

Advertisers can cover Omaha with one paper—THE BEE

THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

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OMAHA, TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 11, 1911—TEN PAGES.

SINGLE COPY TWO CENTS.

WEATHER FORECAST. For Nebraska—Generally fair. For Iowa—Fair; warmer.

CONTROLLER BAY ORDER CHANGED

Commissioner Dennett Testifies that Document Was Amended After it Left His Hands.

SIXTY-DAY CLAUSE STRICKEN OUT Gave Great Advantage to Claimants Already on Ground.

PREPARED BY THE DEPARTMENT He Does Not Know Who Dropped Provision from Order.

CHARGE AGAINST THE PRESIDENT Magazine Writer Alleges that Order Was Issued in Response to Request Made by Charles P. Taft.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—Secretary Fisher today told President Taft that a careful search of the interior department records failed to show the "Dick to Dick" letter, in which it was alleged that C. P. Taft used his influence in behalf of navigation interests in Alaska to secure control of the bay.

Secretary Fisher also told the president that he saw the article written by Miss Abbott before it was printed and remembered in such letter in the article.

It was stated at the White House that a careful search of the files in the executive offices failed to reveal any record of a letter to the president from Charles P. Taft concerning the bay or bearing in any way upon the controller bay affair.

The most important development of the investigation of the case by the house committee of the interior department today was the testimony of Commissioner Dennett of the general land office that the claimants represented by Richard S. Ryan of New York said to represent the Guggenheim interests, had benefited by the omission of one provision in the final official papers.

Mr. Dennett does not know. Mr. Dennett said that when the executive order opening the controller bay land to entry reached his office it contained a provision under which entrymen could not file on the land for sixty days after the order was issued. In some way or other he did not know how, he said, this provision was lost or eliminated before final promulgation of the order.

This omission, he admitted, gave great advantage to the Ryan claimants, who were on the ground when the order reached Juneau.

Mr. Dennett said that the first draft, which, in accordance with the usual custom, was prepared at the department of agriculture, contained the sixty days' provision, but that it was not in the order as finally signed by the president.

"Who struck it out?" "I do not know."

Charges Against President. Published charges have been made that Richard S. Ryan of New York, claimed to be secret agent of the Guggenheim syndicate, wrote a letter to former Secretary of the Interior Ballinger demanding that Ryan, had asked Charles P. Taft to speak to his brother, President Taft, about the controller bay claims, and that following this the president "made no further objection to my claim."

Immediately following his return to Washington today President Taft set his office force to work investigating the controller bay affair.

Hunt for Alleged Letters. All four of the departments interested were requested to make investigations and report any information that might be found. The controller bay and Charles P. Taft letter files were searched for a letter to the president from his brother in which a letter had been written having been brought to the president's attention for the first time this morning.

A telegram has been sent Charles P. Taft's secretary at Cincinnati asking that industry for such a letter be furnished there. Mr. Taft said that he had never discussed R. S. Ryan or Controller bay with his brother and had received no letters so far as he could remember.

It is explained that R. S. Ryan, representing the Controller Bay Navigation

GOVERNOR OF NEBRASKA, WHO WAS INITIATED AT DEN.



Davilla Lands with Small Force on Island Near Venezuela

Close Friend of Capriano Castro Preparing to Invade Country from the East.

WILLEMSTEDT, July 10.—Wireless dispatches from Buen Ayre island announce that General Jose Antonio Davilla landed on the island secretly Saturday night, having come from Venezuela.

Davilla is one of the sixty-three men, who, led by General Capriano Castro years ago, invaded the state of Tachira, Venezuela, from Colombian territory. He is Castro's close friend.

Later advices prove untrue Saturday's report that the president of the state of Zulia, Venezuela, had been killed by a bomb explosion.

Wireless messages from Aruba today report that the armored cruiser North Carolina, which carried the American representatives to the centennial anniversary of the independence of Venezuela, left La Guaira yesterday and is now anchored off Aruba island.

Aruba is an island in the Dutch Antilles, near the coast of Venezuela.

According to the best information obtainable Castro, the deposed president of Venezuela is now on the western frontier of Venezuela to the head of a thousand or more men engaged in enlisting an army.

Buen Ayre or Bonaire, is a Dutch West Indian island about sixty-five miles north of the north coast of Venezuela and thirty miles east of Curacao.

Progressives and the Presidential Honor Harry Bushnell Says He Will Oppose Any Endorsement at the State Convention.

From a Staff Correspondent. LINCOLN, July 10.—(Special.)—"As far as I am concerned there will be no presidential endorsement this year at the republican state convention, neither for Taft or La Follette," said H. M. Bushnell of the Nebraska Progressive Republican today in discussing the aftermath of the Shotwell interview which was given out upon the arrival of the Omaha

bulletin of the provisions of the session of the state legislature, the power of endorsement is given to the people through what is known as the presidential preference vote, and they alone should be allowed that privilege.

Neither Mr. Bushnell, C. O. Whedon or Frank Harrison would have anything to say about Shotwell, all relating that they did not care to give it even serious consideration. They, with other Republicans asserted that the fact that Shotwell naming Taft, Brown, Norris and Aldrich as progressives, lumping them off as it were in one bunch, was ludicrous in the extreme. None of them disputed the fact but that the latter two had earned their title to that, but were convinced that other proof would have to be forthcoming before they would acknowledge as much for the president and Senator Brown.

Record Breaking Crop of Cotton is Certain Breaking of Drouth in Texas and Oklahoma Causes Sharp Slump in Prices in New York.

NEW YORK, July 10.—Reports that further rain in the western cotton belt since Sunday morning had effectually relieved drouth conditions in Texas and Oklahoma and rendered a record-breaking crop of cotton practically certain, with normal weather hereafter, caused heavy general selling in the cotton market today. Old crop months were sensationally weak.

Before the close July contracts sold at 11 1/2 and August at 11 1/4, a decline of 1/2 to 1/4 per bale for the day and lower than the early last autumn. Last prices showed practically no recovery.

INDIAN LANDS TO BE THROWN OPEN

Six Hundred Thousand Acres of Good Land Ready for Settlers Soon.

CHOICE TO BE DECIDED BY LOT Registration at Places in South Dakota.

SOME IS GOOD FARM LAND Mineral and Coal Lands Retained by the Government.

BIG INFUX IS EXPECTED Latest Announcement of the Government Will Bring Out Many Who Desire to Establish Homes on Farms.

Information of more than usual interest to residents of Nebraska and the middle west is contained in a recent bulletin of the United States Department of the Interior to the effect that almost 600,000 acres of reservation land in North and South Dakota are to be opened for settlement within the next few months.

The lands affected by the order are a portion of the Fort Berthold reservation situated in Monraille and McLean counties in western North Dakota and a part of the Pine Ridge and Rosebud reservations in Mallett and Bennett counties in the south central part of South Dakota. The amount of land to be thrown open in these various reservations is, respectively, 150,000, 108,271 and 207,230 acres.

Three Classes of Land. In each of the reservations the lands have been divided into three classes known as agricultural lands, the first class, agricultural lands of the second class, and grazing lands and the price which the government has put upon the various classes in the several tracts range from 25 cents to \$1 per acre. Mineral, coal and timber lands are, however, to be reserved from the portions open for entry.

According to the regulations drawn up by the department, all who desire to register for Fort Berthold lands must either go to Bemis, Minot, Ryder, Garrison or Platteau, N. D., on or before August 14 and not later than October 1, 1911, and those who wish to register for lands in the other two reservations must do so between October 2 and October 22, 1911, at Chamberlain, Dallas, Gregory or Rapid City, S. D.

In general any person who is qualified to make entry under the general homestead laws may register for a share of this reserve, but a married woman who has been deserted by her husband, one not a citizen and not having declared intention to become such, a minor, or owner of more than 160 acres of land in the United States, no matter how acquired, or one who has previously made entries will not be allowed to register.

Honorably discharged soldiers or sailors who have served more than ninety days in actual service, are allowed to register by agent duly appointed, but all other parties must register in person, and one person can file no more than one registration for himself and one for another as his agent.

Determined by Lot. After the applications are sworn to before a notary public, they are to be mailed to James W. Witten at the general land office in Washington, D. C., and the order of choice of lands is to be determined by that office by lot. The order for the Fort Berthold opening is to be decided at Minot, N. D., on September 24, and for the other reservations on October 24, and for the other reservations on October 24, and for the other reservations on October 24.

All choices must be made before October 1, 1911, and any land not chosen at that time will be thrown open to entry to all capable of taking, regardless of the order of choice which has been assigned.

Patent may be obtained to this land by proving fourteen months' actual and continuous residence, and the payment of proof fees and all unpaid installments of the appraised value of the land or by proving five years' actual residence and cultivation and the payment annually of all the installments of the appraised value and the proof fees and not more than \$4 as commissions.

St. Paul Boys Land. ST. PAUL, July 10.—The St. Paul baseball club has purchased the 20-acre tract from the Cleveland club of the American league.

Famous Nebraska Insurgent is Fifty Years Old Today

George W. Norris, famous insurgent republican, was born in Baldwin county, O., July 11, 1861. The future balter of coal-like presiding officers worked on the farms of the neighborhood for his summer amusement and went to school in the winter. In this way he worked through the grades and through several years in Baldwin university, and the Normal school of northern Indiana.

He wanted to study law and taught school while he carried on his studies. In 1883, he was admitted to the bar, but continued his pedagogy to get together enough money for a law library.

A few years later he came to Nebraska and settled in the western part of the state. He was prosecuting attorney for Raw Willow county for three terms, and became judge of the Fourteenth district in 1893. That office he held with dignity for seven years.

A year later a pronounced political tendency took him into the campaign for congress, and he was elected to represent the Fifth Nebraska district in the Fifty-ninth congress. Since then for eight years he has been a congressman, and is now being mentioned prominently for the senate.

Teachers Begin Business

First Session of National Association is Held This Morning.

MRS. YOUNG MAKES HER ADDRESS She Refuses to Sign Report of Trustees of Permanent Fund Because of Objection to Method of Management.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 10.—In surroundings typifying the best of the civilization and education of ancient Greece, the forty-ninth convention of the National Education association opened this afternoon in the Greek theater of the University of California at Berkeley.

The trustees' report of the permanent fund does not carry the signature of Mrs. Ella Flagg Young, ex-officio member of the board. Mrs. Young has criticized the method of managing the fund several times since she took office.

Steel Corporation Report. NEW YORK, July 10.—The United States Steel corporation announced today unfilled tonnage on its books on June 30 totaled 1,301,068 tons against 1,118,187 tons on the books May 31.

Stepfather of Mutilated Boy is Charged with Crime Arrest in Connection with Murder at Kiev Which Was to Be Used as Basis of Anti-Semite Riot.

KIEV, Russia, July 10.—Prikhodko, stepfather of Yushinsky, the boy whose body, horribly mutilated, was found in a cave near here on February 28, was arrested today. The authorities have confiscated in various towns pamphlets in which the writers sought to inflame racial feeling by ascribing the murder to fanaticism.

Crank Visits Office of Steel Combine Georgia Man Walks Into Judge Gary's Office and Calls Meeting of the Board of Directors.

NEW YORK, July 10.—Business in the executive offices of the United States Steel corporation was moving along in its accustomed complacency today when a man giving his name as U. E. Piper of Atlanta, Ga. walked briskly into Chairman Gary's room and announced that he was now in charge of the corporation's affairs. He followed his declaration by calling a meeting of the board of directors. When the executive force overcame his surprise Piper was escorted from the building and taken to Bellevue hospital for examination. It is supposed he was overcome by the heat.

Wire Makers Enter Pleas of Not Guilty Eighty-Three Indicted Men Are Given Until September 1 to File Demurrers.

NEW YORK, July 10.—The eighty-three wire manufacturers indicted June 29 under the anti-trust law on charges of restraining trade in wire products, began their fight against the government today by entering pleas of not guilty and securing a delay until September 1 to enable them to file demurrers. Each man's bail was fixed at \$1,000.

CUMMINS AMENDMENT LOSES Senate Proceeds with Consideration of Other Changes in Reciprocity Bill.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—The Cummins amendment to admit Canadian flour and cereal products to the United States free of duty under the reciprocity agreement was defeated by the senate, 14 to 82. Consideration of the other Canadian amendments was then begun.

KANSAS CITY, KAN., MILK DEALERS TO BE ARRESTED Thirty-Five Men Are Charged with Putting Water in the Milk.

KANSAS CITY, July 10.—Warrants for the arrest of thirty-five milk dealers of Kansas City, Kan. were issued today by the county prosecutor of Wyandotte county Kan., following charges that they had watered their milk made by Harry Bell, assistant state food inspector of Kansas. It is expected the dealers would be arrested late today or tomorrow.

Boxes of O'Brien's Candy. Round trip tickets to Lake Manawa. Quart bricks of Dalzell's ice cream.

All given away free to those who find their names in the want ads. Read the want ads every day, your name will appear sometime, may be more than once. No puzzles to solve nor subscriptions to get—just read the want ads. Turn to the want ad page—now.

George W. Norris, Representative Fifth Nebraska District.

In Constant Eruption



No Particular Day for This Pyrotechnic Display.

Penrose Predicts Early Passage of Reciprocity Bill

Senate Leader Says Measure Will Be Passed as Soon as Few More Speeches Are Made.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—"Nothing but speeches stands in the way of the complete success of the Canadian reciprocity bill and we are working the speeches off as fast as possible," said Chairman Penrose of the senate finance committee today.

Mr. Penrose said there had been no special effort to make plans to expedite the consideration of the reciprocity bill on the President's Mayflower trip, which ended today. He said the affair was of a purely social nature.

Mr. Penrose will renew his request for unanimous consent to fix a date to vote on the reciprocity bill also for days to vote on the two tariff bills now on the senate calendar. He probably will name the same days mentioned in his first request, July 24, 25 and 26.

Stepfather of Mutilated Boy is Charged with Crime

Arrest in Connection with Murder at Kiev Which Was to Be Used as Basis of Anti-Semite Riot.

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CORN LITTLE OFF CROP BOARD SAYS

Official Report at Washington Shows it 4.6 Per Cent Below Ten-Year Average.

TWENTY-FIVE BUSHELS TO ACRE Area Planted Two Million Acres Over Year Ago.

FIGURES UP TO FIRST OF JULY Winter Wheat Indicates Yield of 14.6 Bushels Per Acre.

SPRING WHEAT IN GOOD SHAPE Yield Only Tenth of Per-Cent Off from 1910—One 8.7 Bushels Less Yield Than Year Ago.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—The July crop of the United States Department of Agriculture Crop Reporting board, issued at 2:15 p. m. today, shows the condition on July 1 and the yield per acre, as indicated by the condition on that date of the principal farm crops and the acreage of those not already announced, as follows:

Corn—Condition, 80.1 per cent of a normal, compared with 80.4 per cent in 1910 and 84.7 per cent, the average for the last ten years on that date; indicated yield per acre, 25.5 bushels, compared with 27.4 bushels, the 1910 final yield, and 27.1 bushels, the average for the last five years; area planted to corn this year, 115,920,000 acres, compared with 114,002,000 acres in 1910.

Winter Wheat—Condition, 76.8 per cent of a normal, compared with 84.6 per cent on June 1, 1911, 81.5 per cent in 1910 and 81.1 per cent, the ten-year average; indicated yield per acre, 14.6 bushels, compared with 15.8 bushels in 1910 and 15.5 bushels the five-year average.

Spring Wheat—Condition, 73.8 per cent of a normal, compared with 84.6 per cent on June 1, 1911, 81.5 per cent in 1910 and 81.1 per cent, the ten-year average; indicated yield per acre, 11.8 bushels, compared with 11.7 bushels in 1910 and 12.5 bushels, the five-year average.

All Wheat—Condition, 75.4 per cent of a normal, compared with 84.6 per cent on June 1, 1911, 81.5 per cent in 1910 and 81.1 per cent, the ten-year average. Indicated yield per acre, 15.5 bushels, compared with 14.1 bushels in 1910 and 14.7 bushels, the five-year average.

The amount remaining on farms on July 1 is estimated at 25,730,000 bushels on July 1, 1910, and 27,700,000 bushels, the average amount on farms July 1 for the last five years.

Oats—Condition, 68.8 per cent of a normal, compared with 84.6 per cent on June 1, 1911, 81.5 per cent in 1910 and 81.1 per cent, the ten-year average. Indicated yield per acre, 22.3 bushels, compared with 21.9 bushels in 1910 and 24.4 bushels, the five-year average.

Barley—Condition, 72.1 per cent of a normal, compared with 84.6 per cent on June 1, 1911, 81.5 per cent in 1910 and 81.1 per cent, the ten-year average. Indicated yield per acre, 15.5 bushels, compared with 15.3 bushels in 1910 and 16.4 bushels, the five-year average.

White Potatoes—Condition, 75.0 per cent of a normal, compared with 84.6 per cent in 1910, and 80.4 per cent, the ten-year average. Indicated yield per acre, 81.7 bushels, compared with 84.4 bushels in 1910, and 86.9 bushels, the five-year average. Area planted, 4,566,000 acres, compared with 4,520,000 acres in 1910.

Tobacco—Condition, 75.6 per cent of a normal, compared with 84.6 per cent in 1910 and 86 per cent, the ten-year average; indicated yield per acre, 2,061 pounds, compared with 2,016 pounds in 1910 and 2,016 pounds, the five-year average.

Flax—Condition, 80.9 per cent of a normal, compared with 84.6 per cent in 1910 and 81.8 per cent, the eight-year average; indicated yield per acre, 5.5 bushels, compared with 4.5 bushels in 1910 and 5.5 bushels, the five-year average; area planted, 2,013,000 acres, compared with 2,016,000 acres in 1910.

Hay—Condition, 64.9 per cent of a normal, compared with 76.8 per cent on June 1, 1911, 80.5 per cent in 1910 and 81.7 per cent, the ten-year average; indicated yield per acre, 1.8 tons, compared with 1.3 tons in 1910 and 1.4 tons, the five-year average.

Approximate Total Yield of the Important Farm Crops of the United States as Indicated by the condition of the crops on July 1 and estimated upon the ratio of the average condition on that date to the final yield in the last five years follows:

Table with columns for Crop, 1911 Indicated Yield, and 1910 Yield. Rows include Corn, Winter wheat, Spring wheat, All wheat, Oats, Barley, Rye, Rice, and Tobacco.

State, July 1 Average. Kansas 80, Nebraska 80, Missouri 82, Oklahoma 41, North Dakota 87.

SPRING WHEAT. Boxes of O'Brien's Candy. Round trip tickets to Lake Manawa. Quart bricks of Dalzell's ice cream.

The Weather

For Nebraska—Generally fair. For Iowa—Fair; warmer.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday. 10 a. m. 75, 11 a. m. 75, 12 m. 75, 1 p. m. 75, 2 p. m. 75, 3 p. m. 75, 4 p. m. 75, 5 p. m. 75, 6 p. m. 75, 7 p. m. 75, 8 p. m. 75, 9 p. m. 75.

Comparative Local Record. Highest yesterday 97, Lowest yesterday 67, Mean temperature 75, Precipitation .00, Temperature precipitation departure from the normal.

Normal temperature 76, Excess for the day 21, Total since March 1.00, Normal precipitation 14 inch, Deficiency for the year 1.00, Precipitation since March 1.00, Deficiency since March 1.00, Excess for the year .00, State of Weather. Temp High, Rainfall.

State of Weather. Temp High, Rainfall. Cheyenne, clear, 82, Denver, part cloudy, 80, Des Moines, part cloudy, 80, Dodge City, part cloudy, 80, Lincoln, clear, 80, North Platte, clear, 80, Omaha, clear, 80, Pueblo, part cloudy, 80, Rapid City, clear, 80, Salt Lake City, clear, 80, Santa Fe, cloudy, 80, Sheridan, clear, 80, Sioux City, clear, 80, Valentine, clear, 80.

L. A. WELSH, Local Forecaster.