Looking Backward This Day in Omaha
Thirty—Twenty—Ten Years Ago —See Editorial Page of each issue

THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

WEATHER FORECAST.
Generally Fair

VOL. XLI—NO. 190. OMAHA, THURSDAY MORNING, JANUARY 25, 1912—TWELVE PAGES. SINGLE COPY TWO CENTS.

VESSELS COLLIDE WHEN PILOT DIES

Ocean Liner Strikes United States Armored Cruiser Colorado at Honolulu.

ARMORED SHIP SUFFERS DAMAGE

Gun is Jammed Near Cabin Occupied by the Captain.

AMERICAN TOURISTS ABOARD

Hundreds of Travelers Going Around World on Cleveland.

MAN IN CHARGE FALLS DEAD

Passengers Remain Orderly Following Unexpected Accident Soon After Vessel's Arrival at Hawaiian Port.

HONOLULU, Jan. 24.—In a collision between the Hamburg-American liner Cleveland and the United States armored cruiser Colorado, the latter suffered considerable damage. The collision was due to the fact that Pilot Milton P. Sanders, who was in charge of the Cleveland, had dropped dead on the liner's bridge.

The steamer struck the Colorado astern, jamming a gun near the cabin occupied by Captain William A. Gill. The gun turret was wrenched and resetting probably will be necessary, although the extent of the damage could not be immediately determined. It is believed the propeller of the Colorado was broken. The Cleveland also suffered damage.

The Cleveland arrived here from New York via China and Japan at 5:30 o'clock this morning. The vessel was in command of Captain Dentwolf. It was on a trip around the world, on a tourists' excursion, and carried hundreds of American travelers. Many were ashore at the time of the collision. There was no panic or confusion.

BUYER OF INDIAN LAND MAKES QUICK PROFIT

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 24.—Luther Davies, an Oshkosh, Wis., lumberman, testified today in the congressional investigation of fraud charges in the sale of Indian lands that he purchased $10,000 worth of timber lands from the White Earth reservation at the first day of the sale at Crookston in 1909 and on the second day turned them over to Hovey C. Clarke, said then to have been with the Nichols-Chisholm Lumber company, for $24,000.

Mr. Davies testified that although the land was turned over to Mr. Clarke the second day of the sale by quit claim the total transfer was not made until three years afterward.

John Lynch of Minneapolis declared that he had heard rumors that there was a combine in bidding on the timber lands, but that he had no definite knowledge of such. He said, however, that while the government estimated the value of the land at approximately $78,000,000, representatives of the H. C. Akely Lumber company valued the lands at $120,000,000.

HOUSE REPUBLICANS WILL OPPOSE CAUCUS STEEL BILL

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—After a conference between President Taft and Representatives Payne and Dalzell, minority members of the house ways and means committee, Mr. Payne declared the minority would oppose the bill indorsed by the democratic house caucus reducing iron and steel duties. According to Mr. Payne, the minority would not agree to reductions on the iron and steel schedules until based on information from the tariff board. President Taft was understood to share the view of republican leaders.

J. B. SNEED RELEASED ON THIRTY-FIVE THOUSAND BOND

FORT WORTH, Tex., Jan. 24.—After proceedings in which the "unwritten law" was involved by frequent inference J. B. Sneed, slayer of Captain A. G. Boyce, was released on $35,000 bond today. Sneed's lawyers attempted to show that the elder Boyce had conspired to help his son during the time the latter and Sneed's wife were away together.

The Weather

For Nebraska—Mostly cloudy; not much change in temperature.

For Iowa—Mostly cloudy; warmer east portion.

Temperatures at Omaha Yesterday.

Hour.	Deg.
5 a. m.	27
6 a. m.	26
7 a. m.	27
8 a. m.	27
9 a. m.	27
10 a. m.	27
11 a. m.	27
12 m.	29
1 p. m.	31
2 p. m.	31
3 p. m.	31
4 p. m.	31
4 p. m.	31
5 a. m.	31
6 p. m.	31
7 p. m.	31
8 p. m.	31

Comparative Local Record.

	1912.	1911.	1910.	1909.
Highest yesterday	31	50	35	42
Lowest yesterday	26	22	16	24
Mean temperature	28	41	26	33
Precipitation	.00	.00	.00	.00

Temperature and precipitation departures from normal:

Normal temperature	29
Excess for the day	
Total excess since March 1	314
Normal precipitation	.02 inch
Deficiency for the day	.02 inch
Total rainfall since March 1	14.11 inches
Deficiency since March 1	13.61 inches
Deficiency cor. period, 1911	15.94 inches
Excess for cor. period, 1910	2.21 inches

Reports from Stations at 7 P. M.

Station and State of Weather.	Temp. 7 p. m.	Highest.	Rainfall.
Cheyenne, clear	42	48	.00
Davenport, clear	22	30	.00
Denver, clear	32	34	.00
Des Moines, clear	26	28	.00
Dodge City, cloudy	26	36	.00
Lander, cloudy	24	34	.00
North Platte, clear	28	32	.00
Omaha, cloudy	31	31	.00
Pueblo, clear	38	48	.00
Rapid City, clear	34	41	.00
Salt Lake City, cloudy	46	50	.00
Santa Fe, clear	34	38	.00
Sheridan, cloudy	36	42	.00
Sioux City, cloudy	28	28	.00
Valentine, part cloudy	28	44	.00

L. A. WELSH, Local Forecaster.

The National Capital

Wednesday, January 24, 1912.

The Senate.

In session at 2 p. m.

Lorimer senatorial election inquiry postponed.

Foreign relations committee agreed to recommend adoption of the general trade mark treaty.

Public lands committee favorably reported a bill making 18,000,000 acres of public oil lands available for agricultural entry.

Bill to create child labor bureau was discussed by Senators Borah, Bailey and others.

An agreement was reached for a vote on the child labor bureau bill next Tuesday.

The House.

Met at noon.

R. P. Gray, a San Francisco dealer, alleged before Steel trust investigating committee that steel corporation subsidiary concerns stifled independents.

A recess until next week was decided upon.

It was charged before postoffice committee that postal officials misinformed congress as to the safety of clerks in railway mail cars.

George W. Fairchild chosen New York member of republican congressional committee.

President Dearborn of American-Hawaiian Steamship company before Interstate Commerce committee opposed government ownership of proposed steamship line through Panama canal.

Appropriations committee gave hearing on recommendations of President Taft's economy commission.

Republican Leader Mann proposed the increase of all district judges salaries from $6,000 to $7,000.

Passed a bill abolishing the Chicago circuit judgeship and replacing it with an additional district judge. The bill would require publication of all endorsements of federal judges prior to appointment.

Roosevelt Declines to Talk of Governor Hadley's Statement

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—The silence which Colonel Theodore Roosevelt has maintained regarding the discussion of his possible renomination was unbroken today. He declined to comment on the declaration of Governor Hadley of Missouri, except to add that he had read what the governor had said.

Arthur F. Karb, secretary of the One Million Population club, of St. Louis and Isaac Hedges called upon Colonel Roosevelt to ask him to address the club at its annual banquet on February 22. Mr. Roosevelt declined the invitation.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Friends of the administration were surprised today at the announcement that Governor Hadley of Missouri had come out in support of the nomination of Colonel Roosevelt. Governor Hadley's support had been counted upon by political advisers of President Taft.

When the Missouri governor was in Washington several weeks ago it was announced that he had practically pledged himself to support Mr. Taft for renomination. So confident were the political advisers of the president that Governor Hadley was working in his interest, that Secretary of Commerce and Labor Nagel, who comes from St. Louis, practically surrendered state leadership to the governor.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Jan. 24.—Governor Hadley today stated that he had made no statement in Washington or elsewhere that he favored the re-nomination of Mr. Taft.

The governor said that the story to the effect that he was favorable to Mr. Taft was printed during the Washington visit referred to by the correspondent of a St. Louis paper, whom he took to task over the matter before leaving the national capital. The correspondent he said defended his action by saying he had not quoted Governor Hadley, but had credited him with being out for President Taft's renomination under the belief that such was the case.

Duke to Be Received By President Like a New Ambassador

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—After conferences lasting many hours, White House and State department officials were sufficiently "brushed up on precedents" today to announce some of the details for the reception of the duke of Connaught by President Taft tomorrow afternoon. Although striving for informality, the White House determined it best to receive the duke like a new ambassador.

President Taft will receive the duke probably in the Blue room.

Following the formal reception, Mrs. Taft will serve tea, probably in the state dining room. Wives of the cabinet members and possibly a few friends of Mrs. Taft may be invited to this part of the reception. From the White House the royal visitor will be escorted to the British embassy, where he will be a dinner guest of the ambassador.

Actor Shoots Wife, Then Kills Himself

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Jan. 24.—A special to the News-Press from Chillicothe, Mo., says Thomas Caldwell shot his wife, Bettie Caldwell, leading woman of a traveling theatrical company, in a hotel at Marshall Mo., today and then committed suicide with the same weapon. The woman will recover. Their home is in New York. The tragedy was due to jealousy of the husband.

WILL ATTEMPT TO GROW SUGAR BEET SEED AT HOME

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—In order that the United States may not be dependent upon Germany, Russia, France and other foreign countries for sugar beet seed, as is the case at present, strenuous efforts are to be made to raise it in this country. W. K. Winterhalter of San Francisco, an expert on sugar beet culture, called on Secretary of Agriculture Wilson and Dr. B. T. Galloway, chief of the bureau of plant industry, today to discuss the subject. They told him the department would do all it could through its investigation work to aid in having the seed raised here. Practically all the sugar beet seed from abroad, about $1,000,000 a year, is going into the pockets of foreign producers.

TRAINMEN FAIL TO DO THEIR DUTY

Committee Fixes Responsibility for Wreck in Which Three Railroad Officials Were Killed.

THREE MEN ARE NEGLIGENT

Engineer, Flagman and Conductor Are Named.

TRAINS WERE RUNNING CLOSE

Men Named Knew it and Did Not Take Sufficient Care.

OTHER INVESTIGATIONS BEGUN

Inspectors for Interstate Commerce Commission and Illinois Railroad Commission Visit Scene of Disaster.

CHICAGO, Jan. 24.—Negligence on the part of three trainmen contributed to the Illinois Central wreck at Kinmundy, Ill., Sunday night in which J. T. Harahan, former president of that line, and three other railroad officials were killed, it was held by an investigating committee here today. The trainmen are:

Engineer R. J. Stuart, who was running train No. 3, which crashed into train No. 25.

John H. Brainard, conductor of train No. 25.

Harry J. Boecker, a flagman on train No. 25.

"Just what steps will be taken in the trainmen's cases has not yet been determined," said W. L. Park, vice president of the Illinois Central, and a member of the investigating committee.

All Accused Testified.

The report was given out following yesterday's investigation. The committee convened in Champaign and later went over the scene of the wreck. All of the accused trainmen were witnesses.

Regarding the alleged negligence of the trainmen the committee said in part:

"The board of inquiry finds that the conductor and the flagman of train No. 25, knowing that train No. 3 was following closely, were negligent in not using the means they had at their disposal.

"The board also finds that the engineer of train No. 3 was negligent in not discovering earlier his proximity to train No. 25.

"The testimony showed that the rules of the company governing the movement of these trains were clear and definite and thoroughly understood by the crews of the respective trains."

Other Investigations to Be Made.

CENTRALIA, Ill., Jan. 24.—H. W. Belnap, chief inspector of appliances for the Interstate Commerce commission, and two assistants, and A. L. Layman, inspector for the Illinois Board of Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners, arrived here today to make an investigation as to the cause of the Illinois Central wreck Monday in which James T. Harahan and three others were killed.

Americans in Peking Called to Legation by Minister Calhoun

LONDON, Jan. 24.—The American minister at Peking has called in all Americans living in outlying parts of the city, according to a news agency dispatch from Tien Tsin today. The friction between the Manchu troops of the imperial army and Yuan Shi Kai's force of Chinese troops is constantly increasing and a serious conflict may be precipitated at any moment.

Information obtained from an authoritative source confirms the report of the intention of Premier Yuan Shi Kai to leave Peking at the first favorable opportunity. Yuan Shi Kai intends to take up his residence in the British concession in that city.

Kenyon Endorses Cummins' Candidacy

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Senator Kenkon of Iowa today issued a statement announcing his endorsement of the presidential candidacy of his colleague, Senator Albert B. Cummins.

Senator Kenkon in a formal statement, declared he had been earnestly for the re-nomination of President Taft, especially because of the attack of men connected with "big business," who, the senator said, [illegible] to destroy the president "because of [illegible] courageous efforts to enforce the Sherman act.

"Had no more suitable candidate from my own state been presented," he said, "I should have continued to advocate his nomination."

Mr. Kenyon closed with a warm tribute to the public career of Senator Cummins.

Paroled Man Taken from Arms of Bride

LACROSSE, Wis., Jan. 24.—Pursued through five states, Robert Duncanson of Fond Du Lac, Wis., charged with forgery and violation of parole, was torn from the arms of his weeping bride at St. Louis, Mo., and was brought here yesterday by a Wisconsin parole officer, who later left for Waupun, with his prisoner. Duncanson, who had been released from the penitentiary on parole, disappeared in December and eloped with a young woman of Oshkosh, who did not know his record. The young woman, who comes of a good family, has been returned to her home.

PRESBYTERIANS STUDY HOME MISSION PROBLEMS

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 24.—A national gathering of picked men of the Presbyterian church met here today for a two days' convention to study the problem of home missions and plan for successful prosecution of the work throughout the country. Among the 124 delegates are Rev. Charles L. Thompson, general home mission secretary; Dr. John Dickson and Dr. Joseph Ernst McAfee, associate secretaries, all of New York City; Dr. Baxter I. Fullerton, field secretary of St. Louis.

Not Yet, But Soon

Will the Rising Price of Butter Bring Us to This?

From the Washington Star.

POWERS WATCHING ITALY

Searching Vessels for Turkish Officers Leads to Friction.

WAR INSURANCE BEING WRITTEN

Lloyds Charging Five Per Cent Against Possible Damage to Cargoes by War Between Italy and France.

BULLETIN.

PARIS, Jan. 24.—A dispatch from Rome says that the Italian government has given orders that the Turks taken from the French steamer Manouba shall be released. No confirmation of this has been received in official quarters.

LONDON, Jan. 24.—The activity of the Italian war vessels in the Mediterranean and the Red seas is causing increasing uneasiness in shipping insurance circles. Several large insurances have been effected during the last two days at Lloyds in this connection. A premium of 5 per cent was accepted to cover the risk of an outbreak of hostilities between France and Italy in the course of the next four months and, although there is no apparent reason for such an occurrence, a premium of 6 per cent was paid on the risk of an outbreak of war between Great Britain and France and within the next six months.

The Italian action in stopping steamers irrespective of their nationality and searching them for Turkish officers and contraband is believed to be an evidence of the determination of the Italian government to put an end to Turkish residence in Tripoli as speedily as possible.

Other Complications Probable.

It is thought, however, that the Italian activity may give rise to complications with those European powers whose shipping is put to inconvenience.

So far no action has been announced by the British government in regard to the seizure by the Italians of a number of Turkish officers, including the famous Riza Bey, from the British steamer Africa, in the Red sea. As, however, the declaration of London, which would permit such seizure, has not been ratified by Great Britain, a move may be made at any time.

The stoppage of the Austrian steamer Bregenz yesterday in the Red sea is regarded heer as likely to lead to an exchange of views between Austria and Italy.

Diplomats Talk It Over.

ROME, Jan. 24.—The Marquis Di San Giuliano, the Italian foreign minister, and Camelle-Barrere, the French ambassador to Italy, had an interview today, at which the question of the capture of the Turkish doctors and nurses from the French steamer Manouba was fully discussed. The Italian foreign minister expressed regret that the incident should even have threatened the cordial relations that existed between France and Italy.

FOREIGN WHEAT ACREAGE LARGER THAN LAST YEAR

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—The International Institute of Agriculture at Rome, Italy, has cabled the United States Department of Agriculture the following foreign crop information:

The area sown to winter wheat in Belgium this season is 104 per cent of last season's area; in Spain 85 per cent; in France 112 per cent; in Great Britain 101 per cent; in Canada 97 per cent; in British India, 99 per cent. Weather conditions in the countries named are favorable for winter cereal crops and their germination is regular.

"The production of lint cotton in Mexico this season is 56,500,000 pounds; in British India, 1,240,750,000 pounds; in Egypt, 650,500,000 pounds.

"The combined production of lint cotton of the three countries named this season is 115.8 per cent of last season's production."

Charges Postoffice With Keeping Facts from Congress

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Charges that the postmaster general and other postal officials suppress facts and misinform congress as to the safety of the lives of clerks in the railway mail service were made before the house committee on postoffices today by Urban A. Walter of Denver, Colo., formerly a railway mail clerk and editor of a postal journal.

Specific regulation of the postoffice service, he said, forbid a clerk to discuss wrecks. He charged that "the postmaster general has not stopped short of misinforming the committee and the public" as to conditions under which clerks work.

Mr. Walter exhibited a letter file, in which he said he had 300 letters from mail clerks reporting on unsanitary and unsafe mail cars, and said that the positions of the authors would be jeopardized if the names were published.

"It is a remarkable situation that this gag law of the department should keep the congress from getting at the facts," said Chairman Moon. "We can subpoenae these men, but we cannot protect their jobs if they testify."

Smoot Reports Bill to Liberalize the Public Land Laws

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—In the hope of checking emigration of American farmers to the Canadian northwest important attempts to liberalize the public land laws were favorably reported today by Senator Smoot from the public lands committee.

The enforced term of residence on a homestead would be reduced from five years to three and a homesteader would be permitted to absent himself from his claim six months every year.

Senator Borah and others who stand for liberalizing the laws have declared in the senate that a very desirable class of American citizens were being driven to Canada at the rate of 100,000 a year by the stringent land laws.

James J. Hill Denies Buying Gould Lines

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—Recent reports that important changes were to be made in the railroad map of the west were denied today by James J. Hill, insofar as they involved the Hill lines. It was reported that the Burlington and the Rock Island were to acquire half of Missouri Pacific holdings of Denver and Rio Grande, which controls the Western Pacific, and that the Hill system would thus obtain a connection through to San Francisco over the Western Pacific.

"Burlington has no intention," said Mr. Hill, "of obtaining an interest in any road west of Denver." He also characterized as "rubbish" the report that Great Northern would obtain entire control of Burlington and that the Northern Pacific would relinquish its half interest in the Burlington property.

GRAND JURY IS TRACING DYNAMITE ALARM CLOCKS

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 24.—Purchases of alarm clocks made by Orie McManigal, the confessed dynamiter, at Rochester, N. Y., and at other places were investigated by the federal grand jury today. Several jewelers said to have sold clocks to J. J. McNamara's "dynamiting crew" were questioned in the government's efforts to find out who besides McManigal paid for the clocks used in the time bombs. McManigal said McNamara called the clocks "a new invention."

THREE MILLIONS FOR HIDES

Big Item in Packing Products Not Factor in Test Cost.

AUDITOR OF NATIONAL TESTIFIES

W. E. Weber Says Allowance for By-Products Has No Effect on the Selling Price of Beef.

CHICAGO, Jan. 24.—Although no allowance was made for hides in 1909 and during a part of 1910, in figuring the test cost of beef, the books of the National Packing company show that in that period the corporation received from the sale of hides $3,[illegible].

The sales by months were given by William E. Weber, general auditor of the National Packing company, who began his fourth day on the witness stand in the packers' trial today.

The government contends that by not allowing credits on hides in this period the packers materially increased their test cost on beef and were enabled to raise the price to consumers without showing an excessive profit on their books.

Weber admitted that the value of hides during this period varied from 2 to 4 cents a pound, according to quality.

Weber said the plant of Ruddy Bros. at Kansas City had been continuously operated from the time of its purchase by the National Packing company in 1906 until thirty days ago, when it was closed for repairs. The Viles & Robbins plant at St. Joseph was a subsidiary of the Omaha Packing company and had not been in operation for several years at the time the National Packing company was organized, he said.

Killing Charge Lower in Peoria.

Before entering the employ of the National Packing company, Weber said, he was part owner of the Peoria Packing company, an independent concern at Peoria, in 1902. At that time, he said, his company used a test cost of beef and made a killing charge of $1.75 a head.

Weber said he believed it would be impracticable to conduct a dressed beef business without using a test cost.

"Did Edward Tilden, president of the National Packing company, ever give you any instructions in regard to the allowance for by-products in figuring the test cost of beef?" asked Attorney Crews on Weber's cross-examination.

"No," replied Weber.

"Where did you get that information?"

"From L. B. Patterson, vice president of the company."

"Does the allowance made for by-products have any effect on the price at which the meat is sold?" asked Attorney Ralph Crews.

"None," replied the witness.

"How is the actual selling price determined?"

"By the natural law of supply and demand and nothing else."

REPUBLICANS IN CONGRESS WILL CAUCUS FEBRUARY 5

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—A joint caucus of republican senators and representatives will be held February 5 in the hall of the house to ratify selections of members of the republican congressional campaign committee. The caucus is preliminary to the organization of the congressional committee in February for the coming campaign. Representative William B. McKinley of Illinois probably will be re-elected chairman.

ARGENTINA THREATENS TO BREAK WITH PARAGUAY

BUENOS AYRES, Jan. 24.—Diplomatic relations between Argentina and Paraguay will be broken off tomorrow unless in the interim the Paraguayan government satisfies Argentina's demands for compensation for the attack on shipping and other property belonging to its citizens.

TRUTH IS TOLD ABOUT DODGERS

Game of Bluff Enters Frequently Into Collections on Personal Property.

TREASURERS TELL SECRETS

Explain How Easy it is to Dodge the Ubiquitous Collector.

RISK IN DISTRESS WARRANTS

Some Use These Documents Successfully, While Others Do Not.

TRICKS OF TRADE ARE EXPOSED

County Treasurers in Convention Tell of the Different Methods Adopted in Making Tax Collections.

Could would-be tax dodgers have heard yesterday's discussion of "Personal Tax Collection," by the County Treasurers' Association of Nebraska, they would have been fortified in their belief that it is almost impossible for the county treasurer to make them pay their personal taxes if they don't want to do so.

"I work a big bluff, but if they took a notion to call my bluff, they might get off," said Ray C. Langford, treasurer of Lincoln county. "If they persistently refuse to pay, I let the information go out to them that I am getting out a distress warrant to levy on their property and they usually come across. If a delinquent moves out of the state, I get the name of the sheriff in the county to which he has gone and write him that I have issued a distress warrant and have sent it to sheriff So-and-So to serve. That usually brings the money. Not one man in 1,000 knows that a distress warrant is no good outside the state."

Fearing trouble of various sorts for themselves, the treasurers hesitate to issue distress warrants, judging by the remarks of many of them during the discussion. Frank A. Furay, former treasurer of Douglas county, told how his predecessor, Robert Fink, had been "stung" for $1,100 by issuing such a warrant. Fink levied on some buggies of an Omaha concern and sold them for taxes. The concern sued him in district court and got judgment on the ground that the vehicles belonged to someone else. Fink took the case to the supreme court and was beaten.

"I levied on three tombstones belonging to a South Omaha dealer and placed them in the basement of the court house," said Mr. Furay. "The Omaha Tombstone trust, to prevent the monuments from being offered at public sale, paid the taxes, but I spent four months trying to ge the owner of those tombstones to come and take them away."

Treasurers Are Heartless.

The treasurers are absolutely heartless in collecting just taxes, when they can collect at all. Mr. Langford told how he got a blacksmith's employer to lay on a bench, in front of the blacksmith, $4 due the smith, and Langford was there with a distress warrant and "grabbed" it.

"It was all he had in the world," said Langford.

"You would take a man's last cent for taxes?" asked Frank A. Furay.

"Yes, sir," replied Langford.

Tax dodgers would have got another hunch from the discussion. That is, not to let the information that they are about to leave the county get into the newspapers.

"I would advise every treasurer to subscribe to every paper in his county," said President Hevelone "and watch them for information on delinquents about to go away. I carefully watch every paper in Gage county and when I read that a delinquent is about to move I go after him with a warrant."

Hevelone is Persistent.

Some of the treasurers frequently use distress warrants in spite of probable trouble for themselves, among them being Hevelone of Gage county and Langford of Lincoln. Hevelone said he intends to chain to the track the first Swift refrigerator car that comes through Beatrice because the tax of the private car line has not been paid.

Mr. Furay said the army officers living in Omaha claimed to be exempt from personal taxes and refused to pay them. The Sarpy and Lincoln county treasurers reported that they made the army officers in their counties "come across."

The treasurers inspected the Union Pacific headquarters at noon. They visited the Omaha National bank yesterday to see the marble, walnut and mahogany they had heard so much about.

Relations with Banks.

In the afternoon, J. A. Barnard, president of the Union State bank, Beatrice, and former treasurer of Gage county, addressed the convention on "Relation of Banks and Bankers to County Treasurer's office," J. H. Hutchins, treasurer of Richardson county, spoke on "Relation of County Treasurer's Office to Office of County Clerk," and E. B. Hirschman, treasurer of Cedar county, spoke on "The Taxpayer." W. E. McCloud, treasurer of York county, speaking on "Kicks and How to Meet Them," said the best way is to treat every kicker with the utmost politeness and consideration, in an endeavor to make him realize that his taxes are for the benefit of his own family.

Part of the afternoon was spent in an "experience meeting," short talks being made by C. O. Olson of Phelups county, E. S. Wood of Hamilton, J. P. Gillan of Nemaha, C. A. Schappel of Pawnee, George Bruse of Washington, H. Jelinek of Saline and S. Fishman of Cheyenne.

Today's program:

FORENOON, 10 O'CLOCK.

Remedial Legislation Affecting County Treasurer's Office—E. L. Hevelone, Gage county, and others.

Discussion.

The Commissioner's Viewpoint—W. G. Ure, county treasurer-elect of Douglas county, ex-commissioner.

The New Treasurer—Phillip A. Sommerlad, county treasurer-elect Lancaster county.

AFTERNOON—2 O'CLOCK.

Legislation—C. H. Aldrich, governor of Nebraska.

The Auditor's Office—Silas R. Barton, auditor public accounts.

State Treasurer's Office—Walter A. George, state treasurer.

Election of officers.

EVENING—6 O'CLOCK SHARP.

Banquet.

Toastmaster—William McCormick, ex-deputy treasurer Lancaster county.

Toasts will be responded to by C. H. Aldrich, governor; W. A. George, state treasurer; Fred Volpp, state senator, and Silas R. Barton, state auditor.