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DR. DANIEFF EXPECTS BREAK IN THE PEACE NEGOTIATIONS TODAY

Bulgarian Delegate Says Conference
Will End if Turkey Does Not
Yield Adrianople.

SITUATION LITTLE CHANGED
Allies Stand by Their Original
Demand for the City.

ANSWER FROM RECHAD PASHA
Turkish Delegate Says Sultan Has
Already Conceded Enough.

NOW UP TO BALKAN STATES
Turkey Has Come Four-Fifths of the
Way and the Opposition Must
Furnish Part of the
Harmony.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—The peace negotiations between the Balkan and the Turkish envoys will be broken off, according to Dr. S. Danieff, the chief of the Bulgarian delegation, unless the map which the Turkish delegation is now preparing, showing the proposed boundary between Bulgaria and Turkey, should prove to be in accordance with the terms laid down by the allies.

"The position of affairs has not changed much for the better, as people seem to imagine," said Dr. Danieff today. "It must be borne in mind that from the beginning Turkey has always said it would make certain concessions in Macedonia and Epirus and in part of the provinces of Thrace. That is all right as far as it goes, but there remains the question of Adrianople."

Adrianople Vital Point.
"The future of Adrianople is one of the most vital points in the negotiations and as far as I can see no improvement of the situation in regard to it is to be expected when the next map is drawn up by the Turkish delegation of the proposed rectification of the boundary between Bulgaria and Turkey."

"If we find at tomorrow's meeting of the conference that the Turkish map is not in accordance with the terms offered by the allies and is unsatisfactory to us, the negotiations will be broken off."

"The second difficulty is in connection with the matter of the islands in the Aegean sea. There, again we will insist upon our terms."

"In fact, there is no ground for the impression that seems to exist in some quarters that we have the intention of modifying our terms as regards Turkey. Whatever we may do afterward with the European powers is not connected with our negotiations with Turkey."

"We are ready to acknowledge that some progress was made yesterday, but it is necessary to bear in mind that the essential points before the conference have not been settled. Let us hope they will be at tomorrow's meeting."

Rechad Pasha is Emphatic.
Rechad Pasha, the leader of the Turkish plenipotentiaries, was equally emphatic on the subject of Adrianople. In the course of an interview this morning he said:

"We have ended Macedonia in a spirit of conciliation and with a desire to avoid a renewal of the war. On two questions, however, we will not yield. We will not give up either Adrianople or the islands in the Aegean sea."

The question of the Aegean islands is expected to be more easily arranged than that of Adrianople, it being thought that they may eventually be divided among the disputants.

In any case the danger of a resumption of hostilities is regarded as eliminated and the utterances of threats of a renewal of the war by various delegates may be taken as merely the playing of cards in the diplomatic game.

Rechad Pasha and the other Turkish delegates now declare that Turkey yesterday yielded to the allies four-fifths of what it originally claimed, thus going from the maximum of its expectations to a minimum which is absolutely irreducible.

It is now the turn of the allies, they point out, to reduce to the maximum of their original terms to such a minimum as will meet the Turks in a reasonable compromise.

Should the allies refuse to do this, the Turkish delegates say, Europe and the whole world will be able to judge on which side are to be found "moderation and real love of peace."

Turkey Always Conciliatory.
Rechad Pasha remarked that the whole modern history of the Turkish empire was marked by a spirit of good will toward the European powers. Turkey had made at all times every concession compatible with its dignity. This led to the practical abandonment of eastern Rumelia, the settlement of the Armenian question and the entrusting of the protection of Crete to England, France, Russia and Italy. Now, he continued, Turkey was doing a thing almost without precedent in any previous war. It was ceding even territories which had not been conquered by the enemy, such as Janina and Scutari.

"Turkey, however," he concluded, "cannot and will not yield Adrianople, which, besides not having been taken by the besiegers, has for the Mussulman world"

(Continued on Page Two.)

Barrett Urges More Consideration for South Americans

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—In an international Pan-American message, Director John Barrett of the Pan-American union today urges the people and press of the United States to treat with greater kindness and more consideration the peoples and governments of the other republics of the western hemisphere. Declaring that the twenty republics lying south of the United States offers to this country its "greatest foreign opportunity," Mr. Barrett makes the following appeal:

"That the press and people of the United States will give all Latin-Americans a square deal, will assume toward them an attitude of appreciation rather than patronage, will treat Mexico, Cuba, Colombia and the other nations which may have troubles or disputes with the United States, with sympathy and consideration rather than with criticism and complaint. Let, therefore, the people and the press of the United States inaugurate in 1913 a nation-wide Pan-American movement which eventually will add greatly to the trade and prosperity not only of the United States, but of all its sister republics."

Mr. Barrett adds that the opening of the Panama canal will mark an epoch for the republics of this hemisphere and he urges a better understanding with them so that the Monroe doctrine may be accepted universally in the western hemisphere as a doctrine representing the "mutual interest and protection of all."

Chinese Women Must Discard Trousers for Occidental Skirts

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Jan. 2.—The centuries old styles in clothing for both men and women of China have come under the disapproval of the cabinet of the republic and an edict issued calling upon the women to abandon their trousers for the occidental skirt and the men to give up their comfortable loose clothes for the sack business and conventional evening clothes of the Caucasian. A copy of the edict has been received by Yung Yew, consul here for the Chinese republic, together with pictures of clothing prescribed for both sexes. The vernacular papers here printed the edict and illustrations yesterday.

The business derby and the formal silk hat are the only two mentioned for men. Nothing is said of headgear for the women, who, aside from hair ornaments, never have worn head coverings.

Men are allowed high calfskin and low tan shoes while the women are limited to high shoes to suit their taste.

Besides shoes only three articles of dress are prescribed for women. One, a loose fitting garment, on the lines of a kimono is for house wear. An extremely conventional pleated skirt and shirtwaist evidently are supposed to complete her wardrobe.

At the expressed wish of President Yuan Shi Kai, the edict which was received several days ago, was held until New Year's for publication.

Hundreds of Chinese Soldiers Are Killed in Battle With Tibetans

CHENG TU, PROVINCE OF SZE-CHUEN, China, Jan. 2.—Three hundred Chinese soldiers were killed by a force of Tibetan near Hsiang Cheng on the borders of Tibet during a night attack last night. The Chinese troops also lost six machine guns.

The official reason given for the defeat of the regular troops is that the soldiers refused to trust their commanders' knowledge of the country and because of insubordination. During the confusion which ensued the Tibetans seized the opportunity of attacking the column, which was totally defeated.

Loup District Worse Than Tough Quarter

CHICAGO, Jan. 2.—Much public "love-making" was incident to the revels with which some Chicagoans welcomed the New Year, according to reports made today to the Anti-Saloon league by ministers who watched the "orgies" Tuesday night. Scene in some of the "loopy" hotels were worse than those in so-called tough districts, some of the watchers reported. Men and women were described as staggering through the corridors and lobbies of leading downtown hotels.

Some of the reports are illustrated by flashlight photographs. Arthur Burridge, Farrell stated that prosecutions would be instituted against a number of cafes which remained open after the legal closing hours at 1 a. m.

ALLEGED CATTLE THIEVES ARRESTED AT HOT SPRINGS

HOT SPRINGS, S. D., Jan. 2.—(Special.)—Because they slaughtered cattle alleged to belong to Frank Jackson, two employees of the Burke quarry have been held to await trial next month. The accused are Victor Sauer and Victor Bales, half-brothers.

Major Riddell recently caused the arrest of Harry Shepard for gambling. Shepard has waived examination and will appear before the circuit court.

Because of malice could be shown, Henry Shell, a man who is regarded as foolish and simple, will not be held to answer for putting a rock in front of a passenger train at a street crossing. Shell told the officers he "just wanted to have some fun." The train struck the obstruction, but without causing damage.

KANSAS CITY JEWELRY STORE SAFE IS ROBBED

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 1.—The safe of the B. C. Loan and Jewelry company in the heart of the retail district, was blown early today and diamonds and jewelry valued at \$5,000 taken. Employees in an all night restaurant, three doors away, said they heard no sound of the explosion. The police have no clue.

SULZER GIVES NOTICE NO ONE CAN RULE HIM

New Governor of New York State
Says Murphy's Demands Are
Not Sacred.

TAMMANY MUST ACT IN OPEN
Wants to Let People Decide Who is
Party Leader.

APPOINTMENTS RAISE ISSUE
State Commission Named Without
Consulting Murphy.

NO FAVORITES TO BE PLAYED
Executive Makes It Clear He Will
See Anything, but Reserves
Right to Deny Anybody's
Request.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 2.—Governor William Sulzer declared tonight that his election as chief executive made him the democratic leader of New York state.

The governor's statement was made in response to inquiries as to whether Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany hall, had endorsed John N. Callahan of Watertown and John H. Delaney of Brooklyn, two of three members of a commission selected by Governor Sulzer to investigate state departments and bureaus.

"I am the democratic leader of the state; the people decreed it at the polls and I stand on their verdict," said the governor emphatically. "I can't succeed in doing what I want to do as governor unless I am the democratic leader. If any democrat in the state challenges that leadership let him come out in the open and the people will decide."

The governor made it clear that he would receive any one who desired to see him at any time, including Colonel Roosevelt, as head of the progressive movement, William Barnes, Jr., as chairman of the republican state committee, Charles F. Murphy, as leader of the New York county democratic organization, J. P. Morgan or Thomas F. Ryan. "But," he added, "they must see me in the open, the same as any other person."

The governor said he realized that Mr. Murphy, as the leader of an independent political organization in New York, deserved recognition as such and that he would receive requests from him, reserving the right, however, to deny them if they were not proper.

Cruiser with Reid's Body to Reach New York During Night

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—The British cruiser Natal, bringing home the body of Whitelaw Reid, late ambassador to Great Britain, reached Nantucket light-ship at 9 o'clock this morning. It was met there by the escort of six United States warships sent to convoy the funeral ship to this port.

The United States squadron consists of the battleships Florida and North Dakota and four destroyers, commanded by Rear Admiral Fiske.

The Natal is approaching port faster than was expected. It was not expected at Nantucket until 2 o'clock this afternoon. The distance from Nantucket to Sandy Hook is 38 miles, so the Natal will reach the city before noon today. Hook tonight, where it will anchor until daylight. In the morning it will steam up the Hudson and will anchor off Grant's tomb. The body of the late ambassador will then be escorted to the Cathedral of St. John the Divine. The funeral will take place Saturday morning.

Pay of Chicago City Employees is Cut Twenty Per Cent

CHICAGO, Jan. 2.—Twenty thousand city employees suffered a cut of 20 per cent in their salaries by action of the city council at a special meeting today. Practically every employee of the municipal government is affected.

Mayor Harrison, whose salary, like that of a few others in high authority was not affected, stated that he would voluntarily remit 30 per cent of his salary. The cut was decided upon as the only solution of a budget estimate \$4,500,000 greater than the revenue of the city.

It was bitterly opposed. An attempt to make up the deficit from the fund secured as the city's share of the profits of the street car companies was defeated.

The legislature will be asked to pass laws by which the city's income may be increased. If this is obtained it is planned to reimburse employees for wages withheld.

Appropriations for all departments will also be cut. The budget for the year 1913 calls for \$3,394,192.

BRITONS FEAR INFLUENCE OF IRISH-AMERICANS

LONDON, Jan. 2.—The alleged fear of Irish-American influence on the projected Irish parliament was urged by Earl Winterton in the House of Commons this afternoon as a reason for amending the home rule bill so as to prevent the Irish parliament from passing resolutions on subjects upon which it is to be forbidden to legislate.

Earl Winterton and two other unionist members, Sir Frederick Banbury and Sir Gilbert Parker, contended that during a time of crisis the Irish parliament could adopt resolutions which would greatly endanger interests of Great Britain and it might even send a representative to Washington. They argued the stability of the nationalist party was maintained by Irish-Americans and "those who paid the piper were entitled to call the tune."

Augustine Birrell, chief secretary for Ireland, and John Dillon opposed the amendment, which was defeated by 279 against 154 votes.

Troubles Before the Voyage

