

ADVERTISING IN THE UNIVERSAL LANGUAGE SPOKEN EVERYWHERE BY BUYERS AND SELLERS.

THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

THE WEATHER. Thunder Showers

VOL. XLIII—NO. 26. OMAHA, FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 17, 1913—TEN PAGES. SINGLE COPY TWO CENTS.

FRANCE AND GERMANY DENT TAKING LEAD IN MEXICAN MATTER

Rumor in Washington that Protest Against Existing Conditions is from London.

STATE DEPARTMENT SILENT

Anti-American Demonstrations Said to Be Purely Artificial.

MEXICAN PAPERS ARE CAUTIOUS

Trip of Mr. Wilson is Discussed in Guarded Terms.

HUERTA EXPECTS RECOGNITION

Believed Ambassador Will Be Appointed Immediately and Recognition Will Be Made Through Him.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—Just which foreign power had acquired a definition of this government's attitude in the present situation was still unknown officially today, though reports in official circles mentioned Great Britain and France. The denial from Berlin that Germany had made representations was generally accepted as removing that country from the list. The report that the situation had been discussed by the powers in Paris yesterday strengthened the belief that France was interested.

It was pointed out that France has heavy interests in Mexico. French interests are said to control the Mexican National bank, the Banco Central, another large financial institution, and French investors are said to have heavy holdings of Mexican railroad securities. Great Britain's interests are said to be principally in the National Railways and in mining. Germany's interests are said to be largely in agriculture and a nationwide hardware business.

American losses heavy.

While American losses are believed to have been greater in the revolution, English losses also have been heavy, through destruction of railroad property. French losses, it is said, have been largely so-called speculative losses, that is, losses of what would have been profits had not a series of revolutions depressed business.

Both the White House and the State department continued to observe strict silence on the situation. The president's secretary Bryan evidently waiting a first hand report from Ambassador Wilson, who is expected here about July 23.

From official sources, however, it was learned that the anti-American demonstrations in Mexico City were entirely artificial and stimulated because of the lack of recognition of the Huerta government and for the purpose of demonstrating the ability of the provisional government to control them.

Disclaimers from France.

PARIS, July 17.—French foreign office announces that no such meeting of the representatives of the powers to consider the situation as that reported from Mexico City has been held in the French capital. Officials here know of no occurrence of a nature to give rise to such a statement.

At the Mexican legation it is suggested as possible that the report arose from the fact that the newly appointed Mexican foreign minister, Federico Gamboa, hitherto Mexican minister to Belgium, had a formal call on Stephen Pinchon, the French foreign minister, before departing for Mexico City last evening.

Plot to dynamite consulate.

EAGLE PASS, Tex., July 17.—It is declared here on good authority that United States Consul Luther Ellsworth at Pedras Negras, Mex., has reported to Washington the discovery of a plot to dynamite the American consulate and that his life is in imminent danger. Consul Ellsworth sleeps in the army post in Eagle Pass at night. Official records of the consulate were removed to the American side for safe keeping yesterday.

Ellsworth was said to have reported to (Continued on Page Two.)

Jury in Alienation Suit at Grinnell Unable to Agree

GRINNELL, Ia., July 17.—(Special Telegram.)—The jury in the Fortney Heishman alienation case disagreed this afternoon, eleven to one, and was discharged. Attorneys for plaintiff asked the judge to impanel another jury at once for a new trial.

This case was opened in the superior court of this city on June 23. Mrs. Sophia Porter, wife of A. C. Porter of this city, sued Mrs. Grace Heishman for damages in the sum of \$25,000, alleging alienation of affection of plaintiff's husband, leaving her with two small children. Sixty-four witnesses were summoned for the plaintiff and eight for the defendant. Each of the principal witnesses, Mrs. Porter and Mrs. Heishman, was on the stand for two days. During the trial one recess of five days was taken because of the illness of the plaintiff and the special election on the following Tuesday, and one of five days owing to the illness of one of the jurors. The defendant has had the steadfast support of her husband and her two grown sons, who have been with her almost every hour of the trial. One of the sons, Ray Heishman, was badly injured four days before the trial and his mother was by his bedside during the closing hours of the case.

Jewelry Thief is Caught and Part of Loot Recovered

SAN DIEGO, Cal., July 17.—J. Elmer Vencil, wanted in Los Angeles for robbery of C. J. Carson, a jeweler, formerly in his office two weeks ago, was arrested in San Diego today when detectives overheard him ask in a saloon where he could pawn some jewelry. Much of the missing jewelry was found in his room. The police say he has confessed the robbery of Carson.

According to the police Vencil denied all knowledge of the murder of Charles E. Penderell, a Los Angeles money lender, killed in his office two weeks ago. The Los Angeles police had sought to fix both crimes on one man.

LOS ANGELES, July 17.—J. Elmer Vencil, arrested in San Diego today, came to Los Angeles from Camp Point, Ill., last October. His father, now dead, was sheriff of Adams county, Illinois, some years ago. Telegrams from the Illinois town said Vencil had been arrested a number of times there for petty offenses.

Old Woman and Young Man Die in a Suicide Pact

SAN JOSE, Cal., July 17.—After feeding Mrs. Olive J. Smith, 76 years old, morphine during a period of seventy-two hours, and writing down the story of his lingering death, Stephen Mastick, a tubercular invalid, threw himself into a shallow lake at Monterey. The body of the woman was found yesterday and searchers later discovered Mastick's corpse in the lake.

Letters signed by the pair said that they had arranged a suicide pact and told of a deliberate intention in Monterey Friday, when they had ice cream, pie and milk.

The woman has been supporting Mastick on a \$12 monthly pension since his mother withdrew support several months ago. Mastick was 29 years old.

Deposits in Postal Banks May Now Be Made Through Mail

WASHINGTON, July 17.—"Banking by mail" is the latest innovation entered into by the government in connection with the postal savings system. Hereafter deposits may be made by mail and withdrawals likewise effected through the same agency.

When the postal savings system was first put in operation, postmasters were forbidden to permit deposits by such persons as were not patrons of the postoffice in which they sought to bank. This was found to work a real hardship on a certain class of would-be depositors and Postmaster General Burleson accordingly abrogated the rule.

Time Granted on Irrigation Charges

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 17.—(Special Telegram.)—On request by the president of the Water Users' association, the secretary of the interior has issued an order that in view of the exceptional requirements regarding operating and maintenance payments in the current year on the North Platte irrigation project in Nebraska and Wyoming, due to the postponement of payments in former years, water will be delivered this season without immediate payment of the charges due for operation and maintenance on account of this project. There will be an increase in the charges as suggested by the association of 1 cent per acre for each month from July 21, 1912, to the date of payment. This additional charge shall be separately added to each portion of an installment for operation and maintenance remaining unpaid on and after July 21, 1913.

SILK MILL STRIKERS RETURNING TO WORK

PATERSON, N. J., July 17.—The announcement that "Big Bill" Haywood had withdrawn from active participation in the silk mill workers' strike here, caused a break in the strike ranks today and there was a rush of hands to the mills. Most of the weaving mills are running and manufacturers predict an end of the strike. Haywood's withdrawal is explained by Joseph Ettor, the federal Workers of the World leader, who says Haywood is physically unable to continue leadership.

CHAMBERS NAMED AS CHIEF OF MEDIATORS

District of Columbia Man Selected by President as Commissioner Under New Act.

HANGEN TO BE ASSISTANT

Judge Knapp and Louis F. Post Also Slated for Board.

RAILROADS WILL FIGHT BACK

Companies Insist that All Differences Be Arbitrated.

HAVE DEMANDS OF THEIR OWN

Officials of Trainers' and Conductors' Unions Will Not Reply to the Letter Until Later.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—President Wilson today selected William L. Chambers of the District of Columbia to be commissioner of mediation and conciliation, under the Newlands act, and G. W. W. Hanger as his assistant. Their names will be sent to the senate tomorrow. The other two members of the new board will be Judge Martin Knapp of the United States commerce court and Louis F. Post, assistant secretary of labor.

Committee in Session.

NEW YORK, July 17.—The general committee of 100 of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen and the Order of Railway Conductors went into session today to consider last night's communication from the eastern railway managers, announcing that the railroads would insist on presenting their own grievances before the arbitration board, which is to settle the wage dispute.

The publication of the railroads' letter bore out the inference of several days that they intended fighting back, a fact first indicated by the inclusion of the words "all questions" in their statement agreeing to arbitrate.

What the roads demand would, if granted, mean a big saving. Among other things they would abolish monthly guarantees and double compensation and reduce by 20 per cent the cost of broken-in states where the extra crew bill is operative.

The conference adjourned shortly before 11 o'clock, but Messrs. Lee and Garretson for the trainmen and conductors, respectively, said they would make no reply to the railroads until later. On behalf of the roads the following statement was issued:

"We are amazed at the attitude taken by the leaders of the trainmen and conductors as regarding our desire to arbitrate our grievances. They seem to think that they are the only side that has a right to ask for arbitration. We think differently, however, and we are convinced that the public will support us in our attitude. We shall insist that our grievances be arbitrated as well as theirs and we stand pat on our letter of last night."

Effort to Reach Five Men in Spruce Mine is Without Result

EVELETH, Minn., July 17.—Although shifts of men have been at work for hours at the Spruce mine of the Oliver Iron Mining company, where sixteen men were imprisoned by water yesterday following a cloudburst, no trace has been found of the five men who failed to escape. Efforts to reach them are being continued.

The five are believed to be on a rise in the first level 150 feet under ground and gangs of men are trying to effect entrance to them. Pipes are being driven to the upper end of the drift in the hope of furnishing air and food to the imprisoned men if they still are living.

Wife Drowns Self; Man Breaks Pact

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 17.—John George Boyle, proprietor of a hotel at fashionable San Francisco district, entered into an agreement with his wife here last night to commit suicide together. They went to Redondo beach, where Mrs. Boyle waded out into the surf and disappeared. Boyle then changed his mind.

He was arrested today after his wife's body had been washed ashore and explained that he had "lost his head" when he saw her disappear. Boyle gave financial troubles as the reason for the suicide agreement.

Mellen Will Leave New Haven System

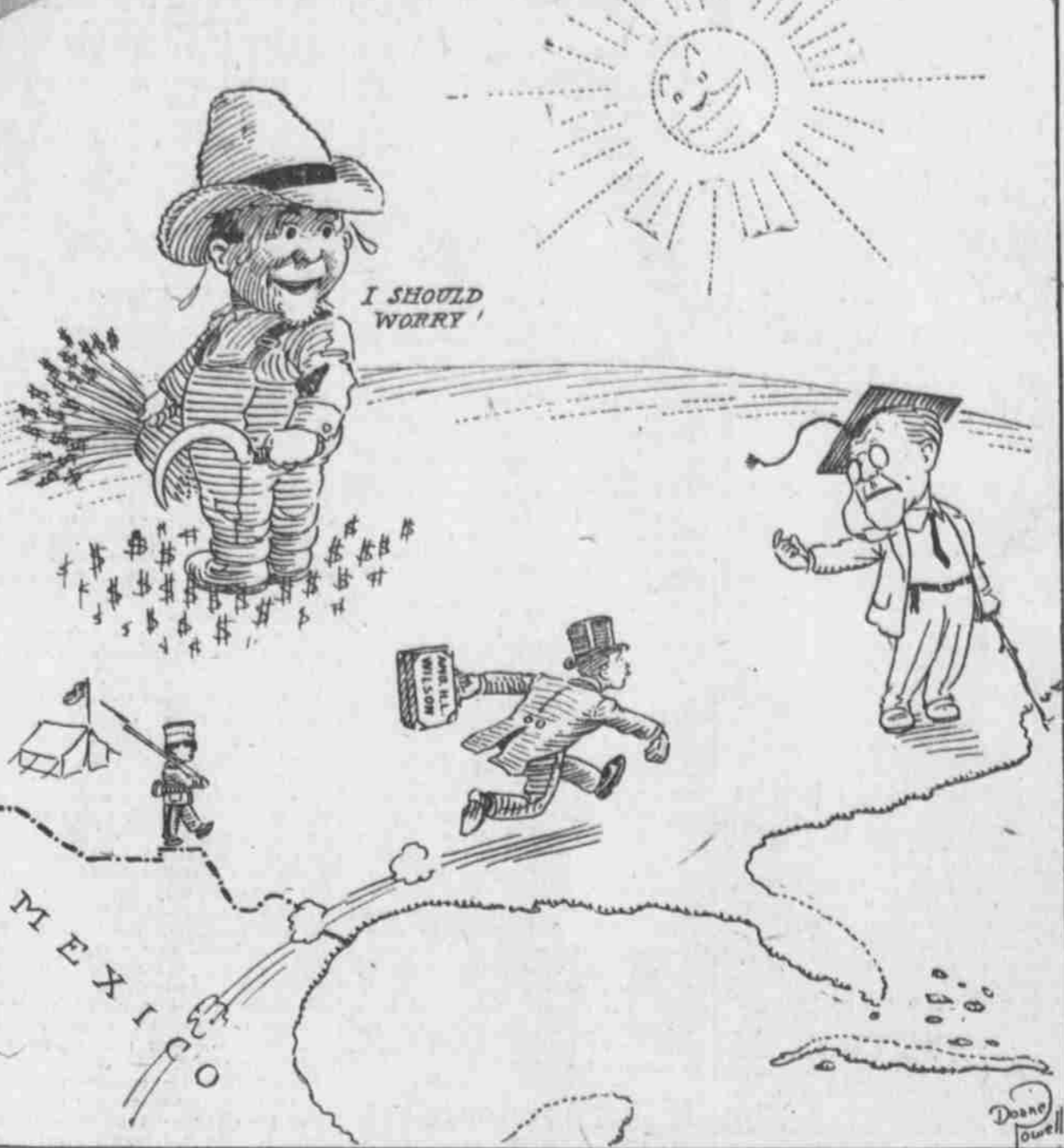
BOSTON, July 17.—The Transcript this afternoon says:

"President Charles S. Mellen of the New Haven road has asked the directors to relieve him from any further connection with that road, either as president or as a member of the board of directors, according to a reliable statement made today. The matter is being considered in New York this afternoon at the regular quarterly meeting of the directors which will be continued tomorrow."

SHENANDOAH FAVORS SCHOOL CONSOLIDATION

SHENANDOAH, Ia., July 17.—(Special.)—At a mass meeting Tuesday evening the citizens voted unanimously to support the proposed consolidation of the high school and Western Normal college. Arrangements are now being made to transfer the college property to the school district and to transfer the high school to the college building. The high school will be maintained as a department of the college. The other departments will be the normal and commercial.

The Latest Complication



Drawn for The Bee by Powell.

STEAMSHIP IOWA IS SUNK

Goodrich Liner Rammed by Sheboygan in Fog at Chicago.

RIG HOLE TORN IN ITS SIDE

Tugs Pull it to Dock, Where it Sinks in Few Minutes—It Had Discharged Passengers and Crew Escaped.

CHICAGO, July 17.—The steamer Sheboygan and Iowa of the Goodrich Line of lake steamers collided in a fog at the mouth of the harbor here today. The Sheboygan was but little damaged, but the Iowa, with a thirty-foot hole in its bow, after being assisted by tugs to its wharf in the river, finally sank. No one was killed or injured. The financial loss on the Iowa and its cargo, it is said, will be heavy.

Both ships were heavily laden with freight. The Iowa had made dock and discharged its passengers and was on its way to another wharf to discharge freight. As it swung broadside the Sheboygan loomed out of the fog. Before the crew of the Iowa had fairly sighted the oncoming craft it was upon them.

Hole Tons in Side.

There was a splintering crash as the Sheboygan struck the starboard bow of the Iowa about twenty feet forward of the pilot house. The Iowa careened, and as it righted itself, the battered nose of the Sheboygan swung clear and disclosed the hole in the side of the Iowa. The water rushed into its hold and the vessel began to sink by the head.

River tugs came to the aid of the Iowa, three lines over it and under full steam started for a dock in North Water street, while the crew strained at the pumps.

The Sheboygan, which had also discharged its passengers, was in better shape and prepared to stand by and give aid if the Iowa sank. The life saving crew from the mouth of the river came along side in a motor life boat.

Ship Sinks Quickly.

The Iowa kept setting and it was feared that any moment it would sink. It was swaying when the tugs warped it into the dock. Emergency freight handlers waiting rushed on board to remove as much of the cargo as possible. The pumps were powerless against the water rushing in by tons. Finally the lookout cried an alarm and the freight handlers and crew leaped for the wharf. Within a minute the Iowa broke its moorings and sank. Most of the cargo went down with the boat. W. Thorpe, vice president and general manager of the Goodrich company, said that the loss would be heavy. After it sank, only the Iowa, which was built in 1866 for the Goodrich Transit company, is 202 feet long and has a gross tonnage of 1,157.

"The Sheboygan is 206 feet in length, but of lighter tonnage."

EDITH TAYLOR TAKING ANOTHER LONG SLEEP

RUTHVEN, Ia., July 17.—(Special.)—Edith Taylor, the 15-year-old girl of Ruthven, who took a sleep that lasted for nine days last January, is in another sound and prolonged sleep out of which the attending physicians cannot awaken her. Sunday the girl, who is visiting friends here, complained of being tired and sleepy. She lay down for a nap, from which she has not yet been aroused.

At times her sleep appears to be troubled for movements of muscles are visible. The twitching of the muscles of her arms are particularly noticeable when loud noises seem to disturb her. Experiments of all sorts have been tried to rouse her, but all of them have been equally unsuccessful.

The nine days' sleep last winter came upon the girl while she was in school. Physicians believe Miss Taylor is suffering from an affection of the nerves.

Rumanians Take Control of Cable Station at Varna

SOFIA, July 17.—The Rumanians today took possession of the cable station at Varna on the Black sea and thus control communication with Sebastopol. As the railway between the coast and Sofia has been cut, Bulgaria cannot communicate with the outside world except through Serbia and Rumania.

An official dispatch reports the defeat yesterday by the Bulgarians of the Serbian forces which had penetrated Bulgarian territory on the west. The Serbians are retreating towards Vlasina across the border.

Another dispatch says severe losses have been inflicted on the Greeks on the Bulgarian left flank.

King Ferdinand today personally telegraphed to King Charles of Rumania that Bulgaria was ready to negotiate a settlement with Rumania.

The efforts of A. Malinoff, democratic leader and former premier, to form a cabinet to take the place of that under Premier Danef, have thus far proved futile.

Galesburg School Girl is Kidnapped

GALESBURG, Ill., July 17.—What has become of Miss Marie Hart, Galesburg's 27-pound school girl? This question worried Galesburg police and relatives of the girl today. Although hard to believe, information developed by today's investigation leads the police to think that she was kidnapped.

Marie left home last night, telling her folks she was going to the "movies." She was not home by midnight and so her relatives, neighbors and the local police force searched all night for her.

It is believed that the girl was spirited away by show people, who wanted her for exhibition purposes. She is only 15 years of age.

Says Sulzer Tried to Get Votes by Threats

ALBANY, N. Y., July 17.—Counsel for the Frawley legislative investigating committee decided today that he would take up the matter of "widely published efforts to improperly influence legislators." He then called as a witness Assemblyman Thaddeus C. Sweet of Oswego, who testified to having asked Governor Sulzer to approve a bill appropriating \$50,000 for a bridge.

"Assemblyman, how did you vote on my direct primary bill?" witness said the governor asked him. Mr. Sweet replied that he had voted against it.

"How are you going to vote on it at the extra session?" the governor continued. "Remember, I take good care of my friends."

Mr. Sweet said he continued to oppose the primary measure and his bridge bill was vetoed.

THIRD BLACK HAND LETTER SENT TO NEAVE

DENISON, Ia., July 17.—(Special.)—Another chapter has been added to the black hand letters received by Banker Neave of this city. On the day previous to the hearing at Council Bluffs of the man under arrest on suspicion of sending the two previous ones a third was found in the mail box of a farmer five miles southeast of this city. It was directed to Mr. Neave and the owner of the box seeing it sent word here about it.

NOT OPPOSING THE CHARTER

Retailers of Omaha Will Not Back Metcalfe's Position.

TOO MANY FAVOR NEW BILL

Secretary is Forced to Retract Statement Given the Press that Members of Association Are Against the Charter.

Omaha retailers at a meeting held yesterday politely, but effectively gave Secretary J. W. Metcalfe, a "piece of their mind" on the charter question, after which he was requested to go to all of the local newspapers and retract a statement given out by him last week to the effect that the retailers of Omaha are dead set against the charter. Mr. Metcalfe's letter follows:

OMAHA, July 17.—To the Editor of The Bee: The Associated Retailers of Omaha are particularly anxious as an association to keep out of politics. They do not wish to be active in any way except where their activities will be toward the betterment of business conditions of the retailer and his customers.

The above being our position, we would be pleased if you would correct an impression that seems to be pretty general in regard to the actions of the retailers at their last monthly meeting respecting the proposed charter for Omaha.

At that meeting the secretary made a report as to his work while a member of the charter convention. Afterward session to take place in political fight that take place in our city and state.

THE ASSOCIATED RETAILERS OF OMAHA.

By J. W. METCALFE, Secretary.

Instead of the retail merchants of Omaha being "dead set" against the charter, the majority favors it," said Tom Quinlan, general manager of Hayden Brothers' department store. "I favor the charter. F. P. Redmond of the Brandeis stores is in favor of it, and I can name any number of business men who are for the charter."

Another member of the Omaha association of retailers stated that it looked as though Secretary Metcalfe were trying to use the association to back up his personal views. Mr. Metcalfe is against the charter, being one of the members of the charter board who refused to sign it, but no action or approval from the retailers association has been had. Instead, when the discussion arose, the members refused to express themselves at the time because they asserted that they were not well enough acquainted with the charter contents.

Now that many of them have acquainted themselves with various features the charter contains they are favoring it openly.

Attack on New Bill is Heard in Court

LINCOLN, Neb., July 17.—(Special Telegram.)—Argument by Attorney E. J. Hainer, representing fraternal insurance companies in their efforts to have the district court issue an injunction against the new code insurance bill, that the bill signed by the governor was not the bill passed by the legislature was the feature of the hearing before Judge Cornish today.

Besides Mr. Hainer, the insurance companies were represented by Judge W. L. Temple of Denver, Judge Field of Lincoln and M. N. Ludley. The interests of the bill were looked after by Attorney General Martin, Deputy Atty. General Edgerton of the attorney general's office, E. C. Strode and T. J. Doyle.

The fight was at one time bitter, Judge Hainer in strong language intimating that the attorney general was not telling the truth. After taking three hours and a half on each side, the court granted an additional hour for each to close and at 5 o'clock adjourned until tomorrow.

MULHALL ON GRILL AS TO THE TRUTH OF HIS OWN TESTIMONY

Questioned About Alleged Relations with New Jersey Candidate for Congress in 1908.

LATTER NOW BEFORE VOTERS

Is Republican Nominee for House in District.

SPECIAL ELECTION ON TUESDAY

Opponent Given Endorsement of the President Yesterday.

HAD DENIED LOBBYIST'S STORY

Field Agent for N. A. M. Says McClave Was the Most "Tight-Fisted Wad" He Had Ever Seen in His Life.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—Martha M. Mulhall, late "lobbyist" for the National Association of Manufacturers, was cross-examined today about the truth of his own correspondence for the first time since he began to tell the senate investigating committee the story of his doings. Senator Reed questioned Mulhall about his alleged relations with S. W. McClave in 1908, when McClave was a candidate for congress in the Sixth New Jersey district against William Hughes, now junior senator from that state. McClave now is the republican candidate in the new Sixth district, where a special election will be held next Tuesday. C. Hart, the democratic candidate in this district, was endorsed today by President Wilson.

Senator Reed announced that McClave had denied acquaintance with Mulhall and said he wanted to prove who was telling the truth, Mulhall or McClave.

Identifies Many Letters.

Mulhall identified many letters from McClave to himself, written in 1908, said he went to the Sixth district to help McClave fight Hughes and gave details of his work there. He said the National Association of Manufacturers furnished him with \$2,000 for his fight and that a man named "Harber" put up \$2,000 more. He told about taking McClave to lunch and dinner, about riding around in cars with him on political tours and in other ways helping out in the fight. One item in an expense account Senator Reed put in the record spoke of "dinner for two" and the witness was asked who the other person was.

"I think it was McClave. He was always in hand," said the witness.

Taken Around the Shops.

Mulhall swore he took McClave around to shops in the district. He said they went to one shop and the superintendent said he would rather give \$500 than let him in. "McClave growled all the way home because we didn't take the money on a try to get the help afterwards," he added.

"The last three days of the campaign he and I slept together," said the witness once, illustrating how close he was to McClave.

Mulhall said McClave was in the lumber business and members of the committee wanted to know if he didn't have money. Mulhall said he had heard so. "But," he added, "I have been campaigning for thirty years among all sorts of men and I never saw such a tight fisted wad in my life."

Paid for Meals.

Mulhall said he furnished headquarters and paid for McClave's meals three times a day.

"What did you want to elect such a man for?" he was asked.

"He was a 'con' man; that's the only way I can explain it," said the witness. Mulhall said a man named "Burke," collector of internal revenue at Paterson, had been paid by him \$40 a week "regularly" for services in the campaign.

The testimony about McClave was a climax to a rather sensational day, even for a committee that has waded through almost daily sessions for two months.

DESERTER CHARGED WITH TWO MURDERS ARRESTED

CLINTON, Ind., July 17.—J. W. H. Glover, colored, Troop D, Ninth cavalry, last night captured William Jackson, alleged murderer and deserter, near here. Glover asserts Jackson killed two officers and escaped from near El Paso, Tex. Glover will return his prisoner to Jefferson Barracks, St. Louis.

Right Things For Vacation Fun

You can't go on a vacation and enjoy yourself thoroughly if you are not properly equipped.

Whether it be fishing tackle, cameras, tennis racquets or balls, baseball equipment, golf things, bathing suits, tin clothing, low shoes, summer hats, rain coats—no matter what—you must have the right things to get the full measure of pleasure out of your outing.

The advertisements in THE BEE nowadays brim over with cheery vacation hints.

These are a source of inspiration to the perplexed vacation seeker.

They help you out of so many knotty little problems as to what to get and where to get it, that you feel inclined to bless the man who invented advertising.

Advertising points the way to the road that leads to the place where everybody may obtain what everybody needs.

And so as you plan your vacation WATCH THE ADVERTISEMENTS IN THE BEE.

The Weather

For Nebraska—Generally fair Friday; slightly cool; moderate winds.

For Iowa—Friday fair, slightly cooler; light to moderate winds.

Forecast for Friday:

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday.	
Hour.	Temp.
5 a. m.	54
6 a. m.	55
7 a. m.	56
8 a. m.	57
9 a. m.	58
10 a. m.	59
11 a. m.	60
12 m.	61
1 p. m.	62
2 p. m.	63
3 p. m.	64
4 p. m.	65
5 p. m.	66
6 p. m.	67
7 p. m.	68
8 p. m.	69
9 p. m.	70
10 p. m.	71
11 p. m.	72
12 m.	73

Comparative Local Record.	
Year.	Temp.
1892	131
1893	131
1894	131
1895	131
1896	131
1897	131
1898	131
1899	131
1900	131
1901	131
1902	131
1903	131
1904	131
1905	131
1906	131
1907	131
1908	131
1909	131
1910	131
1911	131
1912	131
1913	131

Normal precipitation.	
Month.	Normal.
July	4.12
August	4.12
September	4.12
October	4.12
November	4.12
December	4.12
January	4.12
February	4.12
March	4.12
April	4.12
May	4.12
June	4.12

Temperature and precipitation departures from the normal.

Excess for the day..... 11

Total excess since March..... 113

Normal precipitation..... 12 inches

Deficiency for the day..... 11 inches

Total deficiency since March..... 113 inches

Deficiency since March 17, 1913..... 2.10 inches

Deficiency for cor. period, 1912, 7.96 inches

Deficiency for cor. period, 1911, 4.25 inches

Reports from stations at 7 P. M.

Station and State.	Temp.	Humid.	Rain.
Omaha, Neb.	72	60	0.00
Chicago, Ill.	72	60	0.00
Denver, Colo.	68	52	0.00
Des Moines, Ia.	70	58	0.00
St. Louis, Mo.	70	58	0.00
Portland, Ore.	72	60	0.00
San Francisco, Cal.	72	60	0.00
Seattle, Wash.	72	60	0.00
Portland, Me.	72	60	0.00
Boston, Mass.	72	60	0.00
New York, N. Y.	72	60	0.00
Washington, D. C.	72	60	0.00
Philadelphia, Pa.	72	60	0.00
Baltimore, Md.	72	60	0.00
Richmond, Va.	72	60	0.00
Norfolk, Va.	72	60	0.00
Wilmington, Del.	72	60	0.00
Harrisburg, Pa.	72	60	0.00
Pittsburgh, Pa.	72	60	0.00
Cleveland, Ohio	72	60	0.00
Columbus, Ohio	72	60	0.00
Indianapolis, Ind.	72	60	0.00
St. Paul, Minn.	72	60	0.00
Chicago, Ill.	72	60	0.00
St. Louis, Mo.	72	60	0.00
Memphis, Tenn.	72	60	0.00
Atlanta, Ga.	72	60	0.00
Savannah, Ga.	72	60	0.00
Mobile, Ala.	72	60	0.00
Birmingham, Ala.	72	60	0.