

OUR MAGAZINE PAGE will interest every woman who likes good heart-to-heart talks with other sympathetic women.

THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

THE WEATHER. Generally Fair

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HARVESTER COMBINE DICTATES PRICES OF TWINE FOR BINDERS

I. C. Groendyke Testifies that Corporation Has Controlled Values for Twelve Years. SCALE IS MADE EACH SPRING Prior to 1902 Prices Were Based on Cost of Materials. RUMOR OF CORNER ON SISAL Prices Advanced Over Twenty Per Cent in One Month in 1909. PERKINS NEGOTIATES DEAL

Richard F. Howe Tells of Transfer of Deering Company to Combination—Banker a Principal, Not a Go-Between. CHICAGO, Nov. 26.—I. C. Groendyke, although declared to be a witness in sympathy with the International Harvester company, today before Special Examiner Robert S. Taylor, testified that the International concern each year since its formation has fixed the price on binder twine. The witness admitted he was under contract to supply the company with binder twine.

"There was no fixing of prices, therefore, by the International's formation in 1902," testified Groendyke. "Sales were based on the cost of raw materials." "When was this method changed?" asked Attorney Grosvener. "In 1902 and 1903," replied the witness.

"Prices Fixed in Spring. "When does the International fix the price of binder twine?" asked Mr. Grosvener. "Usually in March or April. In case we make a sale before that time we guarantee the price to our customer and leave the price blank to be filled in later." The witness was then questioned particularly in regard to the rise in the price of sisal, the chief raw material used in the manufacture of binder twine.

Mr. Groendyke admitted that it was rumored in 1909 that the International had cornered in sisal, after large purchases of it had been made in Yucatan. He said that the price of sisal advanced from 4 1/2 cents a pound to 6 cents from April to May, 1909. The witness then testified that the International concern fixed the cost of binder twine at 7 1/2 cents a pound in the fall of that year.

Perkins Negotiated Deal. Richard F. Howe, director of the International and formerly a partner in the Deering Harvester company, testified that he went to New York to see Mr. Perkins to negotiate the sale of the Deering company into what other companies were going into the combination," asked Government Prosecutor Grosvener.

"I know in a general way what the companies were," replied Mr. Howe. "I inferred that there were other manufacturers in New York at the time because Mr. Perkins said he had to confer with others about the propositions submitted."

"In other words, Mr. Perkins was the go-between?" said the prosecutor. "No, I would hardly say that," replied the witness. "He negotiated the transaction."

SIX HUNDRED THOUSAND FOR ROOSEVELT CANDIDACY

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 26.—Contributions totaling \$668,869, to aid the candidacy of Colonel Roosevelt for the presidency, were received by the national committee of the progressive party, according to a certificate giving the final figures filed with the secretary of state today. The expenses of the committee were \$64,730. The New York state committee of the progressive party certified that it received \$120,253, of which \$88,550 was contributed by the national committee.

George W. Perkins gave the national committee \$100,000 while Frank A. Munsey contributed \$100,000 to the national committee and \$10,000 to the state committee.

The Weather

Forecast till 7 P. M. Wednesday: For Omaha, Council Bluffs and Vicinity—Fair tonight and Wednesday; not much change in temperature. Temperatures at Omaha Yesterday: 5 a. m. 33, 6 a. m. 35, 7 a. m. 37, 8 a. m. 39, 9 a. m. 41, 10 a. m. 43, 11 a. m. 45, 12 m. 47, 1 p. m. 49, 2 p. m. 51, 3 p. m. 53, 4 p. m. 55, 5 p. m. 57, 6 p. m. 59, 7 p. m. 61, 8 p. m. 63, 9 p. m. 65, 10 p. m. 67, 11 p. m. 69. Highest yesterday 69, lowest 29, mean 47.5, precipitation .00. Temperature and precipitation departures from the normal: Normal temperature 43, departure for the day 26, total excess since March 1, 1912, 36, normal precipitation .52 inch, deficiency for the day .52 inch, deficiency since March 1, 1.51 inches, deficiency for cor. period 1911, 14.59 inches, deficiency for cor. period 1910, 14.59 inches, 11 months from stations at 7 P. M. Station and State Temp. High-Low: Cheyenne, clear, 32-20, 58, Davonport, clear, 32-20, 58, Denver, clear, 32-20, 58, Des Moines, clear, 32-20, 58, Dodge City, snowing, 32-20, 58, Grand Island, clear, 32-20, 58, Lincoln, clear, 32-20, 58, Omaha, clear, 32-20, 58, Rapid City, clear, 32-20, 58, Salt Lake City, clear, 32-20, 58, St. Louis, clear, 32-20, 58, St. Paul, clear, 32-20, 58, Sioux City, clear, 32-20, 58, Valentine, cloudy, 32-20, 58. 2 indicates trace of precipitation.

Jury in Gibson Case is Unable to Agree and is Discharged

GOSHEN, N. Y., Nov. 26.—After deliberating for more than fourteen hours, the jury in the case of Burton W. Gibson, charged with the murder of his client, Mrs. Rosa Menschik Szabo, reported to Justice Tompkins today that it could not agree on a verdict. The jurors were accordingly discharged. Jacob J. Singer of Gibson's counsel announced shortly after the jury had been discharged that the district attorney had offered not to place Gibson on trial again on the charges of murdering Mrs. Szabo provided Gibson would plead guilty to one of the several charges against him in New York county.

A detective armed with a warrant based on an indictment found yesterday in New York was prepared to arrest Gibson today in the event of his acquittal on the murder charge. The warrant charges the larceny of \$17,000 from Hugh Traynor, a former client of Gibson's in 1910. Other charges are pending in New York county against Gibson, some of them against his administration of the Szabo estate.

Several times while Judge Tompkins was dismissing the jury Gibson broke in with requests that he be permitted to make a statement or that the court require the jury to go back and try to agree on a verdict. The court refused and was finally obliged to order the prisoner to stop. In dismissing the jurors the court charged them to say nothing about their deliberations "in view of the fact that this case will have to be tried again in Orange county."

It was reported in the court room that the jury had stood eleven to one for acquittal on the final ballot. Another report was that the jury had stood seven to five for conviction.

Call Money Again Rises to 12 Per Cent in New York City

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—Another sudden advance in call money, or day-to-day loans, to 12 per cent, equalling yesterday's high rate and not attained since the early part of 1910, was responsible for further unsettlement in the stock market today. Several influences were responsible for this stringency, including the fact that clearing house banks have already lost \$2,000,000 to the subtreasury since last Friday, which threatens a deficit in the excess reserve at the end of the week.

It was reported in the financial district that the Treasury department at Washington would again be appealed to for assistance. In addition to the losses to the bank to the subtreasury there have been heavy direct shipments of cash by these same institutions to the Pacific coast and other centers, chiefly to facilitate movements of crops.

Loans were again called during the early market session, but this action was limited to several of the banks in the clearing house which last week showed some impairment of their legal reserve. Money fell 3 per cent towards the close of the market, by which time pressing needs had been met. The ruling rate, according to reliable brokers, was between 9 and 10 per cent. Nevertheless, large sums were borrowed at the maximum figure, 12 per cent. The renewal rate for the day—11 per cent—constitutes a record not equaled since the latter part of 1909.

One of the reasons advanced for yesterday's and today's flurry is the probability that the comptroller of the currency at Washington will soon call upon the national banks of the country to report their condition.

Breathitt Farmer Kills "Rat" Noble

JACKSON, Ky., Nov. 26.—Alfred Gambill, a farmer, surrendered to the police here today after killing former Police Judge "Rat" Noble in an encounter on a lonely Breathitt county road late last night. Gambill says he and Noble quarreled because of an alleged insult offered Mrs. Gambill by Noble. "Rat" Noble was a brother of "Bad Jake" Noble, who some time ago escaped from jail here after killing his keeper.

Samuel Gompers Improving Rapidly

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Nov. 26.—President Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor is so much improved today that his secretary stated that he would be able to leave his room tonight. President Gompers was taken ill with a severe cold on Sunday and for a time pneumonia was threatened.

LAST YEAR'S BIRD'S NEST CAUSES TWO DEATHS

MOUNT ZION, Ill., Nov. 26.—A last summer's bird's nest caused the deaths here early today of Henry Scott and his wife. The nest blocked a chimney flue and when a gas stove was lighted in the couple's bedroom the fumes were forced back and they were asphyxiated. Scott was 45 years old and his wife six years his senior. They were married last August.

CALIFORNIA CHILDREN WANT TO SEE THE LIBERTY BELL

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 26.—Two miles of petition, would on a huge reel, will be transported through the streets of San Francisco on an automobile truck next Thursday, Thanksgiving day, preparatory to being shipped to Philadelphia. The petition contains the names of 500,000 California school children who ask that the famous old Liberty Bell be brought here in 1915.

EDITOR ACQUITTED OF MURDER OF LAWRENCE

Lawrence Strike Leader and Two Comrades Found Not Guilty of Killing Anna Lopizzo.

TRIO ENTERS COURT SMILING Jurors in Chorus Give Separate Verdict for Each Man.

MILL WORKERS GIVE CHEERS Ease Comes to End After Lasting More Than Six Weeks.

TRIAL FOLLOWS LABOR FIGHT Death of Anna Lopizzo During Rioting in Textile Strike in Lawrence Causes Trial of Workers' Leaders.

SALEM, Mass., Nov. 26.—"Not guilty," is the verdict of the jury in the case of Joseph J. Ector, Arturo Giovannitti and Joseph Caruso for the murder of Anna Lopizzo, who was killed in the Lawrence textile strike riot last winter. The jury entered the court room at 8:20 o'clock. Immediately thereafter the prisoners, each wearing a red carnation, were brought to the cage in the center of the room. All were smiling. Judge Quinn ascended the bench at 8:24 o'clock and asked if the jury had agreed. "We have," said the foreman as he handed it to the court bailiff. "Joseph Caruso, stand up," commanded Clerk George.

As Caruso obeyed the clerk called: "Caruso face the jury! Jurymen, look at the prisoner. Gentlemen of the jury, is Joseph Caruso guilty or not guilty?" "Not guilty," was the unanimous reply. "Ector and Giovannitti were likewise commanded to rise and again the jury chorused a verdict of "not guilty," for each defendant. The jury, which for more than six weeks had listened to the evidence in this notable trial, was then excused from further service with the thanks of the court. The jurors hastened from the building and were cheered by the crowd of millworkers in the streets.

Prisoners Are Released. When the jurors had left the court announced to Caruso that there was another indictment against him charging him with assault with a deadly weapon with intent to kill and that the court would release him on his own recognizance. The prisoner had taken oath, to appear in court when summoned and was released. His wife was waiting at the rail behind the prisoner's cage, fell into his arms and a dozen of his male companions rushed forward and kissed him.

Ector and Giovannitti also were held on another indictment charging them, together with William D. Hayward of the Industrial Workers of the World, and others, with conspiracy to incite riot in the Lawrence strike. On this they were released on bonds of \$500 each, which were furnished by Helen S. Dudley of Boston.

The Lawrence strike leaders were then freed from the prisoners' cage and besieged by a crowd of men and women in the court room. For several minutes they were the recipients of kisses from the men and congratulations from the women.

Cheers for Prisoners. The defendants and their attorneys held a jubilation meeting in the court room when court was adjourned and a few minutes later, followed by a cheering throng of mill workers, they marched through the streets from the court house to the local office of the Industrial Workers of the World, where they remained for some time.

"I have no immediate plans," said Ector, "but I am going as soon as possible to my home in Tacoma, Wash., where I have an invalid father. He was paralyzed since my arrest." Giovannitti said he expected to visit friends in Boston and vicinity before going to his home in Brooklyn, N. Y.

Both prisoners were very happy. They declared they had not words to express their joy. Caruso and his wife, who had been sitting near him outside the cage for many weeks, danced about like children. They expect to return to their home in Lawrence at once.

The liberated leaders and their friends after leaving the Industrial Workers' office went to Salvation Army hall, where they made the echoes ring with Italian songs and speeches. Ector and Giovannitti spoke in their native tongue, and even Caruso, who never made a speech in his life, was forced to say a few words. At this meeting it was planned that all should go to Lawrence later in the day, where a big demonstration is to be held.

MOTHER-IN-LAW JOKE IS OFFICIALLY RECOGNIZED

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 26.—Official recognition of the popular conception of "too much mother-in-law" was given in juvenile court here today, when Probate Judge Samuel L. Black ordered Mrs. Edna Wilson to "clean house" of all persons except herself, her children and her husband. Recently Mr. Wilson returned home and so thoroughly "cleaned house" that his family had to take refuge in the fields, when the case was called in juvenile court today, Wilson's employer testified that Wilson was aggravated by a case of "too much mother-in-law." The court held that the wife could not expect much from her husband if she kept a "provoking influence" at home.

GIRL SAVED BY NEWSBOY'S SACRIFICE RETURNS HOME

GARY, Ind., Nov. 26.—Ethel Smith, for whom Billy Bugli, Gary's heroic newsboy, sacrificed his life, left the hospital today and returned to her home. Her life was despaired of until crippled Billy Bugli offered to go to the operating table and furnish the live skin necessary to save her from effects of burns. The skin grafting restored the girl to health, but Billy Bugli died from pneumonia from the result of the amputation from his crippled leg. "I wish Billy could have lived," said Miss Smith as she left the hospital room.

It's an Ill Wind, Etc.



GUNMEN SENTENCED TO DIE

Execution of Murderers of Rosenthal Set for January Six. ALL MOTIONS ARE OVERRULED Four Condemned Men Led Through Vast Crowd to Prison Van and Placed on Train Bound for Sing Sing.

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—Gyp the Blood, Whitey Lewis, Lefty Louis and Dago Frank, the gunmen convicted of the murder of Herman Rosenthal, were sentenced by Justice Goff today to die in the electric chair at Sing Sing during the week of January 6. Each of the prisoners was sentenced separately, and in each case Attorney White, their counsel, moved that the verdict be set aside and the judgment be arrested, but each motion Justice Goff successively denied. One of the grounds for Mr. White's motion was that the verdict was the result of "passion, prejudice and other influences."

None of the condemned men gave any visible sign of his feelings. All looked stolidly ahead and each shook the hand of Mr. White as he was led away. Accompanied by Sheriff Harburger and twelve deputies, the four were forced through a big, silent crowd outside the criminal court building, thrust into the prison van and taken to the Grand Central station to take a train for Sing Sing, where with Charles Becker, former police lieutenant and condemned as instigator of the crime, they will await execution.

Boy Burglars Given Seven Years Each

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Stripped of their black masks and revolvers, three youthful desperadoes were taken today to the National Training school, where they probably will remain for the next seven years. The boys were Raymond Whitmore, Raymond Brinkley and Harry Dickinson, all 14 years old. Judge De Lacy in the juvenile court sentenced them during their minority.

The three lads, inflamed by "penny-dreadful" literature covered their faces with black masks, and revolvers in hand broke into a store, afterwards "jimmymy" their way into a private residence. As they were emerging from the latter place two patrol policemen saw them, and, after a chase, captured them and put an end to their desperate careers.

All three of the boys had been before Judge De Lacy previously. When they were arraigned he refused to listen to pleas for leniency.

Woman Chauffeur Commits Suicide

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 26.—Miss Julia V. Sullivan, one of Chicago's few licensed women chauffeurs, was found shot to death in her apartment early today. Although the police were told that she committed suicide, detectives were detailed to investigate. She was 42 years old. Miss Sullivan is said to have held the women's ice skating championship of Canada and the archery championship of the United States. She was employed as a chauffeur by a taxicab company until three weeks ago, when she left her position. Her landlady, who was the only person in the apartment when the shooting occurred, told the police Miss Sullivan had committed suicide.

Republican Leaders to Meet in New York

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—Leaders of the republican party from every state in the union are to assemble here on December 1 for a series of conferences to devise plans for a great forward movement by the party and to map out a program for the next four years. President Taft will be the principal speaker at a banquet in the evening of December 14.

CHICAGO COAL DEALER IS ACCUSED OF TAKING REBATE

CHICAGO, Nov. 26.—Thomas O'Garra, president of the O'Garra Coal company, was indicted today by the federal grand jury charged with accepting a rebate from subsidiaries of the New York Central railroad system. The three New York Central subsidiaries were indicted jointly with the O'Garra Coal company by the federal grand jury last Friday. Government officials intimate that the investigation will be continued.

Mining Congress Asks Protection For investors

SPOKANE, Wash., Nov. 26.—Consideration of methods for the protection of the investor in mining properties occupied the sessions of the American mining congress today. The open discussion centered about the proposal of Lieutenant Governor W. H. Allen of Montana, that state laws be urged compelling mining corporations to file with a commission of corporations frequent reports giving full details regarding the company, the physical condition of its property, the amount of stock sold and what was done with the money, and that these reports be confirmed by state officers as far as possible. The speaker urged also that laws be passed providing that at least 75 per cent of the money derived from the sale of treasury stock must be used in the development of the property.

Philadelphia and Dallas, Tex., have submitted invitations for the next meeting of the congress. Early today eight persons are known to be dead; four are missing, and there are twenty-four injured at Jane McCallister hospital, nearly all of whom are in a precarious condition. Only one of the dead remains unidentified.

The fact that all of the persons in or directly outside of the building at the time of the explosion occurred were not killed made the blast appear freakish. The heap of debris, twisted iron and shattered wooden beams was proof that those who were not instantly killed had escaped as if by a miracle. Firemen and police are still working in the ruins in search of more bodies, and it is feared that the death list may be increased during the day.

Eight Dead, Four Missing, 20 Injured

WAUKEGAN, Ill., Nov. 26.—The number of dead; injured and missing as a result of the explosion in the plant of the Corn Products Refining company here yesterday was found to be materially smaller than at first believed, after officials had a chance to make a careful canvass of the situation.

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Ute Indian Woman Sues for Divorce

VERNAL, Utah, Nov. 26.—County court officers were surprised some time ago when the Ute Indians from the Uintah reservation took up the civilized man's method of getting married by first applying for a license to wed, but they were more surprised today when Kaibab Vasquah filed a petition for divorce against her husband, Cononino. She asked for the custody of their two children. The Indians have been married for twenty years.

DEMAND INQUIRY INTO DEATH OF HOMESTEADER

SIoux FALLS, S. D., Nov. 26.—(Special.)—Basing their action upon their suspicion of foul play, relatives have demanded that the county authorities make a thorough investigation of the death of Jacob Neumann, a homesteader whose home was in Gregory county, and who was found dead on the road some miles from his home. At first it was supposed beyond doubt that he had been thrown from his wagon and killed, but rumors of a fight, former ill feeling and other circumstances have caused the relatives to demand that an investigation be made. Neumann was killed in the evening. Met the first intimation that he had met a tragic fate was the following morning, when his driverless team stopped at the farm of a neighbor. A search resulted in the finding of the body near the road.

POWERS ADVISE MODERATION

No Change for Worse is Apparent in Balkan Situation. GREAT BRITAIN WILL KEEP OUT Rumor that It Has Notified Russia and France that It Has No Interest in Serbia's Demand for Port.

LONDON, Nov. 26.—No change for the worse in the international political situation brought about by the war in the Balkans is visible today except insofar as the continued tension decreases the ability of diplomacy to resist a rupture. Great Britain, France and Germany all are giving counsel of moderation both at Vienna and St. Petersburg. There also is reason to believe that Great Britain has given Serbia as well as Russia, and France to understand that it has no interest in Serbia's demand for a port on the Adriatic sea. It also has told them it has no intention of supporting Serbia's claim by force of arms per of aiding any other power to do so.

The fact that the Austro-Hungarian consul at Pristina has arrived at Uskub, thus disposing of the reports of his murder, ought to be helpful, in the opinion of diplomats, in bringing about a general improvement of the situation.

The progress of the negotiations between the delegates of Turkey and the Balkan allies at Tehran is still a sealed book. In diplomatic circles in London it is stated that Turkey has presented the following as an acceptable basis for an agreement: "First—No war indemnity.

"Second—The retention by Turkey of the territory bounded by the Maritza river, the fortress of Adrianople to be included.

"Third—The maintenance of the sovereignty of the sultan of Turkey in Albania."

Bulgaria Will Make Concessions. SOFIA, Bulgaria, Nov. 26.—The lines of demarcation between the Bulgarian and Turkish forces will be established today by commissioners appointed by the peace plenipotentiaries of the Balkan allies and Turkey to establish formally the existing positions of the opposing armies. The troops are to be confined to these positions pending the result of the negotiations. Negotiations will be resumed tomorrow.

As soon as Turkey shows it really wishes peace Bulgaria will, it is authoritatively declared, demonstrate its willingness to spare as much as possible Turkish sensibilities by still further moderating its demands.

In addition to not insisting on the evacuation of the Tehran lines in front of Constantinople by the Turkish troops and to allowing the garrison of Adrianople to march out, provided guarantees are given that the troops will not engage in further hostilities, Bulgaria probably will consent to Turkey withdrawing the artillery from the fortress. In other words also the Bulgarian government will be prepared to do everything possible to aid in establishing a permanent peace.

COTTON MILL MAGNATE DIES IN ELMWOOD R. I.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 26.—Robert Knight, the owner of more cotton mills than any other individual in the world, died at his home in Elmwood today, aged 86. Mr. Knight was a native of Old Warwick, R. I. When he was 8 years old he went to work in a cotton mill and was connected with the industry, either as an operative, manager or owner until his death. With his brother, Benjamin H. Knight, he took control of many of the mills operated by A. and W. Sprague, which failed for \$25,000,000 in 1873. Since his brother's death fifteen years ago Robert Knight has come into control of twenty-two spinning, weaving and finishing establishments.

WARNINGS PRECEDE EXPLOSIONS CAUSED BY DYNAMITE CREW

Contractors Employing Nonunion Labor Receive Personal Visits from Officials.

ST. LOUIS JOB ONE INSTANCE Garrett Admonished By Barry of Iron Workers Organization.

SHERMAN TALKS TO MARSHALL Explosion at French Lick Follows an Angry Refusal.

NUMEROUS TRAINMEN TESTIFY Information Concerning Trains on Which McManis and McNamara Traveled is Given by Many Witnesses.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 26.—As tending to show the application of labor union officials in plots the government introduced at the "dynamite conspiracy" trial today testimony that explosions on non-union iron works followed the refusal of contractors to unionize their jobs after personal visits by some of the defendants.

Before two charges of dynamite exploded on a bridge in St. Louis on August 9, 1908, John T. Garrett, president of a construction firm, testified he was visited by John H. Barry of the local iron workers' union. "Barry wanted me to unionize the job," Garrett said. "You'll find it a great deal cheaper, for you know what will happen," he said. I told him I suspected he was going to dynamite the job and he had better be careful. It was blown up later."

Questioned by Chester Krom, counsel for Barry, Garrett said the union official, referring to dynamiting, declared "he did not do that kind of business."

Dynamiting Follows Refusal. Wallace Marshall testified of putting up a job at French Lick, Ind., after he had been visited by Fred Sherman, union business agent. "Sherman told me I had better unionize the job," Marshall said, "but I lost my temper and told him I would have nothing to do with the murderous, dynamiting iron workers. An explosion occurred in March, 1911."

F. J. McCallin said his firm suffered three explosions on jobs at Buffalo, N. Y., in 1910, and one in Erie, Pa., in 1911, after he had been visited by John T. Butler, vice president of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Ironworkers.

"Butler told us we would be sorry when we refused to deal with the union," McCallin said. Relative to the government's charges that the forty-five defendants aided in the illegal transportation of explosives many trainmen testified about trains on which Orrie E. McManis and the McNamaras traveled. One porter told of luggage carried by James B. McNamara when the latter went from Chicago to Oakland, Cal., in July, 1910. It was on that trip that McNamara, after visiting Seattle and San Francisco, blew up the Los Angeles Times building.

WHITE SLAVE CHARGE AGAINST NEGRO MINISTER

JOPLIN, Mo., Nov. 26.—That J. N. Brownlee, a negro Baptist minister and real estate dealer, conducted a downtown real estate office which was a rendezvous for young white girls who drank beer, wine and brandy with the minister and met other negroes there was brought out at the inquest today over the body of Pearl Nugent, a 17-year-old white girl who committed suicide in the negro's office yesterday. Miss Nugent was employed as Brownlee's stenographer.

Had it not been for the sensational evidence of John Castillo, an attorney, who produced a letter showing Miss Nugent's alleged relations with a white man, there might have been a lynching. This letter indicated that the girl's suicide might have been due to her association with the white man.

The little girls who testified today, all of them in knee dresses, said Brownlee would employ only white girls in his office.

INTRA-STATE PASSES VIOLATE FEDERAL LAW

DENVER, Nov. 26.—The Denver & Rio Grande and Colorado & Southern railroads today discontinued the issuance of passes as a result of the action of the federal grand jury in Pueblo last week in declaring that the issuance of intrastate passes to interstate shippers is in violation of the interstate commerce laws.

If You Want to Make Money You Must Look Ahead. When prices are low or even normal is the time to buy; when the market rises profits are as certain as that 2 and 2 make 4. Omaha real estate probably will never be cheaper than it is now; therefore the man who buys now is sure to reap the profit that is bound to accrue through the vast transit and other improvements under way in this borough. The Real Estate Columns of The Bee point the way. It will pay to read them carefully each day. TYLER 1000