Looking Backward This Day in Omaha
Thirty—Twenty—Ten Years Ago —See Editorial Page of each issue

THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

WEATHER FORECAST.
Generally Fair

VOL. XLI—NO. 214. OMAHA, THURSDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 22, 1912—SIXTEEN PAGES. SINGLE COPY TWO CENTS.

DEMOCRACY MADE TEXT BY COLONEL

Big Business, Fitness of People to Rule and Reforms in Wisconsin Discussed.

ANTI-TRUST LAW GOOD AND BAD

Roosevelt Would Have Definite Policy as to Trusts.

JUDICIARY RECALL LAST RESORT

Declares it is Unnecessary to Keep Courts Independent.

DELIVERS TALK AT COLUMBUS

Roosevelt Praises Progressive Legislation Adopted in Wisconsin Under Leadership of La Follette.

COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 21.—"Big Business," the fitness of the American people for self-government, the recall of judges, and praise for the progressive legislation in Wisconsin instituted and furthered by Senator Robert H. La Follette when he was governor, were topics discussed by Theodore Roosevelt in an address before the Ohio Constitutional convention here. Colonel Roosevelt chose as his subject, "A Charter of Democracy."

Of what he termed "Big Business," Colonel Roosevelt had this to say:

"The anti-trust law does good insofar as it can be invoked against combinations which really are monopolies or which restrict production or which artificially raise prices. But insofar as its workings are uncertain or as it threatens corporations which have not been guilty of anti-social conduct it does harm. There should be a fixed governmental policy which shall clearly define and punish wrongdoing and give in advance full information to any man as to just what he can and just what he cannot legally and properly do."

As to the fitness of the American people for self-government, Colonel Roosevelt said: "Many eminent lawyers believe that the American people are not fitted for popular government and that it is necessary to keep the judiciary 'independent of the majority of the people.' I take absolute issue with all those who hold such a position."

Of the recall of judges, he said: "The question is one of expediency merely. Each community has the right to try the experiment for itself in whatever shape it pleases. I do not believe in adopting the recall save as a last resort when it has become clearly evident that no other course will achieve the desired result."

Senator LaFollette was mentioned but once, as follows: "Following Senator La Follette a number of practical workers and thinkers in Wisconsin have turned that state into an experimental laboratory of wise governmental action in aid of social and industrial justice. They have initiated that kind of progressive government which means not only the preservation of true democracy, but the extension of the principle of true democracy into industrialism as well as into politics."

Girl Burned to Death Near Sturgis, S. D.

STURGIS, S. D., Feb. 21.—(Special Telegram.)—The 11-year-old daughter of Alfred Wadnam, living three miles west of Sturgis, died last night from the effects of burns. She was putting wood in the stove when her clothes caught fire. The child became frightened and ran out into the wind, but no one was present to render assistance.

KNOX INCIDENT KEPT FROM COLOMBIAN PUBLIC

BOGOTA, Colombia, Feb. 21.—The action of General Pedro Nel Ospina, Colombian minister to the United States, in notifying the State department at Washington that the visit to Colombia of Secretary of State Knox would be inopportune has not become known to the general public.

The Colombian government has the matter under consideration, but either the newspapers are ignorant of the occurrence or else comment has been suppressed.

NEGROES SUCCEED IN GETTING AWAY FROM MOB

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Feb. 21.—A mob seeking a negro murderer and his companion near Brentwood failed to catch the blacks today. One of the fleeing negroes shot and fatally wounded Mack Volt, superintendent of a railroad construction company when Volt ordered him to go to work this morning.

The Weather

FOR NEBRASKA—Generally fair, warmer northwest portion.
FOR IOWA—Generally fair, colder.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday.

Hour.	Deg.
5 a. m.	21
6 a. m.	21
7 a. m.	22
8 a. m.	23
9 a. m.	23
10 a. m.	23
11 a. m.	23
12 m.	22
1 p. m.	22
2 p. m.	24
3 p. m.	24
4 p. m.	24
5 p. m.	22
6 p. m.	21
7 p. m.	22

Comparative Local Record.

	1912.	1911.	1910.	1909.
Highest yesterday	35	24	19	51
Lowest yesterday	22	5	—2	32
Mean temperature	28	14	8	42
Precipitation	T	.00	.00	.00

Temperature and precipitation departures from the normal:

Normal temperature	32
Excess for the day	1
Total excess since March, 1911	2 [illegible]
Normal precipitation	.02 inch
Deficiency for the day	.02 inch
Total rainfall since March 1	16.72 inches
Deficiency since March 1	12.78 inches
Deficiency for cor. period, 1910	13.66 inches
Excess for cor. period, 1909	4.70 inches

— indicates below zero.
T indicates trace of precipitation.

L. A. WELSH, Local Forecaster.

The National Capital

Wednesday, February 21, 1912.

The House.

Chemical bill passed by a vote of 178 to 127.

Representative Hobson of Alabama introduced a resolution for a house inquiry of Representative Hay's charge that he had attacked the military affairs committee in an improper manner.

Military affairs committee favorably reported resolution requiring secretary of war to submit all papers bearing on Ainsworth case.

Agriculture department expenditure Committee Florida everglades inquiry halted to decide upon scope of investigation.

Representative Hobson precipitated a lively debate by demanding an investigation of Representative Hay's charge that he had attacked the military affairs committee in a "cowardly manner," but apologies ended the trouble.

The Senate.

Favorable report on the wireless telegraph treaty used by foreign relations committee.

Senator Hitchcock introduced a resolution to investigate Colombia's claim against the United States growing out of the formation of the Panama republic and the canal zone.

Widespread Anarchy Prevails in Several Sections of Mexico

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—Advices from Mexico to the state department today indicating widespread anarchy south of the Rio Grande caused much uneasiness in official circles. Several cities and towns are reported to be in the hands of rebels, protests by Americans against robberies are multiplying and robber bands are operating without apparent interruption throughout the republic.

It is feared here that all that is needed to plunge Mexico into civil strife is the appearance of a leader, who can harmonize the factions and bring the rebellious elements together. Sinaloa, Oaxaca and Yucatan are said to be virtually in a state of open warfare against the Madero government, while from all quarters of Mexico reports of raids by marauding bands continue to increase.

Americans in the Cullacan valley, in the south Mexico, have suffered to such an extent from the operation of the robber bands that they have made an urgent appeal for aid to the United States government through Consul Alger.

The situation in which Americans in Mexico find themselves is considered so serious by the department that its representatives there have been asked to make semi-weekly reports.

Talbot's Camp Has Delegate in Woodman Insurgent Meeting

MINNEAPOLIS, Feb. 21.—Prepared to make a strenuous fight against the so-called Mobile bill and its increase in rates recently adopted by the Modern Woodmen of America, scores of delegates from all parts of the United States arrived here today to attend the national Modern Woodmen assembly, which begins tomorrow.

Among the "insurgent" delegates who are here today are F. F. Priest of Lincoln, Neb., representing Lincoln camp No. 99, of which A. R. Talbot, head consul of the Modern Woodmen of America, is a member, and Prof. Nathan Bernstein, head of the department of physics in the Omaha High school.

Iowa thus far has sent the largest number of delegates of any one state.

Frank K. Painter Will Give Bond

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 21.—Frank K. Painter, former business agent of the iron workers' union at Omaha, who has been in custody for almost a week, after consulting with other defendants in the dynamite conspiracy cases today prepared to give bond for his appearance for arraignment March 12.

Painter was apprehended at Prairie City, Ill., after government agents had traced him through various cities.

Strike Leader Ettor Held to Grand Jury

LAWRENCE, Mass., Feb. 21.—Joseph J. Ettor, Industrial Workers of the World leader in the local textile strike, and Arturo Giovannitti, his assistant, were held for the grand jury by Judge Mahoney in police court today charged with being accessories before the fact to the murder of Anna Lopizzo. The woman was killed in a strike riot January 29.

PACKERS SCOLD BRANCH MANAGERS OVER WIRE

CHICAGO, Feb. 21.—Scores of telegrams alleged to have been sent by Louis H. Heyman, manager of the dressed beef department of Morris & Co. urging eastern representatives to obtain higher prices were read in the packers' trial today.

The object of the government in introducing the telegrams was to show the test cost, the basis used by the packers in fixing the selling price.

In one message sent to Boston Heyman said:

What are you trying to do, put us out of business with your low selling prices?

One telegram addressed to a New York representative read:

This is awful and we cannot stand for it. Hold beef for better price, if you dont' sell another carcass this week.

Another message to a New York agent read:

If you don't get prices up we will have to reduce your shipments.

ALLEGED TRAIN ROBBER DENIES KNOWLEDGE OF CRIME

KEYSER, W. Va., Feb. 21.—"If I robbed that train I was so drunk that I didn't know what I was doing," declared F. A. Becker, the Baltimore & Ohio brakeman held here charged with holding up the Baltimore & Ohio passenger train at Everett tunnel, Garrett county, Maryland, Monday night. The prisoner is almost a nervous wreck.

LOSS IS FROM SIX TO TEN MILLIONS

Hundreds of Houses and Many Factories in Houston, Tex., Are Destroyed by Fire.

LARGE AREA IS BURNED OVER

All Structures on Twenty-Five Squares Are Gone.

FLAMES ARE CHECKED AT BAYOU

Firemen Succeed in Keeping Fire from Main City.

COMPRESSES AND WAREHOUSES

Forty-Five Thousand Bales of Cotton, Worth Two Million Dollars, Are Gone—Number of Persons Are Injured.

HOUSTON, Tex., Feb. 21.—Impelled by a gale that swept in with one of the coldest northers of the winter, flames swept through the eastern section of Houston early today, wiped out twenty-five blocks of the city and caused a loss set at from $6,000,000 to $10,000,000.

Scores of cottages were destroyed, as well as a number of big manufacturing plants and thousands of persons were made homeless.

The greater part of the loss is confined to the lumber and cotton industries. Forty-five thousand bales of cotton stored in warehouses and compresses were burned. This item alone represents a loss of $2,000,000.

The fire started in a cottage near the Southern Pacific railroad tracks soon after midnight. Its origin has not been definitely established. A heavy wind picked up the flames and hurled them to nearby cottages and boarding houses. In a flash they ignited, spouting great columns of sparks. Seizing these the forty-mile gale carried them blocks away and within half an hour after the fire broke out, a great area of small residences was in flames.

Fire Spreads to Factories.

The fire spread rapidly to manufacturing plants that bordered on cottages and boarding houses where hundreds of workingmen lived. The fire spread so rapidly that firemen for the time abandoned attempts to check the flames, instead devoting their energies to warning householders. Possible loss of life was thus averted.

At the big manufacturing plants and cotton compresses city firemen and volunteers had organized to fight the onrushing flames. Walls and roofs of the plants were water soaked. This water was licked up in the flash of an eye by the advance guard of sparks, and when the great columns of flames reached the factories they succumbed as easily as the rows of cottages.

Flames Checked at Bayou.

An hour after the flames began their advance, the firemen organized for a final stand at Buffalo bayou, a small stream that divides the eastern part of the city from the main section, and every piece of fire fighting apparatus was stationed along the bank of this stream. If the fire leaped the bayou, it meant the destruction of the entire city.

As the advancing towers of flame began to hies toward the bayou banks, hundreds of streams of water were hurled into them, checking, little by little, their progress. At some of the narrower portions of the stream the flames leaped across, but the more substantial buildings they reached did not afford the tinderlike fuel heretofore encountered, and the spread of the fire was prevented.

Thousands of persons were driven from their homes. In the cold of the norther they suffered slightly from exposure. Relief work was at once set under way, however, and food and clothing provided for the refugees.

Many persons were hurt during the fire, but so far as can be determined there were no casualties.

Large Area Swept Clean.

The burned area is at least a mile and a half long and at points a quarter of a mile wide. It embraces the ashes of long rows of cottages and solid streets of manufacturing plants. It was swept clean by the flames. Nothing was saved.

One of the first of the more pretentious buildings attacked was the brick Star and Crescent hotel. Inmates had been warned of the oncoming flames and all escaped without injury.

The flames' roar gave warning of their coming, and hundreds of persons, giving no heed to the chilling wind, dashed from their homes clad only in their night clothes as they heard it. Women carrying babies; women at whose skirts small children clung, gathered in homes of nearby neighbors for refuge, only to be driven out a few minutes later by the further progress of the fire.

Homeless Are Cared For.

Firemen appointed leaders among the men of the flame-swept district, and they, marshaling the refugees, led them to the rear of the flames and out of danger. Homes were quickly provided for the stricken people in other residence sections of the city. Clothing and food was prepared by a relief committee and there was comparatively little suffering.

Among the mills, factories and plants either totally destroyed or seriously damaged by the fire are the McFadden Southern Compress and Warehouse company, Rogers Paint company, Hudson's Pencil factory, Houston Packing company, slightly damaged; Reid H. Farrell lumber yards, Standard Compress company, the Co-Operative Manufacturing company, Acme mill, St. Patrick's Roman Catholic church and a school operated in conjunction with the church.

Cleveland compress and cotton warehouse, McIlhenney cotton pickery, Texas Tinners' Supply company, Industrial Rice Milling company's plant, Southwestern Rice company's mill, Hoosier Vinegar company's plant and a number of lesser mills were also destroyed.

Besides the 45,000 bales of cotton destroyed with the Standard compress, thirty-six Southern Pacific cars loaded with cotton bales were burned.

The number of homes and stores burned amounts to more than 250.

York Store is Robbed.

YORK, Neb., Feb. 21.—(Special.)—Behling's clothing store was entered last night by some one taking out a window pane in the back of the store. The thief took $150 from the cash register, leaving between $25 and $30 in silver in the drawer. Nothing else was disturbed.

Interesting

From the Washington Star.

HOUSE PASSES CHEMICAL BILL

Underwood Tariff Measure Goes Through, 178 to 127.

REPUBLICANS VOTE AGAINST IT

All Insurgents Vote with Regulars for First Time in Three Years on a Bill of This Kind.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—For the first time since the insurgent republicans broke away from the regulars in the fight on the petroleum duty in the Payne tariff bill in 1909, the republicans of the house today presented practically a solid front against the passage of a tariff revision bill. All insurgents voted with the regular republican forces against the Underwood chemical tariff, which was passed, however, by a vote of 178 to 127.

The insurgents opposed the measure on the ground that it was revision upward instead of downward.

"This bill has no support from the independent voters in the house, because it is a rank case of upward revision," said Representative Victor Murdock of Kansas, a leader of the insurgents. "It would take scores of articles from the free list and put duties on them. It is indefensible."

Representative Theron Akin of New York, who was elected to congress as an independent republican, voted for the measure, as did also Mr. Hanna of North Dakota, a regular republican. Representative Berger of Wisconsin, socialist, voted against it. All democratic members of the house voted for the bill.

Senate Will Grant Hearings.

With the passage of the chemical revision bill by the house today, another democratic tariff measure was added to the senate calendar. The steel bill is pending in the senate, where only a coalition of progressive republicans and the democrats can pass it.

The intention of the senate finance committee is to grant ample hearings to all parties interested in the tariff bills sent over from the house.

The republican members of the senate finance committee have had but one conference. They have not definitely outlined their tariff program.

The illness of Senator La Follette has interfered seriously with the formulation of policy by the progressive republican senators, who hold the balance of power.

Missing Papers in Ray Case Are Found

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—The missing papers in the inquiry being conducted into charges of political activity against Major B. B. Ray of the army pay department by the house committee on war expenditures were sent to the committee today by Secretary of War Stimson.

They were discovered in the War department, he said, among some personal papers of former Chief of Staff Bell and refer to conditions under which Major Ray was granted his many leaves of absence.

As soon as the committee has the opportunity to examine the documents the hearings in the Ray case will be resumed.

Tug Omaha is Sunk by Ice at Kansas City

KANSAS CITY, Feb. 21.—Breaking of an ice gorge here today caused a rush of heavy floes down the Missouri river, sinking the tug Omaha and caving in the sides of a large barge. Three rivermen narrowly escaped death when the tug was sunk. Colder weather north of Kansas City is believed to have lessened the danger of boats moored in the river.

Recalled Mayor of Seattle is Given Renomination

SEATTLE, Wash., Feb. 21.—Former Mayor Hiram C. Gill, removed from office in disgrace a year ago by a recall election, was given an overwhelming plurality over his rivals for nomination for office yesterday at the municipal primaries.

Gill received nearly 10,000 more votes than his nearest competitor, George F. Cotterill, single tax candidate, who will oppose him at the election in March. Thomas A. Parrish, business men's candidate, ran a close third, and Hulett M. Wells, socialist, fourth.

Gill campaigned under an "open town" slogan and the result yesterday is said to indicate his probable election over Cotterill in March.

With 221 out of 281 precincts counted the vote for mayor stood:

Gill, 18,997; Cotterill, 10,882; Parrish, 9,813; Wells, 7,780.

Spokane Shippers Ask Reparation of Two Million Dollars

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—As a sequel to the Interstate Commerce commission's decision in the famous "Spokane rate case" that freight charges to and from Spokane were unreasonable and exorbitant, the shippers of the eastern Washington metropolis today made a demand on various northwestern and transcontinental lines for $2,000,000 reparation.

The complaint against the railroads was filed with the commission and covers the alleged excessive freight charges exacted during the years 1910 and 1911. It is the largest single case of reparation ever brought before the commission and amounts almost to as much as the aggregate of the notable "yellow pine cases" of 1907.

Home-Made Whisky Fatal to Maker

ONAWA, Ia., Feb. 21.—(Special.)—A man named Amazon is dead, George Fitzsimmons is unconscious and Charles Hammers very weak as the result of an attempt to make their own whisky. The three men reside at Mondamin, a small station south of here. Amazon had a receipt for making whisky and induced his pals to help. They drank freely of the deadly poison, with fatal results.

Boyce Was Unarmed When Shot by Sneed

FORT WORTH, Tex., Feb. 21.—Captain A. G. Boyce was unarmed when shot by J. R. Sneed on January 13, according to Fred Mueller, the undertaker, who took Boyce to the hospital before he died. He undressed Captain Boyce, he said. Mueller was the last witness for the prosecution and arguments in the case were to be begun this afternoon.

Business Portion of Floyd, Ia., Burns

CHARLES CITY, Ia., Feb. 21.—Fire swept the business section of Floyd, six miles north of here, this morning, destroying seven store buildings, including the postoffice. The loss is estimated at $50,000. The fire originated in a meat market, but the cause has not been ascertained.

WIND STORM SWEEPS SOUTH

Number of Towns in Mississippi Are Badly Damaged.

PENSACOLA, FLA., IS ISOLATED

All Wires Leading Into Town Are Down—Houses Are Blown Down and Hundreds of Animals Are Killed.

MERIDIAN, Miss., Feb. 21.—A destructive windstorm swept over this district last night, destroying thousands of dollars' worth of property, killing herds of cattle and demolishing homes in the surrounding country. Telegraph wires were prostrated, communication not being restored till this afternoon.

Rev. W. T. Carroll was seriously injured when his home at Kiondyke, near Meridian, was destroyed. A dozen other residences there were blown down.

At Antioch a church was scattered in every direction and two houses blown down.

At Bodga and Bailey several buildings were wrecked.

Reports from the storm area are slow in reaching here owing to the almost paralyzed condition of the the telegraph and telephone wires.

Wires Down Along Coast.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 21.—Attempts to communicate with Pensacola, where it is known a severe storm raged last night, were unsuccessful today. All wires are down.

At points along the Florida coast in the vicinity of Pensacola a wind velocity of sixty miles an hour was registered. It was accompanied by a heavy rain.

Wind and Snow in Texas.

DALLAS, Tex., Feb. 21.—Heavy windstorms, accompanied in some sections of Texas by heavy snowfall, did thousands of dollars' damage by wrecking buildings and demoralizing telegraph and telephone service today. In the Panhandle country the storm, accompanied by four inches of snow, completely disarranged railroad schedules.

San Antonio and Austin, where the damage appears greatest, report a wind averaging seventy to 100 miles an hour, which unroofed many residences, blowing down chimneys and uprooting trees.

At El Paso much damage is feared from frost, as fruit trees were in blossom.

Storm in Central States.

CHICAGO, Feb. 21.—A snowstorm blown by a forty-two-mile gale from the north visited Chicago and the central states today accompanied by a sudden drop of the mercury.

The snow belt reaches south to St. Louis, west to central Iowa, north a short distance into Wisconsin and east into Ohio. Not more than an inch of snow has fallen in any section, but it is coming down steadily. Delay in hog shipments caused the market to go up from 5 to 10 cents here at the opening today.

John Harmon, a laborer, was a victim of the storm here. His body was found partly frozen in a snow drift in the yard of his home.

KANSAS CITY, Feb. 21.—With the clearing of the skies in Kansas and Oklahoma and northern Texas today, railroad traffic impeded by heavy snows yesterday assumed semblance of regularity. Snow continued falling today in southern Missouri and northern Arkansas. Two feet of snow has fallen at Springfield, Mo.

TWENTY-NINE HURT IN PANIC IN PICTURE SHOW

WHEELING, W. Va., Feb. 21.—In an explosion and panic in a moving picture show at Albrightsville, Preston county, W. Va., twenty-nine persons were injured last night, one of them fatally. Some of the twenty-eight injured are said to be fatally hurt.

SOCIETY NIGHT AT AUTO SHOW

Last Night Labeled Society Night and Elite of the City Are Out.

ADMISSION PRICE IS DOUBLED

Some Attractive Gowns Are Worn by Pretty Women.

EXHIBITORS IN FORMAL DRESS

Flowers Are Given Away to Feminine Visitors at Exhibition.

HOTELS ARE FULL OF VISITORS

Automobile Dealers Are Doing Rushing Business, with Many Customers from Over Nebraska and Western Iowa.

Society was out at the automobile show last night, for it was designated as "society night," and Omaha society has acquired the habit of attending the annual show on the night set apart for it.

The admission price was double the usual figure, but that was one of the features which insured a social success. It gave assurance that the Auditorium would not be overcrowded and called the attention of the city's elite to the fact that the management did not merely label the night "society night," but endeavored to make it so in fact.

Automobile shows have not yet become the occasion for the display of dress that is seen at the usual horse show, yet the tendency is leaning more and more this way on the special nights set aside for society. Last night was much more brilliant in a social way than the corresponding night of last year's show. Some attractive gowns were worn by the feminine contingent—of course what the men wore doesn't make any difference. The well dressed women made a beautiful picture as they lounged about in the handsome cars or promenaded up and down the avenues that run the length of the building.

All the exhibitors were in evening dress, also the floor committee—Clarke Powell, J. J. Dwight, Denise Barkalow and J. T. Stewart, 2d. Every speck of dust has been taken from the machines. There was an extra supply of roses, carnations and other flowers for decorations, flowers were given away to feminine visitors at many of the exhibits and Neble's orchestra gave a special program.

The show has brought more outsiders into the city than any other event since Ak-sar-ben week, say the exhibitors. All the hotels in the city are taxed to their utmost capacity. The Merchants' hotel installed fifty cots in the halls and other spare places in the building and still had to turn away guests. The other hotels are nearly all doing the same thing.

The dealers are doing a rushing business in the sale of motor cars. Hundreds of dealers from Nebraska and Iowa are here and nearly every one has one or more prospective customers with him. A would-be purchaser will spend a day or two at the show, settle on two or three types of car that he likes and then go to the garages on automobile row where these cars are kept in stock and try them out with a spin on the road. Then he will make his final choice.

SIXTEEN ARE HURT IN WRECK AT LOWDER, ILL.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 21.—Sixteen persons, twelve passengers and four trainmen, were injured in a head-on collision between a Chicago, Burlington & Quincy passenger train and a freight train of the same road at Lowder today. No one was fatally hurt. Engineer Laymen and Fireman French were seriously injured.

The railroad company refused to give out the names of passengers injured. The collision, it is said, was due to the terrific snowstorm which prevented the engineers from seeing far ahead.

BOOKKEEPER TAKES FOURTH OF THE BANK'S DEPOSITS

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 21.—Earl Standard, the missing bookkeeper of the American National bank of Pomona, whose alleged defalcations were found yesterday to amount to $149,000, is said to be in hiding here. His arrest is expected soon. The entire surplus and half the capital stock of the bank are said to have been swept away by the shortage, which amounted to one-fourth of its total deposits.

Buying or Selling—

You will always find that want ads in The Bee get results that are most satisfactory. Men with money to buy or men looking for really good business chances turn to the classified columns of this paper. The best opportunities are there. If you want to buy, you will find exactly what you desire under the "Business Chances" heading. If you wish to sell, insert an ad there—your results will amaze. For a few pennies you can do this, and you receive dollars in return.

Others Get Results,

so you are certain to do equally well. Bee want ads are the easiest way—the quickest and the most satisfactory. It means money for you to read and use Bee want ads.

Try it a while