

M'NAMIGAL MET BY MAN IN OMAHA

Grand Jury Inquires Into Statement of Dynamiter in Connection with Power House Explosion.

TOLD OF HELPER BY M'NAMARA

Finds Accomplice According to Previous Arrangement.

BLOWING UP OF PLANT ASKED

Local Assistant Lacked Experience to Do the Job.

WITNESS GIVES MORE DETAILS

McManigal Describes Orally His Movements from Time He Was Induced to Go Into the Dynamiting Business.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 16.—"When you arrive in Omaha to blow up the power house you will be met by somebody who will show you where it is."

That statement, said by Orville McManigal, the confessed dynamiter, to have been made to him by John J. McManara, the convicted secretary-treasurer of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, was introduced into by the federal grand jury's investigation of the dynamite conspiracy today.

McManigal said that in response to the instructions from McManara he went to Omaha in July, 1910, to blow up the power plant of an "open shop" contractor and was met by a man whose name he gave.

McManigal said the man told him he had communicated with McManara about the job to be blown up, that the man himself, could not do it because he was not experienced in explosives, and so McManigal was chosen.

The evidence was in line with that being gathered by the government to ascertain who, if anyone besides those already known were implicated in the 100 or more explosions scattered over the country in the last five years.

It was about the time of the Omaha "job," according to McManigal, that McManara said to him:

"I am going to get six or eight good fellows and station them about the country so that explosions will take place in different cities all in one night and they won't know who is doing it."

McManigal is to be kept continuously before the grand jury for the next three days, describing orally, and more in detail than was given in his written confession, his movements from the time he was induced to go into the dynamiting business at Detroit in June, 1907, down to his arrest last April.

The nineteen days' session of the grand jury so far has disposed of about 300 witnesses. More than 100 witnesses still are to testify.

REPUBLICAN COMMITTEE APPROVES HOTEL RATES

CHICAGO, Jan. 16.—"Hotel rates will not be raised during the republican national convention here in June," according to John C. Roth, secretary of the hotel men's committee. The announcement was made after the subcommittee on arrangements for the national convention had approved a list of rates submitted by the hotel men.

"Since the last convention three new hotels have been erected in the downtown district," said Mr. Roth. "Rates in the loop district will range from \$1.50 to \$5. The downtown hotels alone can accommodate about 50,000 guests."

COUSINS MARRIED AFTER TRYING FIFTH STATE

LA CROSSE, Wis., Jan. 15.—After traveling through five states to find a place where they might wed legally, Miss Anna Stearns of Woonsocket, S. D., and Sister Estelma of Poreburg, S. D., were married here today. The pair are first cousins and because of that fact were unable to marry in South Dakota or the neighboring states of North Dakota, Minnesota, Nebraska and Iowa. First cousins may marry in Wisconsin.

The Weather

For Nebraska—Mostly cloudy, warmer east; colder.
For Iowa—Light snow, colder west and central portions.
Temperature at Omaha Yesterday:

Hour	Deg.
5 a. m.	7
6 a. m.	7
7 a. m.	7
8 a. m.	7
9 a. m.	7
10 a. m.	7
11 a. m.	7
12 m.	7
1 p. m.	7
2 p. m.	7
3 p. m.	7
4 p. m.	7
5 p. m.	7

Five Children Burned to Death in Wisconsin

PRENTICE, Wis., Jan. 15.—Five children, two boys and three girls, of John Dering, ranging from 1 to 12 years of age, were burned to death today when the Dering home, two miles from here, burned to the ground.

WOMEN OF SWEDEN WILL BE GIVEN THE BALLOT

STOCKHOLM, Jan. 15.—Women are henceforth to take a full and equal share with men in the political life of Sweden. The speech from the throne at the opening of the Riksdag today contained the announcement that a bill was to be introduced enfranchising women and giving them the right to vote on the same conditions as men.

Every Swede over 24 years of age, and not under any legal disability has the right to vote for members of the second chamber.

On behalf of the government it was stated that King Gustave, who opened the sessions of the Riksdag in person, regards it as right and in the best interests of the state that women should be placed on this equality with men.

The National Capital

The Senate.

In session at 2 p. m.

Senator Lorimer, resuming his defense before the select committee, testified that after "We turned to J. Hopkins to the senate he turned on everyone of us."

Interstate commerce committee resumed its hearings on trust problems.

Postoffice committee heard argument of Charles S. Hersey of New Castle, Ind., against establishment of parcel post.

Senator Gallinger decided not to press for vote today for president pro tem of senate following a protracted delay.

Senator Raynor spoke in advocacy of the pending arbitration treaties.

Resolution introduced by Senator Hitchcock relating to the foreign relations committee to report what authority existed for sending American troops into China for arms and best sugar conditions.

Chairman Smoot of the printing committee reported his bill for re-copying all government printing laws.

Adjourned at 5:30 p. m. until 2 p. m. Wednesday.

The House.

Met at noon.

Resolved consideration of the District of Columbia appropriation.

Rules committee heard reports and other regarding money and shipping trusts.

Article House, claimed \$125,000 loss in 1910 from shipping syndicate combination.

Foreign affairs committee heard Rufalo, Detroit and other interests advocating additional water power privileges at Niagara Falls.

Representative Sherley (Ky.) before interstate commerce committee urged his bill against patent medicines claiming fraudulent curative properties.

Sugar investigating committee limited public hearings, barring testimony on land and best sugar conditions.

Independents protest in vain. Judiciary committee favorably acted on plan to change presidential inauguration to last Thursday in April.

Representative Berger (Wis., socialist) proposed a constitutional amendment for woman suffrage.

Representative Sherley (Ky.) asked an appropriation of \$100,000—equivalent to the salary for the late justice of the supreme court.

Erhan A. Walters of Denver, before civil service reform committee charged that \$1,000,000 had been illegally expended for postal service in non-standard railway cars.

Conference on popular election of senators bills. Two amendments suggested for submission to states.

Revised bill for Alaskan legislature and council introduced by Delegate Wickham.

"Steel trust" investigation committee to resume next Monday with President Farwell as chief witness.

Naval affairs committee favorably reported resolution calling on secretary of navy to report of all expenditures this year for armor, armor plate, ammunition, etc.

Adjourned at 5:30 p. m. until noon Wednesday.

HOUSE SUGAR HEARING ENDS

Committee Suddenly Decides to Take No More Testimony.

INDEPENDENTS MAKE PROTEST

C. C. Hamlin Alleges False Statements Have Been Made and Wants an Opportunity to Answer Them.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The house "sugar trust" investigating committee today decided to shut off all further public hearing except to W. L. Ham, a San Domingo sugar grower, the Wisconsin Beet Sugar factories and the Hawaiian sugar plantations. The independent refiners protested in vain against the action.

This sudden limitation of the hearings was made in executive session and when the committee resumed in public session, Chairman Harwick announced that no more testimony with the tariff involved will be taken. A score of witnesses were waiting to be heard.

Protest from Hamlin.

C. C. Hamlin of Colorado, representing independent refinery interests, asked if a witness who had made an investigation of the European sugar beet industry could be heard.

"The record has been filled with statements which independent sugar refiners are prepared to contradict—are we to get that opportunity?" asked Mr. Hamlin.

"The gentleman understands the ruling and will resume his seat," said Mr. Harwick.

Refers to Speeches' Letters.

Mr. Hamlin referred to a bunch of letters which the committee accepted from a representative of the Sugarbeet Growers' Association. These letters, stating the condition of the sugar business in Europe, were not a true presentation of the facts, the independent beet sugar men asserted. The opportunity to dispute them, Mr. Hamlin asserted, was denied by the committee's action.

The public hearings ended officially at 1:30 p. m. The last witness heard was Robert P. Bithers, president of the California and Hawaii Sugar Refining company of San Francisco. He said:

"There is no agreement as to price. The world's price controls. If our competitors go up, we go up."

Chairman Harwick then announced that the committee would meet in executive session to consider the record. Two sugar refiners from Wisconsin did not take the stand, although given that privilege.

CHILD EMPEROR TO LEAVE THRONE

Message from Shanghai Says Edict of Abdication Was Published Tuesday Evening.

COURT RETIRES TO JEHOL

Empress Dowager Announces Willingness to Make Trip.

BOMB IS THROWN AT YUAN

It Explodes Near His Carriage, but He is Unhurt.

TWO KILLED, SEVENTEEN HURT

Three Men, Supposed to Be Revolutionists, Are Arrested and Will Probably Be Executed Soon.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Jan. 15.—A cable message from Shanghai, received today by the Chung Sai Yat Po, a Chinese newspaper of this city, stated that news had reached there from Peking that a proclamation of abdication was published by the throne today. The message further stated that the empress dowager and the emperor announced their willingness to retire to the summer palace at Jehol.

The Shanghai message reported also the capture of Teng Chow, an important town in Shan Tung province, located on the coast. No report of the forces engaged or casualties was made.

Attempt to Kill Yuan.

PEKING, China, Jan. 15.—The bomb which was thrown at Premier Yuan Shi Kai's carriage while he was on his way to court this morning killed two soldiers and injured seventeen other persons. Eight or ten of these are expected to die.

The men who attempted to take Yuan Shi Kai's life hoped to escape by mixing with the crowds which thronged the streets at the time. They were, however, captured and were taken into a house in the vicinity.

The public executioner was at once called and with his assistants is now standing sentinel in front of the house where the would-be assassins are confined. He will remain on duty there until he receives orders from the imperial authorities, who it is said will command that the men be executed immediately.

Yuan Shi Kai's assailants were three Chinamen said to be prominent revolutionists.

They were standing on the sidewalk when the premier's carriage approached. When the vehicle was about thirty yards from them, one of the men threw a large bomb in its direction, but his aim was so bad that the missile exploded twenty feet from the carriage. The vehicle rattled and shook from the shock of the explosion, but Yuan Shi Kai escaped unscathed and appeared not to be greatly perturbed.

The force of the explosion was so great that many houses hundreds of yards away were shaken.

Escorted by Cavalry.

Yuan Shi Kai was driving in a carriage with open windows, which was preceded and followed by an escort of cavalry. The route was lined by soldiers and police stationed five yards apart, the men facing alternately inwards and outwards, and carrying loaded rifles with fixed bayonets.

When Yuan Shi Kai's carriage arrived opposite the residence of Dr. Morrison, correspondent of the London Times, at the corner of which the assailants had been observed standing, a bomb was hurled.

Without waiting to see the effect of their deed the perpetrators rushed toward a neighboring tea house. Soldiers and police, however, were close at their heels and they were arrested before they were able to effect their escape by a rear door. Others suspected of being accomplices in the attempted assassination have been arrested.

Republicans Buy Ship Line.

SHANGHAI, Jan. 15.—Tang Shao Yi, who was representative of Premier Yuan Shi Kai at the peace conference here, and Dr. Wu Ting-fang, the minister of justice in the republican cabinet, both said today they were glad that Yuan had escaped unhurt when told of the attempted assassination.

There is reason to believe that the republican government secured control of the stock of the China Merchants' Steam Navigation company and purposes to mortgage the entire fleet for \$2,000,000.

Shang Hwan Hui, formerly minister of communications in the first constitutional cabinet of China, and now a fugitive in Japan, has hitherto held the controlling interest in the company.

Hu-bonic Plague at Amoy.

AMOY, China, Jan. 15.—Hu-bonic plague is reported to have appeared again in this city. No cases had been reported since October last year, but before that the city had suffered severely, nearly 500 persons dying in the first nine months of 1911 from the disease.

Armed Peace at Lawrence, Mass.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Jan. 16.—Armed peace prevailed in this city today. Yesterday's rioting and disorder were not repeated during the forenoon. Seven military companies, numbering more than 300 men, continued to maintain order in the mill district and the improvement in conditions made it possible to open every mill in the city except three. The strike spread to four worsted mills in North Andover, where 300 struck.

DR. M'FARLAND REFUSES TO TALK OF GIRL'S DEATH

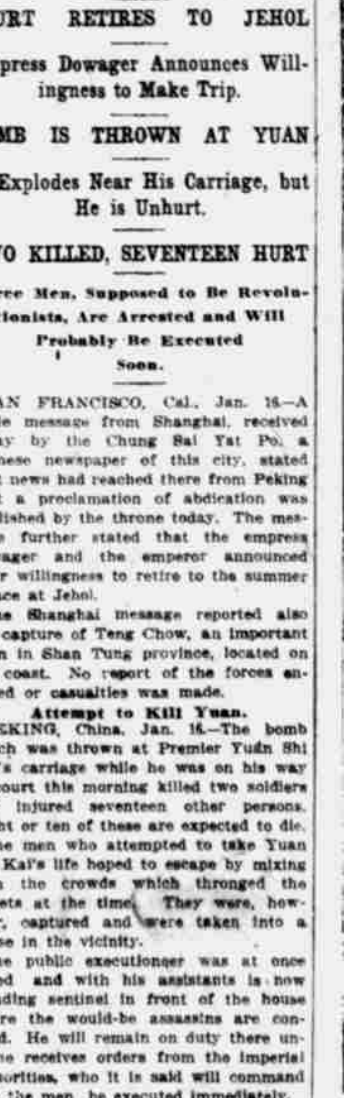
KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 16.—Rev. W. L. McFarland declined today to make any statement concerning charges against him in Pittsburgh in connection with the death of Elsie Dods Cox, his former stenographer. Dr. McFarland is at Cedar Creek, Greene county, near Greeneville.

It is stated that Miss Cox has visited the McFarland home in Greene county, and Dr. McFarland resigned his position in a public school at Pittsburgh, according to a Knoxville minister, because moral conditions in the school would not justify him continuing there.

Seasonable Snow Seasons

What's the use of running up and downstairs? Why not fix it and just stick on the job?

From the Minneapolis Journal.



What's the use of running up and downstairs? Why not fix it and just stick on the job?

WHARTON GETS POSTOFFICE

Omaha Plum Drops Into Basket of Well Known Attorney.

NAME SENT TO PRESIDENT

Senator Brown Determines on Choice and Acts at Once in Naming Successor to Ben Thomas.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—(Special Telegram)—Senator Hitchcock today introduced a senate resolution calling upon the committee of foreign relations to furnish the senate with all the information as to what warrant there is in law and the reasons the United States sends a large body of armed troops to China.

After conferring for a minute Senators Cullom, Lodge and Warren decided there was no objection to supplying this information and the resolution was adopted.

Senator Brown today called at the White House with John G. Tucker of Valentine, Neb., and presented him to the president.

Miss Louie Brown, daughter of Senator Brown, who has been spending a few days in New York, returned to Washington tonight.

POINCARÉ OUTLINES POLICY

New French Ministry Submits Plans to Parliament.

IS GIVEN VOTE OF CONFIDENCE

Will Ratify Franco-German Agreement and Negotiate New Understanding with Spain.

PARIS, Jan. 16.—The Chamber of Deputies this afternoon passed a vote of confidence in the government by 400 to 6.

A ministerial declaration setting forth the policy of the new French cabinet was read in the Chamber of Deputies today by Premier Poincaré and in the senate by Minister of Justice Briand.

The declaration insists that France intends to remain faithful to its alliances and friendships, and that to be strong and respected it must have a government that really governs.

The first duty of the government, according to the declaration, will be that of ratifying the Franco-German accord on the subject of Morocco and negotiating a loyal accord with Spain. This will permit France speedily to organize its protectorate over Morocco.

The development of the workmen's pension scheme is favored in the declaration. It promises to defend the public schools against all aggression and says that the strengthening of the army and the navy will receive special attention.

Ohio Workmen's Act Upheld by Court

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 16.—The Ohio supreme court today upheld the constitutionality of the workmen's compensation law, known also as the employers' liability law. The law provides for an insurance fund created by contributions from employers and employees and provides for benefits from industrial accidents and \$5 to \$12 weekly for a period up to six years in case of lesser injuries. The law is optional with employers.

EXPRESS MESSENGER KILLED, PASSENGERS HURT

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 16.—An express messenger was killed, several passengers were hurt and a baggage car was burned after the derailment this morning of train No. 1 on the Alabama & Vicksburg railroad, seventeen miles west of Meridian, Miss. None of the wreck was removed at the offices of the New Orleans & Northern railroad in this city.

Senator Hitchcock Asks About Sending Troops to China

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 16.—(Special Telegram)—Senator Hitchcock today introduced a senate resolution calling upon the committee of foreign relations to furnish the senate with all the information as to what warrant there is in law and the reasons the United States sends a large body of armed troops to China.

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Popular Catholic Priest and Worker Dies at Home in Alliance.

BODY TO BE BURIED AT WISNER

Weakened by Strenuous Labors, Noted Divine is Unable to Combat Disease by Which He is Attacked.

ALLIANCE, Neb., Jan. 16.—(Special Telegram)—Father William L. McManara, one of the leading and best known Catholic priests in Nebraska, died at his home here today, aged 44 years. The body will be taken to the old home at Wisner, where funeral services will be held and where burial will take place Friday morning.

Father McManara was born at Yellow Head, a small village in Kanabek county, Illinois, December 2, 1868. When a small boy, with his parents, he came to Nebraska, settling in Alliance county. Here he grew to manhood, receiving the education afforded by the local schools and an academy. It was while working as a farmer boy that he decided to enter the priesthood. Going to Quincy, Ill., he studied at the Franciscan college and in 1891, at Cincinnati, O., was ordained. Returning to Nebraska he came to Alliance, where he became assistant to Father Walsh of St. Peter's Catholic church. Subsequently there arose a necessity for a priest to take charge of the work at Chadron. Scarcely having attained his majority, the young man went out to become the most popular clergyman in the northern part of Nebraska, making warm friends among all classes and with the people of the different churches.

Splendid Work at Benson.

After remaining at Chadron for five years, Father McManara was called back to Omaha and placed in charge of the orphanage at Benson. When he took over this institution it was loaded down with a debt of \$5,000. Father McManara went to work and in less than two years he had the institution free from debt.

Having established a reputation as a money raiser, as well as a church organizer, Father McManara was called to Alliance, where the need of just such a man was felt.

It was in 1906 that he came to Alliance. At that time the Holy Rosary church of which he became the priest, was not strong, nor was it in the best of condition financially. To place it upon its feet and build it up into one of the strongest religious institutions in the state was the aim of Father McManara. He went to work and succeeded, but his long and strenuous work perhaps cost him his life, for a few days ago, when attacked by pneumonia, his weakened condition was such that he was unable to combat the disease.

New Church at Alliance.

Since coming to Alliance, Father McManara was instrumental in the erection of a splendid brick and stone church, costing \$25,000 and which was dedicated last November. He caused to be erected a large Catholic academy that has been in successful operation for more than a year. Besides this, through his instrumentality, a hospital, fully equipped and the equal of any in the state, outside of the city of Omaha, has been erected here.

Father McManara was a broad man. While his religion and business duties were great, he always had time to give attention to public affairs, which made him a leading spirit in the upbuilding of this community.

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INTERVENTION IN CUBA IS THREAT

State Department Serves Notice on Gomez that Military Must Not Interfere in Politics.

VETERANS' ORGANIZATION BUSY

Laws to Safeguard Free Government Must Be Enforced.

AMERICA'S INTEREST LIVELY

Army Officers at Meeting Against Spanish Sympathizers.

MINISTER AT HAVANA REPORTS

Notification of the United States Government is Served on President Gomez by Baupre at Havana.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The State department has served notice on President Gomez that the United States will intervene in Cuba if further attempts are made by the veterans' organization to nullify the law prohibiting the interference of the military in political affairs in Cuba.

The attitude of the United States is shown in the following note presented today to the Cuban government.

"The situation in Cuba as now reported causes grave concern to the government of the United States.

"That the laws intended to safeguard free republican government shall be enforced and not defied is obviously essential to the maintenance of the law, order, stability and independence to the status of the republic of Cuba, in the continued well being of which the United States has always evinced and cannot escape a vital interest.

"The president of the United States therefore, looks to the president and government of Cuba to prevent the threatened situation which would compel the government of the United States, much against its desires to consider what measures it must take in pursuance of the obligation of its relations to Cuba."

Baupre Serves Notice.

The notification of the American government was served upon President Gomez through American Minister Baupre at Havana, Senator Martin-Rivero, Cuban minister to the United States, was unopposed of the action except through the press, and declined to comment on it. He attended the president's dinner at the White House tonight while he met Secretary Knox as well as President Taft, but before leaving the legation he said he did not expect to discuss the matter even informally, with either.

It was on reports of American Minister Baupre that today's note was based. Minister Baupre departed today from Havana that in defiance of a decree issued by President Gomez forbidding officers of the army and fiscal guard to participate in politics, which also is prohibited by military law, many army officers and rurales attended a meeting Sunday night of the National Council of Veterans, an organization of veterans of the Cuban war of independence. The veterans have been active in the last three months in attempting to have displaced from the civil service persons who sympathized with the Spanish country in the rebellion. Press dispatches today indicated that the veterans were threatening to coerce members of congress, now in session, to nullify the law regarding the participation of the military in politics.

COLONEL ROOSEVELT NOT DISCUSSING PIPE DREAMS

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—Colonel Theodore Roosevelt declared today that he was "not discussing pipe dreams" when he was asked about a report from Indianapolis that he was favored by the steel interests for the presidential nomination.

"That is a depth of tomfoolery to which I cannot go," he said.

"Have you read Mr. Carnegie's testimony before the house committee?" he was asked.

"I did not know he testified," Colonel Roosevelt replied, smilingly.

"We hear from Washington," said a reporter, "that Postmaster General Hitchcock said today that government ownership of the telegraph lines is favored by Mr. Taft."

"Do you?" asked the Colonel, as he turned away.

LAST SURVIVING COLLEAGUE OF PRINCE BISMARCK DIES

BERLIN, Jan. 16.—Joseph M. Von Radowski, formerly German ambassador in Constantinople and Madrid, died today. He was probably the latest surviving colleague of Prince Bismarck in the building up of the German empire. It was he who laid the foundation of German influence in the Turkish empire while he was ambassador at Constantinople. Later on he suffered a reduction in rank owing to his former connection with Bismarck and was sent as ambassador to the less important embassy at Madrid. He retired from active service in 1908.

Boxes of O'Brien's Candy and Dalzell's Ice Cream Bricks

Given away each day in the want ads to those finding their names.

Read the want ads each day, if you don't get a prize you will probably find something advertised that appeals to you.

Each day these prizes are offered, no puzzles to solve—no subscriptions to get—nothing but finding your name. It will appear some time.

Dr. Mayo Recovers.

ROCHESTER, Minn., Jan. 16.—Dr. Charles Mayo, who recently underwent two serious operations in New York, returned today after a successful recovery. He was accompanied by Mrs. Mayo and Miss Margaret Henderson.