

IOWA DEMOS TURN TO CLARK

Speaker Has Large Majority of the Delegates so Far Chosen.

FIRST DISTRICT IS FOR TAFT

Convention Will Be Held at Burlington Wednesday—Tenth District Will Be for Governor Cummins.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

DES MOINES, Ia., March 17.—(Special.)—The political situation in regard to the choice of Iowa for democratic candidate for president is turning in the direction of Speaker Champ Clark. Conventions held thus far give Clark a very large majority of the delegates to the state convention. The Clark committee has a compact organization which has been active for six weeks and spending a great deal of money, with the result that delegates are being garnered for the Missouri man. The Woodrow Wilson committee has not been able to do very much and is paying attention to very few of the conventions.

Among the republicans the situation has not been materially changed for some time. The southern Iowa counties have all held their conventions and nearly all are for Taft. The few that have been held in northern Iowa have been nearly all for Cummins. Four conventions by districts have been held and three were for Taft and one for Cummins. The First district convention will be held at Burlington on Wednesday and it will be for Taft. The only other one called is for the Tenth, which will go for Cummins April 12.

Until the national matter is cleared up there will be very little done in the state campaign.

Will Settle with Treasurer's Estate.

L. A. Wilkinson of this city has just completed an exhaustive investigation of the affairs of Lyon county with regard to the accounts of the county treasurer. The result is that a net shortage found due the county of \$115 has been discovered. A. F. Weber, the county treasurer, died and his daughter remained in charge of the office for a time and then Joseph Weber was appointed to fill out the unexpired term. Following this it became known that the estate was indebted to the county and the investigation was ordered last summer. Preparations have been made to effect a settlement with the estate. It is possible that some of the items will be found covered in some way, but the amount of the shortage was a great surprise.

Inquiry on Liability Law.

The state commission headed by Senator John Clarkson to prepare a bill for a law for employer's liability and workmen's compensation starts out tomorrow to give a series of hearings where persons interested can state their views as to this new legislation. The commission has done much investigating and is prepared to make an exhaustive report on the subject. But there is a desire to have the people heard on the subject so that all may have a fair show at the bill. The first hearing will be here in Des Moines on Monday and Tuesday, following which a tour of the state will be taken ending in Ottumwa, March 23. The matter is of special importance to labor unions and to large employers of labor.

Iowa Has Pure Bred Horses.

Under the new stallion law, which became effective January 1, 1912, requiring that no person, firm, corporation or company shall offer for public service, sale, exchange or transfer in this state any stallion or jack over 2 years old unless he shall have procured from the secretary of the state board of agriculture a certificate of enrollment and soundness, there has been issued 1,673, or 85 per cent, are of pure breeding and are recorded in record books recognized by the department.

Only Substantiates the Claim.

This only substantiates the claim that is often made that Iowa has a larger percentage of pure bred and registered live stock than any other state in the union. By referring to the reports of the stallion registration boards of Illinois, Wisconsin and Minnesota it is seen that in Illinois 67 per cent of the stallions licensed for public service are of pure breeding, in Wisconsin 68.4 per cent and in Minnesota 83 per cent.

Stallion owners will have until April 1 to comply with this law and it is hoped that when the stallions are all registered that the percentage of pure breeds indicated by the first 1,700 registered will be maintained.

Iowa to Show Health Work.

Charts and data on the artisan well possibilities of Iowa will form an important part of the Iowa state exhibit at the International Congress of Hygiene to be held in Washington, D. C., September 23 to 25.

The Iowa delegation appointed by Governor Carroll, consisting of Dr. Henry Albert of Iowa City, state bacteriologist; Dr. W. W. Parsons of the Drake medi-

cal college; Dr. V. O. Treynor of Council Bluffs, former state university regent, and A. E. Ketterer, state lecturer on tuberculosis, is at work preparing for the part which Iowa is to play in this great meeting.

The congress is held every five years. It was organized seventy-five years ago and this is the first time it meets in the United States. Twenty-one countries will be represented.

Des Moines Water Case.

Circuit Judge Walter I. Smith and District Judge W. H. Munger of Omaha, both of the federal court, will preside during the hearing to dissolve a temporary injunction secured by the water company to restrain the city from proceeding any farther with the condemnation of its plant. An order to this effect was filed in the federal court by Judge Smith McPherson. The hearing on the injunction will be held at Council Bluffs next Tuesday.

Paving Streets is Issue at Harlan

HARLAN, Ia., March 17.—(Special.)—Interest in city politics is running high here now. There are two tickets in the field, the anti-improvement and the improvement elements. The trouble arose over the passage of a resolution of necessity by the city council that certain streets be paved this year. There has been considerable paving done in the past two years and the anti believe that there is enough for the present without laying more. The anti packed both the citizens' and people's caucuses and the men who were nominated in the people's caucus were endorsed by the citizens' caucus. The progressive element in the city then proceeded to put an independent ticket in the field. The slogan of the anti-improvement faction is:

Every time I come down town, The boys start cursin' the pavin' 'roun'; Makes no difference if it kills the town, We've gotta quit puttin' this pavin' down.

Mexican Fatally Shot.

FORT MADISON, Ia., March 17.—Jose Ponce, a Mexican, employed as a section hand by a railroad, was shot and killed last night by Julian Hernandez, another Mexican. Hernandez is still at large.

Operation Proves Fatal.

FORT MADISON, Ia., March 17.—Frank Nello, son of a local grocer, who was operated on for appendicitis and in whose appendix was found part of a human tooth, died today.

GOVERNOR GIVES VIEWS ON PRISON

(Continued from First Page.)

land was adapted to general farming, to truck gardening, to stock raising and had some mineral resources and it also had a large stream and some tributaries belonging to it, and portions of it were heavily wooded, and it was this man's idea to have this vast tract properly enclosed and all of these men were to work on this land, some as gardeners, some fixing up the landscape, some as general farmers, some as general stock raisers and some in clearing up the land and building roads and parks and drives.

Remarkable Advancement.

"It occurred to me that this was the most remarkable advancement that I had ever heard of being undertaken. The mere suggestion of the detail of the above facts, it seems to me, ought to appeal to the people of this state and remind them that Nebraska must do something like this.

Remodel Old Prison.

"Good, having by such methods, made adequate provisions for the lesser criminal, the present penitentiary should be used solely for the more hardened and desperate violators of the law and it should be remodelled in such a way as to make a thorough, up-to-date institution. To this end the following changes should be made:

First.

"First, a separate residence and office should be built for the warden immediately north of and facing the main entrance to the penitentiary. This should also be walled the street.

Second.

"Second—There should be installed in the penitentiary an up-to-date telephone system, all wires being carried underground, so that the warden's office and the deputy warden's office could be put in immediate connection with all shops, cell houses and wall guards.

Third.

"Third—The deputy warden's office should be removed from the chapel and brought forward into the present warden's quarters. By this arrangement with reference to the deputy warden's office, all convicts who have complaints or business with him could be first admitted to the warden's office and then admitted to the deputy warden's presence, one man at a time. The present location of the deputy warden's office and its construction is such that any number of convicts can come into his office at one and the same time.

Enlarge Cell Houses.

"Fourth—Cell houses should be enlarged to the end that modern system of classification of different kind of criminals can be adopted.

Fifth.

"Fifth—The present antiquated and unsafe doors and gates from the cell houses and the prison yard to the chapel and to the warden's office and to the outside corridor should all be removed and replaced by modern and up-to-date locks and gates.

Sixth.

"Sixth—Reception rooms should be constructed, as inmates visit with friends and relatives, and modeled along the modern and up-to-date lines as shown in English and leading American penal institutions to the end that a certain amount of privacy is insured the visitor, but at the same time making it impossible for such visitor to be close enough to hand anything to the prisoner or receive anything from him.

In modern English prisons such a room has an intervening space, protected by steel bars of from five to ten feet. Such a room is wholly lacking in the Nebraska penitentiary.

Visiting Privilege Abused.

"I am satisfied from the investigation that I have made and from the observations and reports that I have been receiving for several months last past that the privilege of visiting at the penitentiary has been greatly abused and that from now on it must be checked. There has been afforded by reason of these inadequate facilities above mentioned undoubtedly opportunities to pass things

to prisoners and to receive things from them.

"Seventh, the old wooden gates and wood stockades in the east wall of the penitentiary yard where cars, wagons, etc., are brought into the yard, should be removed. A heavy modern steel gate should be placed in the wall. This gate should open into a steel stockade sufficiently in size to accommodate the largest freight car, to the end that the car could be brought into the gate and said gate locked before the inner gate out of the stockade is opened to admit the car into the yard.

More Guards.

"At this point there should be a guard house in charge of a guard night and day, with direct telephone communication to the warden and the deputy warden, and an up-to-date alarm system attached to the mechanism thereof, so that any tampering of this gate out of hours would immediately notify the warden and his deputy. A mere statement of these facilities is of itself a powerful description of the fatal weakness and absolute lack of facilities to afford the management proper safety and to thwart the escape of convicts and the bringing in of dope and other materials.

There is much more that could be said along this line and many more details could be enumerated here that cannot be in this article given out to the press.

Situation Well in Hand.

"I recognize that the burden placed upon me as the chief executive of the state of Nebraska at this time is the most important and the greatest that any governor has ever been called upon to face. The situation at the present in the penitentiary is well in hand and everything is being done for the comfort of the prisoners and the management of the situation that can be.

Under these conditions as now existing the warden is called upon to inaugurate an entirely new prison, as it were, with 45 inmates to begin with, some of whom are the most desperate criminal to be found anywhere in the world. Many of them are well-disposed men, who are in there as victims of a set of circumstances who ought to be in an intermediate penitentiary instead of the place where they are.

"I am going to install a man as warden who, in my judgment, possesses much executive and administrative ability, who will be firm, yet kind. I will recommend to the management down there to put in a discipline that in some degree will be analogous to the discipline required of soldiers. Everything will be required to proceed along well-defined lines and these lines must be adhered to.

I will recommend the latest up-to-date and approved system of prison rules and regulations in vogue and force them as far as they can be with the poor facilities that we have here at our prison.

Keeping Desperados Apart.

"The segregation and classification under the present buildings and facilities down there is well nigh impossible, but this will be done as far as it can be. For instance, it should be possible that such desperados as those who murdered and escaped should be kept by themselves and a guard placed over them and they be made to perform their labor on tasks separately. I do not mean by this that they should be punished or anything of the kind, but they should not be allowed to mingle with other prisoners under any circumstances.

More Telephones Needed.

"One matter I have overlooked that I want mention is that the guards and the men in charge of the shops as they sit at their desks should not only have a phone connecting them with the warden and the deputy warden, but there should be an alarm that they could touch with their foot that would notify the warden and the deputy warden that something is wrong, in case they should not be able to phone. This inauguration of the system of alarms should be provided for in every shop where there is any number of men at work, under an overseer.

In conclusion, permit me to say that I have previously expressed my confidence in the warden and nothing more need be said along that line. I feel sure that the next legislature, when these things are pointed out, will take hold of this matter vigorously and the result will be modern institutions for criminals, insane and other wards of the state that will rank Nebraska as high along these lines as does her splendid educational system."

POLICE BAFFLED BY BOMB MYSTERY

(Continued from First Page.)

wounds and his forearms and left hand were terribly lacerated.

"It is one of God's wonders that I was spared, but I feel at this moment that I would have rather opened that package myself than to have stood by and permitted Egan to touch it as he did."

An ambulance was called and as Egan was being carried to the vehicle he said:

"This is tough. After I've been working for seventeen years, have opened hundreds of bombs and infernal machines, I am caught. I knew it was bound to come to me in the end."

Judge Rosalesky's apartments bear evidence of the force of the bomb. A thick plate glass which covered the mahogany library table was ground as fine as snow, a great dent was made in the desk itself and the ceiling directly above was punctured with many holes larger than a man's fist. It is believed the explosive used was nitroglycerin.

Judge Rosalesky said he had no suspicion to express as to who had sent the bomb. Asked if he believed the Brandt case had anything to do with it, he replied:

"I refuse to answer. What do you think?"

Woodmen of Lyons Protest the Raise

LYONS, Ia., March 17.—Delegates representing sixteen camps of the Modern Woodmen of America in Clinton county met here, the birthplace of the organization, today and protested against the action of the delegates to the Chicago meeting who recently voted to raise the insurance rates.

Greek Author Given Seven Years in Prison

MASON CITY, Ia., March 17.—Peter Georgis, an author, today was sentenced to seven years in the state prison for obtaining money under false pretenses. He was arrested in Denver.

EXPORTS TO MEXICO DECLINE

Trade Falling Off Materially Due to Disorders in South.

DROP OF A MILLION A MONTH

Other Countries Enjoy Large Trade with Southern Republic and They Are Noticing Decided Slump in Business.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—Trade of the United States with Mexico is showing the effect of the disturbed business conditions in that country. This is especially true with reference to exports, which show a much greater decline than imports. Exports to Mexico during the last year show a fall of about 30 per cent when compared with the immediately preceding year, while imports show also a slight decline, but less than that of exports. The total value of exports to Mexico during the twelve months ending with January, 1912, is \$52,211,967, against \$64,671,953 in the corresponding months of the immediately preceding year, a decline of about \$12,000,000, or an average falling off of a little more than a million dollars a month during this period. Imports from Mexico during the same period amounted to \$50,227,318, against \$53,311,556 during the corresponding period of the preceding year, being less than \$3,000,000 decrease.

Million Dollars a Month.

This falling off of \$12,000,000 in the exports to Mexico in the twelve months ending with January, 1912, becomes even more apparent when contrasted with our trade with other parts of the world. Exports to South America, for example, show an increase of 25 per cent in the seven months ending with January, 1912, when compared with the corresponding months of the preceding year; those to Cuba and the other West Indies, a slight increase; while to Mexico, the exports during the seven months ending with January, 1912, decreased nearly 25 per cent, and during the year, as indicated above, about 30 per cent. In every month since April, 1911, the value of merchandise exported to Mexico has been less than that of the corresponding month of the preceding year. April, 1911, having been in fact the only one of the last twelve months which did not show a decline in exports to Mexico when compared with the corresponding month of the preceding year.

Factories Feel It.

Manufactures form by far the largest part of our exports to Mexico under ordinary conditions. Of the \$50,000,000 worth of domestic merchandise exported to Mexico during the fiscal year 1911 manufactures of iron and steel alone amounted to over \$20,000,000; cars, about \$2,000,000; boots and shoes, and other manufactures of leather, about \$2,000,000; cottonseed oil, nearly \$2,000,000; lumber, nearly \$3,000,000; scientific instruments, more than \$1,000,000; chemicals, chiefly manufactured, over \$1,000,000; explosives, nearly \$1,000,000; automobiles, over \$500,000; agricultural implements, over \$500,000; glass and glassware, nearly \$500,000; manufactures of India rubber, nearly \$750,000; furniture, about \$750,000; and a large number of other manufactures in less sums, while in other articles the reports of the bureau of statistics show corn to the value of nearly \$2,000,000 and meats about \$2,000,000, in each case a material increase over the preceding year.

Other Nations Hit.

The falling off in exports to Mexico, as above outlined, is evidently a mere part of the general reduction in its imports, a reduction in which the United States participates to a somewhat less degree than do other countries. An examination of the later official publications of the Mexican government received at the bureau of statistics shows a falling off of about 30 per cent in its imports from the United States and approximately 12 per cent in the imports from all other countries during the six months ending with December, 1911. Its exports to the United States in the same period showed a decline of about 3 per cent, while those to other countries showed an increase of about 8 per cent. The share of Mexico's imports which were drawn from the United States in the six months ending with December, 1911, was in round terms 59 per cent and the share of its exports to the United States about 77 per cent. In the fiscal year 1909-10 the share of its imports drawn from the United States was in round terms 58 per cent and of its exports sent to the United States 78 per cent.

DEATH RECORD

Mrs. John Robertson.

HARVARD, Neb., March 17.—Mrs. Robertson, wife of John Robertson, and an early resident of this community, died Friday evening at the home of her son-in-law, Judge Stiner at Clay Center, after a few days' illness with a severe cold that terminated in pneumonia.

The deceased was close to 70 years of age and is survived by her husband and nine children, three of whom are daughters, Mrs. Stiner of Clay Center, Mrs. J. H. Weber of Harvard, and Mrs. Fred Kenneth of Hastings. Three of the sons reside in Harvard, two in Omaha, and one in Missouri.

A Break for Liberty

from stomach, liver and kidney trouble is made when a 25c box of Dr. King's New Life Pills is bought. Why suffer? For sale by Boston Drug Co.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Where mothers give this celebrated cough syrup for their children, it cures the child. Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is constantly reliable and truly medicinal. PRICE 25 CENTS.

SAMPLE SENT FREE

Write for sample, enclose this paper. Address A. C. MEYER & CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

AMUSEMENTS

THE ORPHEUM ROAD SHOW

Mat. Every Day 8:15. Every Night 8:15. Eight Palace Girls; Simone de Berry; Honor Among Thieves; Ray Samuels; Schenck Van. Cough Syrup cured the child. F. Harbott, 123 W. Cross St., Baltimore, Md.

AMUSEMENTS

THE ORPHEUM ROAD SHOW

Mat. Every Day 8:15. Every Night 8:15. Eight Palace Girls; Simone de Berry; Honor Among Thieves; Ray Samuels; Schenck Van. Cough Syrup cured the child. F. Harbott, 123 W. Cross St., Baltimore, Md.

AMUSEMENTS

THE ORPHEUM ROAD SHOW

Mat. Every Day 8:15. Every Night 8:15. Eight Palace Girls; Simone de Berry; Honor Among Thieves; Ray Samuels; Schenck Van. Cough Syrup cured the child. F. Harbott, 123 W. Cross St., Baltimore, Md.

BE A WISE WOMAN Nemo CORSETS. Illustrations of three women in corsets. Text: 'Join the Wise Women's League—Wear a Nemo'. Price list: No. 333 \$3.00, No. 354 \$3.50, No. 405 \$4.00.

Join the Wise Women's League—Wear a Nemo. THIS "league" comprises millions of women, all over the world, who have learned by actual experience that Nemo Corsets give them greater comfort, more perfect style and longer wear than any others. Join the league, forget your corset-troubles—BE A WISE WOMAN! Nemos for everybody—for all figures. The three models pictured above are typical of Nemo variety, style and economy: SELF-REDUCING FOR THE SLENDER SELF-REDUCING. NEMOS ARE SOLD IN GOOD STORES IN EVERY COUNTRY WHERE CORSETS ARE WORN.

THE EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF THE U. S. 165 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. The 52nd Annual Report of the Equitable Society, embodying its Financial Statement, and full details regarding its progress during the year 1911, will be sent to any address on application. This Statement shows that the interest rate is higher and the expense rate lower than for the previous year. Increases are shown in Premium Income, Total Income and other important items including the following: ASSETS, DECEMBER 31, 1911: \$ 508,418,814. POLICY FUND (OR RESERVE) 8411,126,821 AND OTHER LIABILITIES 8,423,204. SURPLUS (INCLUDING DEFERRED-DIVIDEND FUND) 86,757,989. NEW INSURANCE, 1911: 128,069,698. OUTSTANDING INSURANCE DECEMBER 31, 1911: 1,375,441,460. PAID TO POLICYHOLDERS IN 1911: 54,921,301. REFUNDS (OR DIVIDENDS) TO POLICYHOLDERS 1911: 12,367,227. Of the Society's domestic Death Claims paid during the year nearly 99% were paid within 24 hours after receipt of complete "proofs of death." Its policies are simple, direct, and liberal, and are issued in great variety, for the protection of individuals, families, partners, corporations, and the employes of business organizations. Particulars will be sent on request. H. D. NEELY & CO., Managers, Merchants National Bank Bldg., 13th and Farnam Sts., Omaha, Neb. PRESIDENT.

DON'T BLAME YOUR HEAD

What the doctors call meningeal headaches are no fault of the head. They are the misdeeds of the poor-blooded, the folks with pale, hollow cheeks, dull eyes, white lips, flabby muscles.

Assembling as it is, the headache is merely one sign of starving blood and unled nerves.

Feed every hungry tissue in you with Comsumol, and to your capital of bounding red blood and the anemic headache will torment you no more.

Sample Bottle Free By Mail

That those who are seeking health and strength for themselves, children, relatives or friends may experience the life-giving properties of this exclusive Norway gold medal endorsed cod liver oil medicinal food emulsion—as well as to know Comsumol superiority—in being most palatable and easy to take—a generous 3-oz. bottle will be sent by mail to those who send addresses by postcard or letter to Comsumol, 148 Pearl St., N. Y.

