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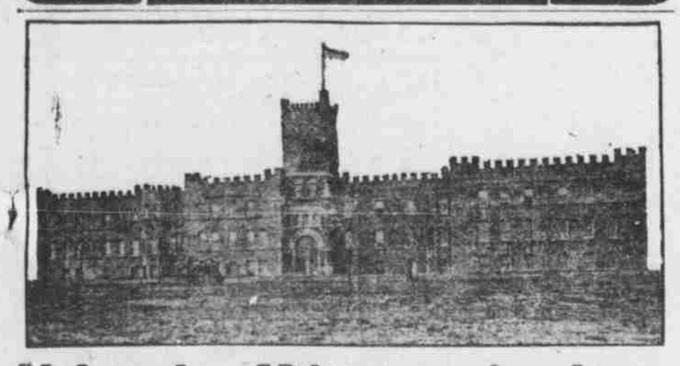

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LINCOLN.

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Fall Semester Opens in Griffith Assembly Hall
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Nebraska

UNDERWOOD PHILLIPIC UNFAIR

Maguire Says Correspondents Do Not Treat Bryan Right.

IOBECK FELICITATES LEADER

Nebraska Congressman Announces the Belief that Bowling Green Statesman is Favorite of Democratic Party.

LINCOLN, Neb., Aug. 27.—(Special.)—Congressman John A. Maguire, who returned yesterday, declares that Washington newspaper correspondents were not quite fair to W. J. Bryan when they reported what Oscar Underwood had to say of the Nebraska democrat a few weeks ago. He says that the gleeful demonstration which accompanied Underwood's philippic was participated in by but a few anti-Bryan democrats. Whether or not he would include Congressman Lobeck is something on which Maguire has nothing to say. He confirmed the report that Lobeck congratulated Underwood on his anti-Bryan speech, but further than that Mr. Maguire would not go. He refrained from comment upon Senator Brown, Congressman Norris or others of the Nebraska delegation.

Congressman Maguire announced his belief that Champ Clark is still the democratic favorite for the presidency, despite newspaper accounts of a movement toward Harmon. As Speaker Clark has surprised those who thought that he might lack firmness, says Congressman Maguire, and his record, in his opinion, has been excellent.

FOUR PERU GRADUATES WED

Russel Whiteford and Mary Ellenberger, and Benjamin Bedell and Mabel Bowen Married.

PERU, Neb., Aug. 27.—(Special.)—Word reaches Peru that Russell Whitfield and Miss Mary Ellenberger were married at Mound City, Mo., on Wednesday evening by Rev. G. W. Ellenberger, the bride's father, in the presence of a large number of relatives and intimate friends. Within a few days the bride and groom will leave for Butte, Neb., where Mr. Whitfield is to teach the coming year. The bride and groom are both well known here, being graduates of the normal here, and both having been residents of Peru for several years.

Prof. L. D. Olmstead and wife of Lincoln, with their household goods, arrived in Peru this week and will soon be at home in the Brummage property. Prof. Olmstead is to fill Prof. Cornell's place in the mathematics department.

The entire family of Guy Lash, consisting of five members, living just south of town, are down with typhoid fever and two trained nurses are attending them. They are getting along as well as can be expected.

Benjamin Bedell of Peru and Miss Mable Bowen of Osborne, Kan., were married at the home of the bride's parents last Sunday evening, August 20, Rev. Harding of the Christian church officiating. The young couple arrived in Peru on Monday, where they are visiting the groom's relatives, after which they will go to Norfolk, where they will both teach in the city schools. They are both graduates of the normal here of the class of 1909, since which time they have taught successfully.

Prof. C. F. Beck this week sold the apples in his forty-acre orchard to an apple buyer for $1,500, and A. M. Borst sold his twenty-two acre crop for $950. Both orchards were sprayed and the apples are in fine condition.

BLAIR REALTY FIRM SUED

Mrs. Lettie Contal Alleges Her Farm Was Sold Too Low and Asks Damages.

BLAIR, Neb., Aug. 27.—(Special.)—Real estate in Washington county, and more especially in the vicinity of Blair, has been raising in value by bounds and jumps for the last few years. Some farm properties have changed owners some three and four times at good profits for the owners and also for the agents.

A suit has been filed in the district court of this county in which is involved the sale of an eighty-acre farm lying about five miles from Blair. Mrs. Lettie Contal has brought suit against the Dixon Real Estate agency as a company and each member individually for the sum of $2,539, alleging that as her agents for the purpose of selling the eighty acres of land they induced her to take a price for the land far below the actual value of said land, she retiring upon the statements of her agents. Mrs. Contal is the widow of the late Captain Contal, and with her husband were among the first settlers of this county. She is 78 years old.

The land sold by her agents for $50 per acre was resold in a short time for $75 per acre and again for $80 per acre. Believing that she cannot recover the title of said land, she sues for the recovery damages. Mrs. Contal's attorneys are O'Hanlon & Doll of this city and Fisher & Rooney of Chadron, Neb.

Second Regiment Band Roster.

CENTRAL CITY, Neb., Aug. 27.—(Special.)—A full quota of officers have been appointed for the Second Regimental band, located at this place, Adjutant General Phelps having announced the appointments this week. The following is the complete roster: Chief musician, H. G. Colcord; principal musician, Ray Kombrink; drum major, Brit Shelton; first sergeant, Leonard Templin; commissary sergeant, Herbert R. Fairchild; third sergeant, John Lyon; fourth sergeant, Vern McDonald; corporals, J. Arch Price, Arthur Land, Lee Coolidge, Claude Willoughby, Ernest Peregrine, G. W. Heywood and Thomas Schroeder; board of managers, Sten Nordstedt, H. G. Colcord, Ray Kombrink, John Lyon and Lee Coolidge.

News Notes From Ord.

ORD, Neb., Aug. 27.—(Special.)—The marriage of Miss Alice Hather and Guy Strong was solemnized at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Hather, Thursday evening at 6 o'clock.

Friday afternoon on the home grounds the Scotia ball team defeated Ord in a fast game of ball, by a score of 7 to 1.

While attending the ball game Friday a son of Charles Sunkweiler fell off of the fence, sustaining a fracture of the arm.

W. B. Hopson, president of the Hopson Printing company of Omaha, and wife are in Ord, the guests of the C. E. Detweiler family. They are on their way home after spending their vacation in the mountains.

Apprentice Sues Rock Island.

FAIRBURY, Neb., Aug. 27.—(Special.)—Fred Billings, formerly a machinist apprentice in the Rock Island locomotive shops at Fairbury, has instituted suit against the company for $1,200 for injuries sustained July 3. Billings alleges in his petition that he was seriously injured in jumping from a large passenger engine in order to avert being crushed by a large

Nebraska

dump cap casting and that he will never have the use of his right ankle again.

TAFT POURS SHOT INTO THE ENEMY

(Continued from First Page.)

passage, although supported by all the gentlemen who were prominent in the passage of this woolen bill.

"Still that same congress gave me money enough to create a board to do the same work. It is a board of exactly the same personnel as that which the tariff commission would have had, for on it I have put two republicans and three democrats and made it a nonpartisan board in the sense that the tariff commission bill required. It is a board that in every respect is the same as the statutory tariff commission, except that it is not permanent and has not the power to summon witnesses, and this it finds unnecessary because it can secure all the information it needs without doing so.

Veto of Wool Bill Right.

"It is the same board which Messrs. Clark and Underwood and Senator La Follette and his associates were demanding. I submit that the congressional history of this legislation, taken with the previous inconsistent position of Mr. Underwood and Mr. Clark, Mr. La Follette and his associates, is enough to show why the wool bill ought not to have been signed and is enough to convince the people of this commonwealth that the party in power in the lower house, and the combination which was temporarily in power in the upper house ought not to receive from them a vote of confidence.

"The other two revenue measures were really impromptu and were so loosely drawn that to have put them on the statute books would have been a serious reflection on the congress responsible for them. They would have produced the utmost confusion in the collection of the revenues, would have made very difficult changes in the rates from those which the authors of the bill intended, and certainly were not measures many congressmen would have been willing to be responsible for, if they had been framed with a bona fide purpose or expectation of making them into law.

"They were plainly measures made to appeal to a supposed popular desire and with the hope that by the veto which they had every reason to expect, they might invite popular hostility toward the executive and the party of which he was the head. These are the simple facts in respect to the tariff legislation attempted in the house and in the senate.

"I am here to speak the truth as nearly as I can. I recognize the general demand throughout the country for a reduction of duties so far as that reduction can be made consistent with the maintenance of a measure of protection that shall enable the industries of the country to live.

Time for Revision Here.

"The time of the Chinese wall and duties exceeding the difference between the cost of production here and the cost of production abroad has passed and we of the republican party are under an obligation as soon as opportunity comes to advocate and carry through a revision of the tariff which shall meet the present popular demand and to which we are really pledged.

"Therefore, when the tariff board shall make its report in December on wool and cotton, I expect to submit to congress recommendations based on their report for a revision of both schedules. I have already expressed my opinion that the woolen schedule is too high, that it has prevailed for so many years that it ought to be revised, and is the subject of complaint, not only by consumers, but also by those who are engaged in the industries affected. So far as I can help it, however, no such revision will take place unless it is made with a full knowledge of the facts as found by an impartial investigation.

"My calling the extra session has been made the subject of criticism by republicans on the ground that it was a step which would have political consequences adverse to the republican party. As I was pledged to use the best efforts I could to secure the early adoption and confirmation of the Canadian reciprocity treaty, I called it for this purpose only and without any regard to any effect, political or otherwise, it might have.

"I venture to think, as I now look back on the session, that although that was not its purpose, it has inured greatly to the benefit of the republican party, because it has made plain to the country, or at least has given to the republican party an opportunity to make plain to the country the real purpose of the democratic majority in the house of representatives and what the real motive of the coalition between the democrats and their allies in the senate is, or was.

"Never in the history of the government, I venture to say, have important public interests been dealt with in such a lighthearted way, with such absolute ignorance of the effect of legislation and with such willingness to sacrifice business interests to political exigencies as in the present legislation which has just been defeated. Under these conditions, men of Massachusetts, it seems to me that the slogan of your party should involve a national cry and not be confined to mere state issues."

TWENTY-FIVE DIE IN WILD CRUSH

(Continued from First Page.)

box and staggered out. With the opening of the door, a dense cloud of smoke poured into the auditorium. Some person yelled "fire." The spectators turned in their seats, saw the smoke, and started in the awful rush for the lone doorway leading to the eight-foot stairway.

At the stairway the fleeing women and children ran into 100 other persons who were awaiting admission.

Immediately, the narrow stairway was packed ten feet high with the dead and dying, the injured and those who somehow escaped unhurt.

Throws Baby Fifty Feet.

In the excitement a woman threw her infant child from a side window of the theater fifty feet from the ground. J. W. Reese caught the infant in his arms and placed it in charge of a woman at a fruit store. Up to a late hour tonight the child had not been claimed.

When the body of Mrs. Harry Kelty was found, she was clasping tight to her breast her 5-year-old son. The lad had died of suffocation, but there was not a bruise or scratch on his body.

The Canonsburg opera house is on the second floor of the Morgan block at Central and Pike streets, and is owned by J. P. Morgan. The theater for some time has been devoted to the exhibition of moving pictures. The main auditorium seats 1,000 persons, while a gallery has a capacity of 500. In the front of the gallery is the asbestos booth of the moving picture machine. Entrance to the theater is through a narrow vestibule on the Pike street side, and up a narrow stairway of fifty steps, leading directly into the theater.

When the panic occurred the theater was filled with people, while the stairway and vestibule were packed with persons awaiting their turn to see the show.

As the throng swept out of the building over the bodies of the fallen, it spread when it reached the street. As the crowd opened men, women and children fell fainting to the sidewalk. The crush had been so tight that in many places persons were carried upright in the crowd, not falling until their supporters separated. Some of these thus carried out were crushed to death.

ADVICE TO UNION PACIFIC SHOPMEN

(Continued from First Page.)

employes upon further consideration ought to withdraw.

Belief of the Association.

"We do not believe that any employer, whether corporate or individual, ought to enter into any agreement abrogating his right and evading his duty to deal directly with his own employes, either as individuals or as organizations, and it appears to us that the demand that the Union Pacific shall surrender its right to enter into contracts satisfactory to itself and its own employes together with a demand that the Union Pacific employes shall surrender their right to contract directly, or through the representatives of the workmen in their several crafts with their employer, resulting in an obligation on both the employer and the employe, to submit to have the terms of employment fixed either by the employes of other railroads or the officials of other railroads operating under conditions physically, commercially and climatically radically different from the conditions obtaining in the Union Pacific territory, is a demand to which the Union Pacific railroad ought not to accede, which, if granted, would ultimately work to the destruction of the best interests of the employes as well as of the railroad.

"We do not believe that it is just to demand of the Union Pacific railroad that it shall make membership or non-membership in any organization, particularly an organization a large majority of whose membership are not its employes, a condition of employment and deprive itself of the right to give employment to any competent workman.

"We think that the demand that the railroad shall abrogate its right and terminate its practice of inquiring into the physical and moral fitness of its employes is one which should not be acceded to, and which, if granted, will result in the destruction of the power of the company to perform its duties to the public with either safety or satisfaction.

About Higher Pay.

"In reference to the demand for an increase in pay: While our association of necessity cannot know all of the details or all the factors which should properly enter into the making of wage scales between the Union Pacific Railroad company and its employes, the members of the association are personally acquainted with the present business conditions to an extent which justifies them in feeling that they are competent in a general way to express an opinion upon this demand. Anyone who will take the pains to compare the volume of bank clearings, as published in the daily press every week, must understand that the total volume of business of the country has greatly fallen off during the last year. It is not possible that the volume of business could decrease in other lines without decreasing, at the same time, that of the railroads. The large number of workmen, skilled and unskilled, in all fields of industry that are without employment is conclusive evidence that the industries of the country are not so flourishing as to invite much expenditures in labor employing enterprises. These conditions are known to all men who take pains to keep reasonably well posted, and their existence suggests the grave impropriety and unwisdom during the period of commercial and industrial depression of insisting upon increases which the present business does not warrant, and particularly make such demands against a company paying higher wages than most of its competitors in the same territory; a company that has always been a liberal employer and which has made the increases above indicated during the last five years. Indeed, the occasion of an industrial crisis under present conditions would not only deter the investment of capital in labor employing enterprises, but would directly impair the ability of the Union Pacific railroad and its employes to maintain the present volume or scale of employment.

"The Business Men's association asks the careful and candid judgment of the community and particularly the careful and dispassionate judgment of the employes of the Union Pacific railroad upon the above considerations. We feel convinced that if these conditions are weighed dispassionately the workmen will realize it is much more to their interests to maintain industrial peace under workable conditions than to create disaster to themselves and the community through insisting upon a demand for conditions that never could become workable."

Caught in the Act

and arrested by Dr. King's New Life Pills, bilious headache quits and liver and bowels act right. 25c. For sale by Beaton Drug Co.

ANGRY MAN DROPS COMMON LAW WIFE INTO THE LAKE

Walter Hopper, in Altercation with Woman, Commits Murder on Lake Steamer.

HOLLAND, Mich., Aug. 27.—Angered, he said, because Grace Lyons of Chicago broke her promise of marriage, Walter Hopper of Chicago and Philadelphia tonight attacked her on board the steamer Puritan in midlake and tossed her overboard. Her body was not recovered.

News of the tragedy was flashed here by wireless and officers were waiting for Hopper when the boat reached the dock. Several persons witnessed the deed and Hopper admitted the crime.

According to Hopper, he and the girl had lived as common law husband and wife for a time and intended to be married formally in a few weeks. Hearing that Miss Lyons was leaving Chicago on the Puritan today, Hopper caught the boat and accosted her shortly after leaving the harbor. She accused him of drinking. A quarrel followed and she declared the marriage would not take place.

They were seated on a crate of freight on the lower deck. Suddenly Hopper grabbed her in his arms, rushed to the side of the steamer and dropped her overboard. Several deck hands seized Hopper and boats were lowered, but the body did not come to the surface.

Hopper is 31 years old and Miss Lyons was 26. The prisoner will be arraigned here on a murder charge on Monday.

Desperate Shooting

pains in the chest require quick treatment with Dr. King's New Discovery. Prevents pneumonia. 50c and $1.00. For sale by Beaton Drug Co.

FIRE THREATENS BIG BLOCK

Musgrave Auto and Fence Company of Des Moines Loses by Blaze.

DES MOINES, Ia., Aug. 27.—A midnight fire, which for a time threatened to consume an entire block in the wholesale district, last night destroyed three of the five warehouses of the Musgrave Auto and Fence company at 102 South Second street. So far as could be learned there was but little stock in the buildings. The damage is estimated at $25,000.

For summer diarrhoea in children always give Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and castor oil, and a speedy cure is certain. For sale by all dealers.

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One of the most striking numbers from the first great American opera.

This odd Dagger Dance, like other characteristic numbers in the opera, is based on Indian melodies which Victor Herbert has been collecting for years.

Its weird melody is most entrancing and its rendition here by Victor Herbert's Orchestra under his own personal direction gives you a perfect interpretation of the work.

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