the former Fort Niobrara military reservation.

Specially Prepared Blanks.

"Each application for registration must be on a blank form prescribed by the superintendent and be sworn to by the applicant in person at North Platte, Broken Bow or Valentine, Neb., before some notary public designated by the superintendent, except that persons who were honorably discharged after ninety days' service in the army, navy or marine corps of the United States during the war of the rebellion, the Spanish-American war or the Philippine insurrection, or their widows or minor orphan children, may make their application through their duly appointed agents and need not go in person to the places of registration to swear to and present their applications, but their agents must go to those places and do so for them. No person may present more than one application in his own behalf and one as agent for a soldier or sailor or his widow or minor orphan child. "The drawing will be held at North Platte, Neb., at 10 a. m. October 23, 1913, and continuing as long as may be necessary. Beginning November 17, 1913, at a place to be designated by the secretary of the interior accessible to the lands persons holding numbers assigned to them under the drawing and who desire

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MRS. PAUL'S EFFORTS TO EXORT MORE CASH TO BE MET IN COURT

Victim of Alleged Blackmail Plot Determines to Resist Further Attempts to Bleed Him.

BRANDEIS ANSWERS THE WOMAN

Flatly Denies Her Story and Says She is Blackmailer.

ADMITS HAVING PAID TWICE

Settled Claims to Avoid Any Public Scandal in Past.

FRIENDS SUPPORT BRANDEIS

Commend His Stand and His Expresses Intention to Aggressively Defend Himself from Alleged Plotters.

The filing of a suit in the district court by Mrs. Nellie Paul against Arthur D. Brandeis, head of the big Brandeis interests in this city, promises to lift the lid off what is charged to be one of the most carefully planned and executed blackmailing plots ever pulled off.

The plaintiff in the case was the wife of former Mayor Paul of Florence, from whom she was divorced a few years ago after a sensational trial, which she left her reputation badly damaged, and she is suing for alleged mistreatment of a son by a first marriage, named Clarence Riesler.

The victim of the plot, Mr. Brandeis, is the sole surviving member of the firm of J. I. Brandeis & Sons, and has long been prominent in the business community, and in various public and charitable undertakings. His friends who have been apprised of the situation are expressing great gratification at his determination to take the aggressive against further humiliation by a notorious woman bent on extorting money by concocting accusations to destroy the good name of men standing high in the country.

Will Fight It Out Now.

Mr. Brandeis admits that he has paid the woman money twice before, under the mistaken impression that it was the easiest way to avoid publicity, but declares now that he will fight to a finish, and expose the falsehoods that have been invented by the blackmailer and as first step has filed an answer immediately without waiting the time usually taken in such suits.

"The answer filed yesterday in the action brought against me Saturday states accurately my attitude," said Mr. Brandeis. "The charges made against me are absolutely without foundation and unqualifiably untrue. I do not know the plaintiff, never having met her. It was not necessary for me to answer her petition at this time, but I am anxious to have the public know the facts, and I do hope we may have a trial right away. I will come the opportunity to meet and refute the charges."

Girl of the Woman's Petition.

The petition filed late Saturday night and immediately withdrawn from the files sets up for Mrs. Paul that she has been damaged to the extent stated by acts committed by the defendant which have undermined the moral nature of her son and caused her as a mother much suffering, and that she has been deprived of the services and companionship of an affectionate and promising youth who has now become degenerate. In it sensational charges are made, including references to a luxuriously furnished suite of rooms on the eighth floor of the Brandeis theater building, where, it is asserted, the boy was taken. Mrs. Paul further declares that because of ill-treatment young Riesler's health was so injured that he required long continued medical treatment, including the services of physicians in New York. For all this she demands money, half in the sum for which the suit is brought.

Answer is Flat Denial.

The text of the answer made by Mr. Brandeis through his attorney, John L. Kennedy, reads: "Now comes the defendant in the above entitled action and answering the petition of the plaintiff filed herein denies each and every allegation in said petition contained."

"The said defendant further answering said petition alleges that the charges contained in said petition are each and all false and untrue, and have heretofore been answered and refuted."

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News Makes the World Go 'Round

Before the days of newspapers there were many ways of informing the public of current events of importance. The town crier would go about, announcing the happenings of the day. Here and there at fixed places bulletins told the news. And in other crude and cumbersome ways, people learned what was going on in the world. Then came the newspaper and through a long process of development we have it as it is today, much changed in form since those earlier days, but with the same particular function of informing the public mind.

It is because of this service rendered that the newspaper is so valuable to advertisers. For advertising is, first and always, news. And the best way to impart news to the public is to use the newspaper upon which the public depends for its information. "This newspaper would lose much of its value and attractiveness to readers if all of the bright and informing advertising news were omitted. Is it not so?"