AFFAIRS AT SOUTH OMAHA

Ancient Order of Hibernians Plans for St. Patrick's Day.

BIG PARADE IS ARRANGED

Murdock and Ringer File Citizens' Ticket Names with City Clerk—Snow Causes Great Inconvenience in City.

The Ancient Order of Hibernians, who have labored hard in preparing a program for St. Patrick's day, yesterday announced that their arrangements were complete.

The feature of the day will be a grand parade, composed of the different local divisions of the Ancient Order of Hibernians and many Catholic societies of the city.

The parade will start promptly at 9 o'clock from the Hibernian hall, 2418 N street, with Grand Marshal Con Sheehan at the head. A mounted platoon of police and the mayor and city council in automobiles will flaunt the green and lend honor to the celebration.

From the hall the parade will march west on N street to Twenty-fifth, north on Twenty-fifth to L, east on L to Twenty-fourth and north on Twenty-fourth to K street, where the line will counter march and return on Twenty-fourth to Q street, whence it will turn east and march on Q street to St. Agnes' church. All providing the weather permits.

At the church Rev. James Ahearne, county chaplain of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, will celebrate solemn high mass, and Rev. P. J. Moran of Omaha will deliver the panegyric on St. Patrick.

The following societies will participate in the parade:

First Division—
Platoon of police.
Ancient Order of Hibernian band of division No. 2.
Second Division—
Bohemian Catholic Turners.
Bohemian Catholic Workmen of St. James.
Bohemian Catholic Workmen of St. John.
Bohemian Catholic Workmen of St. Peter and Paul.
Bohemian Catholic Workmen of St. Joseph.
Third Division—
Polish Catholic societies.
Lithuanian Catholic societies.
St. Mary's court, Catholic Order of Foresters.
St. Agnes' court, Catholic Order of Foresters.

The fire department will also be in the line of march.

Citizens' Ticket Filed.

Attorneys A. H. Murdock and J. Dean Ringer yesterday afternoon presented the petition of the new Citizens' Progressive party to City Clerk Good with the request that the names of the candidates be inscribed on the ballots for election.

As presented to the clerk the ticket was full and complete and none of the reported withdrawals was noticed. It was stated that if the candidates persist in refusing the use of their names it will become the duty of the central committee to fill in the vacancies.

Nearly two-thirds of the delegates to last Saturday's convention subscribed their names to the petition.

Snow Causes Discomfort.

The heavy fall of snow yesterday well high caused the suspension of business in the city. From early morning the street cars found a difficulty in making headway against the storm and in the afternoon practically all attempts at schedule were abandoned. As the hour for transporting the crowds of working men to their homes arrived, the street car company kept their snow plows in continual use in order to keep the lines open. In order to escape the high wind the cars were switched off on a side track on N street where they were quickly filled by the waiting crowds.

The street department of the city was hard at work all day in keeping the corner paths open, but toward evening the work appeared fruitless and further efforts were abandoned.

City Responsible for Dog.

That a dog, permitted to live without a license tag exists, due to the negligence of the police, was the contention of John Lucas. Thirty-fourth and T streets, who, yesterday sued the city for $300 damages, the result of having been bitten by a dog at Twenty-sixth and Q street, Tuesday night.

The suit was brought in Judge Collins' court and John Grabowski is cited as the owner of the dog. Lucas claims that he was attacked by the dog while returning home from work. He says that the shock to his nervous system and the pain of the wound inflicted by the canine's molars will approximate a value of $300 in hard cash.

Magic City Gossip.

Junior class presents The Princess tonight at high school auditorium.

Dr. J. R. Severin of Wayne, Neb., is visiting at 2724 Y street, the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Severin.

Phone Bell South 868—Ind. F-1868 for a case of Jetter Gold top. Prompt delivery to any part of the city. William Jetter.

All the members of St. Mary's Court, Catholic Order of Foresters, will meet Sunday morning at 9 o'clock at the Shamrock hall, 2418 N street.

The Ladies' society of the Baptist church will meet Friday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock with Mrs. A. L. Bergquist, 1306 North Twenty-fifth street.

There will be a regular meeting of Phil Kearney post at the home of J. W. Cress, 809 North Twenty-third street, Saturday night, March 16, at 8 o'clock.

The Woman's Relief Corpse of Phil Kearney post will meet at the home of Mrs. J. O. Eastman, 1432 North Twenty-third street, Saturday afternoon, March 16, at 2 o'clock.

George Tarsacks, a Greek who formerly operated a hotel at Twenty-sixth and Q streets, was yesterday notified through his attorney that the United States government had allowed him a reward for the damage sustained by him during the Greek riot.

James Kelly of 819 Q street, left yesterday for Chicago where he goes to marry Miss Marie Bell of Hyde Park boulevard. Mr. Kelly is foreman of the Omaha Cooperage and is well known in this city. He will return with his bride after a short honeymoon.

Paul, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. John Sury, died yesterday morning at the family residence, Forty-second and N streets. The funeral will be held from the residence to St. Francis' church. Interment will be made in the German Catholic cemetery.

We wish to thank our many friends and neighbors for their kindness and sympathy shown us during the sickness and death of our beloved father, Vaclov Pivonka; also the fire and police departments of South Omaha and all others who tendered beautiful floral offerings or helped in any manner to lighten our grief. Annie and James Pivonka.

GOOD SPEAKERS SECURED FOR LITERARY PROGRAM

Judge Howard Kennedy and Rev. Frederick T. Rouse will be the principal speakers at the open program meeting of the literary and debating societies of the Omaha High school this evening in the Young Men's Christian association assembly hall. Rev. Rouse will give an address on "Real Enjoyment in Life," and Judge Kennedy will speak on some subject relative to school affairs.

This meeting has been especially arranged for all the student organizations at the school and in addition to the above speakers, the following program of elocutionary and musical numbers will be given:

Piano selections, Glenn Musgrave.
Current topics, Douglas Burns.
Paper on "Women's Suffrage," by Francis Perkins.
Debate, Resolved: "That the government of the United States should own and operate the railroads." Affirmative, Charles Shook; negative, Ward Smith.
Cornet solo, Charles Robel.

WOMAN BREAKS HIP WHEN BLOWN TO SIDEWALK

Mrs. Sam Eller, residing at Twenty-sixth and Harney streets, while passing the corner at Sixteenth and Harney streets, during the high wind yesterday afternoon, was blown off her feet and, falling on the sidewalk, sustained a fractured hip. She was taken into a store nearby where she was given emergency treatment and later conveyed to the Emergency hospital.

BIG VERDICT FOR DEFECTIVE FLOOR IN RENTED HOUSE

Mrs. Mary J. Davis was given a $2,000 verdict against Patrick Manning for personal injuries before Judge Sutton in the law division of the district court yesterday. Mrs. Davis tripped on a defective floor while living in a house rented from Manning. She blamed him for the injuries she suffered, alleging he negligently permitted the floor to remain defective.

If you have anything to exchange, advertise it The Bee want ad columns.

FEARS WATER POWER TRUST

Report Made to Taft Warning of Possible Monopolization.

SMITH MAKES RECOMMENDATION

Commissioner of Corporations Says Government Should Preserve Title to Remaining Power Sites and Develop Them.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—Concentration of control over water powers by large interests in important localities is increasing so rapidly that Herbert Knox Smith, commissioner of corporations, has reported to President Taft that the government should preserve title to the remaining power sites and develop them to prevent a possible monopolization of public utilities companies. A full report of the commissioner's investigation of water power development was presented to the president today.

Commissioner Smith directs particular attention to the increasing affiliation of water power concerns and public service agencies, such as street railway and lighting corporations, and oftentimes banks as well. The connection between such concerns he regards of serious public significance. The concentration of control over water powers, the commissioner declares, is exercised partly by direct ownership of stock, but mainly through interlocking directorates.

The rapidly increasing concentration of water power control about which the commissioner sounds a warning may become, he says, the nucleus for a monopoly of both water and steam power. If the water power cannot meet the entire demand of a given locality, he points out that the owners can acquire auxiliary fuel plants and handle water and fuel power over the same distributing lines and thus a complete commercial power monopoly might gradually be built up—in fact, already exists in a number of communities.

Ten Great Groups.

Ten great groups of interests, with the General Electric company as the most powerful, are declared by Commissioner Smith to control or strongly influence about 60 per cent of the developed commercial water power of the United States. These ten groups themselves are more or less inter-related, with resultant growing community of interests. In this connection the commissioner's report says:

"In this maze of inter-relationships, ranging from practically joint control down to personal association in common directorates, is clearly revealed the drift of water power and public utility corporations under the control of a few very powerful interests. These connections, some stronger and some weaker, suggest a favorable condition for a very small number of men to consolidate very large interests whenever they may decide it to their advantage to do so. This interlocking of interests through directors, while not necessarily indicating a purpose of monopoly, certainly affords an incentive and a means to combination."

Mr. Smith, urging the immediate formulation of a definite policy of developing the remaining water power sites on the public domain, recommends generally speaking that the government retain the ultimate control of these sites. They should be developed at once, he declares, not only to conserve the fuel supply of the country, but because they are fast passing into private control. It is estimated that the water power now in use saves 32,000,000 tons of coal annually and, Mr. Smith adds, the water power resource is not expended in its using.

The problem of development, the commissioner continues, cannot be solved by fixing by law the selling price of water power by itself, which, in any event, will be controlled by the cost of fuel power. Recognizing that the most efficient use of water power required a considerable degree of unified control, the commissioner akes this recommendation for the developent of public water power.

"The public can either develop and operate the sites, selling the energy at market rates, or the public may lease the sites at a rental fairly representing its natural value." The commissioner favors the rental system.

"The water power of the country, developed and practically capable of development at this time, probably does not exceed 25,000,000 horsepower," Mr. Smith says. The total developed water-power today is about 6,000,000 horsepower. The total stationary power used in the United States—steam, water and gas—is probably over 30,000,000 horsepower.

The Bureau of Corporations, in its investigations, found concentration of water powers, according to the report, in three distinct phases. First, there was a centralization of control in each important locality; secondly, large interests influenced a number of those local concerns, and finally there was found a growing relationship among the big interests.

Sprinkler System Checks Fire's Start

Automatic sprinklers in the Dunning Hardware company building, 1612 Harney street, saved that building at least from partial destruction by fire at 11:52 o'clock last night, turned in a call for help from the fire department and then did most of the damage that was done, which is estimated at $300.

How the fire started in the company's office on the second floor is not known. Many of the valuable records of the company for years past were stored in the office where the fire was confined by the sprinklers. About a half foot of water poured through into the basement, but owing to the fact that the salvage corps arrived early with canvasses, which were placed over the goods, small damage was done.

Memories of the Past.

Square spectacles.
Top pockets in trousers.
Brass-toed boots.
Railroad passes.
Fancy front-room curtains.
Embroidered wall mottoes.
Candle snuffers.
Plush manicure sets.
Penwipers.—Boston Globe.
Crayon portraits.
Plated castors.
Diamond shirt studs.
Waxed mustaches.
Individual salt cellars.
Jackknives.
Negro minstrels.
Night caps.
Family prayers.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMERS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
NEW YORK	Niagara	LaProvence.
NEW YORK	Vreeland	Chemnitz.
NEW YORK	Pr. Irene	Baltic.
NEW YORK		Pr. di Piemonte.
NEW YORK		Pres. Lincoln.
NEW YORK		Hellig'ndy.
ROTTERDAM	Sirma	
NAPLES		America.
LONDON		Minnetonka.
BOSTON	Canopic	
BOSTON	Megantic	
GENOA	Berlin	
ANTWERP	Menominee	
QUEENSTOWN		Olympic.
LIVERPOOL		Celtic.

Identification Made of Two Train Robbers

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., March 14.—The robbers who attempted to hold up the Southern Pacific train near Sanderson yesterday and were killed, have been identified as Ed Welch, an escaped criminal, and a man named Kilpatrick. Little is known of Kilpatrick.

A pack saddle with 800 rounds of ammunition for revolvers and rifles was found on the pack horse in the bandit outfit.

Young Folks Dance at Pi Sigma Ball

A very pretty ball was given at the Hotel Rome last night by the Pi Sigmas, a local fraternity. More than fifty couples attended. The fraternity comprises the following members: Julius Abrahamson, Charles Berger, Mike Bolker, Jack Farber, Sam Olander, Arthur and Morris Robinson, Max and Sam Rosenblum and Harry Trustin.

MARIE WARTHUN CAPTAIN OF H. S. GIRLS' BASKET FIVE

Miss Marie Warthun, right forward, has been elected captain of the senior girls' basket ball team of the Omaha High school and candidates for other positions on the quintet will be assigned to places next week by Miss Mary Herbert, the girls' assistant physical training instructor, who is coaching all the class basket ball fives.

WICHITA MAN APPOINTED TO SOUTH OMAHA PLACE

WASHINGTON, March 15.—(Special Telegram.)—E. J. Hoglen of Wichita, Kan., has been appointed assistant inspector in connection with the bureau of animal industry, located at South Omaha.

Postal savings banks to be established April 1 are as follows:

South Dakota — Arlington, Ashton, Beresford, Big Stone City, DeSmet, Elk Point, Letcher, Menno, Newell, Parker, Scotland, Viborg, Wolsey and Woonsocket.

CLARK FORCES TAKE KANSAS

Democratic State Convention Unanimously Votes for Speaker.

WILSON MADE SECOND CHOICE

Attempt by Followers of New Jersey Governor to Get Uninstructed Delegation to National Meeting Defeated.

HUTCHINSON, Kan., March 15.—Kansas democrats joined hands with Missouri in support of the candidacy of Champ Clark for the democratic nomination for president. The democratic state convention after rejecting by a vote of 310 to 283 a plank submitted by the supporters of Governor Woodrow Wilson declaring for an unrestricted delegation, unanimously adopted a resolution instructing the Kansas delegation to the national convention at Baltimore to cast the twenty votes of this state for Clark.

If it becomes evident that Mr. Clark cannot be nominated, the delegates will cast their votes for Governor Wilson as second choice.

The action of the convention binds the delegates selected today at the district meetings, regardless of previous instructions given them by the various committees. The resolution, after instructing the delegates to vote as a unit for Mr. Clark, continues:

"We instruct our delegates further, that if it becomes evident that Mr. Clark cannot be nominated, our twenty delegates shall vote for Woodrow Wilson as long as in the judgment of two-thirds of the delegation he has a chance for the nomination."

Opposition in Committee.

Although the Clark men had a majority at all times on the floor of the convention, they met stubborn opposition in the committee on resolutions, where a motion to put through the Clark plank, later adopted by the convention, failed of passage by a tie vote. The same tie in committee prevented the Wilson men from getting through their resolution for an uninstructed delegation. Thus the fight was thrown onto the convention floor.

As chairman of the resolutions committee, B. J. Sheridan of Paola, Clarke's manager in Kansas, reported the disagreement to the convention. Mr. Sheridan moved that the convention adopt the Clark plank, which had failed of adoption in committee.

F. M. Pearl of Hiawatha, a Wilson man, presented a substitute for Mr. Sheridan's motion in the form of the Wilson plan for an uninstructed delegation, which also had failed of adoption in the resolutions committee. With the convention in an uproar over the parliamentary tangle involved, Judge W. S. Glass of Marysville, also a Wilson supporter, moved to table both resolutions. If Judge Glass' motion had prevailed it would have meant a Kansas delegation with no instructions.

Glass' motion was defeated by the Clark men, 311 to 275.

Mr. Pearl's substitute was also rejected, 310 to 283. Realizing that the convention had thus put itself on record in favor of a Clark instructed delegation, Mr. Pearl moved that Mr. Sheridan's motion instructing for Clark be unanimously adopted. The motion went through with a whoop.

Wilson Forces Beaten.

The convention passed a resolution endorsing Norman E. Mack, national chairman of the democratic party, and instructed the delegation to vote for his reelection at Baltimore. William F. Sapp of Galena was unanimously re-elected national committeeman from Kansas.

LA FOLLETTE AT VALLEY CITY

VALLEY CITY, N. D., March 15.—United States Senator Robert M. La Follette of Wisconsin in one of two speeches delivered here tonight, on the eve of the state presidential preference primary, charged Theodore Roosevelt with having passed by the greatest opportunity ever offered a president of the United States.

"This opportunity," said Senator La Follette, "was to have sent a strong, forceful message to congress, followed by an appeal to the people, if necessary, when combinations of capital in this country first became alarming. It is the office of the president to urge on congress such legislation as he believes the best public interest demands.

"If I had been president when these great trusts were forming, when McKinley and Roosevelt were president, I would have called the United States district attorneys of the whole country to Washington, and I would have handed each one a copy of the Sherman anti-trust law and I would have said, 'Go home and commit that to memory and come back here at the same hour tomorrow.'

"Then when they came back I would have said to them: 'Now, you know what this law means. Go out and do your duty as prosecutors. If you don't I will put you out and will put in men who will.'"

T. R. FAILS TO CLAIM FEES

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., March 15.—Colonel Roosevelt earned $37.80 as a juror, but probably never will receive the money. After he had been excused from further duty at Mineola today a court officer advised him he could claim mileage at the rate of 8 cents a mile for the distance between Oyster Bay and the county seat. By railroad the distance is fifteen miles, so that Colonel Roosevelt is entitled to $1.20 for each of the nine days of his services as juror.

"I haven't any mileage," he said, "I came by automobile."

He left the court house without putting in the claim or producing the subpoena which qualifies jurors to receive $3 a day so that the $27 in fees and $10.80 mileage allowance which the colonel has earned probably will remain in the county treasury.

Colonel Roosevelt did not conceal the fact that he was disappointed in not having served in at least one case.

ST. LOUIS, March 14.—Governor H. S. Hadley and Thomas K. Niedringhaus, treasurer of the republican state committee, departed for New York today to confer with Colonel Theodore Roosevelt on political matters, at the request of Colonel Roosevelt.

COMMERCIAL CLUB TAKES IN MANY NEW MEMBERS

Twenty-six new members for the week were reported by the membership committee of the Commercial club at its weekly meeting yesterday. This makes 144 new members secured in five weeks. T. L. Davis is credited with thirty, H. R. Gould with twelve, G. H. Cramer with eleven, T. L. Combs with nine, G. W. Noble with six and R. T. Burns with six.

There will be a new members' luncheon at the club today for all who have become members since January 1.

BOGUS EXAMINER HELD TO APRIL GRAND JURY

Ralph Jordan, held for impersonating an interstate commerce examiner, was bound over to the April federal grand jury in the sum of $2,000, at his hearing before Commissioner Daniel. Jordan admitted that he had represented himself to be a government official, but he denied that he had obtained any money.