

CHINESE REBELS TAKE WU CHANG

Capital of Rich and Populous
Province of Hu Feh is in Hands
of Revolutionists.

REVOLT EXTENDS TO THE ARMY

Nearly Entire Garrison Joins Uprising
When Men Are Beheaded.

MOVEMENT WELL ORGANIZED

Military Commander Assassinated
and Viceroy Forced to Flee.

ALL FOREIGNERS ARE SAFE

Efforts Being Made to Prevent
Trouble from Spreading to
Hangkow, Just Across the
Yangtze Kiang.

BULLETIN.
HANKOW, China, Oct. 11.—The foreign consuls at a conference decided not to comply with the Chinese request that they employ foreign gunboats to prevent the revolutionaries from crossing the river to Hankow. The revolutionaries sent a circular note to the consuls asking that foreigners remain neutral and assuring them that they would not be harmed.

HANKOW, China, Oct. 11.—The revolutionaries have won a notable victory, gaining possession of the city of Wu Chang after a battle with the loyal troops that began yesterday and continued well into last night.

Today the foreign residents had not been molested. The revolutionary committee issued a proclamation exhorting its followers not to harm the citizens of other countries. The fact that the wishes of the committee have been respected thus far while reassuring to other nations, is in itself a sinister sign for the government at Peking as it indicates that the rebellious movement is now more thoroughly organized.

Five gunboats are now in the river in readiness to protect Hankow should the necessity arise. The foreign consuls have also telegraphed their governments asking that warships be sent to the scene. American and Japanese cruisers are expected here today, while several gunboats are hastening hither.

Prisoners Beheaded in Street.

According to the officials, uprising in Wu Chang was planned for last Monday night. The plot was discovered early that evening and thirty-two arrests were made. During the revolutionaries' attack, four of the prisoners were beheaded in the street before the viceroy's yamen yesterday.

The energetic action of the authorities did not appear to have had the desired effect. Immediately after the execution a portion of the government artillery forces within the city mutinied and the uprising was precipitated.

The disaffection in the artillery spread to other forces and the revolutionaries took advantage of the situation. They started fires in many parts of the city and attacked such troops as refused to join them. The forces that remained loyal were overcome.

The Viceroy sent a message to Peking

urgently requesting the immediate dispatch of warships from Tien Tsin. Finally seeing that further resistance was useless the viceroy fled the city and found refuge on a private yacht that was lying in the river. The military commander was assassinated.

Capital of Populous Province.

Wu-Chang is the capital of the central province of Hu-Peh and a town of about 600,000 inhabitants. It is situated just across the Yang-Tze Kiang river from widespread disaffection throughout China. Hankow and in a sense the two may be regarded as the same city of 1,500,000 souls.

Hankow is the great trading center for all central China, but Wu-Chang takes precedence over it in political importance. As the capital of the province and the seat of government of the viceroy it has a great population of officials, including all the high provincial mandarins and the mandarins responsible for the government of the city and the prefecture.

The province of Hu-Peh—a name which may be translated "north lake," is considerably larger than England and Wales put together and has a population of 25,000,000.

Wu-Chang and Hankow, as great trade centers and ports for ocean steamers have both felt to a considerable extent the influence of western civilization ideas.

Royal Troops Flee to Hankow.

Today the loyal troops fled across the river, followed by the bullets of the insurgents. A faithful colonel of the Chinese army informed the correspondent of the Associated Press at Hankow that the entire provincial army of Hu Feh, with the exception of three thousand men mutinied. The proclamation of the revolutionary committee threatened with decapitation any one who assaulted a foreigner.

The movement aims at the overthrow of the Manchus, the reigning dynasty.

IOWA COLLEGE PRESIDENT IS CALLED TO LOS ANGELES

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Oct. 11.—(Special Telegram.)—Rev. Edward Campbell, president of Bellevue college, Storm Lake, Ia., has been unanimously called to the largest Presbyterian church in this city. His answer has not yet been received.

The Weather

For Nebraska—Generally fair.
For Iowa—Generally fair.

Hour.	Deg.
5 a. m.	50
6 a. m.	51
7 a. m.	52
8 a. m.	53
9 a. m.	54
10 a. m.	55
11 a. m.	56
12 m.	57
1 p. m.	58
2 p. m.	59
3 p. m.	60
4 p. m.	61
5 p. m.	62
6 p. m.	63
7 p. m.	64
8 p. m.	65
9 p. m.	66
10 p. m.	67
11 p. m.	68
12 m.	69

OMAHA MAN CHOSEN VICE PRESIDENT OF GRAIN DEALERS.



F. S. COWGILL.

GRAIN MEN CLOSE MEETING

Frank S. Cowgill of Omaha Elected
Second Vice President.

1912 CONVENTION IN THE EAST

Resolutions Are Passed Deprecating
the Issuance of Numerous and
Often Unreliable Private
Crop Reports.

E. M. Wayne of Delavan, Ill., was re-elected president of the Grain Dealers' National Association. Kirwan of Baltimore was elected first vice president and Frank S. Cowgill of Omaha second vice president.

Directors elected were: R. W. Forbell, New York City; Charles D. Jones, Nashville, Tenn.; William Bell, Milwaukee; James L. King, Philadelphia; John R. Marfield, Minneapolis; A. F. Leonhardt, New Orleans; W. C. Goffe, Kansas City; G. J. Honey, Wilmington, N. C.

The directors re-elected Secretary J. F. Courcier of Toledo and named Norfolk, Va., for the 1912 meeting. The convention closed with the installation of officers.

Resolutions Are Passed.
Among the resolutions passed were those of great importance to the trade: Resolved, That we deprecate the issuance and dissemination of the numerous and in many instances very unreliable crop reports.

Whereas, Criticism has been directed at the several markets and centers in reference to the bids that are made for certain grades of grain "or better," for example for No. 1 corn "or better," and in a similar way for other grades, on the theory that the seller was thereby deprived of the proper benefits that should accrue to him on the higher grades; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Grain Dealers' National Association recommends that the various markets be requested to take such action as will bring about a change in the practice and custom, so that the purchases of grain at interior points be on the flat grades.

Resolutions were passed commending the American Telephone and Telegraph company for its promptness in making improvements to meet the demands of the grain trade and expressing assurance that the present situation in regard to night rates will be handled with due consideration to the needs of the grain men. The present convention is regarded as one of the most successful in the history of the organization. Six hundred and fifty delegates are registered—only fifty less than the association's banner attendance at Chicago and St. Louis.

Arbitrator Found Des Moines Carmen Will Not Walk Out

(From a Staff Correspondent.)
DES MOINES, Ia., Oct. 11.—(Special Telegram.)—The street car situation reached another culmination late this afternoon, when the two arbitrators agreed upon John A. Guiber of Winterest as the third member of the arbitration board.

Mr. Guiber is a lawyer of ability and is satisfactory to all parties. He was found and accepted at once. At the same time Mr. Gilbertson, who had previously been agreed upon, was found in Minnesota and he agreed to act, but said he could not come at once. He was dropped and Mr. Guiber will act as arbitrator. This puts an end to immediate danger of a strike.

Chicago Strikers Get Their Pay

CHICAGO, Oct. 11.—The 4,000 striking shopmen formerly employed at the Burnside shops of the Illinois Central railroad were paid their wages for September today. The pay roll aggregated \$300,000, and a large force of clerks was busy a great part of the day disbursing the checks. The strikers were paid from four booths which previously had been built in the fence surrounding the plant.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Oct. 11.—On the application of the Illinois Central railroad Judge Humphrey in the United States circuit court today issued a temporary injunction restraining strikers from interfering with the road in the southern district of Illinois. A hearing on the motion for a permanent injunction will be held November 6.

Engineer Murdered by Yaquis in Arizona

WARASH, Ind., Oct. 11.—Mrs. Rena Ridgeway received word today from government engineers in Arizona that her husband, Oliver Ridgeway, a government engineer, had been massacred by Yaqui Indians in a sparsely settled part of Arizona. Beside the body of Ridgeway was found three dead Mexican miners and eight Indians.

VETERANS NAME DODGE AS CHIEF

Society of Army of Tennessee
Elects Him President of Its
Organization.

ARCHBISHOP IRELAND COMES Prelate from St. Paul Grooms His Former Comrades.

MAKES ADDRESS AT BANQUET
Discusses "American Democracy" at
Big Dinner.

PEORIA NEXT MEETING PLACE

Choice for Forty-Second Reunion
Falls Upon This City in Illinois—
General Grant on Tributes
to Father.

The forty-first annual reunion of the Society of the Army of the Tennessee and the observance of the fiftieth anniversary of the formation of the army itself closed last night with a brilliant banquet in the ball room of the Grand hotel, at which nearly 200 covers were laid. It ended with every member of the society and the other veteran organizations expressing the sentiment that it had been in every respect one of the most notable and pleasant in the history of the society. At the banquet Archbishop Ireland of St. Paul made the leading address on "American Democracy."

The last of the little official business to be transacted was the selection of Peoria, Ill., as the place for holding the next reunion, and the re-election of the venerable General Grenville M. Dodge as president, together with the entire present executive staff. This, however, is in accord with the constitution, which directs that such of these officers shall be annually re-elected as long as he lives.

The final business meeting was held at the auditorium of the Elks' club at 10 o'clock yesterday morning. The committee appointed the previous day to name officers and vice presidents and to select the place for the next meeting reported. There were numerous invitations from cities, but the preference, so strongly expressed in favor of Peoria, led by General John C. Black and a number of fellow members who served with Illinois regiments, swept away consideration of all other cities.

The date for the meeting was left entirely to the executive officers. A meeting will be held in Peoria, Ill., in October. A meeting was held yesterday to name officers and vice presidents and to select the place for the next meeting reported. There were numerous invitations from cities, but the preference, so strongly expressed in favor of Peoria, led by General John C. Black and a number of fellow members who served with Illinois regiments, swept away consideration of all other cities.

Officers Elected.
Three officers and vice presidents are: General Grenville M. Dodge, Council Bluffs, president.

Colonel Cornelius N. Cadie, Cincinnati, recording secretary.

Major W. H. Chamberlain, Roxabell, O., corresponding secretary.

Smith Hickenlooper, Cincinnati, treasurer.

Vice Presidents—Captain R. M. Campbell, Peoria; Captain John Ireland, St. Paul; Captain F. H. Magdenberg, Milwaukee; Colonel Charles M. Mahon, North Dakota; Captain Alexander Hays, California; Captain Lyman Banks, Washington; Colonel Edward Jones, Louisiana; Major Samuel R. Adams, South Carolina; Major George H. Richmond, Council Bluffs; Captain George A. Dyke, Colorado; Major A. M. Van Dyke, Florida; Captain N. T. Spoor, Nebraska; Captain John B. Cotton, Missouri; Captain Woodson Marshall, Indiana; Captain L. M. Chamberlain, Michigan; Major R. W. Thrall, Ohio; Captain Charles E. Putnam, Iowa; Captain J. G. Everest, Illinois; Major R. W. McCloghry, Kansas; Mrs. Frederick D. Grant, New York; Mrs. J. L. Bennett, Chicago.

The women vice president were chosen: Mrs. Frederick Dent Grant of New York and Mrs. J. L. Bennett, wife of Captain Bennett of Chicago.

Captain Smith of Jacksonville, Ill., asked the society to adopt a resolution recommending to congress a pension for the widow of General Grierson, who became his wife after the change in the pension laws of 1890. It was stated that she was living at Jacksonville in straightened financial circumstances. The request was granted.

A resolution proposed by General Requier, commander of the Grand Army, thanking the people of Council Bluffs and the local veterans and other organizations for the splendid entertainment afforded, was approved. Colonel Cadie, who was to deliver an address on Boynton's book, "Sherman's Historical Raid," stated that he could not do so because the material required had been delayed in reaching him and that the paper would be incorporated in the regular report of the meeting.

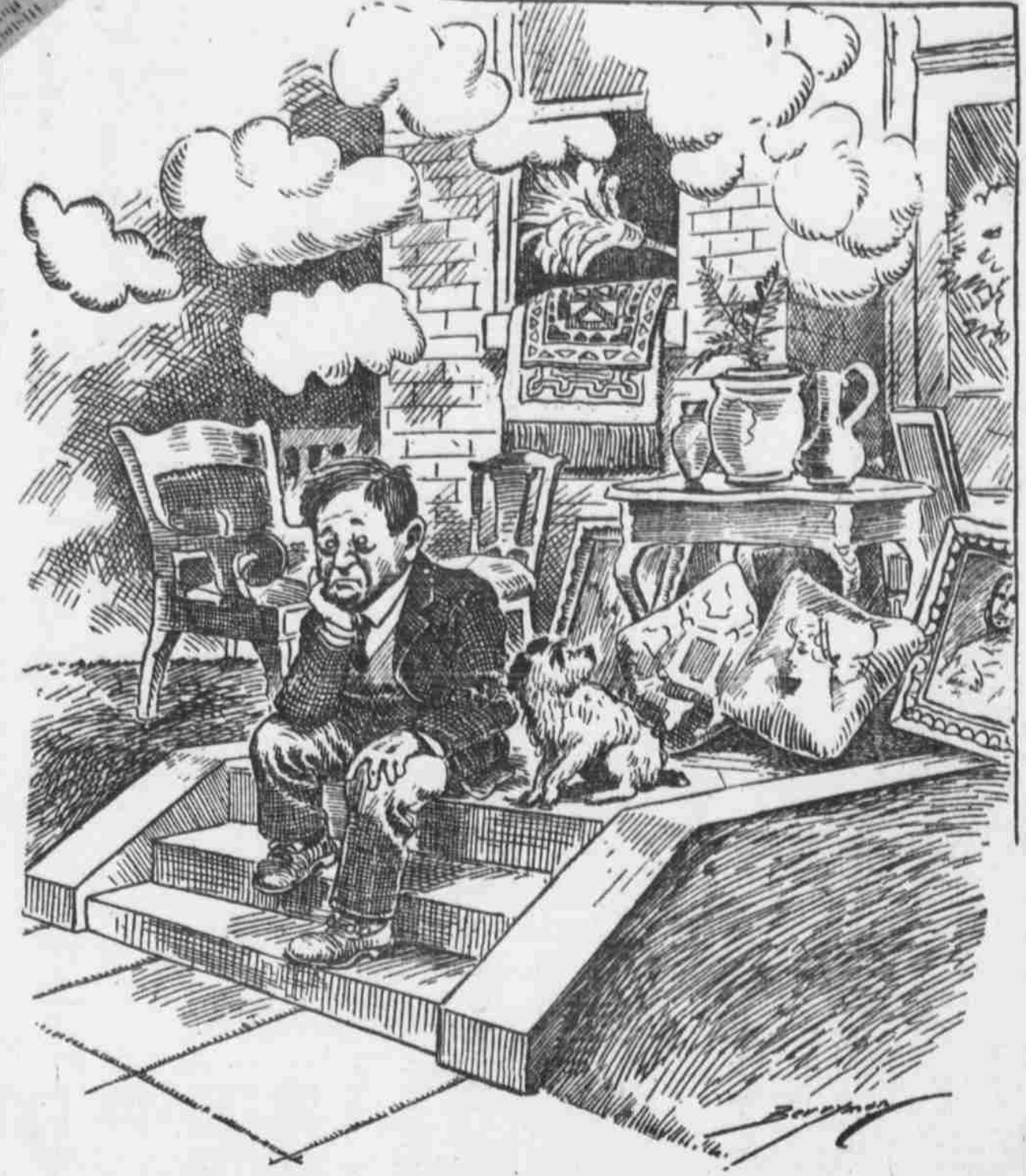
Archbishop Arrives

Archbishop Ireland arrived on one of the forenoon trains and was a central figure at the joint reunion, greeting his old comrades most heartily. General Black delivered the principal address, eloquently, necessarily, in many parts, for General Black can't talk to old soldiers or about them without becoming eloquent, because, as head of the pension department and a soldier throughout the war, he knows more about them than most men, but interesting and often thrilling when he recounted personal incidents with which his comrades were familiar. He told of the fearful havoc made by his own regiment, the Thirty-seventh Illinois, which was stationed beside the Fourth Iowa at the battle of Pea Ridge, when they repulsed the confederate attack by using the Spencer repeating rifle for the first time. They became fearful instruments of death at close range.

General Grant Talks.
General Fred D. Grant expressed his thanks and keen appreciation of the fine tributes that had been paid to the memory of his father, who had often said that he was successful because he had such splendid troops.

"I often wonder, my comrades, if you

Yes, Ma's Home Again



From the Washington Star.

ARMISTICE IS AGREED UPON

Italy and Turkey Virtually Decide to
Suspend Hostilities.

POWERS ACT AS MEDIATORS

Italian Troops Will Continue to Go
to Tripoli, but There Will Be
No Fighting During
Negotiations.

BERLIN, Oct. 11.—It was declared from an authoritative source today that an armistice had been virtually agreed on by Turkey and Italy, but that it had not yet been decided "officially."

It was brought about chiefly through the efforts of Germany, aided by other powers. Italy continues to send troops to Tripoli, pending negotiations, but in the meantime hostilities will not occur.

TRIPOLI, Oct. 11.—The Turks apparently do not intend to abandon Tripoli to the Italians without further determined resistance. For several days horsemen have been reconnoitering in the vicinity of the Italian outposts. Several times at night they have been discovered by the searchlights of the warships and then shells drive them back into the hills.

About 1 o'clock this morning about 3,000 Turkish troops with field guns were discovered advancing in two columns, with the evident intention of recapturing the town. A large body of natives marched with the troops and presented a formidable array. The Italian commander had an intimation that such an attempt probably would be made and his men were prepared.

Met With Artillery Fire.

The Italian guns were well placed and the Turks met with heavy artillery and rifle fire, to which they replied with equal energy. It was moonlight and the fleet turned the searchlights on the contending forces.

When the engagement was at its height, the battleships and cruisers joined in with their smaller batteries, directing the shells to cover the Italian front and flank. For more than an hour the firing on shore was with loud guns and about 5 o'clock it slackened and gradually ceased. The Turks retired, but in good order, although it is reported that they suffered heavy losses.

Another body of Turks tried to turn the Italians' eastern flank, but without success. The Italian casualties were slight. The fleet pursued the retreating Turks with a heavy shell fire until 6 o'clock in the morning.

Looting Work of Criminals.

The looting by the Arabs, which occurred after the bombardment and the disorderly flight of the Turkish troops, was to a great extent the work of 400 criminals left in prison, who beat down the doors and escaped. The looters made a clean sweep of the wall's palace, the public buildings and the barracks. Nothing was left but the bare walls and a great litter of valuable official documents.

HERE!
The Only
MUTT
and
JEFF
See Sport Page.

Tracing Small Sums Paid Out by Senator Stephenson's Men

MILWAUKEE, Oct. 11.—Just what was done with the small sums of money paid out by Senator Isaac Stephenson's \$107,700 campaign fund was inquired into today by the senatorial committee which is investigating charges of bribery in the senator's election. S. L. Perrin, an attorney of Superior, Wis., as one of the workers, distributed over the state in the primary campaign of 1908, told of spending \$5,000. He testified that he paid \$350 to R. J. Shields, Shields, who also has been mentioned in the investigation of Senator Lorimer, received in addition \$470 from the Stephenson fund. He has been summoned to appear at this session.

Despite the testimony of J. J. Blaine, the state senator who brought the charges against Senator Stephenson, that he had no facts to substantiate them, Chairman Heyburn announced that the investigation will proceed. About seventy-five witnesses will be examined.

"We want to know more about the activities of Shields," said Chairman Heyburn.

Blaine, in his testimony had said, under the Wisconsin law the giving of any money to an elector was illegal, whether the elector legally to participate in the selection of their representatives.

Aviator Rodgers Reaches Kansas City

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 11.—C. P. Rodgers, sea to sea aviator, landed in Swobe park here at 11:34 a. m. after flying eighty-four miles from Marshall, Mo., today, reaching here he had covered 1,100 miles since leaving New York, and was within a few hours' flight from the half-way point in his cross-continent journey.

Before setting to earth in the presence of several thousand persons at the park, nine miles from the business center, Rodgers circled above the city hall and downtown streets. He also hovered above the live stock pavilion at the stock yards, where several thousand persons attending a stock show watched his flight.

"Hello folks, this is a bully place and I've had a fine morning's flight excepting that little trouble with the magneto down at Blue Springs."

These were Aviator Rodgers' first words as he stepped from his machine after making a perfect landing on the greensward.

The aviator said he would leave for Parsons, Kan., following the Missouri, Kansas & Texas tracks at 8 o'clock tomorrow morning. He has planned to go by way of San Antonio, Tex., and take the southern route into Los Angeles.

PROMINENT WASHINGTON MAN MURDERED: FARM HAND HELD

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11.—Fred Springman, formerly president and principal owner of one of the largest express transportation companies in Washington, was found murdered in a barn near his home in Prince George county, Maryland, today.

Harry W. Sibbick, a 25-year-old farm hand, was arrested charged with the murder.

Flood at Portage, Wis.

LACROSSE, Wis., Oct. 11.—Reports have been received here of a serious flood at Portage, Wis., 100 miles east of here, toward Milwaukee. Four and one-half miles from Milwaukee railroad tracks are reported washed out.

TAFT TALKS IN OLYMPIA

President Introduces Governor Hay
to School Children.

ADDRESS FROM CAPITOL STEPS

State of Washington Congratulated
on Its Workmen's Compensation
Act and Other Progressive
Laws.

OLYMPIA, Wash., Oct. 11.—The Taft special reached the capital of Washington on time. The president was driven with Governor Hay immediately to the capitol. Before making his principal address Mr. Taft exchanged courtesies with several hundred school children. He put several questions to the children. "Who is this with me?" inquired the president, turning to Governor Hay.

"We don't know, sir," answered a score of voices, and the crowd laughed. "Well, he's your governor, Mr. Hay," continued Mr. Taft, with a laugh.

"Yes, sir," dutifully echoed the children.

The president spoke from the capitol steps. He chose the tariff votes for his subject, and, explaining how the bills came before him, declared that reciprocity "is a dead issue—at any rate a dead issue at present."

He presided at a special congressional session on the "progressive legislation" that has been adopted in the state and that he was especially interested in the workmen's compensation act, a subject now being considered by a special commission appointed by congress.

"It is pretty hard nowadays to tell who is a republican and who is a democrat," said the president.

While the president was speaking the body of H. A. Falchold, public utilities commissioner of the state, who died Sunday, was lying in state in the capitol and the crowds were unusually silent during the president's speech.

Wickersham Speaks on Reform Tuesday

Numerous inquiries as to when Attorney General George W. Wickersham will deliver his address at the annual conference of the American Prison association, which opens here October 14, have been received at the publicity bureau of the Commercial club. General Wickersham will speak Tuesday evening on "Criminal Law and Reform."

While the president is expected to be the largest the association ever has held. At least 500 official delegates are expected as well as several hundred visitors.

WHERE POSTAL BANKS WILL BE ESTABLISHED

(From a Staff Correspondent.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 11.—(Special Telegram.)—Postal savings banks will be established November 7, as follows:

Nebraska—Loup City, Wilber, Tilden, Spencer, Bloomfield, Pender, Randolph, Nelson, Elmer, Giltner.
Iowa—Cambridge, Russell, Avoca, Dyars, Wilton Junction.

J. B. McNAMARA IS PLACED ON TRIAL

District Attorney Elects to Try
Younger Man Accused of Dynamiting
Times Building.

JOHN J. RETURNS TO PRISON

Secretary of Iron Workers Accompanies
Brother to Court Room.

EXAMINATION OF TALESMEN

Less Than Forty Left Out of One
Hundred and Twenty-Five.

FARMER CLOSELY QUESTIONED

Attorneys Engage in Disputes as to
Whether Queries as to Labor
Sympathies of Ventremen
Should Be Allowed.

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 11.—James B. McNamara of Cincinnati was placed on trial for murder here today before Judge Brodwell in the superior court.

Clarence S. Darrow, chief counsel for the defendants, announced that he wished to sever the cases and immediately District Attorney John Fredericks chose James B. McNamara for trial.

The prisoner is 29 years old and unmarried. He is charged with causing the death of nineteen of the twenty-one men killed in the explosion and fire which wrecked the Los Angeles Times plant. Not only did Mr. Fredericks elect to try James rather than his brother, John J., secretary of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, but he decided to go to trial on the indictment charging the prisoner with the death of Charles J. Hagerty, a machinist, whose body was found close to the spot at which the explosion is alleged to have occurred.

The site of the old Times building has almost within the shadow of the unfinished hall of records, in which the trial is being held and the whistles of engines working on the foundation of the new Times building sounded from time to time through the open windows of the court room.

Defendant Has Four Lawyers.
Counsel for the defense gathered about the prisoner, headed by Attorney Clarence S. Darrow of Chicago. Associated with him sat Joseph Scott, Le Compe Davis and Job Harriman, all of Los Angeles. Mrs. Darrow sat near her husband.

District Attorney Fredericks handled the prosecution, aided by the assistant, regularly employed in his own office.

A delay, seemingly interminable to eager spectators, occurred at the opening of court, while a procession of ventremen explained to Judge Brodwell why they should not be asked to serve. This was the end of a preliminary hearing in which the judge rapidly waded out half the first venire of 125 men before the trial formally opened.

The McNamaras were brought into court together and remained until James B. McNamara was selected for trial, when John J. was returned to his cell in the county jail.

Twelve ventremen were placed in the jury box out of the venire which originally numbered 125, but which today contained less than forty.

District Attorney Fredericks read the indictment to the ventremen, pointing out the prisoner and explaining the case briefly, "so that the ventremen might know in general what it was about should they be called upon to become trial jurors."

Le Compe Davis, for the defense, asked the usual questions concerning qualifications.

Following the completion of preliminary arrangements recess was taken at 11 o'clock until 2, when James B. McNamara was brought into the court room by Sheriff Hammel, unaccompanied by his brother, John J. The latter today saw that the last of the court chamber until he is formally placed on trial, which probably will not be for at least several weeks.

Ventremen Examined.
Court reconvened at 2:05 o'clock and the examination of talesmen was continued.

Z. T. Nelson, a farmer, 62 years old, was the first man questioned.

"Are any of your sons in any contracting business?"

"No," answered Nelson.

"Are any of your sons in any way connected with organized labor?"

"Not that I know of."

"Do you belong to any labor union or any branch of organized labor?"

"No."

"I presume you are aware of the bitter warfare going on between organized labor and capital?"

"Yes."

"Are your sympathies with organized labor or not?"

"Organized Labor Involved."
Ray Horton, counsel for the prosecution, objected to the question, and Mr. Davis launched into a defense of his question to the court, declaring that the case was "one that involved organized labor."

"I have no doubt," said Mr. Davis, "that the prosecution will bring in as a motive the attitude of organized labor. The contention will be that organized labor caused the explosion to get even. I think it would be proper to ask if a man had any

Boxes of O'Brien's Candy.

Dalzell's Ice Cream Bricks
Tickets to the American
Theater.

All are given away free to those who find their names in the want ads.

Read the want ads every day, your name will appear sometime, maybe more than once.

No puzzles to solve nor subscriptions to get—just read the want ads.
Turn to the want ad pages—there you will find nearly every business house in the city represented.