NEWS SECTION
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# THE OMAHA SUNDAY BEE

WEATHER FORECAST
Unsettled

VOL. XLI—NO. 12. OMAHA, SUNDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 10, 1911—FOUR SECTIONS—THIRTY-TWO PAGES. SINGLE COPY FIVE CENTS.

## CHINESE WARN FOREIGNERS TO LEAVE COUNTRY

**Anti-Foreign Uprising Develops in the Province of Sze-Chuen, in Interior of Chinese Empire.**

**NOTICES TO MOVE OUT ARE POSTED**

**British Subjects Among the First to Obey the Edict Issued.**

**CHENG-TU SEAT OF THE TROUBLE**

**Advices Confirming the Reparts Are Received at State Department.**

**EXTENSIVE RIOTS ARE PREDICTED**

**Viceroy of Interior Province Unable to Control Subjects.**

**AMERICAN WARSHIPS ON HAND**

**Extension of the Native Agitation is Looked for on Account of Distress Caused by Flood Damages.**

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9.—Anti-foreign placards are being posted in Cheng-Tu, capital of the turbulent Chinese province of Sze-Chuen, according to rumors reaching the State department.

The apprehension of foreign residents is shown by the fact that British subjects, accompanied by other foreighers, have already left Cheng Tu for Chung King, where British, French and German gunboats are now lying. American Charge Williams at Pekin today cabled the State department that the British left yesterday.

Advices which reached the State department from other sources than the American legation not only confirm Mr. Williams' reports of the dissatisfaction of the natives with the railroad projects of the Chinese government, but foreshadow a great extension of the native agitation owing to the distress resulting from the floods in the lower Yank-Tse-Kiang. These reports state that the great distress is almost certain to cause extensive riots later on and these probably will assume an anti-foreign phase.

Reports to the Navy department today indicate that Admiral Hubbard is rapidly disposing the American warships under his command for the protection of American interests, so far as possible.

Admiral Hubbard reports that four special river gunboats of foreign nationality have managed to work as far as Chung King, more than one hundred miles above the point where the American vessels must stop, because of their heavier draft and almost in the center of the disturbed district.

**Foreigners Leave the City.**

PEKIN, Sept. 9.—Advices received here from Cheng-Tu, the capital of Sze-Chuen province, and which is now 1,500 miles, about fifty days' journey from the coast, are still of the most meagre character.

Foreigners are complying with the request of the Chinese viceroy that they leave the city, because of the unrest among the natives arising from the government's railroad policy and some of them already have left the district.

American warships have been ordered up the Yang-Tse river, in view of the disquieting situation.

## Whitney Becomes the Champion at Tennis

**Harvard Man Defeats the Man of Yale on the Merion Courts.**

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 9.—E. H. Whitney of Harvard today won the intercollegiate lawn tennis championship in singles by defeating in the final round A. H. Man, jr., of Yale, on the courts of the Merion Cricket club at Haverford. The scores were 6-1, 6-2, 6-2.

## MINNEAPOLIS THIEVES ROB THE VISITING BALL PLAYERS

**Four Hundred Dollars Taken from the Rooms of the Men in the West Hotel.**

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Sept. 9.—Thieves last night robbed three Kansas City base ball players, one from the Milwaukee team and a traveling salesman in their rooms at the West hotel, getting away with about $400.

Newton Randall, outfielder for Milwaukee, was the heaviest loser, $225 being taken from him. His father, William Randall, who shared the room with him, lost $15. William Pond, pitcher for Kansas City, lost $40, James Barbeau, infielder for Kansas City, $10; Michael Bowerman, first baseman, $15, and M. Steineberg, a commercial traveler, $73.

## The Weather

For Nebraska—Showers.
For Iowa—Unsettled.

**Temperature at Omaha Yesterday.**

| Hour. | Deg. |
|---|---|
| 5 a. m. | 62 |
| 6 a. m. | 62 |
| 7 a. m. | 63 |
| 8 a. m. | 63 |
| 9 a. m. | 64 |
| 10 a. m. | 66 |
| 11 a. m. | 67 |
| 12 m. | 69 |
| 1 p. m. | 70 |
| 2 p. m. | 72 |
| 3 p. m. | 75 |
| 4 p. m. | 77 |
| 5 p. m. | 78 |
| 6 p. m. | 79 |
| 7 p. m. | 77 |

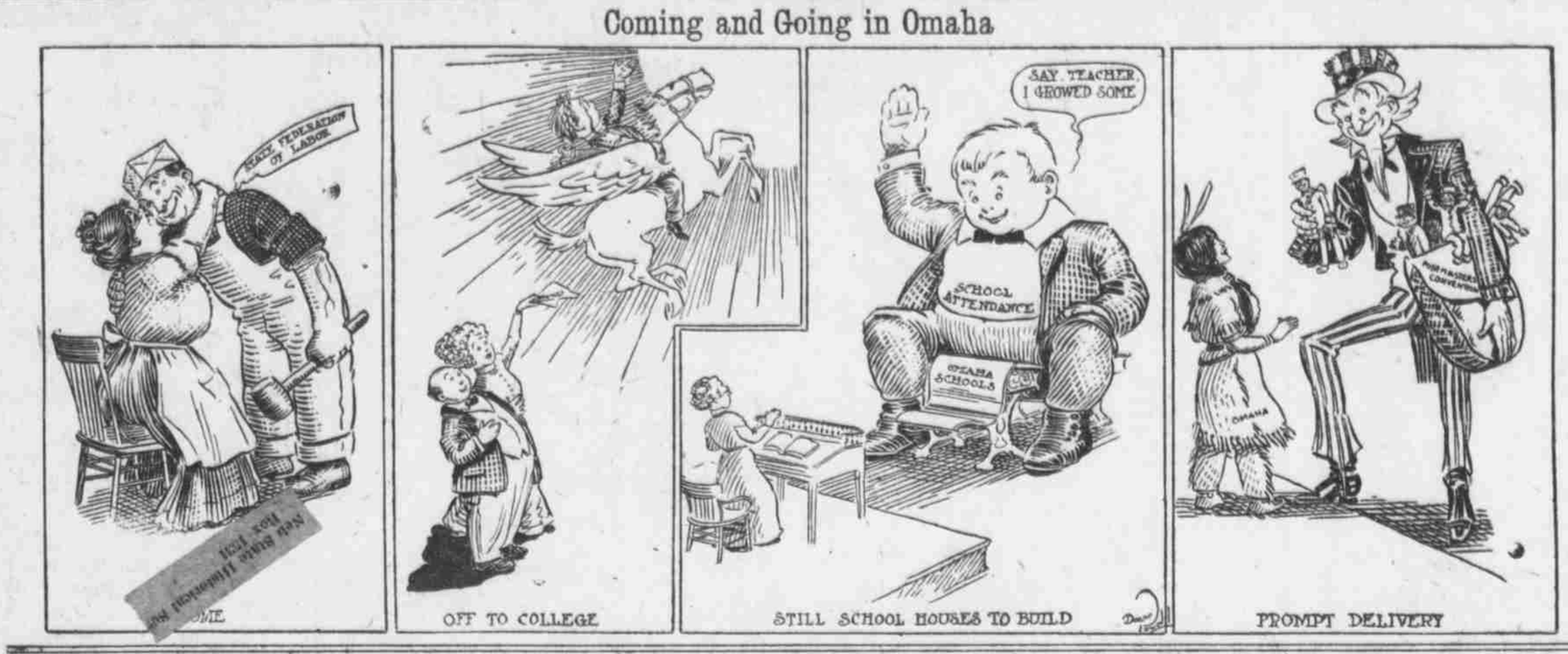
**Comparative Local Record.**

| | 1911. | 1910. | 1909. | 1908. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Highest yesterday | 79 | 63 | 82 | 81 |
| Lowest yesterday | 62 | 48 | 66 | 66 |
| Mean temperature | 71 | 56 | 74 | 78 |
| Precipitation | .00 | .00 | .00 | .00 |

Temperature and precipitation departures from the normal:

| | |
|---|---|
| Normal temperature | 68 |
| Excess for the day | 3 |
| Total excess since March 1, 1911 | 704 |
| Normal precipitation | .14 inch |
| Deficiency for the day | .14 inch |
| Total rainfall since March 1 | 9.11 inches |
| Deficiency since March 1 | 13.70 inches |
| Deficiency for cor. period, 1910 | 12.85 inches |
| Deficiency for cor. period, 1909 | 1.66 inches |

## Coming and Going in Omaha




OFF TO COLLEGE — STILL SCHOOL HOUSES TO BUILD — PROMPT DELIVERY

## HARMON ATTACKS PRESIDENT TAFT

**Governor of Ohio Not Pleased with Attitude of Administration Toward Tariff Reform.**

**PEOPLE ARE ENTITLED TO RLIEF**

**Insists that What Congress Has Given Country Executive Has Taken Away, and Hardened His Heart to Multitude.**

BOSTON, Sept. 9.—President Taft's attitude toward tariff reform was attacked by Governor Judson Harmon of Ohio tonight in a speech before the gathering of democratic clubs. Governor Harmon said that the president's course in vetoing tariff bills passed by the special session of congress indicated that he had been reached by "wrong advisers." Speaking of the president's objections to those bills, he said:

"These and other marks of paternity suggest the question whether the vetoes may not have been adoptad offspring, like the defense of Ballinger.

"He needed no commissioner," said the speaker, "when he promised a general reduction before his election, nor when he called the special session to keep the promise, nor when he signed the bill that broke the promise, nor when he confessed that the woolen and cotton goods duties were too high, nor when he made the agreement with Canada. His position is simply that those who by the trickery of tariff making have secured a license to impose exorbitant prices on the American people shall go on doing it, in spite of the action of both houses of congress, until five men who are not responsible to the people, nor even experts, shall advise him how much these favor taxes ought to be reduced and how to do it scientifically.

**Not Even Benefit of Doubt.**

"He admits they are too high on these absolute and universal necessities of life, but he fears these bills may have cut them too much. All the men, women and children in the land must continue to suffer an admitted wrong which affects health and comfort rather than run the risk of causing too much shrinkage in profits made excessive by law. The people must not even have the benefit of the doubt.

"If the present tariff charges had been fixed merely without proper knowledge and skill, it could well be said that an 'unscientific' remedy is good enough for an unscientific wrong, especially when those who apply the remedy have the advantage of dealing with actual results while those who did the wrong acted only in conjecture. But the Payne-Aldrich-Smott law had a far worse sire than ignorance. And it is a reflection on our plan of government to say that the flagrant iniquities of that law shall go on defying good sense, common knowledge and honest purpose until a commission without legal responsibility or authority shall decide how the duly chosen law-making body may deal with them.

**Believes in Veto Power.**

"I believe in the veto power. But it is to be employed only on the clear and positive conviction of the executive that the public interest so requires. He is allowed ten days to consider and decide. If he remains in doubt at the end of that time action on his part is dispensed with and the judgment of the legislative body becomes effective without it. For the president to defeat the action of congress, especially when it follows the plain mandate of the country, merely because he is not certain about it himsef and wants to wait for somebody else to advise him, is a new and perilous departure from the wise design of the constitution.

"We have had tariff commissions before, but none of them ever accomplished anything but delay. And if ever time is money, it certainly is to the beneficiaries of a favor tariff. The consumers of the country were entitled to at least partial immediate relief. This congress gave and the president took away. His tenderness was all for the few who profit by the present excessive rates. He hardened his heart to the multitude who are compelled to pay the exorbitant prices which include them.

**Says Playing Politics.**

"Not content with calling the majority in congress unscientific, incompetent and ignorant," continued Governor Harmon, "though in his vetoes he did so in parliamentary phrase the president now, in public speeches, charges them with insincerity, employing the ruder language of the stump. He says they were 'playing politics.'

"This gives a fellow feeling for Messrs. Clark and Underwood and their associates. For when I set about the reforms in Ohio, which I was elected to secure, I found myself confronted by a general assembly, republican in both branches, which undertook to discredit my administration in every way it could. It smothered, or defeated measures proposed to prevent further grafting with the treasury funds, to limit taxation and distribute it fairly, to reduce expenses and secure effective conduct of the public business. When I persisted in urging measures for those and

(Continued on Second Page.)

## ALMOST A PANIC IN GERMANY

**Rush on the Berlin Bourse to Get Rid of Securities Held.**

**RUN MADE ON THE SAVINGS BANKS**

**If Public Feeling Continues to Rise Government May Issue Statement Regarding Moroccan Situation.**

BERLIN, Sept. 9.—The financial world today experienced the worst day since the beginning of the Moroccan crisis. It was darker than any during the American panic of 1907.

Although there were no developments to justify it, a feeling approaching panic was widely evident throughout Germany. Newspaper offices were repeatedly queried as to whether it was true that the mobilization of the German army already had been ordered. A storm of selling orders burst on the bourse. Further savings bank runs were developed at Cologne, Essen, Aix-Les-Chapelle and other places, even including a Berlin suburba.

The break in the American market, the bad crop situation and the expectation that the high cost of living would lead to labor troubles all contributed to the sharp decline in prices on the bourse. Iron and Electric shares declined from 4 to 6 points and Canadian Pacific lost 5.

If public feeling rises the government probably will be forced to issue an official statement regarding the Moroccan situation, though it is feared that this will influence the negotiations in an unfavorable manner.

**France Prepares for Emergency.**

PARIS, Sept. 9.—The text of Germany's reply to France's proposals, offered with a view to settling the Moroccan dispute, only reached the French ambassador at Berlin, M. Cambon, last evening.

No reliable information is available in Paris concerning the details of Germany's reply, but the general impression here is that much further negotiations will be necessary before the Moroccan question is reached.

France appears to be slowly transferring her troops to points closer to the northeastern frontier as an ordinary military precaution, which it would be erroneous to infer means the expectation of war. The movement means, in the opinion of persons well informed regarding the situation, only the heightening of France's preparedness for a deplorable contingency and a reply to the considerable military activity beyond the Rhine.

## Illinois Central Graft Case About to Be Settled

**Suit Against Taylor, Former Superintendent of Lines North, is Dismissed.**

CHICAGO, Sept. 9.—Another step in the settlement of Illinois Central railroad "graft" cases was taken today when the suit against John M. Taylor, former storekeeper of the road, was dismissed.

Similar suits against Charles L. Ewing, former superintendent of lines north, and Frank B. Harriman, former superintendent, were dismissed some time ago. The trio was sued by the road for an aggregate sum of $1,500,000.

## J. E. Miller's Douglas Vote Surprise to Him

**Had Just Asserted Any Man with Big Vote Here Was in League with Combination.**

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, Sept. 9.—(Special.)—Friends of J. E. Miller, who lately won the democratic nomination for regent of the University of Nebraska, were looking over the table of votes this week in the presence of a number of other leading democrats of the state. Coming upon the vote cast in Douglas county for C. E. Harman, nominee for railway commissioner, the local man asserted that the Holdrege man apparently was very strong in that county.

"A man who gets that number of votes must be in league with some combination or other," he commented.

Going down the column a little farther, however, Mr. Miller looked at his own vote. Much to his surprise he noted that it was in excess of that cast for Harman.

"Well, who were you in league with," said a friend who saw the figures at the same time.

"Humph," said Mr. Miller.

## SAFECRACKER ADMITS GUILT

**Arthur Hess, Unstrung by Father's Death, Confesses and Takes Ten-Year Term.**

IOWA CITY, Ia., Sept. 9.—(Special Telegram.)—Arthur Hess, a safe cracker, unstrung by his father's sudden death, pleaded guilty today and was sentenced to ten years in Anamosa.

## PLOTNER DENIES ALL THE CHARGES

**Mitchell Man Under Arrest Insists He Did Not Propose Doing Away with Peter Quinn.**

**ADMITS WRITING LOVE LETTERS**

**Woman Who Eloped with the Accused South Dakota Man Turns Against Him and Will Aid the Prosecution.**

MITCHELL, S. D., Sept. 9.—(Special Telegram.)—To a group of newspaper men today L. W. Plotner responded to some queries concerning the letters that he is alleged by the Quinn family to have written to a party in Sioux City with the idea of arranging for the doing away of Peter Quinn. One letter written on the letter head of the former sheriff gives the details as to the matter of disposing of Quinn by enticing him to Sioux City, arranging a game of cards and then striking him in the head. Carbolic acid was to be used to smear over his lips to allay all possible suspicion of murder.

Plotner declared that there was absolutely nothing to the letters written and that he had nothing to do with them. His first two initials were signed to one of the letters. He declared it was an easy matter for someone to get a letterhead from the office, which always stood open. He also declares as false that members of the Quinn family received a letter from him in which he made a proposition to pay a sum of money for letters which they have in their possession and that whatever letters they have are not detrimental to him. He admits having written some love letters to Mrs. Quinn and that he went to Minneapolis to confer with the Quinns concerning them, but the others he knows nothing of.

Mrs. Quinn and Mrs. Johnson are relentless in their pushing of the case against Plotner. Mrs. Johnson is just as bitter as she was at the time of the death of her brother, when she called Plotner up over the telephone and accused him of killing Peter Quinn, declaring that she would get him if she had to follow him to the day of his death.

State's Attorney Herbert wired that he would reach Mitchell about the middle of next week and until that time there will be no move made in the case of adultery or the charge of murder.

## La Follette Will Wait Until December to Make Up His Mind

**Wisconsin Senator Desires to Hear Taft's Message Before Announcing Himself as Candidate.**

MADISON, Wis., Sept. 9.—Upon excellept authority it is learned that Senator La Follette will wait until after congress convenes, early in December, before announcing his candidacy for the presidency. Although leading progressive republicans throughout the country have been coming out in interviews endorsing him, he will avoid haste to answer their call, preferring to wait until after President Taft has submitted his message.

Primarily the senator wants to find out, it is said, what position the president will assume toward what are known as the progressive policies and his general stand on departmental and administration issues.

## Spanish Strengthen Their Outposts

**Five Thousand Soldiers Sent to the Coast of Morocco to Deal with Natives.**

MADRID, Sept. 9.—Five thousand Spanish troops have received orders from the ministry of war to reinforce the Spanish garrison at Melilla, on the Riff coast of Morocco.

The government's action is due to the constant reports received from the commander of the garrison saying that the natives continue to annoy the soldiers by their attacks on the Spanish outposts.

## COLLECTS MONEY ON POLICIES WHERE PEOPLE STILL ALIVE

**Agent Jenks of a Baltimore Life Insurance Company is Held in Bail.**

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 9.—Charles H. Jenks, an agent at Columbia, Pa., of the Baltimore Life Insurance company, was held in $1,000 bail by a United States commissioner today on a charge of using the mails to defraud.

Postal inspectors say that Jenks had been systematically defrauding the company for three years. It is alleged he collected more than $20,000 in death benefits on policies of persons who are still alive.

## ASTOR IS NOW A MARRIED MAN

**Colonel Quietly Weds Miss Madeline Talmage Force.**

**PAPERS IN DAMAGE SUIT SERVED**

**After the Marriage Ceremony Statement is Given Out and the Bride and Groom Sail Away in a Yacht.**

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 9.—Colonel John Jacob Astor and Madeline Talmage Force, both of New York, were married early today at Beachwood, the bridegroom's Newport house. The bride was given away by her father, William Force.

Others present at the ceremony were Miss Katherine Emmons Force, a sister of the bride, and Vincent Astor, son of Colonel Astor. Beachwood was beautifully decorated with flowers in honor of the event, and the Noma, the steam yacht on which the wedding party made the trip from New York, was a veritable floating floral bower.

The Noma arrived in the harbor between 7 and 8 o'clock this morning and Vincent Astor hurried to be the first person to board the yacht. He was beaten in the race however, by Deputy Sheriff Frank P. King, who served Colonel Astor with a writ of summons, issued by a Providence law firm representing Mrs. Bridget McCrohan and her children, in which damages of $30,000 are asked on account of the accidental electrocution of Mrs. McCrohan's oldest son, Eugene, while working at Beachwood in July, 1910. McCrohan was employed by a telephone company and while inspecting the telephone wires in the basement of Colonel Astor's summer house he came in contact with an electric feed wire, the shock causing his death. The writ is returnable in the superior court on October 2 next.

**Colonel Astor Nervous.**

Vincent Astor joined the party on board the yacht and after all had had breakfast Colonel Astor, Mr. Force, the Misses Force and Vincent Astor came ashore in the Noma's motor boat, Colonel Astor handling the steering wheel. The party immediately went in an automobile to the city hall, where the marriage license was issued.

During the city hall proceedings, which were witnessed by a score of newspaper correspondents, Colonel Astor appeared nervous, but Miss Force seemingly was unconcerned.

After the city hall formalities had been concluded the wedding party motored to Beachwood, where Rev. Joseph Lambert of the Elmwood temple (Congregational) of Providence was waiting and performed the ceremony.

Miss Katherine Force was her sister's bridesmaid and Colonel Astor's son, Vincent, was the best man. Others who were present were Mrs. Force, the bride's mother; Mrs. Elder of New York, friend of the Force family; former Congressman William P. Sheffield of this city, Colonel Astor's Newport attorney; William A. Deboyn, Colonel Astor's secretary, and Thomas Hade, who has been in Colonel Astor's employ.

**Astor Makes a Statement.**

Fifteen minutes after the marriage ceremony had been performed Colonel and Mrs. Astor left in an automobile for the boat landing at the foot of Wellington avenue. A few moments later they were on board the Noma, which sailed immediately. The destination of the yacht has been kept secret.

Just before leaving Beechwood Colonel Astor gave out this statement:

"Now that we are happily married, I don't care how difficult divorce and remarriage laws are made. I sympathize heartily with the most straight-laced people in most of their ideas, but believe remarriage should be made possible, as marriage is the happiest condition for the individual and the community."

When Colonel Astor and his bride departed from Beechwood for the boat landing they made the trip in a taxicab hired by one of the newspaper correspondents. The Astor automobile was not at hand, the chauffeur evidently believing that his services would not be needed so soon. Later the correspondent whose taxicab was used as the bridal car was brought into Newport from the Astor residence in Colonel Astor's automobile.

## Shippers Object to Railroad Practice

**Five Dollars Per Day Rental for Use of Refrigerator Cars is Alleged to Be Too Much.**

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9.—A vigorous attack was made today before the Interstate Commerce commission on the practice of many railroads of charging a rental of $5 per car for refrigerator cars not owned by the carriers themselves.

The complaint was made by the Gamble-Robinson Commission company of Minneapolis, Minn., against the Ann Arbor railroad and several northwestern railways. These carriers, in handling perishable fruit, shipped it in refrigerator cars owned by private concerns, the excuse being that they did not own such cars themselves.

The petitioners demand a refund for the rental of $5 a car.

## INQUESN JURY MAKES CHARGE

**Kirkpatrick's Death Laid at Door of Selden-Breck Construction Company.**

**FIND FATAL BOOM WAS FAULTY**

**Score of Witnesses Agree on Details of Accident on Woodmen of World Building—"God Only Knows the Cause."**

Responsibility for the death of E. E. Kirkpatrick, who accidentally was killed Friday evening while working on the Woodmen of the World building, was placed upon the Sidden-Breck Construction company of St. Louis by the coroner's inquest jury yesterday afternoon.

After deliberating half an hour the jury decided that because of the faulty construction of the boom or arm of the crane, which crumpled when a comparatively light load was being lifted, the Selden Breck company being the general contractor, was responsible. The verdict was:

"We, the coroner's jury, find that E. E. Kirkpatrick came to his death as the result of the collopse of the boom on the lifting crane, which occurred September 7, 1911, between the hours of 5:30 and 6 o'clock on the Woodmen of the World building on the southeast corner of Farnam and Fourteenth streets of Omaha, Douglas county dying in the Omaha General hospital at 6:20 p. m. of the said day.

"We further find that the Selden-Breck Construction company was to blame for said accident on account of faulty construction of the boom.

"JOHN DILLON, Foreman;
"WILLIAM SHEPPARD,
"JOHN FLYNN,
"M. E. Sullivan,
"E. M. ROBINSON,
"E. A. DAVIS."

Taking of evidence occupied several hours. Nearly a score of witnesses were examined. Almost everyone agreed upon the details of the accident, but the ownership of the crane could not be ascertained.

J. N. McDonald, superintendent of the Selden-Breck company, said the crane had lifted loads during the afternoon more than twice the weight of the engine with which the boom to buckled.

James Brandon of Council Bluffs, who operated the engine which moved the crane, said that just before the accident he had been removed to another job, but that he, too, had seen the same boom support the weight of loads many times as heavy as the engine. When asked what, in his opinion, caused the accident, he replied, "It's a hard question to answer. In my opinion God and the derrick know just what did cause it."

## Geo. P. Bemis Weds Mrs. Neff of Omaha

**Former Omaha Mayor, Aged Seventy-Three, Weds Woman of Forty-Three.**

George P. Bemis, former mayor of Omaha, aged 73, and Mrs. Elizabeth A. Neff, a well known Omaha woman, 43 years of age, were married in Chicago yesterday afternoon. Mr. Bemis telegraphed the news to friends in Omaha and to The Omaha Bee. Details of the marriage and information as to the plans for the future of Mr. and Mrs. Bemis have not been received in Omaha.

## DIEGLE GETS THREE YEARS IN THE OHIO PENITENTARY

**Go-Betwee nin Bribery Cases Where it Was Sought to Corrupt Legislators.**

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 9.—Rodney J. Diegle, former sergeant-at-arms of the Ohio senate, who was convicted of aiding and abetting alleged bribery, was today given three years in the penitentiary.

Deigle's sentence was suspended until September 15, 1912 to allow the case to be carried to the circuit court. If the court does not hear the case on or before that time a further suspension will be granted. He was released.

Diegle was alleged to have been the "go-between" for certain assemblymen. The bribes, it was charged, were offered by detectives in a room of a local hotel, while in an adjoining room other detectives and stenographers were secreted, recording the alleged bribery conversation through a telephone instrument called the "dictagraph."

The specific charge against Diegle was aiding and abetting the alleged bribery of Senator L. R. Andrews of Lawrence county.

**Democrats Hold Conference.**

NASHVILLE, Sept. 9.—Independent democratic leaders of Tennessee held a conference here today on the question of a policy to govern the presidential nominee situation in this state. It is not unlikely that the two party factions will unite on the national issue.

## ITALIANS STORM CHOLERA REFUGE TO GET PATIENTS

**Persons Stricken with Disease Are Taken from Hospital and Carried Through Town.**

**GRAVE EXCESSES ARE REPORTED**

**Populace Incensed at Detention of Friends and Relatives.**

**DOORS OF BUILDING THROWN OPEN**

**Imprecations Shouted Against Government by Crowds in Street.**

**SOLDIERS MAKE ATTACK ON MOB**

**Ferocity of Assailants Too Much for Small Force in City.**

**FORCED TO YIELD AT ONSLAUGHT**

**Trouble is Started by Reason of the Authorities Ordering All Suspects Placed in Custody of Health Officials.**

CHIASSOWA, Switzerland, Sept. 9.—Gioia Del Colle, a city with a population of 20,000 in the Italian province of Bari De La Pugli, has, according to official advices received here, been the scene of grave excesses in consequence of the cholera epidemic now raging in Italy. The disease is said to have reduced the inhabitants of Gioia Del Colle to a condition of disperation.

The authorities in an effort to stamp out the infection ordered that all persons attacked by cholera should be taken to a hospital and that those who had been in contact with cholera victims be isolated in a neighboring building. The population, incensed by these measures and convinced that it was the intention of the authorities to kill the patients and also those under observation, gathered to the number of several thousand for the purpose of liberating their relatives and friends. The hospital was stormed and the building threatened with incendiary destruction should the mob be interfered with in releasing the cholera stricken inmates. A small force of Caribineers, aided by a few policemen, attacked the crowds, but the ferocious attitude of the demonstrators soon made it apparent to the authorities that the police were inadequate to cope with the situation and in order to avoid bloodshed the doors of the hospital were thrown open.

The crowds rushed into the biulding, brought out the cholera patients and carried them in ghastly procession through the town. The streets were lined with people, who acclaimed the cholera victims and shouted imprecations against the government. All cholera suspects under observation were also set free. The Italian government has dispatched troops to Gioia Del Colle.

## Uncle Sam Plans New Coast Defense

**Searchlights to Spot Foreign Foes Who Might Move Under Cover of Darkness.**

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9.—Realizing that in the time of war a foreign foe, under cloak of darkness, might creep close to the coast line of the United States and destroy the coast defenses, the War department has planned a program of extensive night target practice for a coast artillery corps. One of the biggest drills will be held at Fort Terry, N. Y., from September 15 to 21.

The coast defense soldiers will fire at a moving target 16x24 feet towed far out into Long Island sound by a tug. The target will be found by mammoth searchlights and the projectiles, fired from three-inch guns, will be equipped with tracers especially designed to show the trajectory of a shell and aid the gun crews in accurately aiming the rifles. The exercises are regarded as fraught with such important possibilities that Brigadier General Erasmus M. Weaver, chief of the coast artillery corps, and Captains Percy P. Bishop and James F. Howell have been detailed to observe them.

The navy for some time has been drilling its gunners in night firing, but in the past the army has given the matter only intermittent attention. This policy has now been changed and the exercises at Fort Terry will later be followed by similar practices at Fort Caswell, N. C.

## WALL STREET GIVEN A JOLT

**Billion Dollar Drop in Trading is Experienced Since Latter Part of July.**

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.—A Wall street statistician estimated today that the net value of securities traded in on the New York stock exchange was $1,000,000,000 less than late in July, when prices reached the high point of the year. Quotations today fell to the lowest level of the year and whether or not the estimate was accurate, the depreciation in quoted values reached enormous proportions.

Canadian Pacific, the heaviest loser of the day, declined back 6 points. It is now 2½ points below the high price of the year. The shrewdest students of the market admit they are unable to ascertain the direct cause of the heavy liquidation.

## Base Ball Tickets

**Boxes of O'Brien's Candy.**

All are given away free to those who find their names in the want ads.

Read the want ads every day, your name will appear sometime, maybe more than once.

No puzzles to solve nor subscriptions to get—just read the want ads.

Turn to the want ad pages—there you will find nearly every business house in the city represented.