

Our Magazine Page will interest every woman who likes good heart-to-heart talks with a sympathetic woman

THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

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Fair; Colder

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SENTENCE OF DEATH RETURNED BY COURT AGAINST FELIX DIAZ

Leader of Vera Cruz Revolution Against Madero and Three Associates May Be Executed.

UNCERTAINTY AS TO PENALTY

Suspension of Penalty by Civil Court is Recognized.

MADERO OPPOSED TO CLEMENCY

Says Mercy Would Be Interpreted as Sign of Weakness.

PEOPLE AROUSED IN DEFENSE

Thousands in Mexico City Expect to Get Message that Rebel Leader is Dead and Situation is Tense.

MEXICO CITY, Oct. 27.—General Felix Diaz, leader of the revolution recently inaugurated in Vera Cruz, and three of his confederates have been sentenced to death by the court-martial before which they were tried in that city.

The finding of the military court was announced in Vera Cruz yesterday morning, but the news did not reach here until today.

At the same time word of the verdict against Diaz was received, came the report that the military court had decided to recognize the order of suspension of sentence upon the revolutionary leader, granted by the supreme court pending investigation as to whether the trial of Diaz should be by military or civil court. Popular apprehension regarding the fate of Diaz has not been greatly allayed, however, by this action of the court-martial. The delay in the receipt of the news regarding the outcome of the military trial is characteristic of all communication between the capital and Vera Cruz.

People Fear Execution.

The uncertainty as to what is transpiring there has served to increase the tenseness of the situation. Friends of Diaz still fear the consequences of the conflict of authority which has arisen between the judiciary and military courts. If the military court observes the order of the civil authority the final disposition of the case will be long postponed.

But it would be no surprise to thousands here to receive a message announcing the execution of the rebel general and his assistants. Efforts to save their lives, especially that of Diaz, continue unabated. Prominent women, men high in affairs, members of congress and even high army officers have appealed to President Madero for clemency, but to all he has given the same negative answer.

To a group of women he intimated that to show clemency would be construed by the world as an indication of weakness. He cited as an example that when he captured Juarez he pardoned General Navarro, which action the world attributed to weakness instead of to magnanimity.

The popular voice of protest has grown so strong against the execution of Diaz that there has arisen a sharp discord, and individuals the senators have seriously discussed the question of impeachment because of the administration's defiance of that body's interpellation Friday.

Baby and Man Fall; Child is Uninjured; Duggan Badly Hurt

A 3-year-old child and a grown man fell off the Q street viaduct in South Omaha yesterday and the baby was picked up unhurt, but the man sustained serious injuries to his spine which landed him in the hospital and may cause his death.

The young man who was injured was James Duggan, who lives at Twenty-seventh and Q streets. Having been refused passage on the viaduct because he lacked the fare last evening, he is believed to have fallen asleep on the guard rail, from which he fell.

Though the baby fell thirty feet, and the distance to the ground where Duggan fell is only half that number, the child escaped with a few scratches on the head.

The little boy, with three older companions, had been amusing himself yesterday afternoon by running inside the guard rail of the viaduct. The youngest missed his step and fell. Charles Alstad, who was passing, rushed under the viaduct expecting to find the baby dead, but was greeted with lusty crying.

The child's mother, arriving on the scene, seized him in her arms and ran away. Their names could not be learned.

Cavaglieri Woman a Government Spy

CHICAGO, Oct. 27.—Jennie Cavaglieri, the woman mentioned in Bridgeport, Conn., was a government spy and was slain in revenge for her disclosures and to prevent more of them, according to statements here today by a federal official.

The woman's real name was Rose Ross, it was declared. She had been a resident of Chicago's vice district and was furnishing the government information concerning a society of men and women organized to import girls from Europe. She was taken east with several other Chicago women by George Craft, assistant superintendent of the New York office of the Bureau of Investigation, to testify against a man under indictment for violation of the white slave act. She informed against Demetrio Mariano, now under arrest in New York, and later was condemned to death at a meeting of white slaves. Five men were named to kill her and the deed was done in Bridgeport, where she went after she had testified.

Investigation of the Money Trust is to Be Undertaken

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—With a large clerical force working out an enormous scheme of financial statistics, the house committee on banking and currency plans to plunge into an exhaustive investigation of the so-called money trust November 15. Subpoenas already have been issued for the witnesses to be called early in the hearings and are now in the hands of the sergeant-at-arms of the house to be served.

J. Pierpont Morgan, George W. Perkins, George F. Baker, Cleveland H. Dodge, John D. Rockefeller and practically all other financiers prominent in New York banking circles are expected to be questioned by the committee in its efforts to discover whether a small group of rich men has a controlling grip on the finances of the country.

Representative Pujo of Louisiana, chairman of the committee, and Samuel Undermyer of New York, special counsel for the committee, have been working with the committee's clerks and experts at the sergeant-at-arms' office planning the investigation.

Under the direction of Undermyer, the experts are preparing an elaborate compilation of statistics, embracing practically every financial and industrial institution in the country and tracing the relation of each individual concern to other concerns. This compilation will be used as a basis for the examination of witnesses, with a view to determining the exact influence exerted by New York banks and bankers on other banks and bankers throughout the country.

Chairman Pujo expects to call the committee together about a week after election and to begin the examination of witnesses.

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Oil Magnate Arrested in Los Angeles and is Hurried Out of State

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Oct. 27.—James C. Yancy, promoter of oil concerns, capitalized at \$15,000,000, is speeding toward Pittsburgh, a prisoner charged with the embezzlement from J. W. Bell of \$150,000. Nothing is known here of the alleged crime.

Yancy was arrested yesterday on a governor's warrant and two hours later was on an eastbound train protesting that he was being kidnaped.

Detective George H. Wagoner of Pittsburgh had requisition papers signed by the governor of Pennsylvania and Acting Governor Wallace of California. The proceedings were kept secret until today.

Yancy is head of several oil concerns. He acquired much publicity a year ago by the announcement that he had for sale a species of hogs with milk hoofs which were immune from cholera.

Russia's Crown Prince Gets a Nasty Fall

ST. PETERSBURG, Russia, Oct. 27.—The latest reports received in court circles from Spala give assurance of the recovery of Crown Prince Alex. Apart from the message details of the doctors' bulletin not a single fact has been allowed to appear in the Russian newspapers regarding the illness of the heir to the throne, and the whole nation is deeply incensed by the rigid censorship.

Eleven days ago the little prince climbed a high cupboard in the hunting lodge at Spala, where the imperial family was sojourning. He slipped and fell, striking a sharp corner of a chair sustaining numerous bruises. The two physicians who are always in attendance on the prince reported that he had sustained severe injuries in the region of the liver.

A panic prevailed, but no hint of the truth was permitted to leak out until his condition became critical, when the country was startled by the physicians' bulletins.

Murdered Woman Wealthy Servant

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 27.—The woman who was found Saturday morning naked and murdered in the basement in an untenanted house, was identified today as Bridget Calanhan, 56 years old. She was supposed by friends to have had considerable money and it is believed that she was murdered in an effort to get possession of the large sum she was reputed to have carried on her person.

The woman was born in Kerry county, Ireland, but had lived for years in St. Louis. She had no home, but had worked at various places as housekeeper and caretaker.

The body was found Saturday through a mysterious note sent to the police.

REGISTRATION FIGURES TO BE COMPUTED TODAY

Fourteen clerks will begin work on the registration books this morning in an effort to compute the total registration for three days according to party affiliation, so that the city central committees may be notified.

Thirty-one precincts were reported to the city clerk yesterday, but the report did not include the party registration.

NEW YORK STATE INVADDED BY 350 DEMOCRATIC SPEAKERS

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—The democratic national committee announced today that 350 speakers would be put on the stump in New York state this week, for the conclusion of the presidential fight. Each of the three leading parties are to have a demonstration in Madison square Garden during the week. The progressives Wednesday, the democrats Thursday and the republicans Friday. Leading speakers of all three parties will cover the city and state during the time intervening before election.

WANAMAKER'S FACTS STRIKE EVERY VOTER

Merchant Calls Alleged Cry for Liberation Only Howl for Power.

VITAL ISSUES BEING DISCUSSED

Changes When Made Must Be Made

REPUBLICANS SHOULD NOT QUIT

Threatens Tariff Panic Worst Industrial Calamity.

PROSPERITY MUST CONTINUE

Study, Observation and Experience All Convince Wanamaker That Tariff is Essential to Business Progress.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 27.—In a political statement to the public, issued today by John Wanamaker, he said in part: "To my friends of fifty years, the men of the little kingdom of commerce, numbering upwards of 10,000,000 strong within the United States:

"I feel free to speak to you again. "The main points at issue in the coming election are exactly as stated in my letter of October 4. Nothing I said therein has been disproved. Neither the contractor or the merchant would put at the head of his own mercantile or railroad business a man, no matter how scholarly, who never had an hour's experience in managing for four years the million of people employed by the government, the expenditure of a billion of money annually.

"Ideal grievances against the government call for ideal treatment. "If the malady is wrong, the remedy proposed is surely wrong. "So far it seems to me the cry for liberation is but a howl for power.

"Fast administrations of the government have seldom had more than one great question to deal with. "For a long period it was the question of slavery.

Latterly it has been the question of trusts and their regulation. "Vital Questions Ahead. "In the next four years there are fronting us the supremely vital issues of: "Monetary affairs. "Tariff.

"Transportation, including the Panama canal. "Commerce and labor. "Which of the three men running for the office of president is best qualified to deal with these questions—think of it. "We are no longer a young country. "If changes are to be made should they not be made with infinite caution? "The constitution has been well tried and has not been found wanting. "Who is it that wants 'tariff dismissed' Is it simply to open the place for one who is a candidate for the presidency? "Is it the employers of labor, and the builders of prosperity who urge this change?

"Can those who pay little or no taxes be the best judges of what is for the country's good? "On the whole what think you, is it not advisable to endeavor to put influence and property together and look round for a sure footing for four years for the good of the working people as well as for capital already invested? "To sit quietly by and see people misled by persons with new propositions, but without proper equipment for framing a new government, is weak and unpatriotic.

"Should not all the old republicans and the young men who expect to help republicanism get into the ranks and strengthen the present executive government instead of weakening it? "Not for one moment will Mr. Taft leave things as they are in the banking, tariff and trust laws when he can clearly see the wronging of people and their families go back contentedly to the level of working people fifty years before the tariff created the present wage living? "How shall the necessities of idle work-

men be met? "Poor Time to Desert. "This is surely not the time to desert the republican flag. "A tariff panic is worse than any other because it is the death blow to industries and labor. A shivering life is noticeable in monetary panics, but a tariff breakdown is practically instant death to labor.

"The shriveling of work and wages by the tariff reductions directed by Baltimore will bring up some new questions in these days of unrest of labor that will be troubling, such as: "Can the working people and their families go back contentedly to the level of working people fifty years before the tariff created the present wage living? "How shall the necessities of idle work-

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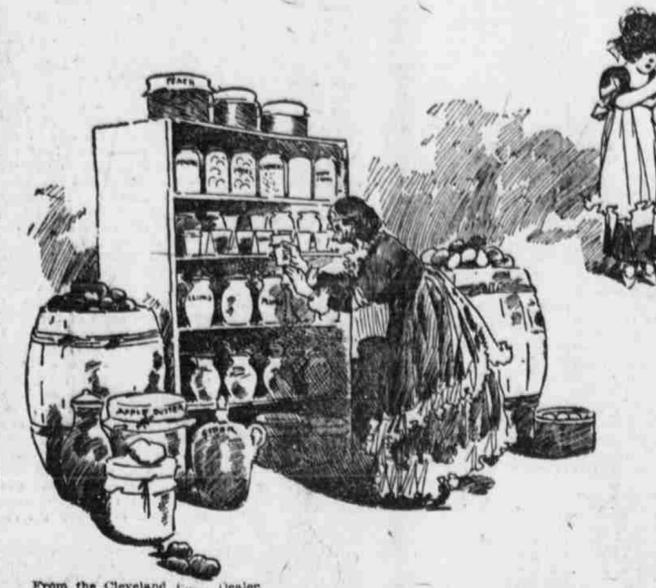
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Ye Old Fashioned and Ye Modern Store



CALLS IT LEGAL BUTCHERY

Police Lieutenant Becker Talks Freely of Trial.

REVERSAL OF VERDICT SOUGHT

Attorney for Prisoner Insists that in the Trial There Were Errors Without Number and Upon Questionable Evidence.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—Legal butchery, is how former Police Lieutenant Charles Becker characterized his conviction for the murder of Herman Rosenthal in a talk with newspaper reporters today.

From his cell in murderers' row in the Tombs Becker spoke bitterly of his fate, declaring he had been railroaded and that could he have taken the witness stand during his trial he would have explained away the public impression that he had acquired a fortune through levying graft upon gambling houses. The ex-policeman talked in the presence of his brother, John Becker, a police lieutenant.

"This case was legal butchery," he said; "you can't emphasize that too much. Some of the accounts of my trial I notice say that I paid out \$15,000 for my defense. Twenty-five thousand dollars! That is \$2,000 in excess of any sum I ever possessed or ever hope to possess. According to the newspapers, the public believes I am worth \$100,000. I cannot understand that. That will be the final stage of the railroad of Becker."

"Neither Mrs. Becker nor myself has been given any consideration at all since this case began. What's more, I do not expect more. I would not be disappointed if Sheriff Harburger rushed me off from the court room to Sing Sing after Justice Coffey has sentenced me next Wednesday. That will be the final stage of the railroad of Becker."

"The strain of waiting for the outcome of his trial and the uncertainty he still faces pending a decision by a higher court on the appeal his lawyers will make are telling on Becker's physical condition, according to friends. Becker was visited for three hours by his wife today.

"Mrs. Becker Bears Up Well. "I am going to see the attorney general of the state within a few days. I believe that District Attorney Whitman had no right to offer immunity to witnesses who might be, and were, in my belief, principals in the murder. I will ask the attorney general for a ruling on that question and I believe I will prove my contentment."

Mr. McIntyre mentioned "Bridgie" Webber and Harry Vollen as the two witnesses he had in mind. He said that immunity agreements which the county prosecutor made with them were not approved by Judge Mulqueen, who signed those made with Sam Scheppe and "Bald Jack" Rose.

Regarding a report that some of the four gunmen, "Gyp the Blood," "Lefty Louie," "Whitey" Lewis and "Dago" Frank, were prepared to turn state's evidence through terror at Becker's conviction, District Attorney Whitman, before leaving town for a rest tonight, said the four prisoners were given opportunity before Becker's trial to confess and that new one of them could hope to escape trial by so doing.

The whitey was examined by the state today and after his testimony, which brought forth no new facts, the state rested. The defense directed its efforts wholly toward trying to show that the men were not and not the defunct timber workers, started the shooting.

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THE BIG BOOSTER

PIERRE, Neb., Oct. 25.—The Bee's Special Nebraska Development Edition is one of the best pieces of work ever published in Nebraska. It contains information which every good booster for Nebraska will be glad to receive and the information will be a good advertisement for the state. It is worthy of a place in every library. A. H. BACKHAUS.

WRITES OF FARMERS' CREDIT

President Replies to Charges Made Against Co-operative Plan.

HELPS SMALL AGRICULTURIST

System Established in Europe Primarily for Benefit of Peasants—Principle Already Known in America.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—President Taft continued his campaign for farmers' co-operative banks and agricultural credits today by making reply to letters that have reached the White House intimating that the plan would benefit only the big farmers. The president was quoted from the report of Ambassador Herrick statistics showing the business done by the Raiffeisen banks of Germany.

"The state of the average deposit for these institutions is around \$70," said the president. "The average loan they make amounts to only \$10, and the membership of the Raiffeisen banks averages ninety-five farmers. It is plainly evident from these figures that this is not a big farmers' plan. In my letter to the governors the first time which I made is for the adoption of some such form of co-operative credit."

"On the contrary, the adoption of co-operative credit in this country will be of great advantage to the small farmer. It was in the interest of the peasant farmer of Europe that this plan was established. Massachusetts already has a law permitting the establishment of co-operative societies of this type. Under this law the Myrick Credit union of Springfield, Mass., was organized. I think in 1909, and in twelve months it had 135 members, a capital of \$2,000 and \$10,000 of outstanding loans."

HARRY ULMER IS UNDER FIRE

Patrolman Suspended by Chief Dunn Pending Investigation.

HAS TAKEN MONEY FROM WOMEN

Charges Will Be Filed Today—Women Complain and Say He Has Been Furnishing Protection to Them.

Patrolman Harry Ulmer has been suspended from the police department by Chief H. W. Dunn for giving protection to women on his beat. Charges will be filed against him today by the chief.

According to the chief, Ulmer has been extorting money from the women on his beat, between Eleventh and Twentieth and Dodge and Webster streets. He became so persistent in his demands for money that the women sought protection from Chief Dunn.

"There is not a doubt that Ulmer has been doing this right along," the chief said last night. "I have received numerous reports of this of late, but did not think it true until I made a thorough investigation. Extorting money from women doing an illicit business will not be tolerated. The officers have their instructions to arrest these women. Ulmer has failed to do his duty and I will file charges against him."

"The results obtained by the adoption of this form of co-operative credit in Germany speak enough of its usefulness. There is one bank for every 1,000 of population in Germany. The rates of interest charged are frequently a point or two lower than in commercial circles, yet the banks make a fair profit, which in the case of the Raiffeisen banks is all carried over as a reserve fund so that each year these banks are strengthening their positions and becoming a more important factor in the empire. The total of business done annually is astounding. It is in the neighborhood of \$5,000,000,000."

"The principle upon which these banks are conducted is known in the United States. Our mutual life insurance societies, fraternal aid societies and building and loan associations have met with good success. Four-fifths of the savings of the people today are deposited in mutual savings banks which are organized for much the same purposes as the small co-operative societies of Europe. Only in the United States the operations of these institutions are confined largely to the cities. The co-operative society which I recommend would afford a mutual savings institution devised particularly to give banking facilities to farmers for small loans on personal credit and for short time. The farmers themselves would control the management of these societies."

"Of course, mere legislation cannot bring these societies into being. It will require time and most of the work will have to be done by the farmers themselves. That is as it should be, for unless the farmers themselves make the effort I doubt very much whether the idea will ever be successfully established in such a country as the United States."

One Killed in Riot During a Political Meeting in Havana

HAVANA, Oct. 27.—A riot broke out at a conservative meeting in a densely populated district tonight. The combatants used knives and pistols. One man was killed and several wounded. The fight apparently was started by Zayistas. The police finally restored order after which cavalry patrolled the disturbed section.

The only change in the political situation was the revocation by President Gomez of his appointment of Colonel Pajol to supreme command of the national police, under the title of supervisor, and the substitution of General Pablo Mendita, commander of the infantry of the regular army.

Colonel Pajol is simply a soldier and has no political affiliations. General Mendita is reputed to be a pronounced Zayista. The conservatives interpret the appointment of General Mendita to mean that President Gomez is determined to throw all the strength of the administration against General Parlo Menocal for the presidency.

The Zayistas say President Gomez is so keenly appreciative of the importance of an absolutely fair election and the preservation of order that he considers that this demands the services of a military officer of the highest rank. The change is expected to be productive of increased bitterness.

State Finishes in the Grabow Case

LAKE CHARLES, La., Oct. 27.—The defense in the Grabow case today began to tell its story of the clash. D. W. Ellis, the first witness, said he attended the labor meeting in Grabow, saw the riot begin and that John Galloway, one of the company owning the Galloway mill, in front of which the meeting was held, fired the first shot.

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BIRTH OF ANOTHER NATION SURPRISES POWERS OF EUROPE

Forward March of Allied Forces on Turkish Strongholds Something Wholly Unexpected.

CROWD IN ON OTTOMAN EMPIRE

Important Events Transpiring in and Around Adrianople.

ENEMIES AT DOORS OF FORTRESS

Belief if Not Defeated, Turks Will Soon Be Starved Out.

BOUNDARY CHANGE MAY RESULT

With Complete Victory for the Allies One Great Power Instead of Four Weak States is Expected to Be Formed.

LONDON, Oct. 27.—The swiftness and efficiency of the onward movement of the armies of the allied Balkan states is making Europe open her eyes. From the north and all along the line from Greece on the south they are crowding back the boundaries of the Ottoman empire in Europe. The often-predicted and long-delayed day when the Turk will have his back against the wall seems at hand.

The two pivotal points of Turkey's defense on the north were Adrianople and Uskub. The Bulgarian army in the east has defeated the Turks at Kirk-Kiliseh, the strongest outpost of Adrianople, and appears to have almost invested that fortress.

The Serbian army in the west walked into Uskub at 2 o'clock this afternoon without opposition. The Turkish garrison there withdrew on the railway toward Saloniki. How far it intends to retreat and why are questions. The only answer to the last question is that the strength and supplies of the garrison did not justify an attempt to make a stand.

There is no position between Uskub and Saloniki better suited for a battle than the one abandoned. The strategy apparently is to follow the line of the railway toward Saloniki.

Events around Adrianople are even more important. The Bulgarians apparently are proceeding successfully with the investment of the fortress. The Turkish army which was defeated at Kirk-Kiliseh did not fall back upon Adrianople, according to today's news, but took the road to the south, where it could connect with the railway to Constantinople. The second Bulgarian army followed through the mountains, carrying on the night all day in an endeavor to cut off the retreating forces.

The military critics are asking how many men Turkey has in Adrianople and how long they will be able to withstand a siege. There is a general belief that if the Bulgarian investment is completed and railway communication with Constantinople cut, the Turks will be starved out within a month.

In the meantime the Montenegrins are pushing their attacks on Scutari. The Greeks have entered a few small towns in the course of their advance to the north.

The fact that Turkey apparently was taken by surprise and that her most important outposts have been lost does not mean that the allies can push back indefinitely the Turkish soldiers, who have a long record for bravery. The Turkish soldiers are only under way. She claims to be able to mass 400,000 men outside of Constantinople, whereas the allies have practically their full strength in able bodied men already in action.

Second Stage Interesting. Even if this, which is the first stage of the war, is entirely successful for the small states, the second stage will be more interesting. The great question then will be not whether Turkey can defend Constantinople, which it is generally believed she can unless unsuspected conditions develop in the army or revolution and backstop strike from behind, but whether she can organize and equip her forces for an aggressive campaign which will sweep back the Balkan armies from the territory seized in the first stage of the war.

Politically there is one outstanding fact; that is, if the armies of the Balkan kings are able to hold even what they have gained thus far—and the entire European press seems to take it for granted that they can—there is a new nation in Europe. Instead of four feeble kingdoms, to which the great powers have given orders from time to time, there is another coherent power.

Will Hold What They Have. A fortnight ago the great powers served notice in the form of a note on the belligerents that whatever the result of the fighting there could be no change in the boundary. The Balkan states are saying today: "What we have, we will hold."

The British press at least is accepting that as a fact. The Balkan states, united with a flash with victory, and under arms, will be a brilliant battle which the great powers will hesitate to take hold of.

The chief interest in the war, purely

Johnson Goes with Fife and Drum Corps

FALL RIVER, Mass., Oct. 27.—Massachusetts progressives brought into play more old-time campaign methods for Governor Johnson's six meetings in the state yesterday than he encountered in all his previous tour. From the time a bugler, accompanied by men with banners, went forth in Beverly to announce the coming of the vice presidential candidate until tonight, when a torchlight procession escorted him from