

Live One's Monologue:  
"I should worry because my  
sleepy competitor does not know  
enough to advertise."

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# THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

THE WEATHER.  
Fair; Warmer

OMAHA, FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 3, 1913—TWELVE PAGES.

SINGLE COPY TWO CENTS.

## TWO STEEL WORKERS TAKEN ON DYNAMITE CONSPIRACY CHARGE

George E. Davis, Alias George O'Donnell, Arrested by Detective in New York.

### ADMITS DESTROYING BRIDGES

Alleged Confession Involving Several Others Given Out.

### HARRY JONES ALSO ARRESTED

New Secretary of International Union Involved in Charge.

### NEW FIGURE IN THE CASE

Jones, Who Was Formerly Secretary of New York Union No. 40, is Charged with Conspiracy to Transport Explosives.

NEW YORK, Oct. 2.—George E. Davis, alias George O'Donnell, was arrested by a United States marshal here today on a charge of blowing up with dynamite a New Haven railroad bridge at Mount Vernon, N. Y., September 3, 1911. Davis is also charged with having conspired with the McNamara brothers, Frank M. and John, to transport dynamite to be used in wrecking property of the American Bridge and Structural Workers' union to wreck the Mount Vernon and other bridges. The marshal asserts that Davis has confessed.

Davis was arrested on the complaint of Robert J. Foster, a private detective of Louisville, Ky. Foster charged that a conspiracy of Ryan, the McNamara brothers and fifty other iron workers to transport dynamite to be used in wrecking property of the American Bridge company was still in existence. The formal charge against Davis, who is an iron worker, is that he violated the federal law against the transportation of high explosives on passenger trains engaged in interstate commerce.

The complaint asserts that Davis and his fellow conspirators on January 25, 1911, transported forty-five pounds of dynamite from Bellefontaine, O., to Indianapolis, over the Cleveland division of the Big Four railroad. On September 3, 1911, it is alleged, Davis carried thirty pounds of the explosives from New York city to Mount Vernon, a suburb, and there blew up part of the railroad bridge. Foster said that Davis gave him a written confession before his arrest today. Bail for Davis was fixed at \$10,000.

### Confession of Davis.

The United States attorney's office gave out this afternoon what purported to be a synopsis of Davis' confession. It said that Davis, a dynamiting job at Trenton, N. J., had blown up an Erie railroad bridge at Garrison, N. J.; had plotted to blow up the Blackwell's island bridge in this city; had wrecked a bridge at Pelham, N. Y.; a Baltimore & Ohio bridge at Bradshaw; the Chesapeake pier in the North river; had destroyed materials in the yards of the Pennsylvania railroad at Philadelphia; wrecked a drawbridge over the Bronx river, and similar jobs in West Amboy, N. J.; Somerset, Mass., and Providence, R. I.

Foster, the detective who brought about the arrest, has been employed by the National Erector's association and was found guilty in Indianapolis on March 15, 1912, of assault and battery on the person of President Ryan of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers.

### Secretary Jones Arrested.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 2.—Harry Jones, secretary and treasurer of the International Iron Workers, was arrested here today by a deputy United States marshal on a charge of conspiracy.

Jones, it is said, is implicated in the confession of George E. Davis, who was arrested in New York today. Jones was arraigned in federal court and his bond fixed at \$10,000. He had not been able to furnish it early this afternoon. Davis, it was learned here, is the O'Donnell who was considered an important adjunct to the dynamite conspiracy trial here, but who could not be found at the time.

It is reported that Davis made his confession two weeks ago in the New York (Continued on Page Two.)

## EVIDENCE IS STRICKEN OUT

One Motion by Governor Sulzer's Counsel Allowed.

### MANAGERS MAKE AN APOLOGY

Intimations that Books of Brokers Had Been Falsified is Retracted

—Next Session Monday Afternoon.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 2.—Adjournment until Monday afternoon was taken in the impeachment trial of Governor Sulzer today after a few motions made by counsel for the defense had been disposed of.

Isidor J. Kresel, of counsel for the assembly managers read a statement at the impeachment trial of Governor Sulzer this afternoon availing the New York brokerage firm of Harris & Fuller of any attempt to change their books in order to protect the governor. The statement, Mr. Kresel said, was made "gladly on the part of the counsel for the managers in order to remove any misconception that may have been created by the attitude of the managers' attorneys."

At the trial on Tuesday, Attorney Kresel placed considerable emphasis on an entry in the firm's books which recorded a "loan" to the governor. Mr. Fuller took offense at the questioning of the entry and demanded an apology.

Mr. Kresel's statement preceded various motions made by counsel for the governor to strike out certain testimony.

**Testimony Stricken Out.**  
The first motion had to do with the instruction of testimony of Louis A. Sarsky, the governor's campaign secretary, taken before the Frawley committee. This was testified to by the stenographer who reported it. Mr. Fox contended that the stenographer's testimony was hearsay.

Judge Cullen held the testimony was hearsay and would go out.

The next motion was to strike out certain testimony of J. B. Gray, the Wall Street broker, in regard to a conversation he had had with F. S. Colwell, the governor's alleged Wall Street agent. Judge Cullen ruled that the testimony would stand.

As the Sulzer attorneys were about to move to strike out parts of the impeachment on the ground that the charges were unproved, Judge Cullen said:

"I shall hold that all motions involving the probative force of competent evidence must be left until the final submission of the case."

Attorney Fox then declared he had intended to move to strike out articles three, four, five, seven and eight, on the ground that "the testimony concerning them is not worthy of consideration." However, he said he would bow to the ruling of the presiding judge, but requested the privilege of making the motions later if necessary.

### Adjournment Until Monday.

Judge Herrick then announced that counsel for the governor were not prepared to go on with the case and asked for adjournment until Monday afternoon.

"We are not in any condition to go on with the case at this time," he said. "My associate, Mr. Himman, who is to open the case, has broken down. If we adjourn until Monday only four hours will be left and I can assure the court that we can use that time so profitably that the case will be shortened. The witness with whom we intend to lead off is not here."

Motion was then put and carried to adjourn the case until Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

## American Child Killed by Chinese Band at Tsao Yang

PEKING, China, Oct. 2.—The American legation here received a report today from J. Paul Jameson, vice consul general at Shanghai, stating that an American child had been killed and other foreigners were being maltreated by Chinese brigands at Tsao Yang.

The legation fears that the Chinese government troops are neither capable nor zealous enough to accomplish the release of the American and Norwegian missionaries in the hands of the bandits at Tsao Yang and that ransom alone can save the lives of foreigners still in captivity.

It is believed that the ransom demanded may not be heavy, as Chinese ideas in monetary matters are not extravagant. By the efforts of the American legation and consulates, the missionaries have been kept out of unsafe districts during the last two years, but they were not restricted from going to the northern part of the province of Hu Feh, which hitherto had not been considered dangerous.

At Hankow, General Li Yuen Heng, vice president of the republic state, everything possible is being done. Nearly 5,000 Chinese troops are advancing on the town of Tsao Yang.

## Secretary Lane on Way to Denver

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Oct. 2.—Franklin K. Lane, secretary of the interior, left here today for Washington, via Denver, where he will interrupt his journey for two days to consult with the governor of Colorado and other state officials on departmental matters, including the proposed transformation of Estes park into a national reserve to be known as the Rocky Mountain National park.

Accompanying the secretary are his wife, his son, Franklin K. Lane, Jr.; A. C. Miller, assistant secretary of the interior; Mrs. Miller and Secretary Lane's private secretary. The party is due in Denver Saturday morning.

The secretary feels completely recovered from the attack of angina pectoris under which he collapsed September 2, and expects to return to his desk as soon as he reaches Washington, on or about October 10.

## FLOOD DAMAGE IN TEXAS EXCEEDS MILLION DOLLARS

DALLAS, Tex., Oct. 2.—Reports from several cities in Texas indicate that damage from floods resulting from almost unprecedented rainfall will probably exceed \$1,000,000. Railroads have lost many bridges. Rice and other crops have suffered and the lumber industry in southeast Texas and southwest Louisiana has been practically suspended.

## CITY ATTACKED FROM ACROSS THE BORDER

Filibustering Expedition Tries to Take Piedras Negras, but is Repulsed.

### TWO BANDS MAKE ASSAULT

Word of Coming Leads to and Invaders Meet

THEY FIGHT FOR 10 U. S. AMMUNITION

American Military Authorities Conduct an Investigation.

### CAMPAGN OF DESTRUCTION ON!

Reports Say Constitutionals Are Burning All Towns Between Boundary and Line of Hostilities at Peyotes.

PIEDRAS NEGRAS, Oct. 2.—A filibustering expedition attempted to capture Piedras Negras from the American side of the Rio Grande today. They were repulsed by the border patrol and the neutral guards placed in charge of the city yesterday after the constitutionalists' evacuation.

Two bands attacked the city, but word of their coming had reached the committee of safety and the invaders met a hot fire as they crossed the international line. They were forced to retreat. It is not known whether any were wounded. American military authorities are investigating.

Early today the sky was illuminated by a conflagration to the south of Piedras Negras, but telegraph lines being cut, its nature could not be learned. Meager reports say that the constitutionalists have started a campaign of destruction outside the sphere of American interference and that all towns between the border and the line of hostilities at Peyotes are being destroyed.

Conditions in Piedras Negras were quiet last night and apparently normal except for the presence of hundreds of refugees. Encouraging accounts from the front are still given by the constitutionalists, who assert Monclova has been retaken by reinforcements from Matamoros.

As the Sulzer attorneys were about to move to strike out parts of the impeachment on the ground that the charges were unproved, Judge Cullen said:

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Attorney Fox then declared he had intended to move to strike out articles three, four, five, seven and eight, on the ground that "the testimony concerning them is not worthy of consideration." However, he said he would bow to the ruling of the presiding judge, but requested the privilege of making the motions later if necessary.

## Millions in Fees Are Involved in Utah Power Case

DENVER, Colo., Oct. 2.—Fees to the government, estimated at from \$1,000,000 to \$2,000,000 in the next ten years, are involved in the case of the United States against the Utah Power and Light company, a \$40,000,000 merger, argument of which was begun before the United States circuit court of appeals here today.

The appeal, which is from the decision of Judge John A. Marshall of the United States district court of Utah, is a test case, charging the power corporation with trespass in constructing a flume and reservoir in the Cache National forest in Utah. Hundreds of similar instances in mountain and Pacific coast states are awaiting determination.

The opening argument for the government was made by R. F. Fosagans, law officer of the forestry department at Ogden. He was to be followed by Dwight W. Morrow and E. M. Allison, Jr., of the defendant corporation and Hiram E. Booth, United States district attorney in Utah for the government.

Mr. Fosagans declared that the federal act of 1894, under which the power company claims title to power sites on the public domain, was repealed by implication in the act of 1898, which laid down regulations by which easements, for limited terms of years, could be secured. He contended that the works in question, constructed in 1900, came under the act of 1894.

The case opens up the whole subject of federal and state control of the public domain.

## Discount Rate of Bank of England is Sent Upward

LONDON, Oct. 2.—After a prolonged discussion the directors of the Bank of England today decided to raise the bank rate from 4 1/2 to 5 per cent as a precautionary measure to protect the bank's reserve, which has been depleted by over \$10,000,000 this week by exports to Egypt.

The weekly commitments of gold from South Africa have been absorbed by the continent, where the scramble for gold continues.

The discount market hardly expected the advance today in view of the firmer New York exchange, but it was recognized that some protective measure would be necessary in the near future in order to enable the Bank of England to save the gold arriving from South Africa and build up its reserves, which has fallen much below that of last year.

The higher rate, it is expected, will serve as a warning to other quarters to check their prospective gold demands.

## Dr. Rudolf Diesel is Mysteriously Missing

ANTWERP, Germany, Oct. 2.—The mystery of the disappearance of Dr. Rudolf Diesel, the German inventor, while on his way from Germany to England, was still further deepened today by the assertion of a member of the crew of the cross channel steamer Dresden, who said that Dr. Diesel was on board the steamer at 5:30 o'clock in the evening of September 23, but on learning that the vessel was not to start until 7:30 o'clock went ashore and was not seen again. The sailor said he was convinced that Dr. Diesel did not cross the channel. The steward did not enter his name on the cabin list.

LONDON, Oct. 2.—The statement made by a sailor that Dr. Rudolf Diesel did not travel on board the steamer Dresden is contradicted by the declaration of George Barzal, an official of the Diesel company, that he dined with Dr. Diesel on board the Dresden and left him on the ship's deck at 10 o'clock on September 23.

## DEMOCRATS AFTER SPOILS

Senate Committee Adds Rider to the Deficiency Bill.

TO AMEND CIVIL SERVICE LAW

Provision to Remove Deputy Collectors and Deputy United States Marshals from Protection of Act.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—A new provision that would take practically all deputy United States marshals and deputy collectors of internal revenue out of the federal list of civil service has been added to the urgent deficiency appropriation bill by the senate committee on appropriations, which reported the measure back to the senate today. It provides that collectors of internal revenue and United States marshals shall have power to appropriate any deputy who is compelled to furnish a bond, and shall have power to revoke the appointment of any subordinate officer or employee and appoint his successor at his discretion without regard to the civil service laws and regulations.

An appropriation of \$7,000 for the purchase of a new automobile for Vice President Marshall and his care and operation for one year was also added to the bill by the senate committee.

The senate appropriations committee also added an appropriation of \$10,000 for the federal board of mediation and conciliation to the bill, and the \$100,000 appropriation for the new Portland, Ore., post-office was made immediately available for use.

## Bachelor Draws Trade Because He is Desirable Catch

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Oct. 2.—Declaring that his business would be ruined if the news of his marriage were made public, an applicant for a marriage license here last night asked that his name be withheld from publication.

"I own a butcher shop and am earning money," he said.

"There are over 300 unmarried young women living in my neighborhood. Everybody knows that I have money and match-making mothers send their girls around to my shop with a view to getting me interested."

"But if they found out I was married they would boycott me. When I get married I am going to introduce my wife as a new hired girl."

The county clerk agreed to suppress the man's name.

## MISSOURI PAYS PENSIONS TO EX-CONFEDERATES

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Oct. 2.—State Treasurer Deal today transmitted \$62 checks to Confederate pensioners in Missouri, this being the first installment under the act of the last general assembly providing for these pensions, and appropriating \$100,000 for that purpose for the biennial period of 1913 and 1914. The checks set out range in amount from \$5 to \$30. The total amount disbursed was \$3,146.50.

## The National Capital

Thursday, October 3, 1913.

The Senate.—Appropriation committee reported urgent deficiency bill, endorsing adjustment of commerce court, but extending terms of its judges to December 31. King's bill authorizing bridges over navigable rivers was passed.

Alcohol was made to pass Hatch Hatchy bill, but it was not added.

Conference report on tariff bill was taken up and debated.

Banking committee heard bankers on currency legislation.

Commerce committee agreed to the report of the seaman's involuntary servitude bill.

## Now for the Finishing Touch

I will now paint in the faces

Such a Suspense!

KING OF DENVER

1913

Drawn for The Bee by Powell.

## GERMAN-AMERICANS' PARADE NOTABLE IN AK-SAR-BEN ANNALS

Huge Crowds Are Given New Idea of the Possibility of Daylight Floats.

SPECTATORS' INTEREST KEEN

Influence of Germans on American Citizenship is Depicted.

MUSIC MADE BY TWELVE BANDS

Members of Many Lodges and Fraternities Also March.

CELEBRATION HELD AT THEATER

Governor Morehead and Mayor Dahlman Have Many Words of Praise for German-Americans of Nebraska.

Back through the interesting pages of the history of the reign of King Ak-Sar-Ben may be found many magnificent spectacles and pageants, but the German day parade that marched through the streets of the city of Omaha yesterday afternoon probably drew as many groups of astonishment and pleasure from the myriads of people that lined the streets of the principal city of Quivera as any which has ever taken place. It did not enter the city with a blaze of electrical wonder as did the king's personal parade Wednesday night, but it slowly made its way up the crowded thoroughfares, drawn by no glare and little noise, proceeding round after round of applause from sophisticated spectators who have seen many a daylight parade and who had always thought that daylight floats could never be more than ordinary.

The floats were miracles of construction, and the consummate skill of Gus Hens was ever visible. The best possible effects were secured by the designers and decorators and there was not one subject of his royal highness, the king, but raised his voice in praise of the energy and ingenuity of the Germans and intensely coveted that the Germans would celebrate German day during Ak-Sar-Ben in future years.

German Influence Depicted.

Influences of the Germans on American civilization was the theme of the floats and this influence was depicted in a graphic, although allegorical, manner. German contributions to art, poetry, science, peace and freedom all were illustrated by the beautiful floats. The German has added his home-loving nature, his true temperance, his independence and many other characteristics that have gone to make the American nation the leading power of the world, and he received his just dues when the parade passed through the streets yesterday.

The parade was a long one. Including the ten floats, the ten brass bands, the marching lodges and fraternities and the Irwin Brothers' Wild West show that brought up in the rear, it took a long time to pass one point. But the spectators waited patiently in the warm sun, willing to be inconvenienced in order to witness the entire affair. Many in the crowds were acquainted with those who rode or marched in the parade, and many a cheerful wave of greeting was extended to them. And an answering wave every time came from the participant in the parade.

Hundreds of Germans came to Omaha from out in the state and they covered the best places of advantage that they could watch their fellow-countrymen occupy the spotlight. Old, grizzled veterans who came to this state when Omaha was a mere village wiped their eyes when they saw the final float, "Germania our mother, Columbia our bride," pass by.

## Speeches and Music Heard.

With proper pomp and ceremony to the sound of a thirty-five piece German orchestra, the songs of a German choir and the patriotic perforations of German orators the German-Americans closed their Ak-Sar-Ben celebration at the Brandeis theater to a house packed with loyal subjects of the king.

Governor John H. Morehead showered the German-Americans with praise; Mayor James C. Dahlman lauded them in terse and earnest phrases; Max Gering pointed with pride to their achievements; Gustav Donald sang their civil and military glory, and altogether there was such a tidal wave of approval that the hearts of the Germans were made exceedingly glad.

## Immediately after the big parade the Germans gathered at the Brandeis theater. Theodore Rudolph Rees had organized an orchestra of thirty-five of the best musicians in the city. A dozen German selections were played. The German (Continued on Page Three.)

## Panama Canal is Not Damaged by Seismic Shocks

PANAMA, Oct. 2.—Absolutely no damage was done to the structures of the Panama canal by the earthquake which occurred in the canal zone between 11 and 12 o'clock last night.

The official statement issued this afternoon concerning the earthquake asserts that the first tremor was not noticeable except on the seismograph at the Ancon observatory. It occurred at 11:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The next and greatest shock was felt at 11:35 o'clock last night. Between then and 11:50 o'clock this morning eleven other tremors were recorded.

The violence of the vibration at 11:35 o'clock last night was so great that it threw the pen off the paper of the seismograph and consequently an exact record of its duration was not obtainable. It apparently lasted from twenty to twenty-five seconds.

The instruments showed the common point of origin of the shocks to be to the north of Colon in the Caribbean sea.

The Gatun dam and the canal locks sustained absolutely no injury.

Investigation at Panama showed that more damage had been done than it had been at first believed. Although no walls were seriously impaired, slight cracks appeared in several concrete buildings, particularly in Twelfth street near Santa Ana Plaza.

Three hours after last night's disturbance one of the Central and South American cables broke about 150 miles north of Panama. This may have been coincidence, or the result of the shocks. The break caused no inconvenience to the cable company's traffic.

The earthquake appears to have been of a submarine character. The only serious damage to buildings in the city of Panama was the shaking down of some of the plaster and frame interiors of the flat arched Santo Domingo church.

Colonel Goethals has received reports from every part of the canal stating that no damage whatever has resulted.

## Canadian Miked Out of Five Thousand at West Baden, Ind.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 2.—William J. Young and his wife of Brandon, Manitoba, applied to the police here today to add them in recovering \$5,000, which they said they had given to two confidence men who persuaded them to bet the money on a "sure thing" horse race.

The Youngs said they met the alleged confidence men, known as Kleinfelder and Hector, at West Baden, where the ability of the strangers to pick a winner was demonstrated by a \$1-bet, from which Mr. Young received \$5.

The \$5,000, the police were told, was turned over to the two men in a hotel here. According to Young, the two men "quarrelled fiercely" soon after receiving the money and left the hotel with the money, promising they would return. They never came back and the Youngs visited the police station with their story.

## Rexroat Inquest is Postponed for Week

CHICAGO, Oct. 2.—Interest in the mysterious murder of Mrs. Mildred Alanson Rexroat centered today in West Chicago, where the inquest over the victim's body was resumed by Coroner William V. Hoff. Meanwhile a dozen Chicago detectives searched for "Mr. Spencer," who is said to have accompanied Mrs. Rexroat to Wayne, Ill., the night she was shot to death and her body placed on the tracks of a railroad.

The session of the inquest was short and brought out no new witnesses nor testimony. A recess of a week was taken.

## YOUNG OELRICHS LOCKED UP

Son of Millionaire is Charged with Stabbing Girl.

MOTHER COMES TO HIS RESCUE

He is Released on Bail and Case Continued Because Alleged Victim is Too Seriously Wounded to Appear.

NEW YORK, Oct. 2.—Mrs. Herman Oelrichs, widow of the late Hermann Oelrichs, who amassed a fortune of millions from steamship lines, today saved her son, Hermann, from spending the night in a police station cell by going his bond for \$5,000, giving her \$100,000 residence as security. Young Oelrichs, a student in the Columbia law school, was arrested late last night on a charge of felonious assault after Lucille Singleton, a 19-year-old girl, who says she is a daughter of a Texas mine owner, had told her story of a mysterious automobile accident on Broadway Tuesday night. The girl alleges that Oelrichs, who was then known to her as "Billy Creighton," had stabbed her while she was riding in the young millionaire's car.

Oelrichs was arrested while visiting the apartments at which Miss Singleton was lying wounded. Detectives had hidden themselves there behind portiers and, according to them, they heard "Creighton" reveal his identity.

He was arrested and locked up in the Mulberry street police station, at which the youth's mother appeared shortly afterward and produced the required bail. Young Oelrichs was released, under instruction to be in the Jefferson market court for arraignment today and he and his mother drove away in a taxicab.

Miss Singleton told the police that she was riding with the man she then knew as "Creighton" when a quarrel arose because she admitted she had an engagement with another man. Thereupon, she alleged, "Creighton" let go of his steering wheel and stabbed her several times with some sort of sharp instrument, which may have been an automobile tool.

Oelrichs was arraigned in police court today and held in \$1,000 bail, but the case was postponed until Tuesday because of the absence of the complainant. She was still in bed today.

**Girl Has Good Reputation.**  
Miss Mary Chambers, principal of the Darlington seminary at West Chester, Pa., where the Singleton girl says she attended school, was quoted today as having said over the long distance telephone:

"There was a Miss Lucille Singleton here about three years ago. She was a pupil for about a year and a half and registered from Dallas, Tex. I met her father once when he came to the seminary with his daughter. Mr. Singleton said she was a miner. Last year Miss Singleton returned to the seminary, but remained only three or four months, leaving in April or May. She was well thought of in the seminary. She was very quiet and one of the most studious pupils we had at that time. We don't know anything about her family and since she left the seminary we have not heard from or of her. Her registered address was care of Edwin Singleton, 1924 Wood street, Dallas, Tex."

**Girl Denies Stabbing Story.**  
DALLAS, Tex., Oct. 2.—Edwin Singleton, father of Lucille Singleton, who was reported stabbed by Hermann Oelrichs Tuesday night in New York today denied that his daughter has been attacked as reported, declaring he had a telegram from her conveying this information. The telegram assured him, he said, her injuries had been received when the automobile was wrecked in a collision.

Miss Singleton had known Oelrichs for some time under the name of "Creighton," her father said, having been introduced to him by a mutual friend. She has been in New York studying music since she left Darlington seminary, said Mr. Singleton.

He will leave for New York early tomorrow. He is a mining man whose interests are in the Texas district of Mexico.

## The Weather

Forecast till 7 p. m. Friday:  
For Omaha, Council Bluffs and vicinity  
—Fair Friday; not much change in temperature.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday.

Hour	Deg.
5 a. m.	52
6 a. m.	52
7 a. m.	52
8 a. m.	52
9 a. m.	52
10 a. m.	52
11 a. m.	52
12 m.	52
1 p. m.	52
2 p. m.	52
3 p. m.	52
4 p. m.	52
5 p. m.	52
6 p. m.	52
7 p. m.	52
8 p. m.	52

Comparative Local Records.

1882	1912	1911	1910	
Highest yesterday	52	72	59	63
Lowest yesterday	52	53	54	44
Mean temperature	52	61	56	58
Precipitation	0.00	0.15	0.04	0.04

Temperature and precipitation departures from the normal:

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