

## PARKER ATTACKS THIRD TERM PLAN

Temporary Chairman of Democratic  
Convention Launches at Once  
Into Invenive.

**SAYS SAFEGUARD IS NEEDED**

Cause of the People Damaged by  
Spectacle at Chicago.

**SHOWS T. R.'S LUST OF POWER**

Admitted the Wisdom of Time-  
Tried Custom.

**DANGER APPARENTLY PASSED**

Precedent Established by Wash-  
ington, Jefferson and Their Suc-  
cessors Preserved by Sen-  
timent of Voters.

BALTIMORE, June 25.—Judge Parker in his address as temporary chairman of the democratic national committee said: "We meet while the hills yet echo the wild cries of liar, thief and traitor and furious walls of fraud, bribery, treachery and corruption; and our ears weary with the din of articulate shrieking and pas- sionate vilification of the most shame- ful brawl of our political history.

"Our candidates, however, are, with- out exception, men of such lofty men that we meet immune from the distemper which seized the Chicago convention, and privileged to discharge a solemn duty calmly, deliberately, seriously.

"The cause of government by the people, the world over has been materially checked by the disgraceful brawl which terminated in the bedlam of Chicago. Every good citizen has been put to shame by the brutality and the abuse which characterized this wrangle between a president and an ex-president. Gratitude, friendship, party loyalty, patriotism and common decency were forgotten in the trouble. The assault upon the unwritten prohibition against a third term made in the wild scramble for the republican nomination, warns us of the vital necessity of incorporating in our constitution a safeguard against repeated terms.

"In the beginning of our constitution making it was urged by delegates partic- ipating that safety required constitutional limitation of the period of years one man might hold the office of president. His- tory warned them of the coming of a man whose insatiable lust of power would be as consuming as Caesar's, towering high above his love of country. The danger seemed, even to the pessimists, to have passed with the establishment of a precedent by Washington, Jefferson and their successors. Indeed, where lives the man who has not either heard or said that an unwritten law forbids more than two terms and if anyone could be so foolhardy as to seek further he would be crushed by the wrath of a patriotic and intelligent people.

**Quotation from Roosevelt.**  
"The man who split his party at Chi- cago, once recognized the third term tradition and once acknowledged its ap- plication to his situation. On the eve of his triumph in 1904, he said:

"The wise custom which limits the president to two terms regards the sub- stance and not the form, and under no circumstances will I be a candidate for or accept another nomination.

"Wrong in this year of grace, he was right in that. He had no right to be honest with his soul and he may have confessed to it that even a president may be tempted to resort to sordid devices and shameless importunities to gain his ambition. If so he was in mental condi- tion to realize to the full the danger to the republic involved in setting aside a custom constituting the only bulwark against the assaults of men whose am- bition chokes their patriotism and whose selfish desire for personal victory and power throttles those moral scruples with which they may once have been end- owed.

"Would the man who threw his hat in the ring and sought to slug his opponent over the ropes in his fight for a third term rest satisfied with its achievement? Clearly his lust of power would have brooked no such limitation. A third term would but have whetted his desire for more, and as the terms slipped away each renewal would discover greater injury to our constitution, to the form of govern- ment established under it, and to every legal curb on his imperious will. This is the man who menaced us with an increase of federal power by usurpation of state- rights and without authority of constitu- tional amendment; the man who took the Isthmus of Panama and let congress debate about it afterward, the man who having enough money to send the fleet on its famous cruise to the Pacific sent it without sanction of congress, leaving it to appropriate the money for the return when congress deemed that necessary. This is the man who advocated federal incorporation for the increase of power at Washington and the lightning of legal burdens on the corporations; the man who authorized the absorption of the Ten- nessee Coal and Iron company by the Steel trust; the man who by many such drastic acts and by unnumbered words has sought to batter down our statutory and constitutional safeguards.

**Talks About Tariff.**

"In this country, which boasts of a wealth of \$10,000,000,000 as against \$9,000,000,000 for Great Britain and Ireland, \$6,000,000,000 for France and \$4,000,000,000 for Germany, all are conscious that too large a part of our wealth has been se- cured by a small percentage of our pop- ulation, and that the cost of living rises faster than the average income. The principal cause of all this is found in the tariff statutes, and in the combinations restraining trade and competition, cre- ated for the purpose of wringing from the public every dollar that the tariff statutes make possible.

"An awakening of the people led the republican national convention of 1909 by its platform to promise a revision. True it did not in terms promise a revision of the tariff downward, but its assurance of a revision of the tariff by a special ses- sion of congress to be called immediately after the inauguration of the next presi- dent was intended to hold the tariff re- duction republicans in line, while the trick in the phraseology was to be made

## Convention Hears Parker and Adjourns

BALTIMORE, June 25.—At the conclu- sion of Judge Parker's address the roll was called for nominations for the vari- ous committees which are to meet imme- diately after the adjournment of to- night's session.

At 9:34 the convention adjourned until 12 o'clock tomorrow.

## Wilson Stays in His Cottage and Harmon in His Offices

SEAGIRT, N. J., June 25.—Over the tele- phone today Governor Wilson directed from his cottage here the fight which his supporters made against the election of Alton B. Parker as temporary chairman of the democratic national convention. The governor was in constant communi- cation with other Wilson leaders.

"Do you think Mr. Bryan is a candi- date for the nomination?" the governor was asked.

"I believe that Mr. Bryan is acting from conviction in true devotion to the cause of progress and without any self- ish ulterior motive whatever," he re- plied. "Mr. Bryan has stated that he is not a candidate and I believe that he will stick to his statement."

COLUMBUS, June 25.—Governor Har- mon spent the day at his office in the capitol, getting his information from Baltimore from occasional messages from his lieutenants and the newspapers here.

"I will depend on friends," said Gov- ernor Harmon, "for information of in- terest. No one has been detailed to keep me informed. They know I am not nervous and they will let me know if anything of interest to me happens.

When asked regarding his attitude on the fight being waged on Judge Parker for temporary chairman, Governor Har- mon said:

"I am not going to Baltimore. I am going to leave everything to my lieutenants. I do not care to discuss that case at all."

## Refuse to Discuss Attitude of Voters on the Strike Vote

ST. LOUIS, June 25.—Members of the executive council of the Federation of Federations were at work early today on their task of tabulating the referendum strike vote of railroad employes on lines west of Chicago. The tabulating com- menced yesterday.

Members of the council said their work was far from complete this morning and refused to discuss the attitude of the voters as shown in the ballots already tabulated.

The executive council is composed of the presidents of the International Asso- ciation of Machinists and Helpers, Broth- erhood of Hattermakers and Helpers, In- ternational Brotherhood of Blacksmiths and Helpers, Brotherhood of Railway Carmen, Sheet Metal Workers' League of America, Pattern Makers' League of North America, Brotherhood of Painters and Decorators, Railway Clerks and International Association of Steam Fitters and Helpers.

## Railway is Ordered to Reduce Tariffs in Favor of Omaha

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Freight rates on coarse grain from points in South Dakota on the line of the Chicago, Mil- waukee and St. Paul railway from Can- ton to an including Elk Point, were held by the Interstate Commerce commission today to be unjustly discriminatory against Omaha and unduly preferential to Minneapolis. The railway was ordered to establish by September 1, rates to Omaha not less than 1/2 cents a hun- dred pounds lower than those contem- poraneously exacted from the same points to Minneapolis.

The case was heard on complaint of the Omaha Grain exchange.

## Driver of the Democratic Donkey



WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN  
Sketched by the late Homer Davenport.

## DEMOCRATS MEET IN CONVENTION

First Day's Session at Baltimore  
Marked by Conflict with  
Bryan Men.

**NEBRASKA ACCORDED OVATION**

Lustily Cheered by Delegates as He  
Enters Hall.

**HALL IS LAVISHLY DECORATED**

Slight Delay in Opening of Con-  
vention Proceedings.

**CHEERS FOR PARKER ARE GIVEN**

Nebraska Names senator Kern of  
Indiana for Temporary Chair-  
man of the National  
Meeting.

CONVENTION HALL, BALTIMORE, June 25.—A wealth of decorations in white and gold and the national colors greeted the early arrivals on the scene of the democratic national convention. The big hall, ordinarily a huge steel-beamed, brick walled armory, was transformed by thousands of yards of bunting. The ugly steel girders under the roof were hidden by a false ceiling of light netting. From the galleries hung the banners of the various states and the territories and in- sular possessions.

The crowd came slowly and when the band began to play at 11 o'clock the gal- leries and the guest sections surrounding the delegates on the floor held but a scattered few.

The delegates, as usual, on the opening day of a convention, were slow in making their appearance. A pouring rain and a scarcity of vehicles made progress from the headquarters hotels to the armory a somewhat serious problem.

Everyone was expecting a great demon- stration when Mr. Bryan appeared in the hall. Word came to the convention that he was continuing his conferences right up to the hour of convening.

The committee in charge of the con- vention arrangements had given the most prominent places on the floor to the states having avowed presidential candidates in the field.

**Location of Delegates.**

To the right of the main aisle and di- rectly in front of the stage was Missouri, home state of Speaker Champ Clark. To the left was New Jersey, with Woodrow Wilson as a favorite son. Back of Mis- souri came Ohio, with Governor Har- mon in the field. Back of New Jersey was Alabama, home of Representative Oscar W. Underwood. Indiana did not fare so well, but the members of that delega- tion did not regard this as in any way di- minishing the chances of Governor Marshall, Connecticut was close to Ohio, the dele- gation enthusiastic in its support of Gov- ernor Baldwin. North Dakota, nominat- ing Governor Burke of that state, was no more favorably located than Indiana, both being in fourth position from the front.

At 11:35 it was discovered that the slow arrival of delegates was due in part to the close scrutiny of tickets and creden- tials by the doorkeepers, a long line of delegates and others being held up out- side the building. Senator John Sharp Williams of Mississippi had a great deal of difficulty getting in.

The first cheer of the convention went to Governor Wilson. As the delegates' seats began to fill up a standard bearer marched up the center aisle carrying a big white silk banner bearing a gold star and the inscription, "Grand Old Texas, Forty votes for Woodrow Wilson, the people's choice."

As the banner appeared a cheer swept the scattered crowds in the galleries. The delegates then on the floor did little cheering.

Cardinal Gibbons, who was to make the opening prayer, entered the hall at 11:45 accompanied by Chairman Robert Crain of the local committee on arrange- ments and preceded by a squad of police- men. Cardinal Gibbons in his red robe made a picturesque figure among the soberly clad delegates who wore rain- day clothing. He was cheered as he made his way to the stage. At this time the hall was filling rapidly. There was a

(Continued on Second Page.)

## "Watch Your Step!"



From the New York Herald.

## DOING THINGS IN ENGLAND

House of Commons is the Scene of  
Almost a Fist Fight.

**VITRIOLIC TERMS ARE APPLIED**

Trouble Starts When Socialist Mem-  
ber Denounces Premier As-  
quith's Course in Punish-  
ment of Women.

LONDON, June 25.—Intense bitterness has been engendered in England by the forcible feeding of the imprisoned suf- fragettes who declared a hunger strike while in jail. This was reflected in an extraordinary scene today in the House of Commons.

George Lansbury, a socialist member, denounced Premier Asquith and the govern- ment in such vitriolic terms that the speaker ordered him to leave the house and threatened to have him expelled un- less he went out voluntarily. Representa- tive Healey, the nationalist, appealed to the premier and the premier replied that they could leave the prison this after- noon on giving an undertaking not re- peat their offense.

**Member Shows Anger.**  
Mr. Lansbury immediately projected himself at the treasury bench, shaking his fist in the faces of Premier Asquith and the other ministers. With his face only a few inches from that of Mr. Asquith Mr. Lansbury screamed:

"You're beneath contempt. You know the women cannot give such an under- taking. It is dishonorable to ask them to do so. Talk of Russian atrocities. Why, you will go down in history as the torturer and murderer of innocent women. You ought to be driven out of office."

The house was quickly in disorder. The speaker, finally secured quiet and ordered Mr. Lansbury to leave. He replied:

"I'll not do it while these contemptible things are torturing and murdering women."

He yelled this out in a loud voice and appeared to be much overwrought, but when the speaker warned him he would be forcibly ejected unless he went of his own accord the labor members gathered with their colleague and induced him to quit.

## Mrs. Rose Dworkin is Given Five Years

CLEVELAND, O., June 25.—Mrs. Rose Dworkin of Lawrence, Mass., was sen- tenced to serve five years in the peni- tentiary by Judge Neff in criminal court today, or her plea of guilty of man- slaughter for the shooting of Jacob Hor- witz, a contractor, last November.

Mrs. Dworkin told the police she killed Horwitz because he told her husband stories about their acquaintance in Poland, which caused her husband to desert her. Prominent society women in- terested themselves in Mrs. Dworkin and had her transferred from the county jail to a hospital four months ago, so that the baby, Joe, should not be born in jail.

## Bybee, Mexican War Veteran, is Dead

MARSHALLTOWN, Ia., June 25.—(Spe- cial Telegram.)—James M. Bybee of Brighton, survivor of the Mexican war, died at the Iowa Soldiers' home here this morning.

Bybee was 91 years old. He served in the Twelfth Infantry from Mar. 1867, to July, 1868. An only daughter, Mrs. Alice Redd, lives in Omaha.

## PARKER CHOSEN OVER BRYAN BY THE DEMOCRATS

Murphy's Man for the Job is  
Elected Chairman of Demo-  
cratic National Meeting.

**WOMEN GATHER IN 'FRISCO**

General Federation of Women's  
Clubs Opens Tonight.

UFRAGE QUESTION COMES UP  
Mrs. Sarah Platt Decker of Colorado  
Will Lead the Fight—Fight  
for Officers is Already  
Going On.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 25.—Three big topics will be the main theme of discus- sions during the general sessions of the Federation of Women's Clubs, which will convene here formally tonight.

These subjects are:  
The Owen's bill, to create a national bureau of health, a measure now before congress.

The suffrage question.  
Uniform marriage and divorce laws.

The first named has met with strenuous opposition from the medical fraternity generally and especially from the League for Medical Freedom. There is promise of warm debate on all three topics.

Mrs. Sarah Platt Decker of Colorado probably will lead the fight in behalf of woman suffrage.

The board of directors has decided to recommend that General Federation Bulletin, published at Troy, N. Y., be understood as the official organ.

The contest for president is waxing warm and the partisans of Mrs. Pittin Carpenter of New York and Mrs. Percy V. Pennybaker of Texas, are campaign- ing actively for their respective candi- dates. Mrs. Carpenter lived in this state during her girlhood.

Friends of Mrs. L. L. Blankenburg of Philadelphia, who is second vice presi- dent, are pressing her candidacy for first vice president, while the Ohio delegation is backing Mrs. Sneath of that state for the same office.

Mrs. Eugene Reilly of North Carolina is a candidate for second vice president or corresponding secretary, and Mrs. Harry L. Keefe of Nebraska, a member of the board, would like to be recording secretary.

Mrs. John Thruvaidill of Oklahoma City, the treasurer, and Mrs. John White of North Dakota, the auditor, will probably be re-elected to their respective offices as no candidates have appeared in oppo- sition.

Mrs. McMahon of Utah, Mrs. Mathews of Louisiana, Mrs. Breckenridge of Ken- tucky and Mrs. Bailey of Massachusetts are all seeking re-election as directors.

Four cities desire to have the next con- vention—Washington, Philadelphia, Chi- cago and Manila.

Today's program included a council meeting, at which the topics of discus- sion were:

Revision of by-laws; plans of work; duplication; resolutions of tenth biennial; endorsement; general federation badge, and national flowers.

The convention will be formally opened tonight with Mrs. Philip N. Moore, presiding.

There will be a musical program, fol- lowed by addresses of welcome and ad- dressed by the president of the federa- tion.

**CHINA REJECTS TERMS  
OF THE EUROPEAN LOAN**

WASHINGTON, June 25.—China has re- jected the \$50,000,000 loan from the bank- ing group of the six powers, probably be- cause of the stipulation for foreign su- pervision of its expenditure. The propo- sal for foreign administration of the salt monopoly also has been declined. Four cabinet officers of Tang Shao Yi have offered their resignations. These ad- vices were received today by the State department.

## BRYAN DEFEATED IN FIRST ROUND AT CONVENTION

Nebraskan Fails to Secure Tem-  
porary Chairmanship Against  
Former Judge Parker.

**DEBATE CAUSES WILD DISORDER**

Vote Five Hundred Seventy-Nine to  
Five Hundred and Ten.

**KEYNOTE SPEECH INTERRUPTED**

Adjournment Taken and Night Ses-  
sion is Held.

**PRAYER BY CARDINAL GIBBONS**

Great Audience Stands During Invo-  
cation by Venerable Prelate.

**CROWD SLOW IN GATHERING**

Chairman Mack Calls for Order at  
12:15, but Business Does Not  
Begin Until After Half  
Past Twelve.

BALTIMORE, June 25.—William Jen- nings Bryan lost his first fight for pro- gressive control of the democratic na- tional convention today when he was defeated for temporary chairman of the convention by Alton B. Parker.

Mr. Bryan first nominated Senator Kern to oppose Parker. The latter declined the honor and named Mr. Bryan to make the fight. The Nebraskan made an eloquent plea "for the cause he had represented for sixteen years," but it was unavail- ing.

The debate preceding the roll call threw the convention into wild disorder.

At 8:25 the night session was called to order and Temporary Chairman Parker resumed his speech, which had been sus- pended by the disorder of the afternoon session.

**Slow in Assembling.**  
But a scattering attendance appeared in the galleries at 8 o'clock, the hour set for convening the convention. There were hundreds of vacant seats in the dele- gates' section. The delegates who were in their seats gathered in little groups and a sum of conversation swept the hall.

The band was anxious to please and drifted from "Moonlight Bay" to the overture from "William Tell." Shortly after 9 o'clock the secretaries and stenog- raphers took their places on the plat- form. Scattered handclapping greeted Chairman Parker as he made his way up the aisle through the groups of delegates.

The soft rain that fell at intervals all day set in again toward midnight, addi- ing to the humid heat and the atmosphere of the hall was oppressive.

At 8:15 o'clock Normal E. Mack climbed the stairs to the stage and conferred with Parliamentarian Crisp and Judge Parker.

At 8:25 o'clock Chairman Mack brought his speech and the night session was on.

The vote on temporary chairman was: Parker, 579; Bryan, 510.

Judge Parker was escorted to the plat- form by Senator Stone of Missouri, Senator Lea of Tennessee and Judge West- cott of New Jersey, amid continued cheers.

The convention adjourned until 8 o'clock tonight without Judge Parker finishing his speech.

**Proceedings in Detail.**  
A last desperate effort to avert the bitter factional fight was made by the Bryan forces when the democratic con- vention took up the problem of selecting a temporary chairman today. So sharp did the lines divide that Mr. Bryan at- tacked himself as a candidate for the temporary chairmanship.

After Bryan had made a speech nomi- nating Senator Kern of Indiana and at- tacking Alton B. Parker, Kern took the stand. He made a plea for harmony, asked Parker to join him in withdraw- ing from the contest for temporary chair- man and substituting any one of a list of several men. After waiting in vain for a reply from Parker, Kern, himself, withdrew and nominated Bryan.

Again Bryan took the platform. He accepted the nomination and the lineup for the final struggle was complete.

The doors of the convention hall opened at 10 o'clock. A heavy rain was falling and it was a full hour before there was any considerable number of arrivals. At 11 o'clock the seats set apart for dele- gates and alternates were empty and

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## JURY SECURED FOR HENNIG- FUNK ALIENATION SUIT

CHICAGO, June 25.—A jury was ob- tained today to hear the evidence in the suit of John C. Hennig against Clarence S. Funk, general manager of the Inter- national Harvester company, for \$200,000 for alienation of affections. Mr. Funk was not present.

**It is pretty hot—in-  
deed it is too hot—to  
spend your time in  
chasing after business. Cut  
out the foot work. Take the  
easiest way—the only way  
to real rapid business suc-  
cess: use Bee want ads.  
There is nothing saleable or  
buyable that cannot be men-  
tioned with great success in  
The Bee classified col-  
umns. The want ads of  
this paper stand head  
and shoulders above all  
others as genuine result  
getters. Try them.**

**Tyler 1000**