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# THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

THE WEATHER.  
Unsettled; Colder

OMAHA, WEDNESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 19

FOURTEEN PAGES.

SINGLE COPY TWO CENTS.

## HOUSE SHERLOCKOS TO FIND OUT CAUSE OF INFLATED PRICES

Another Investigating Committee  
Named at Lincoln on High  
Cost of Living.

### BRYAN'S ONIONS PLAY PART

Legislators May Ascertain Where  
Commoner Makes Money.

### RAIL PROBERS ON THE JOB

Hold First Session to Inquire Into  
Board Orders.

### GOOD LAWS NOW IN FORCE

Inquiry May Result in Convincing  
Present Lawmakers There Are  
Already Some Good Acts  
in the Statutes.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)  
LINCOLN, Neb., Feb. 18.—(Special.)—The house of Sherlockos the Monk provided for another investigating committee this morning to see what relations there are between the high cost of living and the wholesale grocers and fruit dealers, and the cold storage companies of the state. Foster of Douglas said he knew the wholesalers to pay 5 cents a hundred pounds for onions and sell them for \$1 per bushel, the 100 pounds making two bushels.

Foster did not explain these onions were raised by W. J. Bryan in his Texas orange grove, but this will be one point to be dug up by the Sherlockos. The Sherlockos went after the state railway commission this afternoon, and others are beginning to rubber foot around the state officers, while another batch of Burns is to get busy as soon as possible to look into the matter of surety bonds paid for by the state for state officers and their deputies.

### Many Keep on Governor

It is probable the committee which made the greatest record in its work will be continued to discover from the legal department of the state what has become of the suits brought by the railroads to knock out the 2-cent fare law, the Aldrich 15 per cent freight reduction law and other laws of a similar kind enacted in 1907 before the progressive bull moosers were on earth.

According to the legal department the cases referred to are in the federal court at this time. All the testimony has been taken in the case of the Rock Island and part of the testimony has been taken in the Burlington case. The cases have not been submitted for the reason there are similar cases pending in the United States supreme court from Missouri and Minnesota. The decision in these cases is being looked for every day.

### Laws Already in Force.

According to the legal department Nebraska is not in a position to ask that the cases be hurried along, because, thanks to a legal department created before the bull moosers infested the country, the laws mentioned are all in effect in this state.

Should the cases be decided in favor of the railroads, against Missouri and Minnesota, it is possible the railroads may be able to secure an injunction against the operation of the laws in Nebraska.

But, before the Sherlockos are through the state will be made acquainted with the whereabouts of everything on the earth, below the earth and above the earth—may be.

It was reported that an eastern newspaper had two Burns detectives here during the first part of the session, but upon meeting so many detectives in the house, it is presumed they left, out of courtesy to other members of the profession.

### Druesdow Bill Killed.

The house this morning killed the Druesdow bill to permit witness to be summoned to disclose the hiding place of goods bought on the installment plan. Davis of Douglas made a fight against the bill. The bill received forty-eight votes and Druesdow was unable to secure a call of the house.

### WILL PUBLISH AMENDMENTS

#### House Fails to Pass Bill Changing Present System.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)  
LINCOLN, Neb., Feb. 18.—(Special.)—Though the house sat quietly the other day and recommended for passage the bill by Bollen to change the constitution so that hereafter proposed amendments should be sent to each voter in the state through pamphlets instead of publishing them in newspapers, it waked up today and killed the bill on third reading, and refused to bring it back to life when Norton tried to put it into its slumber.

When the bill came up on third reading Bollen rose to a question of personal privilege and explained the good points of his bill—it would save money to the taxpayers.

He assured the house that the opposition to the bill came from the newspapers who would lose the money they now get from publishing the proposed amendments. He did not care, he said, if all the papers opposed the bill, he intended to keep right after it until it was signed by the governor. When he failed to get enough votes on the first shot,

(Continued on Page Two.)

### The Weather

For Omaha, Council Bluffs and vicinity—Unsettled and colder; probably snow.

Hour	Temp.	Wind	Clouds
5 a.m.	22	S.W.	5
6 a.m.	20	S.W.	5
7 a.m.	18	S.W.	5
8 a.m.	16	S.W.	5
9 a.m.	14	S.W.	5
10 a.m.	12	S.W.	5
11 a.m.	10	S.W.	5
12 m.	8	S.W.	5
1 p.m.	6	S.W.	5
2 p.m.	4	S.W.	5
3 p.m.	2	S.W.	5
4 p.m.	0	S.W.	5
5 p.m.	-2	S.W.	5
6 p.m.	-4	S.W.	5
7 p.m.	-6	S.W.	5
8 p.m.	-8	S.W.	5
9 p.m.	-10	S.W.	5
10 p.m.	-12	S.W.	5
11 p.m.	-14	S.W.	5
12 m.	-16	S.W.	5

## Wilson Will Have Family Reunion on Inauguration Day

PRINCETON, N. J., Feb. 18.—There will be a Wilson family reunion at the White House inauguration day in which all the close relatives of the new president will participate. Plans for it are announced by Mrs. Woodrow Wilson. It probably will be held at the hotel where the president-elect will be the guest of his cousin, John Wilson, of Franklin, Pa., and Mrs. John Wilson, Columbus H. Birch, personal aide to Governor Wilson, will go to Washington tomorrow to arrange details for the family party. It probably will be grouped together in the presidential reviewing stand for the inaugural parade. Thirty-five people will compose the party, about twenty of whom are relatives. Members of the new cabinet and their wives may be added later. All will be present at the White House at luncheon just after the inauguration ceremonies.

Besides Mrs. Woodrow Wilson and her three daughters there will be the governor's brother and sister, Joseph R. Wilson of Nashville, Tenn., and Mrs. Annie W. Howe of Philadelphia; Wilson Howe of Washington, D. C., a son of Mrs. Annie W. Howe, and Mrs. Wilson Howe; George W. Howe of Columbia, S. C., and Mrs. Perlin C. Cothran, son and daughter of Mrs. Annie W. Howe; Prof. Stockton Axon of Princeton university, brother of Mrs. Woodrow Wilson; John Wilson of Franklin, Pa., a cousin of the president-elect, and Mrs. John Wilson; Mrs. Thomas W. Woodrow of Denver, Colo., aunt of Governor Wilson; Mrs. James Woodrow of Columbia, S. C., cousin of the governor, her two sons, James Woodrow, Jr., and Fitz-James Woodrow, and her daughter, Miss Helen Woodrow Bones of Rome, Ga., a cousin of Governor Wilson.

## Wilson's Anti-Trust Bills Are Now Ready for His Signature

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 18.—Governor Wilson's seven anti-trust bills this afternoon passed the house in exactly the same form as they passed the senate last week. The bills now go back to the senate, the body in which they originated, for formal transmission to the governor.

Objections to the seven anti-trust bills fathered by Governor Wilson came to him from an unlooked for quarter today when a group of state labor leaders suggested the possibility that the bills might be construed as affecting labor unions.

They called the governor's attention to the provision in one of the bills which would prohibit "any combination or agreement between two or more corporations, firms or persons to create restrictions in trade, to limit the production or increase prices."

Secretary Henry F. Hillers of the New Jersey Federation of Labor showed the governor a letter he had received from President Gompers of the American Federation of Labor, advising an emphatic protest against the bills unless the following amendment was incorporated in the act in question:

"Nothing shall be so construed or held as to apply to the association or organization of a working people instituted to regulate wages, hours of labor, sanitary or other conditions of labor."

The governor pointed out that the act restricts "persons dealing in commodities." He said that the courts of New Jersey have consistently held that labor was not a commodity, so there could be no application to labor questions.

The governor told the labor leaders that the amendment suggested by Mr. Gompers would invalidate all the seven anti-trust acts and would be held as class legislation.

## Legislature Will Investigate New York Police Force

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 18.—The New York state legislature today adopted a resolution providing for a searching investigation of the New York City police situation by a joint committee of five senators and six assemblymen. The committee is to report before March 20, with drafts of bills to carry its recommendations for a reform of the police department into effect.

The resolution recites that "recent developments have disclosed that police officials in New York City are allied with violators of the law and have revealed grave defects in the administration of criminal laws. Such conditions demand immediate legislation to the end that the confidence of the people in the officials charged with the maintenance of law and order be restored."

## GREEK AND SISTER SHOT BY FELLOW COUNTRYMEN

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Feb. 18.—(Special.)—Nik Kolokotzas, a Greek laborer, employed by the Union Pacific, this morning was shot and killed by two fellow countrymen. Both the victims were wounded. Mike Kanasos, aged 28, a fellow countryman, and shot and fatally beat up an unidentified Greek woman, aged about 19 years, who is reported to be a sister of Kanasos. Both the victims are in the county hospital. The man will probably die, but the woman, in spite of her injuries, on account of her youth and strength, may live. On account of the fact that there were no witnesses to the tragedy and that the injured couple, in addition to being unable to understand English, are in a most serious condition, the police were handicapped in getting the details of the tragedy and Kolokotzas secured several hours' start in his flight.

## BILL EXTENDING WORKING TIME OF GIRLS OPPOSED

(From a Staff Correspondent.)  
LINCOLN, Neb., Feb. 18.—(Special Telegram.)—In a hearing before the labor committee of the senate at the close of this afternoon's session S. F. 530, by Grossman of Douglas, extending the hour of labor of girls from 10 p. m. to 12 p. m. was recommended for indefinite postponement. Frank Coffey, representing the labor unions, ex-Labor Commissioner Guye and Miss L. Hayes of the state university appeared against the bill.

## IMMIGRATION BILL PASSED OVER VETO

Senate Overrules Negative of President Taft by an Overwhelming Vote.

### HOUSE LIKELY TO DO THE SAME

Literacy Test Finds Only Eighteen Opponents in Upper House.

### FEW SUPPORT TAFT IN DEBATE

Lodge Charges Steamship Companies Behind Opposition to Act.

### REPRESENTATIVES WILL DECIDE

Advocates of Law Restricting Immigration Declare Measure Embodies Large Number of Important Reforms.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—The Burnett-Billingham immigration bill, vetoed by President Taft because it imposed a literacy test upon immigrants, was passed over the president's veto in the senate today, 52 to 18. The overwhelming majority given at the end of a short debate in which President Taft's attitude was criticized vigorously has strengthened the probability that the bill will be passed over the veto in the house when it is called up tomorrow.

Support of the president's position was voiced in the debate by but few speakers. Senators Lodge and Billingham, leading the fight to override the president, declared the measure outlined so many important provisions for the exclusion of criminal, diseased and insane aliens that great harm would result to the United States if it did not become law.

"I fail to understand why it is that the United States alone among nations is not thought to have the right that all nations have to say who shall come within its borders," said Senator Lodge. "It is the only country in the world where it is argued that people born in other countries who never have seen the United States are entitled to certain rights therein."

### Would Exercise Right.

"It is for the citizens of the United States to say who shall come into this country. This is the primary right. Still less do I understand this extreme opposition to requiring that an immigrant shall be able to read before he enters the United States. We do not allow a man to become a part of our body politic unless he can read and write his name."

"We do not hesitate to apply a literacy test to our own people. Why is it we should hesitate to apply it to a foreigner?"

The opposition to this test at bottom is the same opposition that is made to every effort to improve our immigration laws or restrict in any degree the number of immigrants. It comes from the steamship companies. For twenty-five years we have met that opposition at every turn. It is here today."

"My reason for supporting the bill," said Senator Williams, "is that I am afraid of ignorance. I am afraid of the man who strikes out blindly to overcome the wrongs he thinks exist."

## Machine Gun is Stolen from the American Troops

EL PASO, Tex., Feb. 18.—A machine gun of the Tenth cavalry, platoon at Hachita, N. M., disappeared Sunday night, according to reliable reports received here today. It is believed that Mexican rebels came over the border and stole the piece.

Major Clark, district adjutant at Fort Bliss, declares no report of the theft has been made. However, the disappearance of the gun is fully verified.

United States troops since Monday morning, when the piece was missing, have been searching the border for a trace of the missing artillery. Hachita is nearly twenty miles from the nearest point on the border and how the gun was stolen is unexplained. A large quantity of ammunition for the gun also disappeared.

The occurrence is similar to an incident at El Paso during the Madero revolution, when rebels kidnapped an old cannon from the center of the town, returning the piece at the conclusion of hostilities.

Some days ago General Ines Salazar, the rebel commander-in-chief, boasted that some of his men would steal a machine gun from the United States troops. Rebels evaded the United States near Columbus, N. M., this week and imported 3,000 suits of khaki uniforms and an equal number of pairs of shoes for the use of Salazar's rebel army.

## Wolz Retains Seat in Upper Chamber

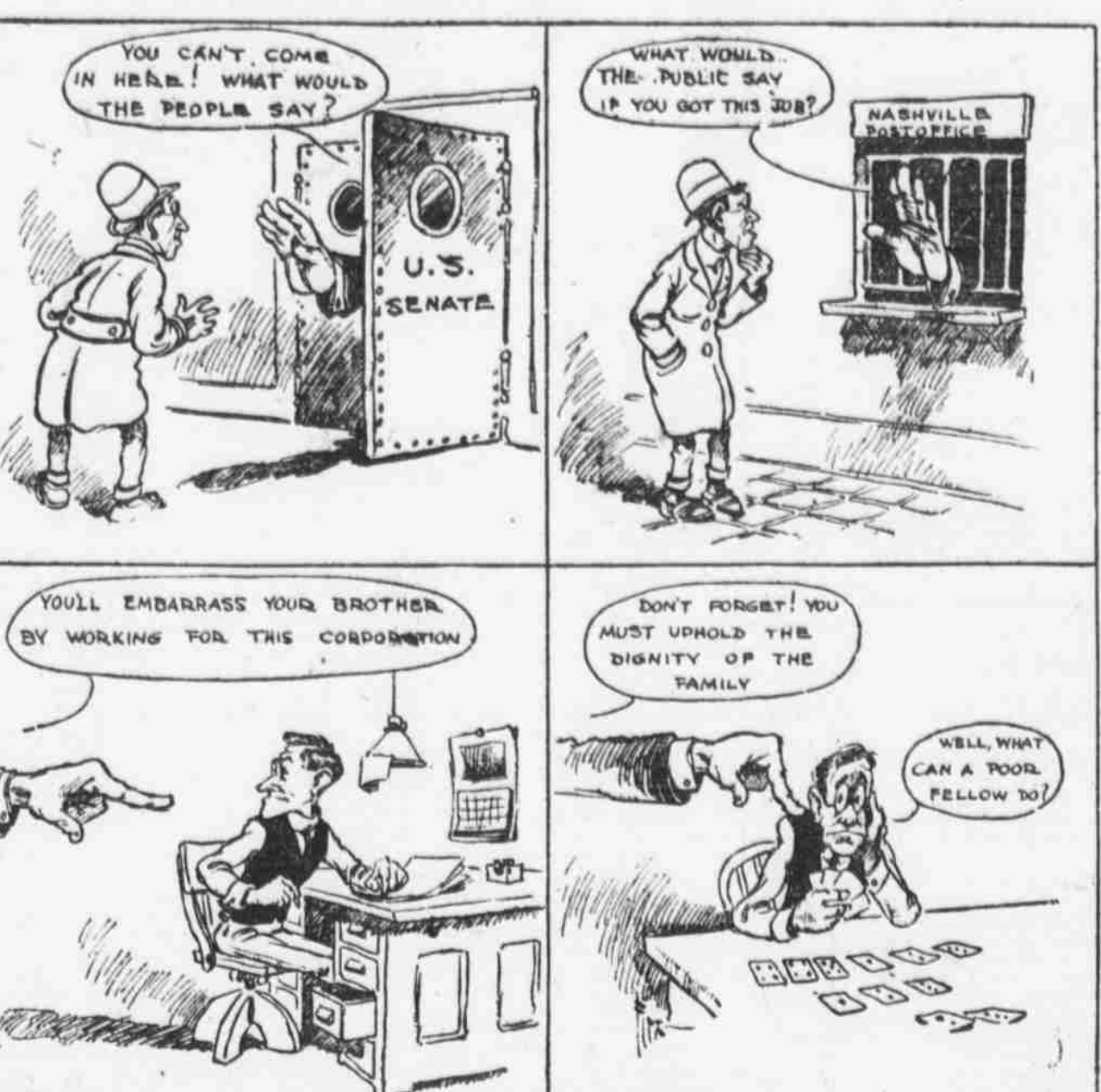
(From a Staff Correspondent.)  
LINCOLN, Neb., Feb. 18.—(Special Telegram.)—The senate committee on the contest from the Fifth district in which S. S. Van Horn, a democrat, contested the seat of George F. Wolz of Fremont, decided in favor of the latter this afternoon and refused to count the ballots, claiming that there was no evidence introduced showing a wrong count. S. S. Sider of Fremont appeared as attorney for Van Horn and C. E. Abbott for Senator Wolz.

## NEBRASKA DIVISION OF SONS OF VETERANS MEET

(From a Staff Correspondent.)  
COLUMBUS, Neb., Feb. 18.—(Special Telegram.)—The twenty-ninth annual encampment of the Nebraska division Sons of Veterans, began its two days' session in this city today. There is a fair representation from over the state. The first day has been devoted to organizing and receiving the reports of the division officers with a theater party in the evening.

Tomorrow will be devoted to the election of division officers and locating the next annual encampment. H. W. Rogers of Fremont, division commander, is presiding.

## Pity the Brother of a President-Elect!



From the Chicago News.

## MISSING BOYS ARE FOUND

Harkness Kountze and Tom Kinsler Located in Council Bluffs.

### HAD SLEPT OUT ALL NIGHT

Kidnaping Theory is Given Up as Soon as the Incidents Prior to Their Disappearance are Learned.

After a twenty-six-hour search by the police and sheriffs' departments of Omaha, Council Bluffs and South Omaha, Harkness Kountze, the 12-year-old son of Luther Kountze, and Tom Kinsler, 12-year-old son of Albert V. Kinsler, were found at 5 o'clock last night at the home of Ed McDermott in Council Bluffs. The boys were not kidnapped, but had only fallen victims of the wanderlust fever.

Not a single word was uttered when Mr. Kinsler walked into the McDermott home and motioned the boys to follow.

Both boys silently stepped into a waiting automobile and a few minutes later were at their homes, eating supper with their families as though nothing had happened.

After Harkness Kountze had eaten supper, he went straight to bed, without saying a word about his adventures to anyone. Young Tom Kinsler took a bath before going to bed, but he, too, was silent.

The lads ran away from home just "because."

It might have been that young Kinsler feared the consequence of "hooky" playing and induced young Kountze to join him, or, as Mrs. Kountze said last night, it might have been merely the spring weather intoxicating the boys with wanderlust fever.

### Sleep Out of Doors.

Anyway, they roamed about the streets of Omaha until about 9 o'clock Monday night and then went to Council Bluffs. They slept out on an open hillside near St. Bernard's hospital all night, and then in the morning went downtown boasting of their adventure to other little boys they met.

Ed McDermott, a student at Creighton living in the Bluffs, when he read in the morning newspapers of the disappearance of the two Omaha boys identified them in his own mind.

Mr. Kinsler was notified by telephone and McDermott was asked to locate the boys if possible. Shortly before 5 o'clock they were found, penniless and quite hungry.

McDermott invited them to have something to eat they eagerly accepted, and it was while they were in the midst of their meal that Mr. Kinsler came in. Young Tom Kinsler had \$2, which he had earned shoveling snow last month, and this was used for food and candy, and the like during the twenty-six hours that the boys were away from home.

### Would Not Talk.

When reporters called at the homes of Mr. Kountze and Mr. Kinsler to talk to the runaways they were denied permission.

"I haven't talked to them myself," said Mr. Kinsler. "I want to have my own say all about it of my own accord, and he may take his time about doing it."

Immediately after the finding of the two boys the police of Council Bluffs, South Omaha and Omaha were notified and the officers and private detectives seeking the lads were called off the case.

## Seward Boy Missing; Fears He Has Killed His Fellow Student

SEWARD, Neb., Feb. 18.—(Special Telegram.)—Charles Frost, a student at the Lutheran Normal school here, which prepares teachers for the Lutheran schools, is missing and a search made by practically every member of the school and many citizens of Seward has failed to locate him.

This afternoon while on the college campus with a number of his companions, one of them fell in an epileptic fit, and as Frost had been wrestling with him just a moment before some of his companions told him he had killed the lad.

It was Frost's first experience with epilepsy, and in terror he started running from the field and was soon lost to sight. In a few moments the young men realized what he felt and spread the alarm and a county-wide search was begun.

Frost left without his hat and thinny clad. Up till a late hour tonight no trace of him was found, and his friends began to fear that he will not be found alive.

The young man was 16 years of age, clad in a plain gray suit. He is curly-headed, his hair being dark brown.

## Morehead Will Head The New Jersey Civic Division in Parade

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—Piercing gentlemen, portly and otherwise, are to be encountered these days on every road bounding up and down on horseback. Equestrians who have never before been in the saddle have been requested to act as marshals in the parade. There are 300 marshals to the country, and they were given orders today to go into training.

It developed that because of the fact that several governors propose riding at the head of their state troops, a number of state delegations will be headed by the governors of other states. New Jersey's civic division will be led by the governor of Pennsylvania, while the civic delegation from Pennsylvania will follow in the wake of the chief executive from some other state.

General George A. Flower, grand chancellor of the Legion of Honor, then invested President Poincaré with the insignia of grand master of the order. Oddly enough, President Poincaré, although he had recommended many hundreds of people for the decoration of the Legion of Honor, had never until today himself received the ribbon even of the lowest grade.

After luncheon President Poincaré escorted Ex-president Fallières to the flat he had engaged for his future residence, which is in the Rue François Premier, near that of United States Ambassador Myron T. Herrick's.

President Poincaré then returned to the Elysée, where he, for the first time as president of the republic, presided over a meeting of the cabinet.

The principal streets of Paris were decorated all day with bunting. Crowds promenade the city singing the "Marseillaise."

### Receiver is Asked For Paper Bag Trust

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 18.—Chancellor Walker in the court of chancery today fixed March 8 for a hearing of a petition for the appointment of a receiver for the Union Bag and Paper company, a New Jersey corporation with \$27,000,000 of authorized capital stock, engaged in the business of the manufacture and sale of paper bags, paper and pulp and wood, with branches in various sections of this country and Canada.

### TWO-MILL POOR LEVY FAVORED IN COMMITTEE

(From a Staff Correspondent.)  
LINCOLN, Neb., Feb. 18.—(Special.)—The revenue committee of the senate reported for general file this afternoon Senate File No. 54, by Harbarnum of Douglas, favoring a 2 mill levy for support of the poor of Douglas county.

### The National Capital

Tuesday, February 18, 1913.

#### The Senate.

Key Pittman of Nevada was sworn in to complete the term of the late Senator Nixon.

District of Columbia committee agreed to report favorable bill prescribing eight-hour day for women workers in the District of Columbia.

Senate opened on immigration bill, with agreement to vote at 3 p. m. on its remeasure over president's veto.

The House.  
Considered miscellaneous legislation.

## MADERO DEPOSED BY TROOPS; HUERTA MADE PRESIDENT

Federal Military Commander Proclaimed Chief Executive in Reward for Treason.

### MADERO FAMILY IS ARRESTED

Sudden Turn Follows Conference Between Emissaries of Generals.

### PEOPLE APPLAUD NEW RULERS

Former Popular Idol Prisoner in the National Palace.

### INSURGENTS WIN IN FIGHTING

Attempt by Fallen Chief to Sacrifice Cabinet Fails.

### ANOTHER AMERICAN IS HURT

Stiles F. Gilmore, Manager of Large Mechanical Plant, is Shot Three Times in the Forearm—Day's Developments.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 18.—President Madero has been arrested in the national palace by General Huerta, backed by his troops.

General Victoriano Huerta, the military commander of the federal troops, has been proclaimed president.

This followed a conference between representatives of Huerta and General Diaz.

Guillermo Madero, brother of the president, was arrested about the same time in a restaurant by General Huerta.

### Crowds Shout for New Regime.

While Madero and the other members of his family are under arrest in the palace the crowds are running about the streets crying "vivas" for Huerta and Diaz.

President Madero earlier this afternoon made an offer to Felix Diaz to bring about the resignation of Vice President Pina Suarez and the entire cabinet, but he himself remain in office.

The president then was in very low spirits owing to the reverses met with by the federal troops.

### Order to Cease Firing.

Huerta's attempt to communicate with Diaz this afternoon precipitated a sharp battle in which the rebels opened up with a terrific fire of small arms. At 4 o'clock the order to "cease firing" brought the battle to a close.

An official order was issued by the new government opening the cables for regular service. The censor, however, refused to leave his post for a considerable time after the Madero government had been ousted.

President Madero early today agreed in principle to the appointment of a president ad interim.

The announcement that Madero had agreed to the appointment of a provisional president was made on the authority of Mexican Foreign Minister Senor Lauracan.

The news of Madero's decision became known in the early forenoon.

At that hour the position of the government was weakening and the federal troops were apparently becoming demoralized.

The situation of the government forces became so critical that one strong detachment of federal troops retired from the capital before noon and marched in the direction of Cuernavaca, forty miles to the southward.

It was found shortly after daylight that the rebels under Felix Diaz had materially extended their lines and were threatening some of the federal positions.

About 6 o'clock the fire became hotter and the big guns of the rebels at the arsenal were brought into play on the national palace with a fierce fire. The palace itself was threatened with an attack by bodies of rebels who had made a sortie.

### American is Wounded.

Stiles F. Gilmore, an elderly American, who is the manager of an important mechanical works here, was struck in his right forearm by three bullets today as he was unconcernedly walking along Colima street. He ran into the middle of a skirmish between detachments of rebels and federal.

Firing went on practically the whole night from both the federal and rebel positions. In the total darkness it was

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Particularly attractive real estate bargains are offered in The Bee for your consideration today. If you care to make an investment in a home and get easy payments, you should be sure to go through the opportunities listed for your benefit in this paper today.

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Tyler 1000.