

Live One's Monologue:
"I should worry because my
sleepy competitor does not
advertise."

THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

Fair; Warmer
THE WEATHER

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MULHALL STARTS A ROW, REFUSING TO ANSWER QUESTIONS

Reed and N. A. M. Attorney Have a
Lively Tilt During Session
of Committee.

WITNESS PEEVED BY QUIZ

Missouri Senator Comes to Defense
of Lobbyist.

EXAMINATION MUST BE INDIRECT

All Queries Ordered Put by Chairman
Instead of Lawyer.

LATTER REBUKED FOR ACTIONS

Told He is Trying to Throw Mud at
Mulhall Rather Than Light Upon
Situation—Investigation
Not Tetal.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—Martin M. Mulhall's cross examination by attorneys for the National Association of Manufacturers before the senate lobby committee today opened with a lively row between Senator Reed and Attorney Robert McCarter. McCarter insisted on asking questions himself; Senator Reed insisted that all questions should go through the committee; Chairman Overman ruled with Senator Reed.

McCarter precipitated the outbreak by asking Mulhall if he had not been discharged from the Cleveland police force ten years ago for violation of a state law. Mulhall replied he was dismissed for political reasons and demanded counsel.

"I was advised by friends to refuse to answer," he said. "I want counsel. I insist on it and refuse to go on until I have it. I'll go to jail before I answer questions about my personal affairs thirty or forty years ago."

"Instead of being designed to throw light on this case, many of these questions are designed to throw mud at the witness," declared Senator Reed. "This is an investigation; not a trial. I insist you have no right to say a word here," he concluded, addressing McCarter.

Mulhall withdrew his demand for counsel and the hearing proceeded with the attorneys submitting their questions to Chairman Overman.

Calls It Vicious Lie.
"Is it not true that Samuel H. Springer, who resides at your home, tried to dispose of these letters to the Philadelphia Press and the Philadelphia Record?" Mulhall was asked.

"It's a vicious lie," he shouted. Mulhall denied that he ever offered the correspondence to two magazines or to the New York Times. He denied having made a statement to Richard Barry, who was representing him, that the manufacturer's association would pay \$100,000 for the documents if they could not be disposed of to papers or magazines.

Mulhall denied that he agreed Barry would sell the letters to the New York World for \$10,000; but that he would be content with \$5,000; but latter he testified that at Barry's suggestion he did agree. He never paid Barry.

"Have you published all letters between you and the association?" asked Senator Cummins.
"I believe I have not."

Payments to Messengers.
Mulhall swore that payment of monthly sums to J. H. McMichael, one time chief page of the house; Harry Parker, messenger to the ways and means committee; and the speaker's doorkeeper, were made with the knowledge and consent of J. H. Emery, counsel for the manufacturer.

He testified that the payments began in 1909 and ran through most of 1910 and 1911. Questions were designed to show that Emery was on the Pacific coast and in Europe many months in those years. Mulhall contended that when Emery was away the three were not paid and the sums were made up later.

Mulhall swore that Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor and Jackson H. Ralston, attorney for that organization, tried to secure the letters he had before the senate committee more than a year ago. The committee read a letter from Mulhall to John Kirby, Jr., president of the manufacturer's July 22, 1912, in which he spoke of an interview with Gompers in Washington and a telephone conversation with Ralston in Baltimore. He wrote Kirby that he would "never sell out" to enemies of the association. Ralston, he swore, tried hard to get the papers, but he refused to give them up.

Mulhall previously testified that he tried to give the papers to Gompers who declined to take them.

Senator Nelson asked about a published statement that Mulhall had spent \$200,000 bribing voters and in lobby work. Mulhall could not tell how much he had spent and thought \$200,000 must be a mistake. The lawyers asked if the total of his expenditures was not about \$45,000, but Mulhall said he did not know if that amount was right.

The lawyers put in a letter Mulhall wrote General Manager Bird, September 17, 1912, saying Samuel Gompers, John Mitchell and Frank Morrison, of the American Federation of Labor, had given a promise from President Wilson, then governor of New Jersey, to support Hughes for senator.

John G. Shreve, secretary to Congressman Gardner, was his source of information, he said.

Detectives Working on Jewel Theft Cases Shadow Each Other

NARRAGANSETT PIER, R. I., July 31.—These are unhappy days for the chance visitor here, who does not bear on his person refutation of the suspicion that he is one of the gang of thieves who robbed the homes of C. C. Hutchesy and John H. Hanan.

All about those who are well known here are viewed with suspicion and some of the amateur sleuths go so far as to say that a few residents will bear watching. The usual number of midweek guests has been nearly doubled by the presence of detectives and as these men represent at least three or four competing agencies, the greater number are not known to each other. In one case two operatives representing rival agencies spent a whole day shadowing each other.

The gaiety at the Casino and other places where the members of the outside colony met today, was subdued by the knowledge that detectives were about. Patrons spoke in whispers over their tea-cups and every stranger, whether man or woman, was immediately placed under suspicion of being either detective or jewel thief.

The usual crop of inside tips to the effect that arrests are imminent are afloat, but those in authority say the detectives are no wiser as to the identity of the thieves who got away with \$25,000 worth of gains.

Mrs. Hanan was told by one of the detectives at Shore Acres that the identity of a clue, but he refused to tell the identity of the person suspected.

Scientist Has Plan to Kill Mosquitos by Musical Vibrations

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 31.—The Atlantic County Mosquito Commission, which has been granted a \$25,000 appropriation by the Board of Free Holders to rid the county of mosquitoes, may try to lure the pests to death by musical vibrations generated by electricity.

According to information which the commission has received, Dr. L. O. Howard of the federal Department of Agriculture has discovered that the vibration of the wings, commonly attributed to the vibration of air expelled during the process of respiration. Dr. Howard learned that this hum could be imitated by electrical vibrations, toward which mosquitoes precipitated themselves as if drawn by a powerful magnet. By attaching large strips of sticky fly paper back of the vibrating wires he perfected a deadly exterminator.

Dr. Howard is noted in the Department of Agriculture as an entomologist and is the author of several studies of mosquito problems. The local commission has addressed an inquiry to him with the idea of adopting his plan if it proves practical.

Patrick Quinlan is
Given Year Term for
Disorderly Conduct

PATERSON, N. J., July 31.—Patrick Quinlan, industrial worker of the World leader, active in the recent silk workers' strike, was sentenced today to serve a year in the county jail for saying last Saturday night at a social meeting:

"Elect a social mayor and then you won't have cops like Bummy Ryan bating you over the head with a club."

Quinlan admitted having used this language, but denied it was disorderly as charged. He is now out on bail pending a two to seven years sentence in state's prison for inciting to riot during his strike. He will appeal today's decision.

Capture of Coro by Castro is Confirmed

WILLEMSTAD, Curacao, July 31.—Confirmation of a reported mutiny of the garrison of Coro, the capital of the state of Falcon, Venezuela, was received here today.

The rebels are in command of the place and are exercising the functions of government. Dispatches telegraphed there from this city remain unanswered.

All indications point to the move having been made by adherents of former President Cipriano Castro, who is said to control a steamer now in these waters, but which has not yet been reported or seen.

A number of letters addressed to Castro lie at the general delivery office here.

De Nogales-Mendez, a leader of the Nationalist party of the Venezuelan border states, said today that his party welcomed General Castro's reported return to Venezuela because it would bring the political affairs of that country to a crisis. Like other Nationalist leaders in New York General Nogales-Mendez some time ago received news that Castro's followers were preparing for his return. He had no information today that the former president had landed on South American soil, but this news, he said, was expected daily.

July is Heaviest Month for Omaha Receipts of Wheat

A total of 269,000 bushels of wheat were received in Omaha Thursday, aggregating 26 car loads and the largest shipment ever received here in one day. There were also eighty-four cars of corn and twenty-four cars of oats.

With Friday's shipments the total for the month are expected to be over 2400 cars. This will mark the month as the heaviest in the history of the Omaha Grain exchange.

Three Persons Die in Wreck

KNOXVILLE, Pa., July 31.—Three persons were killed and several others reported injured in a wreck on the Louisville & Nashville railroad near Corbin, Ky., late today.

SOUTHERN DEMOCRAT FLAYS TARIFF BILL

Louisiana Senator Characterizes
Party's Action as "Pity" and
"Shame."

NOT TRAITOR TO HIS PARTY
Loyalty to State Forbids His Voting
for the Measure.

DENOUNCES FREE
Declares Bourbon States Departing
from Principles.

GRONNA SPEAKS FOR FARMERS
North Dakota Attacks Proposed
Revenue Law from Standpoint
of Agricultural Interests.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—Democrats of the senate who stand pledged to vote for the Underwood-Simmons tariff bill listened today to one of their number who has repudiated the administration measure because of the free sugar plank.

Senator Thornton of Louisiana vehemently pictured the ruin that free sugar would bring to his state, denounced the policy of free sugar as undemocratic, and characterized his party's action as a "pity" and a "shame."

"I am not false to the principles of the Louisiana senator," he said, "in refusing to follow it along the strange and devious pathway it is now pursuing with regard to the tariff on sugar. I am true to those principles and it is the democratic party itself that is seeking to depart from them. I am no traitor to the democratic party, I am loyal to my state and to the principles of the Underwood-Simmons tariff bill in its present form."

This first attack from within the party ranks was followed by another from the republican side, when Senator Gronna of North Dakota assailed the measure from the standpoint of the farmers.

Nearly the entire time for discussion of the bill was taken up with these addresses and little progress was made in consideration of the schedule. The double attack did not sway the democrats from their determination not to take up time in general debate. The democratic leaders still assert that they will content themselves with brief opposition to amendments as they are offered from day to day. Later, Senator Shively of Indiana plans to answer the arguments and criticisms of the minority.

Appeals of the manufacturers for an understanding between the senate and the house as to the date when the rates on woolen manufactures are to be made effective have failed to bear fruit.

Gronna Attacks Bill.
Characterizing the democratic tariff bill as neither fish, fowl nor herring, a measure not framed on scientific principles of either free trade or protection, and declaring it will not benefit the consumer because it will injure if not destroy the producer, Senator Gronna, progressive republican of North Dakota, attacked the measure.

"The great industry of agriculture," he said, "is again the subject of an unjust onslaught and discrimination. I call your attention to the fact that in my state alone, where in 1912 we raised more than 18,000,000 bushels of wheat, with short crops in foreign countries, under the provisions of the bill our farmers would lose in a single year more than \$1,000,000."

Senator Gronna declared that in discriminating against the farmer the democrats found two sets of reasons, inconsistent with each other, "using the one or the other as the occasion might seem to demand, and meanwhile they are attempting to use both at the same time. If the removal of the tariff on farm products is going to give the consumer cheaper goods," he declared, "then the tariff on these products gives the producer a better market and the producer is benefited by it."

"On the other hand, if, as should be contended, the tariff on farm products is of no benefit to the producer of them, it can only be because the tariff does not increase the price of those products; and if it does not increase the price then where is there any excuse for stating that removal of the tariff is going to benefit the consumer and give him cheaper food?"

Discussing the countervailing duty provision in the bill on wheat and flour, Senator Gronna said it is of no value insofar as the farmer is concerned.

Senator Simmons, chairman of the finance committee, announced when republican senators read petitions asking that something be done, that he would confer with Majority Leader Underwood of the house, with a view to bringing about an agreement. This he has done, the result being that the house intends to stand firmly behind the provision that free raw wool and the rates on woolens shall become operative immediately upon the passage of the bill.

The senate bill proposed that raw wool shall be free on December 1, 1913, and that the reduced rates on woolens shall become operative January 1, 1914.

ROPER TALKS TO NASBYS Postal Official Addresses Convention of Postmasters.

ADVANTAGES OF PARCEL POST
Speaker Points Out Many Reasons
Why System is Superior to
that of Private Corporations.

DENVER, Colo., July 31.—The working of the parcel post law were discussed today at the annual convention of the postmasters of the first-class offices.

The principal address was made by Daniel C. Roper, first assistant postmaster general. He explained features of the parcel post system from the standpoint of the department at Washington. His address was prefaced with a historical sketch of early-day mail transportation in the west.

He said in part:
"Perhaps the greatest postal problem today is the parcel post. No single reform ever undertaken in connection with the postal service of the United States presents to our people such economic possibilities as does the parcel post. This infant of six months, yet in its swaddling clothes, has already shown such remarkable vigor that if its development continues at the present rate it will soon tax the business capacity of the postal officials to hold it within proper business bounds."

"The advantage over private carriers of carrying parcels by the postal establishment is apparent. The postal service is universal, while the express companies

(Continued on Page Two.)

Oklahoma Boosters Charged With Fraud

PHILADELPHIA, July 31.—Complaints continue to pour in against the "Oklahoma Boosters," who have been touring the country in a rapidly furnished private car selling lots in Oklahoma. It is alleged that the "boosters" have collected more than \$1,000,000 throughout the country and that the Pennsylvania contribution is about \$300,000. In Sunbury, twenty men have been found who bought lots at \$20 each, paying \$2 down and agreeing to pay \$10 a month.

Three more warrants have been sworn out by government officials following the issuing of four warrants on Monday.

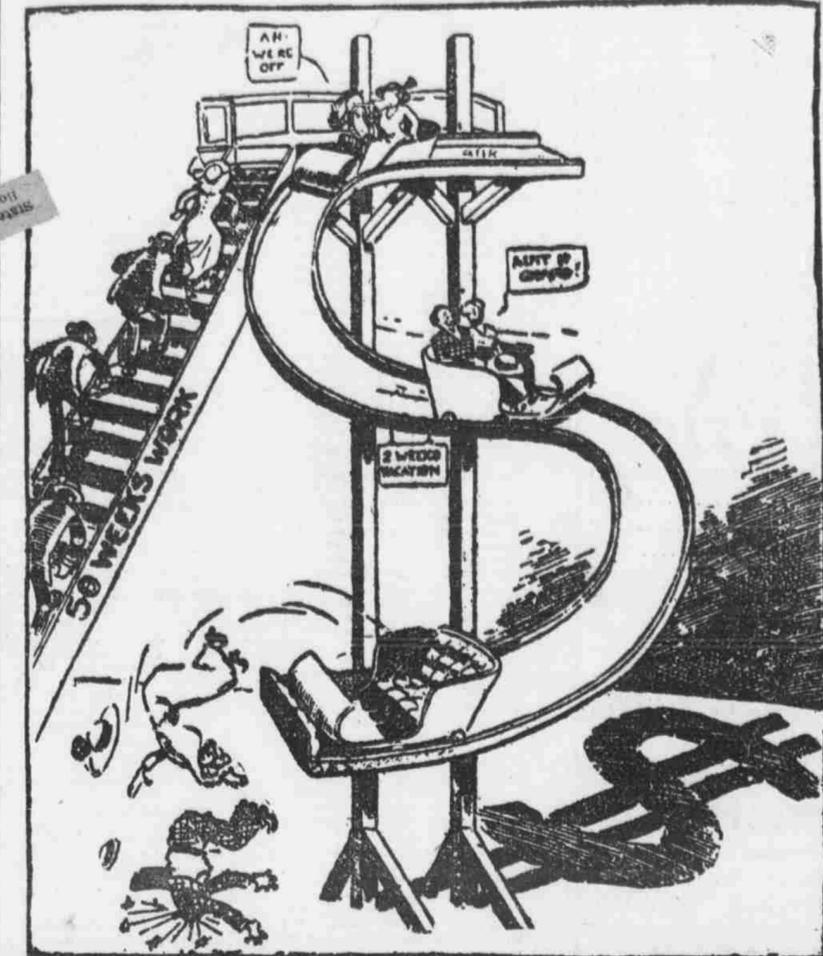
The Postoffice department has received a letter from a committee of five residents of Wilkes-Barre, Pa., who went to McAlester, Okl., to investigate conditions there. The letter said that lots sold to residents of Wilkes-Barre from \$50 to \$250 were not worth more than \$25. The McAlester land deal is characterized in the letter as one of the biggest frauds ever perpetrated in this country.

W. F. Gorauch and Victor Rausch, who were arrested in the "booster car" Monday, are still in jail. They will have a further hearing next Monday.

John Milne, Seismic Expert, is Dead

NEWPORT, Isle of Wight, England, July 31.—Prof. John Milne, the eminent seismologist, died here today, aged 82 years. He was well known all over the world, as he had made extensive travels in the United States, Australia, China, Japan, the southern seas and Europe. For twenty years he was employed by the Japanese government, for which he established a chain of 1,000 earthquake recording stations. He also completed a seismic survey of the world for the British association.

The Vacation Chute



From the Louisville Times.

Seven Killed by an Explosion at Motorcycle Race

CINCINNATI, O., July 31.—With seven dead and three others dying as the result of the accident to the motorcycle of Odia Johnson at the Larcum motorcicle race last night, Coroner James Wise of Kenton county, Kentucky, today swore out warrants charging Manager Eberhardt of the motorcicle, Manager Wilber of the park and Manager Rusch of the Motorcicle League with manslaughter.

Attending physicians say that at least three of the burned cannot recover and that the condition of several others is precarious.

The fiery fluid from the gasoline tank was thrown over at least thirty persons and it is considered surprising that the death list did not run even higher.

The revised list of dead follows:
ODIA JOHNSON, of Salt Lake City, motorcycle racer.
WILLIAM DAVIS, 5 years, Ludlow, Ky.
HENRY ANDREWS, 15 years, at first believed to be Samuel Travers, Cincinnati, Ky.
WILLIAM MICHAELS, 20 years, Ludlow, Ky.
MISS ETHEL BUCHTAN, 20 years, Colven, Ky.
JAMES CARTER, 30 years, Cincinnati.
WILLIAM PETERSON, aged 29, Cincinnati.

Several others are in a critical condition and are not expected to live.

Secretary Daniels is on Way to Denver

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, July 31.—Secretary of the Navy Daniels and party arrived here at 11 a. m. from Butte, Mont. He was met at the station by Governor Spry, representatives of the Twentieth Infantry and a local committee, who took him immediately to the Marmon tabernacle, where he listened to an organ recital. A luncheon in his honor followed.

Secretary Daniels said the report of his saying yesterday that he had received threatening letters from industrial workers of the World as a result of his Seattle speech, was incorrect. He declared he had received no such threats.

The secretary's party was scheduled to depart at 3:35 p. m. for Denver.

MAIL ORDER PRICES FOR LUMBER ARE LOWER

CHICAGO, July 31.—Purchasers of lumber from mail order houses testified today in the federal government's suit against the alleged "lumber trust."

E. G. Gilbert, a contractor of Cleveland, O., said the mail order houses were always ready to fill lumber orders at short notice and that in price and quality they were far ahead of the local yards at Cleveland.

The National Capital Thursday, July 31, 1913.

The Senate.
Resumed general debate on tariff bill. Senator Gronna attacked tariff bill, saying it would not benefit consumers because it would injure if not destroy the producers.

Senator Thornton, democrat, assailed democratic party's determination to put sugar on free list in 1914. Suffragists from all states presented petitions urging woman suffrage constitutional amendment.

Cross examination of Martin W. Mulhall began before lobby committee.

The House.
Not in session; meets Friday noon.

PARCEL POST TERMINAL HERE Omaha to Be Distributing Point for Through Business.

MAKES BIG DOT ON POSTAL MAP
Parcel Post Mail Will Be Consigned
To and From Omaha in Carload
Lots and Then Worked
Locally.

A parcel post terminal station in Omaha is to be the next departure that will further strengthen this city's position on the postal map.

This enlargement of Omaha's postoffice importance will be a direct outcome of the new order effective August 15, reducing the postage rate for parcels and increasing the mailable size. The terminal will be established and maintained in connection with one of the railway passenger stations.

In his remarks to the Commercial Club, First Assistant Postmaster General Roper incidentally referred to the need of parcel post terminals, and explained as the reason that the high cost of space in railway mail cars made it cheaper and more economical to work and distribute the parcel post mail at terminal stations.

It is reliably ascertained that a committee of local postal officials has already in hand provisional arrangements for a terminal here, and are negotiating with the Union Pacific to secure for the government a commodious work room at the union station, which would be fitted up with distributing equipment. The plan is to have the parcels carried as through consignments between the terminal stations and broken up and re-consigned at these points. Parcel post mail, for example, from the east would be shipped direct in carload lots to Omaha, and here reassembled and made into new bulk shipments, or separated into small consignments to the offices in the local territory.

There is no estimate yet of the number of persons who would be employed at the terminal station, but with the parcel post business growing as it has, it would be sure in time to require a large corps of clerks.

Millions for Banks of West and South to Help Move Crops

WASHINGTON, July 31.—Twenty-five to fifty million dollars of government funds will be deposited in the national banks of the south and west at once by Secretary McAdoo to facilitate the movement of crops. Federal state and municipal bonds and prime commercial paper will be accepted as security for the money, on which banks will pay 2 per cent interest.

Enormous Oil Melon Cut by Pierce Combine

NEW YORK, July 31.—The liquidating agents of the Waters-Pierce Oil company have notified the stockholders that in consideration of payments of \$5,000,000 cash and \$10,500,000 face value of the common stock of the Pierce Oil corporation, all the property of the Waters-Pierce company has been transferred to the Pierce Oil corporation.

On the curb Waters-Pierce stock, which closed last night at \$1.50 bid, \$1.70 asked, soon advanced to \$2.00.

By the terms of the transfer of Waters-Pierce stock, to the Pierce Oil corporation, holders of Waters-Pierce stock will receive \$1.50 in cash and \$2.25 in stock for each share of the old company.

PRESIDENT WILSON WILL NOT RECOGNIZE THE HUERTA REGIME

Chief Executive Is Not Favorably
Impressed by Arguments of
Ambassador Wilson.

OUTLINING FRIENDLY POLICY
Does Not Contemplate Any Recognition
of Huerta.

BIG ESTATES ARE CONFISCATED
Sonora Proposes to Take Over Many
Million Acres.

DIAZ TAKES MOTOR RIDE
Mexican Envoy in Los Angeles Is
Careful to Keep Away from Mexican
Colony—Hostile Demonstration Not Renewed.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—Strong intimations came from the White House late today that nothing in recent conferences with Ambassador Wilson had changed the judgment of President Wilson as to the course he ought to pursue with respect to Mexico. It became known that the president was formulating a policy entirely friendly in character toward Mexico and that it did not contemplate recognition of Huerta under any circumstances.

His Estate Confiscated.
DOUGLAS ARIZ. July 31.—Under a law just enacted by the constitutional state congress of Sonora, holdings of the great land barons of the territory under control of the rebel government are declared forfeited. According to the advice received here today the government machinery at Hermosillo already has been put in operation to confiscate the estates of all persons not in sympathy with the constitutional cause. The number includes all of the great land owners, among them the Torres and the Erramas families, who hold millions of acres.

The law provides also that all holdings which a property owner is unable or unwilling to cultivate shall be forfeited.

A communal committee of three has begun inquiry into all land titles.

Diaz Takes Motor Ride.
LOS ANGELES, July 31.—There being no indications of further demonstration against him, General Felix Diaz, the Mexican special envoy to Japan, and his suite took a motor trip today, guarded only by Mexican secret service men. He maintained secrecy as to his destination, but it was presumed that he intended to secure an interview with General Geronimo Trevino, the veteran soldier and associate of his uncle, Porfirio Diaz, who recently announced that he was willing to return to Mexico and act as mediator between the warring factions.

In curt replies to interviewers, General Diaz said the demonstration of Mexican sympathizers last night, when menacing shouts of "Death to Diaz" drowned the vivas of his friends, was of no consequence.

In his motor trip, however, the general and his party carefully avoided the vicinity of the Mexican colony.

Missing Men Still Missing.
EL PASO, Tex., July 31.—Officials in Juarez, Mexican and American, have been unable to gain any information regarding the release of Bisset and MacDonald, American mining men, whose release was promised by President Huerta. The wire is again down south of Juarez, after being in order a part of yesterday.

MINING EXPERT SLOWLY DYING OF RARE DISEASE

NEW YORK, July 31.—Malcolm Middleton, a mining expert of Utah, is the fifth member of the wealthy Middleton family to come to the aid of Leighton Middleton, his brother, with an offering of blood, but despite the sacrifices which all have made, physicians say that his case is hopeless. He is suffering from aplastic anemia, a disease that has baffled physicians. His young wife, who has already given up 15 per cent of her blood supply in hope of saving her husband's life, pleaded yesterday to be allowed to submit to a second transfusion, but the doctors declared that she could not survive a further sacrifice. Middleton's brother offered himself at a substitute, although he was told by the physicians that the operation would only be the means of slightly prolonging the sick man's life.

HEAT CAUSES ELEVEN DEATHS IN CLEVELAND

CLEVELAND, July 31.—Heat today caused the death of Charles Dixon, 35 years old, and of Mrs. Stella Bamberger, 56 years old. It caused Mrs. Stella Willard to attempt to commit suicide by taking poison. Eight babies died from the effects of the heat.

Hitch Your Wagon To a Star

This may be a commonplace remark, but it applies to most of us in our year-in and year-out expenditures. It doesn't much matter whether you buy a suit, a can of baking powder, or a suit of clothes or an automobile—the principle is the same.

Hitch your wagon to a star. That is to say, don't be content with inferior baking powder, or any old hat, or a suit of clothes without a quality of pedigree, or an automobile you don't know something about.

The advertising columns of The Bee and other dependable newspapers are constantly informing you in minute detail just what things are best and where they may be bought most conveniently.

There is really no longer any excuse for haphazard buying if you will read your newspaper with care and understanding.

The Weather

Forecast till 7 p. m. Friday:
For Nebraska—Fair and warmer.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday.	Hours.
6 a. m.	67
7 a. m.	68
8 a. m.	69
9 a. m.	70
10 a. m.	71
11 a. m.	72
12 m.	73
1 p. m.	74
2 p. m.	75
3 p. m.	76
4 p. m.	77
5 p. m.	78
6 p. m.	79
7 p. m.	80
8 p. m.	81
9 p. m.	82
10 p. m.	83
11 p. m.	84
12 m.	85