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THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

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SENATE COMMITTEE KEEPS WITNESSES; MULHALL TESTIFIES

Inquirers Allow Him to Leave Town for Sunday by Remaining in Session.
HOUSE PROBERS MUST WAIT Can Have McMichals or Another if Request is Respectful.
STORY OF THE "FIELD AGENT" Says Manufacturers Financed Battle Against McComas.
BRIBE PAID HIS SECRETARY Money Spent to Help Re-elect Aldrich and Littlefield—Cash Paid Labor Leaders for Political Work.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—When senate and house lobby investigators adjourned today for a Sunday's rest the fight for possession of Martin M. Mulhall, J. H. McMichael and other witnesses was still in progress, with the odds strongly favoring Chairman Overman and his senate committee.
The Overman committee adopted a technical measure of safety to allow Mulhall to get out of town for Sunday by remaining in session until after he had boarded a 2 o'clock train for New York. Chairman Overman was prepared to resume the investigation in the afternoon had the house committee made any attempt to stop Mulhall or subpoena him for immediate testimony before the Garrett committee.
Must Be Respectful.
Overtures of peace from both sides passed back and forth by special messengers during the day, and on the last exchange of courtesies Saturday afternoon it seemed certain the house investigators would be given an opportunity to start next week with McMichael or some other witness, provided they made a respectful request upon the senate committee for his production.
The fight, which came to a head late Friday night when an officer of the house tried to take Mulhall away from the senate committee at the end of an evening's hearing, was resumed as soon as preliminaries could be dispensed with this morning. Mulhall already had started the recital of his alleged activities as "lobbyist" for the National Association of Manufacturers, and was prepared to take up the identification of his letters where he left off last night.
Senate to Stand Pat.
With Mulhall, McMichael and the other witnesses safely in the room, and witnesses and papers guarded by a cordon of sergeants-at-arm and senate employees, Chairman Overman and his committee retired and indited an epistle to Chairman Garrett of the house committee. This called attention to the attempt of the house to capture Mr. Mulhall the night before, and asserted the determination of the senate to hold the witnesses and the papers until it got through with them. Chairman Overman said no disrespect was meant to the house and that there was no desire to hamper the other body's investigation.
It was dispatched by special messenger and the committee waded into the mass of Mulhall correspondence with officers and attorneys of the National Association of Manufacturers sitting by and watching proceedings closely. They had not gotten out of the 1904 file when Chairman Garrett's special messenger advanced with an answer to the Overman letter.
Wants to Probe Own Affairs.
Mr. Garrett said the house committee might take hold of Mr. McMichael whom Mulhall alleged had received pay from the National Association of Manufacturers, while acting as chief page of the house of representatives. Mr. Garrett wanted to know whether it was true the senate committee had told Mr. McMichael he could not testify before the house until they were through with him. Mr. Garrett protested no disrespect was meant to the senate committee, but that the house committee wanted to investigate its own affairs.
Again there was a council of war behind closed doors and a new letter was drafted. In it Chairman Overman intimated that the senate committee intended to keep everyone of its witnesses under its direct surveillance, where they could be had when wanted; but that if the house should present a proper request for some witnesses who did not happen to be then engaged at the senate side, the committee would "give courteous consideration to applications."

PROMINENT BUSINESS MAN OF OMAHA ANSWERS LAST CALL



SHERMAN SAUNDERS IS DEAD

Prominent Grain and Insurance Man Answers Last Call.

BEEN SICK SINCE FEBRUARY

Had Organized Several Big Grain Companies and Was President Commonwealth Life Insurance Company.

Sherman Saunders, prominent in grain and insurance circles of this city and at one time a leading banker at Bloomfield, died at the Omaha Methodist hospital Sunday morning after an illness of several months.
Mr. Saunders suffered a severe attack of the grippe last February, and while he was able later to resume an active part in business, he never entirely recovered his former rugged health. Several weeks ago he was compelled by a falling health to give up all business, and two weeks ago he was taken to the Methodist hospital, where he died quietly and peacefully Sunday morning. His friends had realized for some time that his condition was critical, and yet they had not abandoned hope of his recovery, and his death came as a shock to them.
Born in Nebraska.
Mr. Saunders was born at Aten, Cedar county, Nebraska, forty-nine years ago, and was a resident of this, his native state all his life. In 1890 he organized the Farmers and Merchants' State bank at Bloomfield, and was chosen president of it. For seventeen years he was prominent in banking circles in the state and did a large business in real estate at Bloomfield. For a number of years he took an active part in politics, and was elected to the state senate as a republican.
In 1907 Mr. Saunders disposed of his banking interests at Bloomfield and organized the Saunders-Westrand company, which bought and operated a line of elevators on the Omaha and Burlington roads in Nebraska. The next year Mr. Saunders and his partner, John B. Westrand, moved from Bloomfield to Omaha, establishing their headquarters here.
At the time of his death Mr. Saunders was president of the Saunders-Westrand company, junior member of the firm of Sunderland & Saunders, a member of the United Grain company, treasurer and a member of the board of directors of the Omaha Grain exchange, and president of the Commonwealth Life Insurance company of Omaha.
Prominent Club Member.
Mr. Saunders was prominent in lodge and club circles in Omaha. He became active in Masonry years ago, and at the time of his death was a Shriner; being a member of Tangier temple. He became an Elk after he came to Omaha, and was a member of the Omaha lodge of that order. He was a member of the Omaha club, the Field club, and the Happy Hollow club.
Mr. Saunders' parents are dead. He is survived by two brothers and two sisters, one of his sisters being Mrs. Wilber F. Bryant of Hartington.
The funeral of Mr. Saunders will be held at 10 o'clock Wednesday morning and will be attended by a number of his Omaha friends.

OMAHA SWELTERING UNDER SUMMER SUN

Weather Bureau Reports Temperature of 100° Marking of Year.

INTENSE HEAT STARTS EARLY

Increases the Pace as the Day Passes and Sun Creeps Up.

PEOPLE ARE DRIVEN TO COVER

Maximum Record is Reached at 3 O'clock in the Afternoon.

SLEEP IS OUT OF THE QUESTION

Porches and Lawns Become Resting Place of the City Dwellers Who Seek to Find Relief that Does Not Exist.

The hottest day of the summer in Omaha was experienced yesterday when the mercury crept up to 100 degrees in the shade, that being the registration by the government thermometer at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. The early morning gave promise of intense heat. By 10 o'clock the thermometer registered 85 in the shade and there was no breeze. Many began to speculate then as to what height the mercury would reach before the afternoon was over. There was not a cloud in the sky. At noon it was 92 degrees, at 1 o'clock it was 94, at 2 it registered 97 and the next hour the other three degrees were covered, reaching the 100 mark.
Many hundreds of persons sought the parks for relief. Others just sweltered at their homes, striving to catch the fleeting gusts of breeze by sitting by the windows, lying on the floors or getting under the trees in the backyards.
No Relief at Night.
Little relief was brought by the early evening, as at 6 o'clock the mercury still registered 98 and at 7 o'clock 96 degrees. There was little sleep for the town people. It was too hot to sleep or even make the attempt. Coils were brought out onto front porches, but outside it was just about as hot as in the houses. Lawns were freely sprinkled, but instead of the sprinkling cooling the atmosphere it seemed to make it hotter. Leaving the nozzle of the hose it soon became a spray, which suddenly turned into steam, increasing the humidity and at the same time making the heat more unbearable.
During the middle of the day and the afternoon, while the government thermometer was climbing up to the 100 degree mark, private thermometers around town and down near the street level were not idle. Nor were they to be outdone by the thermometer on the federal building. They registered 106, 104 and 107, and one in the north part of the city is said to have gone to 110 degrees while hanging on a north porch, entirely protected from the rays of the sun.

The Balance of Europe



From The Philadelphia Inquirer.

STRIKE VOTE NOT RATIFIED

Trainmen and Conductors Defer Action at Conference.

LEADERS ARE YET UNDECIDED

At Meeting It is Made Certain No Telephonic Device Installed Through Anything Can Be Overheard.

NEW YORK, July 13.—Representatives of the 100,000 trainmen and conductors who threaten the eastern railroads with a strike for a wage increase deferred ratification of the recent strike vote at a conference concluded late today.
A. E. Garretson, head of the Trainmen's brotherhood, said tonight the leaders were undecided whether to approve the vote at a meeting to be held tomorrow in view of the conference called for Monday in Washington, to be attended by President Wilson and other government officials, at which efforts are to be made to avert an industrial conflict. "Frankly, we don't know tonight what action we shall take tomorrow," Mr. Garretson said. "It is possible we will ratify the strike vote then, but there is nothing certain about it."
Stone and Carter May Attend.
It was announced that W. S. Stone and W. S. Carter, respectively heads of the engineers' and firemen's brotherhoods, both of which obtained increases through arbitration, will attend the White House conference.
At the East Side hall where the meeting was held the trainmen went behind closed doors after making certain that no telephonic device had been installed through which they might be overheard, as they had been. Mr. Garretson said, at a Chicago meeting. "We did not expect that the device would be in the hall today," the trainmen's president said, "but you may be sure we took every precaution."
Makes Names Public.
WASHINGTON, July 13.—Secretary of Labor William Wilson tonight made public the names of the representatives of the railroads and of railroad employees who will confer with President Wilson, the secretary of labor and leaders in congress in an effort to arrange a common ground upon which the government, the railroads and the unions of railway workers can meet for the settlement of future wage troubles.
Representing the railroads will be Samuel Lee, president of the Pennsylvania; Daniel Willard, president of the Baltimore & Ohio; George W. Stevens, president of the Chesapeake & Ohio, and Frank Trumbull, chairman of its executive board, and W. C. Brown, president of the New York Central.
Representatives of the employees will be Warren S. Stone of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, W. S. Carter of the Brotherhood of Firemen and Engine-men and possibly A. B. Garretson of the Order of Railway Conductors and W. G. Lee of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen.
Senator Newlands, chairman of the senate Interstate Commerce commission; Representative Clayton, chairman of the house judiciary committee; Representative Mann, republican leader of the house; President Seth Love and Chairman Ralph M. Easley of the executive council of the National Civic Federation also have signified their acceptance of the president's invitation.

Will Establish a "Child Laboratory" at Iowa University

IOWA CITY, Ia., July 13.—A "child laboratory" will be established at the University of Iowa next year as the central factor in plans of the university, announced today, to make a statewide survey of delinquent children. Prof. R. H. Sylvester of the University of Pennsylvania will have charge of the work.
On request, experts from the university will visit any city in the state to study sub-normal children and to advise as to their care. At the laboratory clinical cases will be handled much in the same way as are cases in the medical laboratories.
BOY IS DROWNED IN RIVER
Allen Sorenson Disregards Warnings of Mother and of Playmate.
SEARCHERS FAIL TO FIND BODY
Mother, in Delicate Health, is Not Told of Lad's Death Until Attempts to Recover Remains Fail.

WANTS SHARE OF MILLIONS

Claims to Be Widow of Denver Man Dying Decade Ago.

COIN LEFT TO COMMONWEALTH

Woman Asserts He Left Her in Texas in 1875 with Her Money for North—Discovers Him Later.

DENVER, Colo., July 13.—Mrs. Michael Kennedy of Leadville, Colo., filed a suit today in the district court of Denver county against the trustees of the W. S. Stratton estate, the Myron Stratton home and the International Trust company, in which she alleges that she is the widow of W. S. Stratton, millionaire mining man, who died in 1903, leaving his estate of \$3,000,000 to the state of Colorado for a home for indigent citizens of the state. Stratton was believed to be a widower at his death. "The home has not been built," she says. "Mrs. Kennedy demands that she be awarded one-half of the Stratton estate."
Met in Texas.
According to the story by the attorney for the alleged Mrs. Stratton, she was left a young widow by the death of her first husband when she was 23 years old. Three years later, according to the attorney, she met Stratton, who was then 26 years of age, in St. Augustine county, Texas, and they were married there in 1874. From there, the story continues, they went to Fort Worth, where twin children, Frances and Scott, were born.
In 1875, it is said, Stratton started for the north with \$100,000 of his wife's money for the purpose of buying a cattle ranch, and never returned. Believing that her husband was dead, according to the attorney's story, she married again, and in 1886 she came with her husband, Michael Kennedy, to Leadville, where Kennedy later died.
 Finds Husband.
In 1890 she heard some miners at dinner talking about Stratton and his independence mine, and as a result of this conversation, the lawyer says, she went to Cripple Creek and found her husband. She upbraided him, the story continues, and he promised to make a settlement of \$10,000, with interest, and from time to time, gave her a few hundred dollars, but did nothing toward making the settlement and did not mention her in his will.
The attorney says that the alleged Mrs. Stratton has three living witnesses with a personal knowledge of her alleged marriage, and who will testify that they talked with Stratton and that he acknowledged his marriage with the present claimant.

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Finley Howard to Have Panama Job

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 13.—If John W. Cutright of Lincoln is correct in his statement, Finley Howard, son of Edgar Howard of Columbus, is to be given a good appointment in Panama by Richard I. Metcalfe, after he enters upon his duties as a member of the Isthmian Canal commission.
Mr. Cutright has been in Washington this week and has dined with Secretary of State Bryan, with whom the application of Finley Howard to become auditor of the treasury to succeed W. E. Andrews of Hastings was filed. He also dined with Senator Hitchcock.
"Mr. Howard's application for the appointment of auditor for the treasury will not be presented," said Mr. Cutright. "He was appointed to a good position under the Panama canal governor, Richard I. Metcalfe."
This clarifies the situation and gives Sam Patterson of Annapolis, Senator Hitchcock's candidate for auditor, the right of way. Mr. Howard filed his application for the position with Secretary Bryan.
Mr. Cutright and Col. John C. Maher have been making a trip in the east together and returned from New York yesterday. Col. Maher declares that while they were in New York they saw August Belmont, Thomas F. Sheehan and Thomas Ryan, financial kings of the metropolis. "Incidentally we have been looking over the prospects for jobs in Washington," said Col. Maher. "We have been given to understand that we could have anything we wanted. We are going home to think it over." They left for Lincoln tonight.

TURK MOVE BEGUN TO SEIZE OTTOMAN LAND FROM BULGAR

Troops Ordered to March for Re-occupation of Territory Lost in War with Allies.

FACT WITH SERB SIGNED TODAY

Porte to Recover Large Part of Thrace, is Understanding.

AGREEMENT WITH GREEKS, TOO

Constantine Protests to World Against Tactics of Foe.

HOPE OF PEACE SEEMS GONE

Prospect that Belligerents Would Accept Arbitration Not Good, is Opinion of the Diplomats.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 13.—The Turkish troops at Tchatalja and Bulgar have received orders to march for the re-occupation of the Ottoman territory now held by the Bulgarians. Preparations are being hastily made for an advance toward the Ergen line.
The Bulgarian delegate, M. Natsovitich, tonight expressed regret at the failure of his mission, which he had hoped would result in a Turco-Bulgarian alliance. The mission of the Serbian delegate, M. Pavlovitch, has proved successful. It is said that an agreement between Turkey and Serbia will be signed tomorrow.
According to Turkish accounts the agreement insures to Turkey the recovery of a large part of Thrace. Negotiations for an understanding between Turkey and Greece have been proceeding at the same time, it is believed, with good prospects of a satisfactory conclusion.
Bulgaria May Lose Territory.
LONDON, July 13.—King Constantine's protest to the civilized world against Bulgarian atrocities destroys the last hope of those who believed that Russia would succeed in inducing the belligerents to accept arbitration. The spectators of the struggle have been confident throughout that Serbia would prove amenable to the counsels of moderation in view of the appalling losses it sustained in electing the Bulgarians from Macedonia, but were less hopeful that Greece would listen to reason, as its people and army are obviously intoxicated by the victories over the dreaded Bulgars.
Dispatches from Constantinople late tonight, indicate that Bulgaria may not merely be stripped of the fruits of its victory over the Turk, but possibly may have to submit to diminution of its own territory, for Rumania is credited with the intention of annexing a larger strip than it at first proclaimed, while Turkey, in joining hands with Serbia and Greece and has already ordered its troops to advance.
Honor of Assassination.
A Vienna dispatch to a local newspaper says:
"It is rumored here, but not confirmed, that a revolution has broken out in Sofia and that King Ferdinand has been assassinated."
The secretary of the Bulgarian legation said late tonight that he had received no message from Sofia indicating.

Head of American Bankers Succumbs

NEW YORK, July 13.—Charles Henry Huttig, president of the American Bankers' association and of the Third National Bank of St. Louis, died today at his summer home in the Adirondacks, according to word received here tonight by Frederick E. Farnsworth, secretary of the American Bankers' association.

Mr. Manufacturer and Mr. Dealer

Manufacturers must advertise freely in the newspapers to get a liberal concentration and steady demand for their goods.

Only through the newspapers can a manufacturer of nationally used products work up a maximum of demand at the minimum of cost.

Only through the newspapers can he be of the highest service to the local dealer, the man upon whom he must depend to push his goods.

The retailer may be ever so amiable and ever so willing, but you, Mr. Manufacturer, must stand at his elbow a great deal of the time, urging him on in various cooperative ways.

Dealers know the value of localized advertising. They want you to advertise in local newspapers because such advertising creates a direct demand on them for your goods.

If there is any section of the continent that you want to develop, any territory in which you desire to help a dealer through strong local advertising, write a letter to the Bureau of Advertising, American Newspaper Publishers' Association, World Building, New York.

Chinks Mutinying Attack Officers; Three Near Death

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., July 13.—Fourteen Chinamen, stokers and firemen on the British steamer Norman Monarch, bound from New Orleans to Hamburg, mutinied Thursday about 180 miles off this port and attacked the ship's officers with knives, crowbars, hatchbars and other weapons. The chief engineer, third engineer and boatswain are being held nearby as the result of the fight that followed and the second mate and one Chinaman also are in a serious condition.
Upon the arrival of the vessel in this port today the Chinamen were placed under arrest by the action of the immigration authorities. They are being held under \$7,000 bond for deportation.
Rage because one of their number was put in irons for some minor offense inspired the attack by the Chinese.

Billion Eggs on Ice, is Report

NEW YORK, July 13.—More than 1,000,000,000 eggs are on ice, according to the report of four-five public refrigerators in the United States, just issued. The figures account for 2,802,800 cases in storage, with thirty dozen eggs to the case, as compared with 2,330,500 cases last year at this time. With storage eggs priced at \$7.50 a case these early July holdings this year are worth \$23,441,125 at wholesale. The average consumption of eggs in Greater New York is 3,600,000 dozen a week.

KINDERGARTEN PLAN LOST DESPITE WOMEN'S VOTE

CHICAGO, July 13.—Women's votes in Geneva, Ill., did not procure for that city a public kindergarten in the special election today. One hundred and eighty women voted out of a total of 420 votes cast, but the proposition was defeated, 189 to 231.
The measure was urged by the women. Mrs. Robert Faxon, leader of the women voters, declared tonight that the defeat was caused by their inability to get the women of the large foreign population interested in voting.

OMAHA POLICE ASKED TO FIND DEAD BABY'S PARENTS

HEART, Neb., July 13.—(Special.)—Sheriff Compton has asked the Omaha police to assist him in locating the parents of the 3-day-old baby found dead beside the Northwestern tracks near Arlington Thursday evening. The body was found wrapped in a blanket marked with the letter B. It must have been thrown from the westbound train. The inquest has been continued until Monday.

WALTHY DES MOINES MERCHANT DROPS DEAD

DES MOINES, Ia., July 13.—A. Friedelich, a wealthy Des Moines merchant, and president of the local commercial club, dropped dead in his store of apoplexy tonight.

Killed by Auto of Another Woman

CHICAGO, July 13.—Mrs. Martha Beggs of Danville, Ill., was killed here this afternoon by an automobile driven by Mrs. Mabel Webster of Wilmette, Ill. Mrs. Beggs was the wife of J. H. Beggs, purchasing agent of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois railroad.
Mrs. Beggs was struck by Mrs. Webster's machine as she was crossing Jackson boulevard at the intersection of Michigan boulevard. Mrs. Webster was charged with assault by the police.

Drops Dead When Sees Destruction Caused by Tornado

NORTH PLATTE, Neb., July 13.—(Special Telegram.)—W. E. Wickstrom, superintendent of the North Platte Land and Water company, fell dead from heart failure, when he went to view the wreckage caused by the destructive tornado at Hershey. Physicians say his death was due to excitement caused by the storm. It was the only casualty resulting from the tornado.
The storm struck the village at 3 o'clock Thursday night. The force of the wind was such as would have caused great destruction had it a more populous community been in its path. The opera house and two dwelling houses were moved from their foundations; the post-office, drug store and hardware store were unroofed, and two large farm buildings and many smaller structures were wrecked. Dr. Sadley's garage was carried away, but his automobile was unharmed.
A heavy piece of timber was driven through the side of a house and pieces of iron were forced through walls. Some of the wreckage was carried two miles. Severe hail accompanied the wind. Crops were destroyed for a distance of more than ten miles.

The Weather.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday.	Hours.	Deg.
6 a.m.	70	
7 a.m.	72	
8 a.m.	75	
9 a.m.	78	
10 a.m.	80	
11 a.m.	82	
12 m.	85	
1 p.m.	88	
2 p.m.	90	
3 p.m.	92	
4 p.m.	95	
5 p.m.	98	
6 p.m.	100	

Comparative Local Record.	1913	1912	1911	1910
Highest yesterday	100	91	87	85
Lowest yesterday	62	73	69	62
Mean temperature	84	82	78	74
Precipitation	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Temperature departure from the normal:				
Normal temperature	77			
Excess for the day	23			
Total excess since March 1	200			
Normal precipitation	15			
Deficiency for the year	15			
Total rainfall since March 1	14.25			
Deficiency since March 1	1.75			
Deficiency for year	1.75			
Deficiency for cor. period, 1911	1.75			