

"I should worry because my sleepy competitor does not advertise."

COMMISSION ORDER RADICAL REDUCTIONS IN EXPRESS CHARGES

Cut Costing Companies Sixteen Per Cent of Profits is Mandate of Interstate Rate Body.

IN EFFECT IN NEXT OCTOBER

Will Mean Loss of Twenty-Eight Millions to Firms.

OTHER REFORMS PRESCRIBED

Changes in Graduated Scale of Parcel Tariffs.

FINDINGS OF LANE AFFIRMED

United States Divided in Nine Hundred and Fifty Blocks Averaging 2,500 Square Miles.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—Reductions in express rates which will cost the companies fully \$28,000,000 a year, approximately 16 per cent of their gross revenue, were ordered by the Interstate Commerce commission to become effective on or before October 15, 1913.

One hundred pound rates for short distances, either have been left unchanged or slightly reduced; for longer distances they have been lowered; for fifty pounds or less, all rates have been practically reduced.

Commission Affirms Findings. The report and order of the commission prepared by Commissioner John R. Marble are the affirmation of the finding of Commissioner Lane, now secretary of the interior.

Test Case to Be Made. The general impression in official quarters is that the express companies will attempt to test by legal means the constitutionality of the commission's order.

The requirement of the order of June 8, 1912, that a label shall be attached to each parcel, is modified to the extent that in cases of shipments of perishable property, consisting of two or more packages, the label need be attached to only one package.

The express companies had filed statements indicating the loss of revenue under the proposed rates would be intolerable and argued strenuously that the establishment of the parcel post had deprived them of quite 30 per cent of the revenue they formerly received from parcels of eleven pounds or less.

The basis of the classification prescribed by the commission is that all articles of merchandise of ordinary value are to be carried at first class or ordinary merchandise rates.

The rates for newspapers and periodicals, as well as for bread and such articles for which specially low rates now are charged, are substantially the same as the present rates.

A permanent committee has been appointed to revise the routes of express carriers to eliminate the circuitous routes which are now a cause of considerable complaint on the part of shippers.

The order is for two years only. That period will give abundant opportunity for a test of these rates under various conditions amounting to a normal average. In no other way can the absolutely property rate basis for respondents be finally determined.

Lid at Washington is Without a Hole

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—The national capital awakened today to find that during the thirty-one hours from midnight Saturday to 7 o'clock today it had been a "ragless" town. Not one arrest for drunkenness had been made by the police at that time and the police court docket was a lonesome sight.

Southern Pacific Hit by Cloudburst

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 4.—For a distance of 1,000 feet the Southern Pacific tracks at Tibbets, Nev., nineteen miles west of Sparks, are buried beneath boulders, some of them weighing as much as ten tons, washed over the right-of-way last night by a violent cloudburst.

Bryan Cancels His Lecture Dates

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 4.—William Jennings Bryan, secretary of state, who was to have spoken at the chautauque tomorrow night in this city, notified the management today that affairs in his office would not permit him to fill the engagement. Other engagements in Kansas have been cancelled.

Clapp Wants to Know About Segregation of Whites and Blacks

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—Opposed to segregation of the postal office employees, Senator Clapp of Minnesota was prepared to insist that Postmaster Burleson explain the grounds for a department order providing for such a separation of the white and negro employees in contemplation of a new department building.

While there have been no very strenuous complaints from employees of postoffice, officials admit that vigorous protests against working with negroes have been filed by employees in the railway mail division. On long runs the complainants have represented, white railway mail clerks frequently are compelled to eat and sleep with negro clerks. They have made a concerted effort to have the condition remedied.

With the incoming of the democratic administration the postal employees' organization lodged petitions bearing several thousand signatures, asking Postmaster Burleson for relief.

Large Increase in Exports During Year Just Closed

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—Increase in the industrial and commercial activity of the United States during the past fiscal year, as compared with 1912, is disclosed by figures made public today by the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce. These show there was a gain of almost 12 per cent in the value of exports of manufactures, manufactured materials and agricultural products.

Exports of iron and steel manufactures this year amounted to \$305,000,000 against \$268,000,000 last year. The total exports of manufactures, other than foodstuffs, were valued at \$1,137,000,000, against \$1,020,000,000 in 1912. The copper produced in the first six months this year was \$26,000,000, against 75,000,000 pounds in the same period last year and the exports of copper and manufactures thereof, exclusive of ore, approximately \$140,000,000 this year, against \$114,000,000 last year.

Third Victim of Mrs. Brogan, Crazy Mother, is Dead

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 4.—Mary Brogan, 3 years old, the third victim of a crazed mother's knife, died today. Saturday Mrs. John J. Brogan cut the throats of three of her six children and then killed herself. One of the children, Thomas, 3 years old, died almost immediately and the other two, Victor and Mary, were removed to the hospital. Victor died yesterday. Mrs. Brogan attempted to kill her 13-year-old son, Joseph, but he escaped and locked himself in a room. Mrs. Brogan became insane as the result of worry over the condition of her other son, John, Jr., who is ill of typhoid fever.

Mulhall Offensive to Michigan Senator

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—Senator Townsend of Michigan today faulted Senator Mulhall's testimony that he had talked with him and characterized Mulhall as a self-acknowledged corruptionist. Emmory and Mulhall, when Townsend was a member of the house, came together to his office and Mulhall made an argument about labor legislation.

"When I passed asked him if he was through and when he said 'yes,' I said, 'well, this is my busy day, you'll have to excuse me.' Therefore, it is an unqualified falsehood when he says he talked with me confidentially," said Senator Townsend to the senate lobby committee.

South Dakota Grain Turning Out Well

MITCHELL, S. D., Aug. 4.—Special.—Practically all of the small grain in this section is cut, and the threshers are in the fields. The yield is keeping up to the average of what was anticipated before the harvest began.

Western Fisherman Are Out on Strike

VANCOUVER, B. C., Aug. 4.—Four thousand salmon fishermen have gone on strike on the Fraser river. Saturday the canneries announced that the price of fish would be materially reduced.

Extradition Papers for Emanuel Brito

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 4.—Extradition papers in connection with the arrest of Emanuel Castillo Brito, former provisional governor of the Mexican state of Campeche, are being prepared by the Mexican government for the immediate dispatch to the United States, according to officials here today.

The Bubble Reputation



Drawn for The Bee by Hal Coffman.

SHOTS FIRED AT MALONEY Chief of Detectives Has Narrow Escape from Unknown Assailant.

POSSIBLE CLEW IN A LETTER Black Hand Missive Written in Disguised Hand and in Misspelled Words Thought to Be an Explanation.

An unidentified assailant tried to kill Chief of Detectives Steve Maloney after he arrived Monday morning at his office. Two shots from a .38 caliber revolver were fired directly at him from the back of a string of box cars about seventy-five feet from the window of his office at the police station.

Cold Stare to Put Masher to Route

CHICAGO, Aug. 4.—Hatpins, clubs or whistles, like the Boston women use, are not necessary to squelch masher—a look will do it. This is the opinion expressed today by policewomen at two Chicago beaches. One substantial, wide-eyed look, with a touch of scorn in it, will send the boldest flirt about his business, they say.

Cummins Would Cut Down Free List

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—Senator Cummins today introduced his substitute for the metal schedule of the tariff bill, endorsed by the progressive republicans. It would take from the free list cash registers, sewing machines, typewriters, linotypes, castiron pipe, horseshoe nails, wroughtiron or steel nails, steel rails, steel ingots, blooms, slabs, billets, barbed wire, piston and antimony ore.

The National Capital Monday, August 4, 1913.

The Senate. Met at noon. Senator Myers (democrat, Mont.) speaking on tariff, said he did not fear effects of new bill.

Charges Against the Democrats in the Mulhall Case

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—Charges that the democrats of the senate lobby committee have produced the case made out by Martin M. Mulhall against the National Association of Manufacturers without hearing the other side were made today by former Representative James E. Watson of Indiana, who referred in a letter to the committee, to published statements by Chairman Overman and Senators Reed and Walsh. He declined to appear before the committee, saying that it would be useless.

TO ENJOIN GAS ELECTION

George F. Bemis Asks Injunction and Temporary Order Issues. SAYS LAW IS UNCONSTITUTIONAL

Rebellion in Southern China is Suppressed and Celebration On

HONGKONG, Aug. 4.—The southern Chinese rebellion has been practically suppressed and the declaration of independence of the revolutionary forces abrogated. In Canton the people are celebrating the ending of the uprising.

Wood Beetle Being Eliminated in West

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—A deadly little beetle less than a quarter of an inch in length, but bearing the awe inspiring name of Bacterotus Menticolae Hopkins, which threatened to destroy millions of feet of timber, is being eliminated by the vigorous methods the forest service is applying.

Army Mobilized to Drive Out Castro

CARACAS, Vera Cruz, Aug. 4.—An army of veterans and some thousands of recruits is being mobilized at the town of Maracay, fifty miles southwest of the capital. These forces are expected to attack Castro, in the state of Falcon, and drive out Castro. They will proceed there in two divisions, by land and by sea.

Armistice of Three Days On in Balkans

BUCHAREST, Rumania, Aug. 4.—A three-day extension of the armistice between the Balkan states was agreed to today by the peace delegates of Rumania, Servia, Greece, Montenegro and Bulgaria.

PRAYERS FOR THE PONTIFF ARE BEING OFFERED TODAY

NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—Today is the tenth anniversary of the election of Pope Pius X, by the conclave of 1902. It is said that the only recognition of the anniversary at this time will be special prayers for the pontiff. The anniversary of the death of Pope Leo XIII and the election and crowning of Pope Pius X will be observed together, November 15.

Wilson Makes Statement

Mr. Wilson became ambassador to Mexico in 1907 after diplomatic service in Chile, Belgium and Greece. He had formerly been in law and banking in Spokane, Wash. While ambassador to Mexico he was surrounded by a succession of stormy political events beginning with the abdication of President Diaz and the uprising against Madero which resulted in that ruler's death.

The Limit of Your Dollar

One hundred cents make one dollar. Yet when you spend your dollar how efficient is it? Do you get 60, 80 or 100 worth?

The Limit of Your Dollar

One hundred cents make one dollar. Yet when you spend your dollar how efficient is it? Do you get 60, 80 or 100 worth?

The Limit of Your Dollar

One hundred cents make one dollar. Yet when you spend your dollar how efficient is it? Do you get 60, 80 or 100 worth?

WILSON IS RELIEVED OF AMBASSADORSHIP TO MEXICAN REPUBLIC

Resignation of the Minister to Mexico is Formally Accepted by Secretary Bryan.

TO BE EFFECTIVE OCTOBER 14

William Hale, Friend of President, Mentioned for the Vacancy.

STATEMENT IS MADE PUBLIC

Retired Official Says He Always Acted with Best Intentions.

HAD EXPECTED COMMENDATION

Regarded as a Factor in Mexican Political Situation, It is Desired that Mr. Wilson Remain Away.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—Secretary Bryan today announced the acceptance of the resignation of Henry Lane Wilson as ambassador to Mexico and made the following statement: "Ambassador Wilson's resignation had been accepted to take effect October 14. The part which he felt it his duty to take in the earlier stages of the recent revolution in Mexico would make it difficult for him to represent the views of the present administration in view of the situation which now exists."

The ambassador, in the ordinary practice is entitled to sixty days leave, exclusive of Sundays, which accounts for the fixing of the date of October 14 in the announcement. In the meantime no appointment can be made, as a vacancy will not exist until that date. Consequently the American embassy in Mexico will remain in charge of Secretary O'Shaughnessy, corresponding in status with the Mexican embassy in the city of Washington, which is now conducted by Charge Algars.

The announcement followed a conference with Secretary Bryan, to which Mr. Wilson had been summoned from New York by telegraph. Earlier Mr. Wilson intimated that he expected his resignation would be accepted almost any time and pointed out that he had tendered it three times since March 4.

The resignation will be followed by an announcement of policy toward Mexico by President Wilson. No intimation of what the announcement would be was permitted to leak out, but there were assurances that armed intervention was out of the question, and there were reasons for believing the announcement would deal with this government's attitude toward exports of arms to Mexico.

Feared and Condemned. Mr. Wilson became ambassador to Mexico in 1907 after diplomatic service in Chile, Belgium and Greece. He had formerly been in law and banking in Spokane, Wash. While ambassador to Mexico he was surrounded by a succession of stormy political events beginning with the abdication of President Diaz and the uprising against Madero which resulted in that ruler's death.

When the ambassador was recalled from Mexico City less than a month ago for consultation, as the official announcement went, it was freely predicted that he would not return. These predictions were strengthened in diplomatic circles by the free manner in which he publicly discussed political conditions in Mexico.

In his conference with President Wilson, Secretary Bryan and the secretary of the foreign relations committee Mr. Wilson advocated at least a restricted recognition of the Huerta government and other measures to which the administration was opposed. When that became known it was certain the acceptance of his resignation was only a matter of time.

Wilson Makes Statement. Mr. Wilson after leaving the State department dictated the following statement:

"I believe the president and the secretary in the consideration of the question are actuated by the highest patriotism and with the best intentions to both countries. I am unaware of what solution of the existing situation is proposed, but I trust it will be found satisfactory. I have no pride of opinion with reference to my own recommendations, claiming for them that they were conscientious and represent the views of 98 per cent of the Americans and foreigners in Mexico."

It became known that the ambassador's conference with Secretary Bryan at times

(Continued on Page Two.)