

BRANDEIS STORES

Offer Greater Bargains Than Ever Saturday In Men's Clothes, From Our Great Purchase of the Entire Stock of

BOURKE'S CLOTHES SHOP 318 So. 15th St. OMAHA

OUR SALE ON THE CLOTHES IN THE BOURKE STOCK HAS BEEN TREMENDOUS, AND EVERY MAN WHO HAS BOUGHT A SUIT HAS BEEN MORE THAN SATISFIED. THIS STOCK, NOW ON SALE, IS IMMENSE—Every man can be fitted. The bargains are wonderful.



All the Men's Spring and Fall Overcoats From the Bourke stock, worth up to \$25, at \$7.50, \$10, \$12.50

Men's Odd Trousers All the Men's \$3.50 and \$3 Trousers from the Bourke stock, at \$1.69 All the Men's \$5.00 and \$6.00 Odd Trousers from the Bourke stock, at \$2.69

This includes all the newest Spring Model Suits—from such famous makers as Alfred Benjamin & Co., Schloss Bros. & Co., and Ivan Frank—extreme new styles—rich, refined fabrics and patterns—sizes to fit every man.

Worth \$15, \$20 and \$25 **\$7.50** AND **\$11.50** Worth \$15, \$20 and \$25

All the Men's Cravenottes and Slip-On Rain Coats

All the Men's Storm-Proof Coats, worth up to \$10.00, at \$3.98 All the Men's Cravenottes and Slip-Ons, worth up to \$18.00, at \$7.50 All the Men's Cravenottes and Slip-Ons, worth up to \$25.00, at \$10.00

All the Men's Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits from the Bourke stock—all sizes—worth up to \$40, at \$17.50

BASEMENT
Boys' \$3 Shoes—Goodyear welted soles—sizes up to 13, at pair **\$1.25**

BASEMENT
Men's Shoes—Tan, Gun Metal and Patent leather—all sizes, at pair **\$1.85**

SALE OF MEN'S SHOES

MAIN FLOOR—OLD STORE
Gun Metal calf shoes in button and blucher styles, Goodyear welted soles; made to retail under the name of Lord Essex at \$3.50 a pair. New, up to date lasts, at **\$2.45**

Men's English Made Shoes—We are Omaha agents for these shoes, made by John Marlowe & Co. of England. Made from the best English leather; durability of leather is almost doubled. Gun metal calf, box calf, vicil kid and patent leather; all sizes, at **\$4.50**

Women's Shoes at \$2.48 Pair
In patent leather, dull calf, velvets and tan calf with 16-button tops, short vamps, broad toes; nicely made shoes, in all sizes and widths,

SHOES in OUR BASEMENT

NEW STORE
400 pairs Women's Pumps and strap slippers bought from one of the leading makers of this class of footwear. Samples, odd pairs and model pairs, all new styles, in satins, patent leather and suedes. Entire lot worth \$1.50 to \$3.50, Saturday, at pair **98c**

Women's Seamless Velvet Shoes—handsome dress shoes—all sizes, at **\$1.99**
Women's Shoes—Kid and patent leather—all sizes, at **50c**
Women's Juliet House Slippers—rubber heels, patent tips or plain; all sizes, at **50c**
Children's Soft Kidskin Shoes, button or lace, at pair **50c**

Men's Shoes in soft kid skin; all sizes, at **\$1.25**
Men's Rubbers, all sizes, at **50c**
Women's Rubbers, 75c kind **39c**
Children's Rubbers—rolled edges; 60c grade. All sizes, at **25c**

Special Sale Men's Negligee Shirts

Thousands of Men's Negligee Shirts in all new, attractive patterns for the coming season—collar and soft cuffs attached or the starched neckband style shirts—great values. Worth up to \$1.25—Saturday, old store, main floor, at, each **49c-69c**

BRANDEIS STORES CORRECT SPRING HATS FOR MEN

To each of Omaha's well dressed men we offer "The Hat That's Right." Our varieties are so much greater—the styles are so much better and the qualities selected with so much more care than you find in ordinary stores. Every new shape that is correct is seen first at Brandeis Stores.

STETSON HATS FOR MEN
The famous John B. Stetson Soft and Stiff Hats in all the new spring styles, at **\$3.50**
Cravenotte and Cloth Automobile Hats, values up to \$2.00—in one lot, at **50c**

New Felt Corduroy Hats at \$1.65
The shades are the popular mixture effects which will be worn in soft hats for spring. Lightweight, and can be worn in most any shape, \$2.50 values, at **\$1.65**

WILSON'S ENGLISH DERBIES
Brandeis Stores are sole agents in Omaha for Wilson's celebrated English Hats. All the new spring styles. Dress—**\$2.50** best hats in Omaha, at **\$2.50**

Clearing Sale Bourke's Hat Stock
All the \$3 Stiff Hats—all the \$3 Scratch Hats—all the \$3 Velour Hats **\$1.45** and all the \$3 Soft Hats, at **\$1.45**
All the English Golf Caps, values up to \$1.50, at **45c**

BRANDEIS STORES OMAHA OLD STORE

URE SHOWS CASH ON HAND

Omaha's Balance is Considerably Less Than it Was January 4.

FUNDS NOW ON HAND \$3,453,966

Daily Balances Are Now Struck Show Just How Much Money is in the Strong Boxes Each Day.

City Treasurer W. G. Ure has issued a balance sheet, showing the condition of all city funds at the close of the day yesterday, also the receipts and disbursements from January 4 to February 23. There was on hand at the opening of the day, January 4, \$3,171,784.14. The receipts from January 4 to February 23 amounted to \$273,180. Disbursements for the same period of time aggregated \$1,000,000.44, leaving a balance February 23 of \$2,444,963.80.

A daily balance sheet is kept by Mr. Ure, which enables him to tell in a few minutes the condition of all funds at the close of each day. Following is the condition of funds at the close of February, with the exception of the police relief and special funds, amounting to \$38,556.00 and \$1,002.32, respectively.

Bank Balances and Cash.

County	City of Omaha	School Dist.	Total
Omaha National bank, New York	11,254	12,452	23,706
Omaha National bank, Omaha	11,254	12,452	23,706
Merchants National bank, Omaha	68,197	70,118	138,315
First National bank, Omaha	87,129	74,261	161,390
United States National bank, Omaha	62,790	87,817	150,607
Nebraska National bank, Omaha	50,000	73,041	123,041
City National bank, Omaha	27,227	23,966	51,193
Corn Exchange National bank, Omaha	30,000	30,000	60,000
Packers National bank, South Omaha	15,000	15,000	30,000
Stock Yards Nat'l bank, South Omaha	6,000	6,000	12,000
Live Stock National bank, South Omaha	15,000	15,000	30,000
Farmers' State bank, Florence	2,500	2,500	5,000
Bank of Florence, Florence	2,500	2,500	5,000
German Bank of Millard, Millard	6,000	6,000	12,000
Margold & Glantz bank, Bennington	2,500	2,500	5,000
Farmers' and Merchants' bank, Benson	2,500	2,500	5,000
State Bank of Elkhorn, Elkhorn	2,500	2,500	5,000
Valley State bank, Valley	2,500	2,500	5,000
Bennington State bank	1,000	1,000	2,000
Cash in paying a/c	100	100	200
Checks for deposit in receiving a/c	1,674	1,354	3,028
Cash in paying a/c	2,384	2,113	4,497
Registered warrants	67,761	67,761	135,522
Trust certificates	284,217	284,217	568,434
1912 warrants purchased	235,625	235,625	471,250
Totals	\$679,789	\$1,343,136	\$2,022,925

Orchids Shipped from California to London

SAN MATEO, Cal., March 1.—A shipment of 1,500 rare orchids, gathered largely in the Philippines and Central America and valued at \$10,000, has left a local nursery for England, consigned to the palaces of King George, the duke of Westminster and the duke of Rutland. Preliminary shipping tests were made by sending plants to England and return in wood lined boxes. These proved entirely successful, the plants showing no ill effects of the double journey.

POLICE MATRON PROMOTED TO FIRST GRADE DETECTIVE

NEW YORK, March 1.—Mrs. Isabella Goodwin, a police matron, to whose credit is placed the capture of the taxicab robbers who recently held up two bank messengers and procured \$3,000, was advanced today to the rank of first grade detective at a salary of \$1,250 by Police Commissioner Waldo in recognition of her services.

If you have anything to exchange, advertise it in The Bee Want Ad column.

MARKING THE NORTH LINE

Planting Monuments on Boundary of United States and Canada.

NINE YEARS' JOB NEARS FINISH

Straightaway Line Between the Lakes and the Pacific Over Mountains, Forests and Prairies.

Extending over a period of nine years, the final lap of the work of running the international boundary line between the United States and Canada will be completed the coming summer. It is the longest straight line land boundary between any two nations in the world. It runs straight as an arrow line, along the forty-ninth parallel from the Great Lakes to the Pacific ocean for a distance of 1,500 miles and last summer the work was completed up to the Red river—ninety miles from the Lake of the Woods, a small lake connected with Lake Superior.

The work was done by Americans and Canadians working together, and the story of the many dangers and hardships encountered by the men is full of interest from start to finish. Commissioner G. H. Titman, of the Coast and Geodetic Survey for the United States and Commissioner W. F. King of Canada were the men entrusted with the carrying out of the plan, with the exception of that part of the line running through the Great Lakes.

Lines Needed Marking. The boundary line from the summit of the Rocky mountains to the Gulf of Georgia had been located by the former commission about 1882. At this time the country for the most part was an unknown wilderness, and it was barely possible for the men to locate the forty-ninth parallel by astronomical observations from such points as were accessible. This left long stretches of country—from five to twenty-seven miles—in which no attempt had been made to mark the boundary on the ground. While the early engineers had definitely settled the location of the boundary by stating that the boundary line should be straight lines joining the monuments located already and shown on the maps of that commission, it was the duty of the men of this party to join these widely separated monuments by straight lines—to cut a vista twenty feet wide, ten feet on either side of the line, through dense forests; to locate the position and erect permanent monuments at intervals of not more than four miles; to extend the system of triangulation—that is, to determine the latitude and longitude of the various monuments—and make a topographic map covering the country for two miles on either side of the line.

signals were erected on permanent points, the next work was to cut the vista. This work was usually superintended by a transit man, accompanied by ten or fifteen ax men, the transit man going ahead and marking the line as best he could, with the ax men following close as possible. All the trees were covered with snow and the first blow of the ax brought down great quantities of snow, which would trickle down the back of the necks of the ax men. In some cases trees eight to ten feet in diameter at the base were encountered, when immense saws operated by six or eight men were brought into action.

Living on Dried Prunes. Many interesting incidents are related by the engineers who took part in this work, and who are now in Washington getting ready for their last trip to the northwest. B. C. Barnard tells of a time near the end of last season when the party was more than 100 miles from its base of supplies, and the pack train with food had become lost. Although their supplies were exhausted the men preferred to remain and complete the work, for more than two days subsisting on nothing but dried prunes, and after completing that part of the work they climbed more than 2,000 feet straight up the side of a mountain, in order to reach one of their camps where food could be secured.

While the line-cutting was being carried on the topographers were also doing their work, which consisted of making maps of the physical features of the surrounding country, on which were shown the streams, trails, roads, houses, mountain peaks, and, in fact, everything in relation to the boundary line.

"In the execution of this work the men frequently endured great hardships," Mr. Sinclair says. "I remember distinctly the difficulty we had in reaching some of the triangular stations, when trips had to be made of two and three days, where the climbing was so difficult everything possible had to be dispensed with, and the men could not even carry blankets. This, it will be remembered, was done above the snow line, it was dangerous climbing, too, where a single misstep meant being dashed to pieces on the rocks, 1,000 feet below. They could carry only a limited amount of food, and the food, together with the instruments, made a pack as heavy as a man could carry. It was exceedingly chilly work trying to sleep with no blankets, and frequently no fire, at a height of 7,000 to 8,000 feet."

Enduring Markers. After the line had been located and the vista cut, aluminum bronze monuments, five feet above the ground and three feet below, set in concrete foundations, were erected. The total weight of these monuments was about 250 pounds, and because of their weight, they had been made in sections in the factory. They were usually transported on the backs of mules, but many times the men themselves had to pack them on their own backs, and then be dragged up the sides of cliffs by means of a rope, one man going up first hand-over-hand, a rope and pull up the man with the load.

his body it slipped and caught him around the legs, and he was pulled up feet foremost for a distance of more than 100 feet and finally landed on the top of the cliff. This man never again asked his comrades to pull him up the side of a cliff, but did all his climbing alone.

Thomas Higgs, one of the engineers of the party, tells a good story of a terrific storm while we were in camp a frightful storm came up and gigantic trees were being blown down in all directions. This made it exceedingly dangerous work for all of us that day. The storm abated somewhat in the afternoon, but that night, after everybody had returned to camp, it started again, raging and roaring through the woods as though there were a thousand axmen chopping down trees right and left. Many of these trees, we saw the next morning, were stumps of 300 feet or more. The trees continued to fall during the night until, finally, one great giant of a tree fell right on the camp. It certainly must have been a miracle, as the immense trunk struck only one tent, the branches of the tree extending over the other tents. In the tent struck by the tree trunk the cook was sitting at the door, and the trunk missed him by a foot or two. He jumped up in great fright, upset the gasoline tank, which took fire from his candle, and the whole tent went up in a flash. We could see the cook running through the woods like a madman, yelling as though a thousand fiends were after him. It happened in his madness he took the proper way to get clear of the mass. If he had run through the front part of the tent he would have surely been killed, but, instead, he rushed to the back part, went clear through the tent cover and landed in a ravine about thirty feet deep. We fished him out, and in a day or so he was all right.

"I remember one particularly nerve-racking incident which happened to one of our mules loaded with dynamite," said J. H. Van Wagenen, another member of the party. "This mule fell over backward on a narrow trail and landed right in front of a party of men coming up the trail. The men saw the mule coming with the packages marked dynamite and in their hurry to get to a safe distance fell over each other and made one tangled mass. When they finally released themselves they got up, and, looking around, found the mule contentedly chewing grass, with the dynamite still on his back."

The work from the Pacific to the Rocky mountains was completed in 1902. The examination was completed in 1908, and the survey of the line from the summit of the Rocky mountains to the Lake of the Woods was started in 1909, and is now completed up to the Red river, the boundary line between North Dakota and Minnesota. From here east the line will cross a country filled with great swamps and where great difficulty will be experienced in setting monuments on the line. One of the swamps is forty-five miles long. As there is only a distance of ninety miles yet to complete the engineers confidently expect to finish the work this summer.—Philadelphia Record.

MAY BE THE DOMINANT RACE

No Limit to Uplift Possibilities of China Under Progressive Rule.

The awakening of China's 400,000,000 to a democratic nationality, after centuries of a torpor that has made oriental lethargy proverbial, fixes the year 1912 as one of the most important in all history. Viewed both as to ethnology and numbers, its like has no parallel in the records of man. It is so monumental an event that its potential importance will be fully realized only in the perspective that time will provide.

Will the republic endure? If there are in the race the seeds to revitalize it, what will be the effect of the stupendous new homogeneous power on the present racial adjustment? As to the first question, the wonderful patience of the Chinese may answer. A people who could wait 300 years for the opportune moment to strike off the shackles of a hated foreign control are likely to give the new form of government time to work out its destiny. There is absent the mercenary character of, let us say, the Latin Americans.

There are other attributes of success. China has never lacked individual genius in statecraft and business, even in the years of its lowest national vitality. Its Sun Yat Sen and Wu Ting-fang are types of abundant constructive virility. It has long had in the city of Tokyo alone 600 Chinese students yearly, and in America and Europe thousands more, schooling themselves in the modern arts of the east. Within the last decade newspapers have sprung up all over the country, and they have learned their power. Such a people can probably be counted on to make a success of democracy. And if they succeed, what will they do to other races? That may depend on how the others hold up under the enervating effects of wealth. Luxury is working a visible deterioration in the Caucasian fabric. History is a record of race succumbing to race in dominance. Is the Chinese man destined to be the dominant factor in a new cycle of civilization?—Los Angeles Tribune.

Relieves Backache

Sloan's Liniment is a great remedy for backache. It penetrates and relieves the pain instantly.

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

is also good for sciatica.

Dr. E. S. Sloan - Boston, Mass.

HAMMOND'S REPORT SHOWS BIG INTERNAL REVENUES

Internal revenue collections for the Omaha division of the district of Nebraska are greater by over \$20,000 for the last month than they were for February, 1911. The figures for last month were \$260,711.21 and for February last year the total collections amounted to only \$238,729.98.

BIRTHS AND DEATHS SHOW LESS FOR FEBRUARY

The number of births and deaths in the city for February were less than for several months preceding. The total births were 197, of which 101 were males, 94 females, 3 colored boys and 3 colored girls, and two sets of twins. There were 122 deaths.

TWO FILE FOR NOMINATION TO BOARD OF EDUCATION

Dr. E. Hoovertchiser, member of the Board of Education from the Second Ward, and E. V. Cole, Fourth ward member, both republicans, have filed for re-nomination. Members are to be elected to the board from the First, Second, Third and Fourth wards.

Key to the Situation—See Advertising.

Protect Yourself!
Against Imitations
Substitutes ... Imitations
Get the Well-Known Round Package
HORLICK'S MALTED MILK
Made in the largest, best equipped and sanitary Malted Milk plant in the world
We do not make "milk products"—Skim Milk, Condensed Milk, etc.
But the Original-Genuine
HORLICK'S MALTED MILK
Made from pure, full-cream milk and the extract of select malted grain, reduced to powder form, soluble in water. Best food-drink for all ages.
ASK FOR HORLICK'S
Used all over the Globe
Not in any Milk Trust