

FEDERATION TO AID ACCUSED

Labor Unions Asked to Raise Money for Defense at Indianapolis.

STEAM FITTERS LOSE CHARTER

Resolutions Adopted Include Those Favoring Initiative, Referendum and Recall and Change of Sherman Law.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Nov. 23.—The American Federation of Labor decided today to ask the unions affiliated with it to raise money for the defense of the alleged dynamiters who are on trial at Indianapolis.

The resolution adopted by the convention was "that delegates to the convention on their return advise their international unions and local bodies to provide financial assistance for the trade unions on trial in Indianapolis to aid them in securing a fair trial and in appealing the cases should a fair trial be denied them."

The resolution also urged that the men on trial be "not convicted in advance or the decision in their cases be influenced" by the alleged fact that certain corporations and a private detective agency "are clamoring for a conviction."

It was decided by a vote of 15,741 to 1,222, more than the two-thirds majority required, to revoke the charter of the International Association of Steam and Hot Water Fitters and Helpers, delegates from which were denied seats in the convention last week.

Reforms Favored.

Other resolutions adopted favor the initiative, referendum and recall, including the recall of judges; popular election of United States senators; workmen's compensation with the retention of employer's liability, old age pensions and the repeal or amendment of the Sherman anti-trust law to prevent the prosecution of labor unions under its provisions.

Andrew J. Gallagher, representative of the California State Federation of Labor, raised the question of financial aid to the men on trial in Indianapolis. He offered an amendment to the report of the committee on the president's report providing that the balance in the McNamara defense fund be devoted to the defense of the Indianapolis defendants. His amendment was rejected by the chair on a point of order, that the money in question is in the custody of the McNamara defense committee and therefore not at the disposal of the federation.

The report of the committee on president's report was adopted and directly afterward James B. Conroy of the International Brotherhood of Foundry Employees presented the motion urging international and local labor bodies to give financial assistance to the accused men. The motion was adopted without a dissenting vote.

Dynamiting Condemned.

The president's report committee defined the attitude of the federation in the so-called "dynamiting" case including the McNamara cases, in these words: "The American labor movement, as represented in the American Federation of Labor, will neither countenance nor condone anyone, who, under the cloak of trade unionism, undertakes to carry on

a criminal warfare on society. That some of these men are guilty of carrying on such a warfare appears from the confessions they have made relative to their connection with these crimes. That every man must be considered innocent until he has been proved guilty has always been accepted as a fundamental principle of our jurisprudence and in the consideration of his case before the courts he is entitled to a fair and impartial trial."

By a special order of business agreed upon today, the convention will elect officers at 3 o'clock tomorrow. Max S. Hayes of Cleveland, a member of the International Typographical union, is to oppose President Gompers for reelection. William H. Johnston of Providence, president of the international Association of Machinists, is to oppose Third Vice President James O'Connell, former president of the machinists' union. It is expected other officers will be re-elected without opposition.

Street Car Stock Two-Thirds Water

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 23.—The United Railways company, capitalized and bonded for \$101,300,000 and which has a monopoly on street car transportation in St. Louis, should be permitted to earn dividends on a valuation of \$77,325,677.75, the actual value of all its physical properties, according to a report for the Public Service commission, filed this afternoon with the city council.

The report showed that the company had outstanding bonds aggregating \$9,450,000 and outstanding stock aggregating \$1,500,000. The amount of "water" in the stocks and bonds, as shown by the report, is \$83,741,825.20.

The commission recommended that the company should be permitted to earn 6 per cent on its physical valuation, or \$2,224,000.80. The average net earnings for the last twelve years, the report states, have been \$2,508,820.58.

The excess over reasonable earnings should be expended, the commission suggests, in absorption in taxes to the city or profit-sharing with the city; by reduction of fares, or by giving better service.

The commission's power is limited to making recommendations to the municipal assembly, but the assembly has the authority to enact legislation to compel the railway company to comply with the commission's recommendations.

THEATER MANAGER PLANS NEW THEATER IN OMAHA

KANSAS CITY, Kan., Nov. 23.—(Special Telegram.)—E. P. Churchill, manager of the Garden theater here, which house is one of a chain of thirty-one houses, announced tonight that the interests he represents had leased the Orpheum theater in Cincinnati. In addition to this Mr. Churchill said the same capitalists would build five new houses along the same lines as the Garden here. These houses will be built in Chicago, Omaha, Denver, St. Louis and Des Moines.

FRANKED MAIL HITS SURPLUS

Political Campaign Material Sent Free in Huge Quantities.

TEMPORARY DEFICIT CREATED

Postal Service Again Self-Supporting and Postmaster General Hitchcock Expects This Condition to Be Maintained.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Political campaign material transmitted free of postage through the mails accounted, according to postal records for the difference between a postal surplus and a postal deficit for the last fiscal year, ending June 30. An account of franked mail forwarded for congress, the executive departments and other government institutions shows that postage at the ordinary rate on this matter would have netted the government nearly \$20,000,000. About \$3,800,000 of this would have been paid on political documents.

The postal service handed during the year 210,240,000 pieces of franked mail, weighing 61,377,000 pounds. This was three-eighths per cent of the total weight of all mail carried. During the presidential and congressional primary campaign in the last quarter of the fiscal year, as disclosed by comparison with the amounts of free matter sent during corresponding periods of previous years an extraordinary amount of franked matter was sent through the mails at public expense. This matter consisted of political reports and records of all kinds and even of one complete political campaign book, all of which had been made technically frankable by insertion in the Congressional Record. It is computed that the total weight of this franked matter was between 7,000,000 and 8,000,000 pounds, all of which was transmitted as first class matter.

Commenting upon these figures, Postmaster General Hitchcock who has long urged that restrictions should be thrown around the use of the franking privilege said today:

"The unusual expense entailed upon the postal service through the transmission by mail of the great amount of political matter during the primary campaign created a temporary deficit for the first time in two years, the total expenditures for the fiscal year of 1912 aggregated \$248,528,000, while the total revenue amounted to \$246,744,000. Had it not been for the cost of carrying franked political mail, the postal account would have shown a surplus of more than \$1,000,000 instead of a deficit of \$1,784,000. And this surplus I have indicated would have developed notwithstanding the fact that the compensation of postal employees was increased during the year by an aggregate of \$2,000,000."

Computations of expenditures and revenue indicate, however, that since the close of the last fiscal year, the postal service once more is on a self-supporting basis. On November 1, the latest date of available figures, it was found that the receipts were materially greater than the expenditures for the current year. Mr. Hitchcock expects this condition to be maintained throughout the year, despite the large expenditure attendant upon the establishment of the parcels post system.

The Persistent and Judicious Use of Newspaper Advertising is the Road to Business Success.

Railroads Indicted

On Rebating Charge; Coal Firm Involved

CHICAGO, Nov. 23.—Three subsidiary lines of the New York Central railway system and a Chicago coal corporation were indicted today by the federal grand jury charged with giving and receiving rebates.

The companies named in the true bills are: The Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway company, the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railway company, Chicago, Indiana & Southern Railroad company and O'Gara Coal company.

The indictments grew out of the payment of \$60,000 by the railroads in the latter part of November, 1908, to the coal company for which no proper accounting was made to the government.

The investigations into rebating charges that have been made will continue. Charges, it was said, against high officials of the New York Central lines is said to be the object of further inquiry by the federal grand jury.

The allegations are made under the Elkins' act prohibiting the receiving and giving of rebates.

California Result Still in Bad Tangle

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 23.—Seventeen days after the national presidential election, the question whether Wilson or Roosevelt carried California tonight was in a worse tangle of legal complications and threatened lawsuits than at any previous time. The outcome is utterly beyond prediction.

Progressive leaders, disappointed by a court decision in Los Angeles invalidating totals for electors in precincts where the election judges had thought to save time and trouble by not putting down top on each ticket, took heart today and decided to institute like proceedings in all the counties of the state which showed a plurality for Wilson.

This prospective action was announced following receipt in Los Angeles of a telegram from Governor Hiram W. Johnson at Sacramento beginning: "It is reported in the press here that the progressives are going to quit."

Woman's Skirt Will Look Like Envelope

CHICAGO, Nov. 23.—Woman's dress is to take on an aspect of militancy for the coming year, according to the edict of the National Cloak, Suit and Skirt Makers' association which met in session here today. Here are a few of the new designs for spring:

Straight front military effect. All gowns are to be loose, but straight everywhere, with no curves of "lines" and plenty of elbow room.

Skirts are to be perfectly straight, looking like an envelope. Jackets are to be the same. Narrow skirts will prevail, with a slash. It's absolutely the only way of assuring the safety of the woman. It has been demonstrated that women wearing narrow skirts unfastened are in constant danger from falls or other perils.

RABBI-ELECT KOPALD TALKS

Delivers Address to Large Audience at Temple Israel.

CHANGING VIEWPOINT ON JEW

Deprecates Making Individual Incidents Apply to Race and Discusses Ways of Altering Wrong Ideas that Prevail.

Rabbi-elect Louis J. Kopald of the Beth Zion temple of Buffalo, addressed an extraordinarily large audience last evening at the Temple Israel. His subject being from the Arabian Night's tale of Aladdin, "New Lamps for Old." Rabbi Kopald, who is an Omaha born and bred Jew, is in this city, received his training in the Jewish religion in the Hebrew Union college, besides graduating from the University of Cincinnati. At the present time he is finishing his fourth term as rabbi of the Temple Israel of Stockton, Cal. In Buffalo he will have charge of the only reformed synagogue in the city, and will succeed one of the oldest and most revered rabbis of the faith, Dr. Israel Aaron, who died last April, one week after the celebration of his twenty-fifth anniversary as head of the Temple.

Rabbi Kopald's talk dealt with the character of present day legislation as reflecting the change in viewpoint from the personal to the social, the object of which is universal brotherhood. He told how both Jew and non-Jew have hindered such a result, both by a wrong conception of what constitutes a Jewish question. That question alone is a Jewish question which arises from the unique character, aims or position of the Jew. This he illustrated by reference to intermarriage, Zionism and the Russian Jewish situation. The mere presence of a Jew in any given issue does not constitute a Jewish question any more than in the case of Catholic or Protestant. Great mistakes have been made in California by the Jews in creating a Jewish question of the Abraham Reuf affair, in New York in the Herman Rosenthal episode—both merely individual questions. All through the country is the so-called "Jewish vote" a misnomer. The ballot is the one institution through which we can

give expression to our social responsibility as American citizens, not as religionists of any special denomination. The harm of the whole matter lies in the prejudice against the Jew, which arises from the creation of a Jewish question on his part of an individual matter, especially since the non-Jew makes the mistake commonly of regarding the individual Jew as typical of the whole (as in Shylock), because of the unique position of the Jew as the protestant of

history. Misunderstanding creates prejudice and both prevent brotherhood.

GIRL BRIDE BURNS TO DEATH; USES OIL TO START FIRE

DUQUOIN, Ill., Nov. 23.—Mrs. Vera Bennett, a 15-year-old bride was burned to death near here today when she attempted to start a fire with kerosene. She and her husband recently arrived in the vicinity, having eloped from Missouri.

Growing Children Need Good Bowels

Give a Mild Laxative Occasionally to Insure Regular Bowel Action.

As a child grows older it requires more and more personal attention from the mother, and as the functions of the bowels are of the utmost importance to health great attention should be paid to them.

Diet is of great importance, and the mother should watch the effect of certain foods. A food will constipate one and not another, and so we have a healthy food like eggs causing biliousness to thousands, and a wholesome fruit like bananas constipating many. It is also to be considered that the child is growing, and great changes are taking place in the young man or young woman. The system has not yet settled itself to its later routine.

A very valuable remedy at this stage, and one which every growing boy and girl should be given often or occasionally according to the individual circumstances is Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. This is a laxative and tonic combined, so mild that it is given to little babies, and yet equally effective in the most robust constitution. At the first sign of a tendency to constipation give a small dose of Syrup Pepsin at night on retiring, and prompt action will follow in the morning. It not only acts on the stomach and bowels, but its tonic properties build up and strengthen the system generally, which is an opinion shared by the parents of Vesta Beatrice Harman, 1167 Star Ave., Burlington, Ia., and Mr. R. H. Miller.



VESTA BEATRICE HARMAN

Nebraska City, Neb., and thousands of others.

Its use will teach you to avoid cathartics, salts and pills as they are too harsh for the majority and their effect is only temporary. Syrup Pepsin brings permanent results, and it can be conveniently obtained at any nearby drugist at fifty cents and one dollar a bottle.

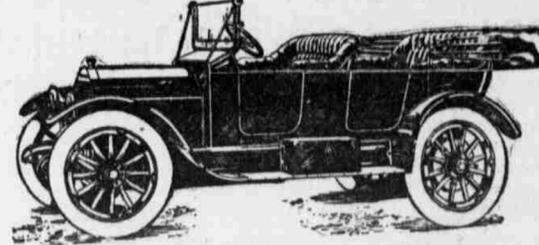
If no member of your family has ever used Syrup Pepsin and you would like to make a personal trial of it before buying it in the regular way of a drugist, send your address—a postal will do—to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 415 Washington St., Monticello, Ill., and a free sample bottle will be mailed you. Results are always guaranteed or money will be refunded.

The Drummond Motor Co.

Announce that They Have Taken the Agency for the

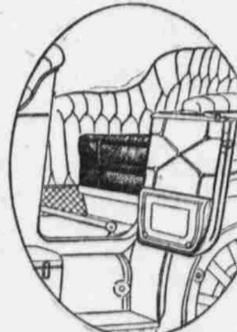
HAYNES

These Are the Reasons Why!



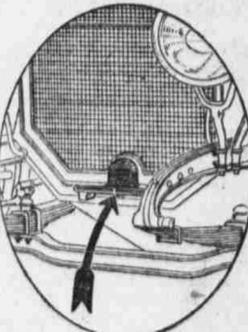
The Newest Haynes Model 22

- Electric starting and electric lighting. A luxurious car with the deepest cushions used on American cars.
—With an electric starting system that starts the car every time—right from the driver's seat.
—A Handsome and quiet car, roomy and comfortable.
—Behind all this is the mechanical efficiency gained by nineteen years of actual experience in automobile building.



DETAIL OF SPECIFICATIONS:

Haynes T-head motor, 4 1/2 x 5 1/2 in.; wheelbase, 120 in.; fine hair upholstery, 12 in. deep; tires, 36 x 4 1/2; absolutely 100 per cent efficient electric starting equipment; Warner autometer; demountable rims; top, windshield, electric signal horn, bumper, etc.



Touring and Roadster Models \$2,250

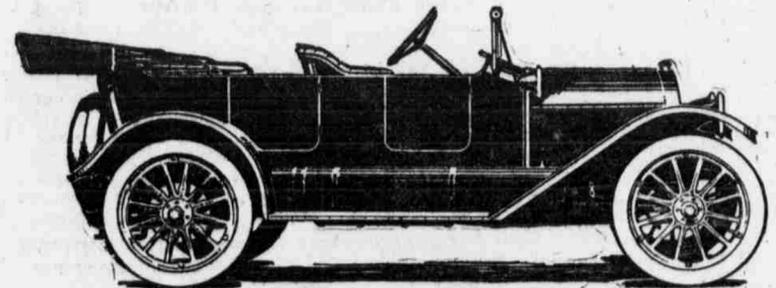
Haynes Automobile Co. Kokomo, Indiana

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Agents Wanted in Unoccupied Territory

1913 Marion 37-A



Marion 37-A five-passenger touring car, fully equipped, \$1475

This Splendid \$1475 Car Abounds in Unusual Features

HERE is news for every motor car buyer—the 1913 Marion is the largest, most complete, silent and powerful car in the \$1,500 class. It alone combines at a reasonable price the Size, Quality and Luxury of more expensive cars.

This is not an extravagant statement. Look at its specifications and the completeness of its equipment. It is a five-passenger touring car with graceful lines, rich color, beautiful finish, upholstery as deep and comfortable as a big arm chair.

Where can you find such features in any other car of this size and power, unless you pay several hundred dollars more? Moreover, in the selection of a Marion the buyer absolutely assures himself of the pleasure and genuine satisfaction experienced by all Marion owners.

We invite your investigation of Marion cars, at our show rooms, or we'll call for you. Don't miss the opportunity to see the 1913 Marion 37-A.

Marion Automobile Co.

C. W. McDonald, Mgr.

2101-3 Farnam St., Omaha, Neb.