THE BEE IS DELIVERED to more Omaha homes than all other papers combined.

THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

WEATHER FORECAST.
For Nebraska—Showers; cooler.
For Iowa—Showers; cooler.

VOL. XLI—NO. 15. OMAHA, WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 5, 1911—TWELVE PAGES. SINGLE COPY TWO CENTS.

TAFT AT BANQUET AT INDIANAPOLIS

President Delivers Address on Reciprocity After Spending Most Strenuous Day.

CITY GAILY DECORATED FOR HIM

Executive Reviews S urth Parade in Monume .

RECEPTION AT MA CLUB

Spends Some Time Watch any Athletic Contests.

TRAINMEN BECOME HIS S

Escort Him to State Fair Grounds to Watch Headon Collision of Two Locomotives—Leaves City for Washington.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 4.—After a few hours' rest at the home of former Vice President Charles W. Fairbanks, 1522 North Meridian street, President Taft arose this morning with the most strenuous day of his western trip before him. From the time scheduled for him to leave the Fairbanks home, the president did not have an idle moment.

Indianapolis was gaily decorated with the presidential and American flags and bunting. The residents of the city were bestir early along the line of march of the big "sane Fourth" parade, one of the features of the celebration. Mr. Taft reviewed the parade in Monument place.

Following the parade, the presidential party went to the Marion club for an informal reception to the members and at noon the president was the guest of the Columbia club at luncheon.

At 1:25 p. m. he was escorted to the American Association ball park for the athletic contests and awarded the prizes to the winners in the morning parade.

Railway trainmen became the hosts of the president after the ball park exercises and escorted him to the state fair grounds to witness the head-on collision between two locomotives. The president returned to the Fairbanks home at 5 o'clock and rested until 7, when he attended the Marion club banquet and made the principal speech of the trip.

President Taft chose "Reciprocity" as the subject of his banquet address. In the address the president defended his republicanism in making the agreement with Canada.

Going direct from the banquet where 600 plates were placed and which was attended by leaders of the republican party from all over the state, the president and his party boarded a Pennsylvania train for Washington at 10:45 o'clock tonight.

Busy Time on Way.

With the temperature in his private car above 100 for hours at a time, President Taft hurried through Ohio and Indiana yesterday. He began speaking from the rear platform at Cleveland after breakfast and did not get through until 6 o'clock.

He closed with two addresses at the national home for disabled volunteer soldiers here. The president spoke of war, but more of peace and arbitration to the veterans. To the bankers and editors of the Eleventh congressional district he talked about the Aldrich plan of currency reform.

On the way over from Cleveland the president made nine rear platform talks. Sometimes he talked about the heat, as others he argued for a "safe and sane Fourth," and several times turned to prosperity and Canadian reciprocity which, he said, would bring more prosperity.

Two Wars Excepted.

In the speech to the old soldiers the president declared that all of the former wars waged by this country, except the war of the revolution and possibly the civil war, could have been settled without bloodshed, through arbitration. No fewer than five times, said the president, has the United States intervened between South and Central American countries and peaceful persuasions averted war.

"I am not a wild enthusiast or a blind optimist," said the president. "I do not look forward to a complete restoration of peace which cannot be disturbed in the world, even if these arbitration treaties are adopted. Morality of nations improves only step by step and so the making and confirming of these treaties must be regarded only as a step but as a long step toward the securing of peace in the world."

The speech to the bankers and editors was in the nature of a reiteration of his address to the New York state bankers at Manhattan beach.

"I do not know any function," said the president, "of greater importance, exercised by the government, after the preservation of law and order and the maintenance of liberty and rights of property, than the duty of the government to furnish the people a currency system which shall give them a constant and unvarying medium for the measurement of values and the interchange of products that shall enable business to proceed in a normal way."

Mr. Taft is the first president to visit Marion after his assumption of office and

(Continued on Second Page.)

The Weather

FOR NEBRASKA—Showers, cooler.
FOR IOWA—Showers, cooler.

Temperature ... Omaha Yesterday.

Hour.	Deg.
5 a. m.	83
6 a. m.	82
7 a. m.	84
8 a. m.	87
9 a. m.	90
10 a. m.	95
11 a. m.	97
12 m.	100
1 p. m.	101
2 p. m.	102
3 p. m.	102
4 p. m.	102
5 p. m.	104
6 p. m.	104
7 p. m.	102

Comparative Local Record.

	1911.	1910.	1909.	1908.
Highest yesterday	102	88	80	81
Lowest yesterday	82	64	64	59
Mean temperature	93	76	72	70
Precipitation	.00	.00	.52	.04

Temperature and precipitation departures from the normal:

Normal temperature	79
Excess for the day	17
Total excess since March 1	410
Normal precipitation	.16 inch
Deficiency for the day	.16 inch
Precipitation since March 1	7.37 inches
Deficiency since March 1	7.29 inches
Deficiency for cor. period in 1910	10.86 inches
Deficiency for cor. period in 1909	1.04 inches

L. A. WELSH, Local Forecaster.

Town of Newcastle is Nearly Destroyed by Incendiary Fire

Almost the Entire Business Section of the City Mass of Ruins—Loss $100,000.

PONCA, Neb., July 4.—(Special Telegram.)—Twenty-six buildings in the town of Newcastle were burned here at noon today, it is thought from a fire started by an incendiary. Some of the city hose used in fighting the flames was burned and crippled the fire fighting forces so that the flames burned almost uncontrolled.

Newcastle is eleven miles from here in Dixon county. All telephone wires are out and communication with there is impossible.

The sheriff of Dixon has gone to Newcastle and some arrests are expected in an effort to fix the blame for the fire.

Among the burned buildings are one livery stable, two meat markets, one bank, the Edwards-Bradford Lumber yard and all but two stores.

Newcastle has about 1,000 population.

Bullet Into Prison Kills Man Sought by an Avenging Father

Prospector Olds Meets Sudden Death in Jail at Globe, Ariz.—Murderer Unidentified, Says Jury.

GLOBE, Ariz., July 4.—Kingsley Olds, the prospector who attempted suicide after the drowning of Lulu and Myrtle Goswick, the two little daughters of his mining partner, on June 24, was murdered in his cell in the county jail here today.

When the officers finally ascertained whence the bullet had come, no trace of the assassin could be found. It was discovered that he had gained entrance to the building in the night by means of keys belonging to the janitor.

From a judge's chamber overlooking Olds' cell window he sent his first shot between the bars into Olds' lungs, causing instantaneous death.

The coroner's jury in the afternoon rendered a verdict of death at the hands of a person unidentified.

A brother of the murdered man arrived tonight and will begin an investigation.

Olds was found on June 24 by cowboys making his way to Globe from Salt river. His jaw was shot away and he was unable to talk, but wrote that while in bathing in the river with two little girls, 10 and 12 years old, who had accompanied him to Globe from their father's ranch, he had been shot by a Mexican or an Indian. He had fallen unconscious, he said, and did not know what had become of the girls.

Their bodies were found in the river the next day.

The posse found no trace of the person Olds claimed had shot him, and it was charged that he had assaulted the girls and drowned them to cover his crime. The bodies, when found, bore no trace of violence.

Wesley Goswick, father of the girls, was disarmed the day his daughters' bodies were discovered, as he was coming to Globe with the avowed intention of killing Olds.

Olds later confessed that he shot himself in an attempt at suicide.

Sheridan Citizens Win Point in Fight

City Council Decides to Put Off Granting Franchise to Power Company for Two Weeks.

SHERIDAN, Wyo., July 4.—(Special Telegram.)—In the controversy in which the citizens and taxpayers of Sheridan are trying to prevent the city council from granting a new fifty-year franchise and exclusive street lighting contract to the Sheridan Electric Light and Power company, the citizens won a signal victory this evening when the council voted to postpone final action on the proposed objectionable ordinance until the third Monday in July.

By a three-fourths vote it was also decided to retain Attorney T. W. Lafleche of Sheridan, who has been one of the leaders in the fight against the new franchise, as special counsel for the city.

The city council was scheduled to pass the ordinance tonight, but deferred action out of deference to public opinion. It is now believed that the ordinance will be killed.

HILL LEAVS BERLIN THURSDAY

Reports that Ambassador is to Remain at Post Are Incorrect.

BERLIN, July 4.—Statements eminating from Washington that Dr. David Jayne Hill, the American ambassador to Germany, resigned, has been requested to remain at his post for the present are incorrect.

The ambassador will leave Berlin probably on Thursday next for Switzerland, where he will continue on leave of absence status until he has an opportunity to present his leters of recall to the emperor. These letters, it is understood are now on the way from Washington but are not to be presented until the return of his majesty from his Norwegian trip.

It is stated at the foreign office today that a successor to Dr. Hill had not been designated but that it was believed that the president had made a selection for his post.

"SAFE AND SANE" CELEBRATION

Absence of Fireworks and Noise is Feature of Observance of Fourth in Many Cities.

NEW YORK HALL CENTENNIAL

Mayor Gaynor Speaks at Celebration of Anniversary of City Building.

HITCHCOCK SITS ON THE LID

Postmaster General is Only Member of Cabinet in Washington.

KANSAS CITY WITHOUT NOISE

Water Sports and Band Concerts in Thirteen Parks Are Substitute for for Fireworks—Historical Parades in Several Cities.

NEW YORK, July 4.—The local ordinances tamed every element of the old time Fourth of July celebration here except the weather and except for sizzling heat New York began its celebration of the day under conditions "safe and sane."

The principal feature of the celebration was the exercises at the city hall in commemoration of the centennial of that building. There were addresses by Mayor Gaynor and others. Joseph Garabaldi, a grandson of the Italian liberator, who gained distinction in the Mexican insurrection, was the chief figure in a celebration held by the residents around Washington square.

The Tammany society listened to orations by several prominent men, including Representative Oscar W. Underwood and Harry D. Clayton of Alabama.

"I believe the democratic party has passed through the period of the storm of defeat and is facing a long period of success and triumph," wrote Governor Dix, who was unable to attend.

"Next year will crown the work of the party by the election of a democratic administration in Washington."

Similar expressions were received from William J. Bryan and Champ Clark.

Washington Without Fireworks.

WASHINGTON, July 4.—This city celebrated Independence day without a fire cracker or a toy pistol, the law prohibiting the sale of explosives being rigidly enforced. Official Washington was deserted. Postmaster General Hitchcock was left "sitting on the lid," the only cabinet officer in town.

Vice President Sherman spent the day at his home in Utica, democratic leader Underwood was speechmaking in New York and most of the members of both senate and house were either at home or making addresses to patriotic gatherings throughout the country.

In the seclusion of his private office at the capitol Speaker Champ Clark alternately mopped his brow, dictated correspondence and wondered when the senate would act on the measures which the house passed over to it.

PHILADELPHIA, July 4.—Despite the safe and sane Fourth of July campaign waged here, there were many minor accidents last night and early today, but the number was not nearly so large as in other years.

Historical Tableaux in Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 4.—Chicago celebrated its second "sane" fourth today with an independence day parade consisting of historical tableaux.

The substitution of this sort of entertainment for the cannon cracker, toy pistol and fireworks in the celebration of Independence day is now an established custom here. There was a marked decrease in the number of fires and accidents compared with a year ago.

The first death due to fireworks was reported shortly after noon when Ira Horwitz, 4 years old, died at the county hospital as a result of burns.

No Noise in Kansas City.

KANSAS CITY, July 4.—For the first time in its history Kansas City began a sane fourth today. In sharp contrast to conditions in Kansas City, Kan., the day came in without noisy demonstrations. Fireworks and noise making is forbidden. Water sports and athletics were resorted to as means of observance of the day. Morning, afternoon and evening concerts by thirteen bands in parks and squares in all quarters of the city were arranged by the city.

In Kansas City, Kan., the old style Fourth was observed. Before noon several accidents were reported and one baby, frightened into spasms by a cannon cracker, was dying. A sane Fourth was observed in most Kansas and Oklahoma towns.

TOPEKA, Kan., July 4.—Topeka is having its first sane Fourth of July today. There has been no shooting of fire crackers within the city limits. The sale of explosives in the city was forbidden. Energetic tradesmen, however, erected stands just outside the city limits and did a thriving business.

Eliot Speaks in Faneuil Hall.

BOSTON, July 4.—Boston's Fourth of July celebration had the aspect of a "sane" observance which local authorities have been working for several years to secure.

Roxbury's celebration of its 281st anniversary led in the festivities of the day.

President Charles W. Eliot of Harvard university delivered the patriotic address of the day in Faneuil hall.

The day was marked by unparalleled heat. At 10:45 the mercury had reached 98 degrees and was steadily climbing.

Historical Pageant in Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, July 4.—A historical pageant was the feature of Baltimore's safe and sane Fourth today. A marine parade which ended when the keys of the city were presented to "Lord Baltimore" and

(Continued on Second Page.)

Horse Rears at "Sparklers" Throwing Man Out on Head

The first accident due to the Fourth of July celebration in Omaha occurred Monday in front of a restaurant at 1612 Farnam street. Ernest Brishaus, of Redlands, Cal., was thrown from a runabout and received severe bruises on the head when the horse behind which he was riding became frightened at the explosion of a bunch of "sparklers."

Fred Hahn, son of Dr. Gustave Hahn, 211 Douglas street, with whom Brishaus is visiting, was driving. According to the story of a woman employe of the restaurant, the young men lighted the fireworks. Hahn declared that some pedestrian threw a firecracker under the horse.

At the explosion of the powder, the horse reared, and both occupants of the runabout were thrown to the sidewalk. Mr. Brishaus fell upon his head. He was unconscious for a few minutes, but was revived before the police ambulance appeared. He was taken to the Wise Memorial hospital, where he was treated by Dr. Hahn. It was declared at the Hahn home last night that Brishaus' injuries were not serious.

During the Hot Spell

From the Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Sleeping on the porch these hot nights isn't what it is cracked up to be.

WOLGAST KNOCKS OUT MORAN

Champion Lays Britisher Helpless in the Thirteenth Round.

FAST, EVEN FIGHT UNTIL END

Honors Well Divided Until Champion Sends Right Hand Uppercut to Stomach Following with Two Similar Effective Blows.

ARENA, SAN FRANCISCO, July 4.—Champion Ad. Wolgast, fighting true to form retained his title this afternoon by knocking out Owen Moran of Birmingham, England, in the thirteenth round of their scheduled twenty-round battle in the Eighth streea open air arena.

Wolgast knocked out the Englishman in the first minute of fighting in this round. The lightweights had been going at a terrific pace up to the very end with the honors first with one and then with the other.

Wolgast, rushing the Britisher into a neutral corner in the thirteenth, ripped a righthand uppercut into the stomach at close quarters, following with two similar punches that sent the game little Englishman to the canvas helpless and gasping while the arm of the referee tolled off the ten seconds.

Round 1—After shaking hands they closed in slowly, and almost immediately the crowd yelled for the referee to break them apart. Moran protested that Wolgast was "butting" and the crowd jeered. Wolgast broke a clinch with two powerful lefts to the jaw and they mixed it, each fighting viciously. They went to close quarters wwith Wolgast hooking his left viciously to the jaw. Then he started the blood from the Briton's mouth with a volley of short arm lefts. A body blow by the champion, delivered with great force closed the round which was decidedly in Wolgast's favor.

Round 2—Moran's supporters shouted at him to keep away, but the Englishman rushed in. Wolgast rocked his head with short arm punches and paved the way for a volley of lefts by sending in rights to his stomach. Moran, fighting back gamely, sent Wolgast tottering across the ring with a hard right to the jaw. Wolgast bled from the nostrils as Moran followed his advantage by clipping the champion several times with hard left and right punches to the face and head. Moran's round.

Third Round Even.

Round 3—Wolgast covered up, crouching low and missed a terrific left swing intended for the jaw. They roughed it head to head, both scoring frequently while in this position. Wolgast almost floored his man wwith a left swing to the jaw and then closed in, lashing out with left and right. Wolgast shot three lefts in quick succession to the body and received in return a stiff right to the jaw. The round was even.

Round 4—Wolgast's right eye was somewhat discolored and Moran's mouth was bleeding as they toed the mark. Moran shot a stiff left to the face and again they roughed it with their arms locked. Wolgast doing the greater execution. Moran drove a straight right to the jaw and then clouted the champion with a left to the same place. Wolgast sent his right with great force to the body and they seemed disinclined to break from a clinch. Wolgast hooked a left to the body and drove the Briton against the ropes. They were quickly back in the center of the ring, fighting like tigers. Wolgast's seconds taunted Moran, to which the Britisher replied: "He won't get me today." And then protested vigorously to Referee Welsh that the champion was intentionally "elbowing" him. Moran had just a shade the better of it.

Round 5—They clinched, with Wolgast uppercutting to the face with right and left. Moran jarred the champion with a short arm right to the jaw. Wolgast swung wildly and Moran rammed him twice more with right to the face. A long clinch followed. Wolgast breaking it with a hard right to the face. They danced about the ring and Wolgast landed twice to the jaw with a short right. Wolgast seemed the stronger as the bell ended an even round.

Round 6—The fighters slowed up a bit at the outset of the round and then Mornn shot a straight left to the face. They went to close range, Wolgast landing several rights over the kidneys. They fought at a hot pace against the ropes, each scoring repeatedly. Then followed a smart long range rally, both landing lefts to the face and both spitting blood. Moran, breaking from a clinch, rocked the champion's head with a right hook and the round ended with the men mixing it at a fast clip. The round was about even.

Referree Parts Fighters.

Round 7—Up to this stage Moran apparantly had landed the cleaner punches, but seemed to be the weaker of the two. They at once went into a clinch and a heart-breaking rally followed, Moran having much the better of the wicked exchanges. Wolgast crowded Moran against the ropes, the Englishman making a determined stand. Referee Welsh finally parted them for the first time. Wolgast, steadying himself, ripped uppercut after uppercut to the body with telling effect and Moran reeled across the ring to the ropes. Wolgast shot a left to the jaw that sent Moran hurdling against the ropes and the bell ended the round much in favor of the champion.

Round 8—Moran found Wolgast's face thrice with his left. They clinched and Wolgast drove his right powerfully to the kidneys. Moran almost sent the champion through the ropes with a rush and then went nearly through himself from the force of his onslaught. Wolgast drove a terrific left to the stomach and followed it with right uppercut to the jaw. Wolgast started the blood in a stream from the Briton's mouth and Moran wilted like a leaf. Wolgast sent in a storm of blows, following his man about the ring and using both hands with equal facility. Moran went to his corner with a bloody face and appeared to be in sore starits. Wolgast had all the better of the round, with Moran tiring fast.

Round 9—Wolgast chatted with his friends

(Continued on Second Page.)

Many Senators Will Listen to Lorimer Case

Members of Upper House Wish to Get Their Impressions of Testimony From First Hand.

WASHINGTON, July 4.—Many senators not engaged in the inquiry have expressed a desire to observe the demeanor of witnesses before the senate committee charged with the investigation of the election of William Lorimer to the United States senate. Their desire to watch the witnesses, particularly the confessed bribetakers, who are expected to be examined after the committee reconvenes, nine days from now, is with a view to informing themselves in connection with the case when it comes to a vote in the senate. So great promises to be the attendance of these outside senators that a large hearing room will be procured if possible for the committee sessions to replace the present cramped quarters.

It was largely to afford these senators an opportunity of attending the hearings and because of the committee members wanting to remain here in connection with other legislative matters while congress remains in session that the committee decided to continue its hearings in Washington instead of resuming them in Chicago, deferring that trip until probably in August. During the recent sessions the daily attendance has been so great that senators who came to the hearing room late had difficulty in getting good seats.

John H. Marble and J. J. Healy, attorneys for the committee, taking advantage of the recess, are searching for new evidence. Hundreds of letters have been received by the committee investigating new lines of evidence, commenting on the character of witnesses already heard by the committee and giving advice generally. All these communications have been turned over to the attorneys and anything that promises to be valuable is being investigated.

Camorra Jury Threatens to Strike

Members Are Demanding Higher Pay Because of Unusual Length of the Trial.

VITERBO, Italy, July 4.—The jury before whom the camorrists are being tried for the murder of Gennaro Cuoccolo and Signor Cuoccolo threatened to go on strike today and it was noon before they could be induced to take their seats and permit the trial to proceed.

A bill now before the Chamber of Deputies provides a special indemnity for the jurors serving in this capacity, but the extra allowance is made payable only from July 1. The trial began March 11 and the jurors demand that the extra pay date from the opening of the proceedings. To enforce their wishes they began obstructive tactics by absenting themselves for several hours this morning and threatening to remain away altogether unless their wishes were granted.

President Bianchi interrogated Lieutenant Marenzi of the carbineers of Naples, the superior of Marshal Gulliani. The witness corroborated in full the testimony which his subordinates had given against the prisoners.

The mother of Signorina Sentini, the singer, testified that a theft from her daughter had been organized by Gennaro Cuoccolo.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
NEW YORK		Bazonia.
BOSTON	Parisian	
SAN FRANCISCO	Tuscarora	
THIESTE	Carpathia	
LONDON	Minnehaha	
SINGAPORE		Antiochus.
GIBRALTAR		Pannonia.
LIVERPOOL		Carmania.
PHILADELPHIA	Mongolian	
CHRISTIANSAND	Hellig Olav	
LIVERPOOL	Admiral Duperre	

POLICE HAVE MURDER CLUE

Believe Bridge Toll Keeper Murdered and Thrown Into River.

NO TRACE FOUND OF THE BODY

Man in Comfortable Circumstances and Detectives Are Following Theory that He was Assaulted by Negroes.

The police of Omaha and Council Bluffs are hard at work on the theory that H. E. Fallers, the toolkeeperf at the Douglas street bridge was murdered and his body thrown into the Missouri river shortly before midnight Monday.

A series of blood clots on the footpath of the bridge near the middle of the structure led the police at once to suspect murder. The railing of the bridge on the north side was spattered with blood and the cables which run along over the water were likewise blood stained, which is believed by the police to indicate that Fallers was first beaten up and then thrown overboard in a final effort to hide the crime.

Captain Henry Dunn of the Omaha police department, detailed Detectives Donohue and Heitfelt to solve the mystery of the tollkeeper's disappearance and the police of Council Bluffs are also working on the case.

Fallers resided at 2601 Third avenue and was known to be in comfortable circumstances. It was learned by the police yesterday that he invariably carried as much as $150 of his personal funds with him. As far as could be ascertained up to a late hour last night none of the toll money had been taken by the men who are supposed to have made away with Fallers.

Thre negroes who had been seen hiding on the Iowa side of the bridge, are suspected of having murdered Fallers and the efforts of the police of both cities are directed towards locating them.

Last Seen by W. A. Lary.

Fallers was last seen at 10:35 o'clock by W. A. Lary, 514 South Seventh street, who paid him 45 cents toll, and the police believe that the man disappeared shortly after that time as his cash register showed the last toll to have been 45 cents.

The street car company was notified of his disappearance about midnight by persons who had passed the toll gate without finding a collector.

The police of Council Bluffs and Omaha and more than 100 citizens of the two cities started on a search for the missing man but up until an early hour yesterady no trace of him could be found.

It is known that Fallers had $6.45 in his pockets at the time of his disappearance. Twenty-one dollars was found by the police in a secret drawer in the toll house. The cash register was inspected by officials of the street railway company and showed that $27.45 had been collected since Fallers went on duty at 6 o'clock last night.

Fallers, it is said, always placed his collections in his pocket and rang them up in the cash register. When his pocket was filled he emptied them into the secret drawer.

Arnold Clark, a street car conductor on a Council Bluffs car, told the police that he had seen three negroes hiding behind a barrel near the toll house three minutes before the time W. A. Lary said he had paid Fallers 45 cents toll.

Fallers is about 40 years old and had been employed as toll collector since he was injured in a street car wreck ten years ago.

IOWA MAN MURDERS WIFE AND TWO CHILDREN—SHOOTS SELF

DUBUQUE, Ia., July 4.—Leslie Miller, who lived near New Hampton, Ia., murdered his wife and two of his five children and then committed suicide this afternoon. He first killed the two children with a shotgun and then went to town, where his wife was in a sanitarium. He called her out and shot her and then shot himself.

Intense Cold Delays Ice Cutting at Carter Lake

Forecaster Welsh promises a let up in the weather within a few days.

The icemen who have been cutting ice during the past week at Carter lake declare that it is becoming almost impossible to do so because the ice is getting so thick and hard that the saws will not cut through it. A workman, an Icelander, named Jens Nelson, was knocked off into the icy waters of the channel last evening by a floating berg but was rescued by his companions though numbed and nearly dead with the cold.

The snow blockade on Farnam street is soon to be relieved as the crust is freezing so solidly that wagons will pass along on top of the drifts. No more deaths from cold have been reported although there have been many frozen ears and hands and business has been paralyzed by the impossibility of going freely along the streets. The mercury thermometers in the postoffice have frozen up and alcohol has been substituted for the quick silver. Thirty-seven below was registered at 7 o'clock last night and with a high wind it looked as if there would be another record breaker before morning.

And then he woke up.

BLISTERING HEAT SCORCHES OMAHA

Official Record Shows that Mercury Reaches One Hundred Five Degrees at Four O'Clock.

DAY HOT FROM VERY OUTSET

Only Once in Thirty-Nine Years is July Temperatures Higher.

LAST YEAR'S RECORD EXCEEDED

At Five O'Clock in Morning of Fourth 82 Degrees Registered.

HEAT INTENSIFIES RAPIDLY

During Day Mercury Climbed Up Tub by Leaps and Bounds, Making Two and Three Degrees During Several Hours.

Maximum Temperature.

Valentine	98	Chicago	[illegible]
North Platte	98	Kansas City	[illegible]
Sioux City	104	Phoenix	[illegible]
Des Moines	104	Tuscon	[illegible]
Davenport	102	Louisville	[illegible]
Huron	100	New York	[illegible]
St. Paul	92	Boston	[illegible]
Denver	84	Duluth	[illegible]
St. Louis	100		

With the mercury registering 105 degrees Omahans dragged through the hottest day of the year yesterday.

Only once in thirty-nine years has the temperature gone higher, that being in July of 1894, when the official thermometer registered 106 degrees.

From the very outset the Fourth of July in Omaha was marked for a scorching. At 5 o'clock in the morning the day was started with a temperature of 82. From that time on the mercury went up by leaps and bounds, reaching a maximum of 105 at 4 o'clock.

Yesterday was probably the hottest Fourth that has ever been officially recorded here. Last year on this day it was 88, the year before 80 and in 1909, 88. The record July temperature occurred on the 27th of last July, when the mercury registered 104.

Even though the temperature went soaring to a record point the day passed with a reasonably few number of fires. This was largely due to the fact that Omahans indulged in the sanest Fourth in the history of the city. There seemed to be a general tendency to discard explosives and enjoy the day with other forms of pleasures. Up to 7 o'clock last night only eleven fire alarms were turned in. The most serious fire of the day occurred at Sixteenth and Locust, where three barns burned incinerating several horses.

According to reports received from all the principal cities of the United States Omaha was the hottest place on the map on the Fourth. The area of high temperatures seemed to begin along the Missouri. Ponca, Neb., reports unofficially that 110 degrees was reached on the streets there but this marking is not accepted as it was made in the sun on one of the hot streets of the town. The area apparently is moving to the northeast. In the southern states temperatures ranged in the tighties and nineties, and in the northwest as low as seventy degrees was reached.

LINCOLN, July 4.—(Special.)—Lincoln's celebration of the Fourth was much the same as other celebrations of years past save that more people journeyed out of town than usual to nearby parks or groves where they might picnic to their hearts' content. Those who stayed at home in the city were treated to one of the most furnace-like atmospheres ever experienced on the nation's birthday, the thermometer at 1 o'clock registering 104 degrees in the shade and one degree above that shortly afterward according to the United States weather bureau. A big Woodmen celebration at Bennett, private picnic parties at Epworth park, and different excursions to woods within driving distance of the city were the objective points of many thousands capital city people during the day.

Woman Mayor Gets Ungallant Council to Meet with Her

HUNNEWELL, Kan., July 4.—At last the city council met with Mrs. Ella Wilson, the mayor, tonight. It was the first regular meeting the aldermen have attended since a woman was selected the head of the city government on April 1.

The meeting tonight could hardly be called a victory for the mayor. But two pieces of official business were transacted. The resignation of Alderman W. L. Lewis was accepted and a resolution providing for repairing the town pump was adopted.

Every appointment the mayor asked the council to confirm was turned down.

Mrs. Wilson first proposed the name of Mrs. E. R. Hilton for city clerk. The councilmen smiled, nodded approval and then refused unanimously to confirm Mrs. Hilton's appointment.

When the mayor named Robert Boyer for city marshal, Alderman J. F. Richardson said:

"We don't need a marshal. There will be no arrests here."

The mayor then said she would see that there was a marshal and that he would find something to do.

Finally it was moved and seconded that the council adjourn. Without waiting for the vote Mrs. Wilson declared the meeting adjourned. But the aldermen did not move.

"What are you waiting for?" she demanded.

This question brought a laugh from the council, and then some one explained that it was the mayor's duty to put the motion.

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