

BARRIER FLIES IN GUSTY WIND

French Aviator Makes Daring Flight Over Part of Residence District Tuesday Afternoon.

COMES TO FORTIETH STREET

Part of Trip is Made at Rate of Eighty Miles an Hour.

GALE TOYS WITH BIPLANE

On One Turn it Carries Him Mile and Half South.

BIG PROGRAM FOR WEDNESDAY

There Will Be a Race Between Simon and Barrier and Altitude Flights by Simon, Barrier and Seymour—Attendance is Small.

Although there was a ridiculously small crowd present and the wind was blowing in gusty whirls 100 feet above the ground, Rene Barrier fearlessly entered his machine and flew in a pretty trip far to the south, east and north sides of the Speedway grounds. In his trip he went over a part of the residence district of the city, between Fortieth and Forty-eighth streets, passing by at a rate of more than eighty miles an hour.

The flight, made starting against the fairly strong wind was most dangerous, for the aviator attempting it. He made a neat ascension, rising after the manner of a kite along the ground a little ways and heading directly south into the wind. Scarcely had he gotten 100 feet in the air when it was evident from the manner in which the rudder of his machine "jockeyed" that the gusts of wind were hitting the frail machine heavy blows.

Dangerous Turn to East. The first turn made, the one to the east, was the hardest of the flight. Several times Barrier could plainly be seen attempting to turn the light machine against the wind, but each time he was evidently warned in time that it would mean a crash, and he turned to the west, nearly a mile and a half south, he swerved to the east and went at a fast clip for Omaha.

He went further toward Omaha on the flight of today than either he or Simon had done on Monday's flights. The curve made to the north and the return to the grounds was a wide one for he had learned of the wind's strength by that time. He landed by coming directly over the grand stand and swooping straight into the teeth of the wind onto the grass of the center of the race track.

Races and Altitude Flights. Today's program at the speedway will include both the big race between Simon and Barrier, that was planned for Tuesday, and the altitude flights by the two men and by Joe Seymour in his biplane. The first race will be held at 4 p. m. and from this time until evening the bird-men will perform.

"We will perform regardless of the weather conditions," declared Manager P. L. Young, Tuesday. "There seemed to be a belief Tuesday that the wind would prevent our flying, but we will assuredly have our machines in the air."

Barrier was imperturbed by a little girl to be taken on flight after his exhibition of yesterday. Rowena Pixley, daughter of W. A. Pixley of Dundas, was at the meet with her mother and father and Mr. and Mrs. Deright.

"Ask him if he won't take me with him to fly" begged the little girl. Barrier saw her and asked her if she wouldn't go with him.

"Yes, I'll go," she said, and placed her hand in that of the aviator to go for a ride. The aviator was pleased at the little girl's pluck in wishing to go and insisted on having a picture of her in the machine and standing with him.

FAMINE THREATENS LABRADOR

Owing to Severity of Past Winter Thousands Are in Need of Food.

NEW YORK, May 9.—Between 5,000 and 6,000 settlers on the Labrador coast are suffering from food shortage and the effects of a severe winter, according to advices received today by the Grenfell Association of America here.

THE WEATHER.

For Nebraska—Unsettled. For Iowa—Showers.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday.

Table with 2 columns: Time and Temperature. Rows include 5 a. m., 6 a. m., 7 a. m., 8 a. m., 9 a. m., 10 a. m., 11 a. m., 12 m., 1 p. m., 2 p. m., 3 p. m., 4 p. m., 5 p. m., 6 p. m., 7 p. m., 8 p. m.

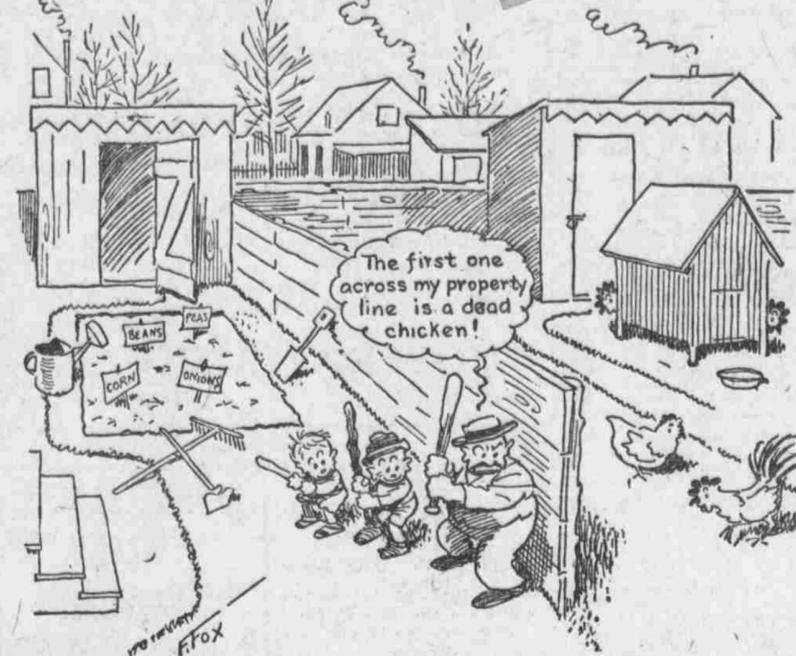
Comparative Local Record.

Table with 4 columns: Year, Highest, Lowest, Mean. Rows include Highest today, Lowest today, Mean temperature, Precipitation, and various deficiency records.

Table with 3 columns: Station, Temp., High, Low. Rows include Cheyenne, Denver, Des Moines, Dodge City, Leadville, North Platte, Omaha, Pueblo, Rapid City, Salt Lake, Santa Fe, Sheridan, Sioux City, and Indianapolis.

L. A. WELSH, Local Forecaster.

Mexican Border Not the Only



From the Chicago Post.

Shot and Shell is Federal Answer to Challenge of Madero's Army

(From a Staff Correspondent.) BY GUY C. CORE.

EL PASO, Tex., May 8.—(Special Telegram.)—Madero's army of 2,500 patriots today became a bloodthirsty mob, uncontrolled and uncontrollable; it started firing about 10 o'clock today with neither officers nor orders, and after practically forcing the battle which it marched 200 miles over arid sands to fight, is swarming tonight into Juarez ready to renew the fight on the morrow. The "little redeemer" is not entitled to any medals for bravery, by reason of the action. Even Garibaldi will have difficulty in rescuing many laurals.

The federal troops under Navarro have proven that they know something of fighting. They fired upon Madero's flags of truce and knocked one of the truce bearers from his horse and later themselves showed a flag of truce to rebels in the town and then opened fire with disastrous effect. The rebels are making great use of dum-dum bullets. Many of the men tonight have little ammunition remaining. There is no more to be had in camp.

Only providence saved dozens and perhaps more from being either killed or wounded here today. No one profited by the lesson at Douglas, Ariz. Had not General Navarro exercised unusual care, undoubtedly there would have been many fatalities.

No half accurate estimate of the number killed and wounded on either side can be made tonight. Figures given out by anyone are merely guesses. It is very probable that a large number have been struck by the steady stream of bullets and shells that have been flying since morning.

One Nebraskan Wounded.

Edwin G. Heaton of May Springs, Neb., in Sheridan county, aged 23 years, who sustained a severe wound in the fleshy part of the right leg, while going about his business on this side of the river, was able to shake hands when I called at the hospital tonight.

"I knew it was foolish for people to go down alone the river bank," he said, "and so expressed myself during the forenoon. I was looking for a stock man on a business matter and was told that he was about the stock yards. I started down and was wounded while on Senora street. The bullet went through nearly eight inches of flesh."

Mr. Heaton is unmarried.

Shells Into Foothills.

At 5:35 o'clock the federals started firing shrapnel shells with murderous effect over the hills west of Ciudad Juarez, and a short time later began the first volley firing of the day.

The general troop movement ordered by Madero had proceeded as far as the recent peace conference goes, where the two home-made cannons had been dragged, when it was decided, because of the bursting shrapnel, to delay the advance. Consequently at dark the insurrecto artillery had not gotten into action. The men swarming over the streets of Juarez, in the bull pen and in adobe houses far into the city, fought like the disorganized mob it was. Not a single ranking officer was with his men.

Hears Madero Give Order.

"Though at 4:30 o'clock I heard Madero order a general advance, and bring the artillery into action, at which the rank and file threw their hats into the air and shouted 'Viva Madero,'" and Orozco and Raoul Madero, spurred their horses and galloped toward the front, Madero denied tonight that he ordered such an advance, probably because he is not on the firing line. The insurrectos are still holding their positions, but must be short of ammunition after the almost constant firing for nearly eight hours. American army officers predict that the insurrectos will be unable to take the city.

The Federal troops held their fire under

BATTLE RAGES IN AND AROUND THE CITY OF JUAREZ

Insurrectos Attack the Mexican Town, General Madero Giving Consent to Begin the Fight.

MACHINE GUNS ARE IN ACTION

Entire Rebel Army Joins in Assault that Still Continues.

NO HOPE FOR AN ARMISTICE NOW

General Navarro Commands Federals and Directs Movements.

BOTH SIDES FEELING CONFIDENT

Perfect Hail of Bullets with Rising of the Sun.

DEATH LIST WILL BE LARGE

Forty-seven Bodies Counted in One Trench and Thirty-eight in Another, Most of the Bodies Stripped of Clothing.

EL PASO, Tex., May 8.—A general engagement between the revolutionary forces of General Madero and the federals under command of General Navarro at Juarez is raging today under a burning sun and a heavy fusillade of musketry and cannon. The entire rebel army had broken camp during the night and up to noon today was rapidly swarming into town. The prospects of a rebel success are dependent on the ability of the federals to use their twelve machine guns within the town. The insurrectos, it was reported, had sliced some of them, but this report has verification only in the fact that the federals were not shelling the insurrectos as extensively in the last few hours as they did earlier in the morning.

General Madero admitted today that he had given his consent to a general attack on Juarez, but explained that various circumstances had precipitated it. He declared that reports which had reached him were that the federals had opened fire and that the men who had been reported as revolting against him had pursued them of their own accord and could not be held responsible for their position. He listened to the counsel of his chiefs who advised a general attack and though he made an effort to arrange an armistice last night it failed because of the progress the attack already had made. All the leaders have been acting under General Madero's orders. They have surrounded Juarez with their men and prospects are that the battle will continue throughout the day without any decisive turn.

Madero Receives Reports. General Madero was at his headquarters receiving the reports from the front and had him were the various political chiefs confident of an insurrecto victory. Efforts of go-betweeners to stop the fighting have failed because of the difficulty of handling the insurrectos who already had entered Juarez.

General Navarro would have consented to an armistice if the insurrectos had evacuated the town and he told this to General Madero over the telephone early today, but the rebel chief by that time had given orders for a general attack, principally to reinforce the 200 brave men who had forced their way into Juarez despite the federal trenches, barricades and outposts.

Bullets have been pouring into El Paso since the attack began at 4:30 a. m., but the American troops have been keeping sightless three blocks away from the river front. Privates Emilio Garcia and Cassidy of the American legion with the insurrectos came to El Paso this morning to get food. They stated that fifteen Americans already had been killed and wounded and that the insurrecto losses would probably reach 100 killed and wounded.

The federal loss was more than double that number.

Counts Twenty-Five Dead. "I can truthfully count forty-seven dead federals and in another thirty-eight. They were stripped of most of their clothing," said Cassidy.

Cassidy stated that when the attack started yesterday there were perhaps 150 insurrectos and that no reinforcements came until last evening. He also added that Villareal had arrived from Ojinaga with reinforcements and two pieces of artillery. One he said was the famous "Mc-Ointy" stolen from El Paso.

Colonel Garibaldi is in command of the so-called "American legion" of insurrectos and they are fighting their way to the bull ring. The insurrectos have poured a stream of shrapnel and solid shot into the

MADERO'S ARMY BECOMES MOB

Insurrecto commanders lose control of men and they attack city they have been watching for weeks. Battle rages from 10 o'clock to nightfall and will be renewed in morning.

See correspondent, late in afternoon, hears Madero give order for general advance after he had vainly tried to stop assault for weeks. Joe Carroll, former Omaha newsboy, who has been fighting with insurrectos, gives up struggle in disgust and returns to American side.

Hundreds of Americans see fight from house tops and river bank and number are killed and wounded. Edward G. Heaton of Hay Springs, Neb., was shot through the leg and seriously wounded while walking down Senora street.

Federal troops under Navarro fire on flags of truce and wound man carrying one of them.

city. One of the guns is manned by American and French artillerymen. An American insurrecto, Anderson, attempted to cross the Santa Fe bridge at El Paso, but was driven back by the American troops.

At 1:30 this morning Colonel Steever, in charge of the American troops, issued orders not to permit any provisions to go across to the insurrectos. A wagonload of food was at the bridge for the insurrectos and it was not permitted to cross. The insurrectos offered to hold the port of entry and that they had a right to bring food supplies to their men.

Navarro is Confident. General Navarro is confident of holding Juarez and military experts in town think he can do it. He has his two field pieces and cannon in an advantageous position in the town. He has twelve guns in all, three of which are in action on the outskirts of the town, shelling the hills from which the main column of the insurrecto army must pass to enter the city unless they decide to follow the river bank. This is bound to draw heavy fire into American territory.

Thousands of residents of El Paso for hours have been watching from roof tops and point-of-vantage. The United States troops have ordered everybody on the American side of the line to stay three blocks away from the river front. The insurrectos, it was reported, had sliced some of them, but this report has verification only in the fact that the federals were not shelling the insurrectos as extensively in the last few hours as they did earlier in the morning.

Shells Scatter Insurrectos. The range of the federal artillery was remarkably accurate, their shells landing close to the oncoming insurrectos and forcing them to scatter in the distance. It is obvious that the heavy artillery of the federals have given them a tremendous advantage.

The cannonading continued slowly. The rebels used their machine guns sparingly, while the federals poured their shells into the insurrecto outposts. Captain Linderfelt, the American who commanded the small body of men who first attacked Juarez, was killed, together with five others of his command. Captain Saching of the federal forces is reported to be seriously wounded.

Fighting in Streets of Juarez. Fighting in the streets of Juarez is continued. A rebel in Juarez succeeded in telephoning Madero's headquarters that the revolutionists were in possession of many streets. Federals, as well as rebels, have taken refuge in the residences of Juarez and are firing from windows and doorways at persons who are visible in the streets.

Skulking behind dozens of low adobe houses are scores of insurrectos stealing into the main section of the city. General Navarro has stationed his machine guns at the crossings of the principal streets and hopes in this way to keep the rebels at bay, while his cavalrymen and infantry pursue the attack from the rear.

Numerous skirmishes at short distance range are in progress along the outskirts of the town. At 11 o'clock, 500 rebels were seen dashing up Commerce street, the main thoroughfare of the town. The federals have retired somewhat to the hilly portion of Juarez, due south of the river front.

Madero Sanctions Attack. A. Anderson and E. Cassidy, chiefs of the American legion in the Garibaldi command have been wounded. The correspondent saw only six wounded in the insurrecto lines. The federals are gathered not only in the church but alongside a huge gas tank. Telegraph and telephone wires have been severed and are lying across the streets. Mexicans are in the front rank of the insurrectos, followed closely by the American legion.

Evidence accumulated throughout the morning that the attack on Juarez was being made by the entire insurrecto army with the sanction of Francisco I. Madero, provisional president. Madero did not countenance the attack yesterday. Some of Madero's leaders say today that drunken Juarez volunteers fired on the insurrecto sentries first.

General Navarro declares the insurrectos opened fire while he and Madero were negotiating an armistice. After the fighting opened, rebel recruits continued to join the fighters despite Madero's protests. Madero made efforts to stop the fighting and the insurrectos, his own men, fired on a messenger he sent with a white flag.

Madero ordered the attack at 4 o'clock. At 4:30 o'clock he recalled his order. At 6 o'clock he harangued his troops to quit. At 9 o'clock last night he declared he was attempting to stop the fighting. At midnight he announced that he had given permission for the attack. At 2 o'clock this morning he demanded the surrender of Juarez. At 4:30 o'clock this morning the general assault began, with his sanction. There was no armistice last evening.

It is generally considered here that Madero did not have the power to stop the fight and was forced to give it his approval. He has not technically violated any armistice, for none had been concluded.

INSURGENTS FIRE JUAREZ, SEEKING TO BURN REFUGE

Insurrectos, Under General Orozco and Colonel Garibaldi Surround Church.

BLAZE SET AT THE POSTOFFICE

Smouldering Flames Only Visible Above House-tops.

POSSESSION OF TOWN EXPECTED

Leaders Making Every Effort to Capture Navarro Alive.

WOUNDED BROUGHT ACROSS LINE

Colonel Steever Permits Americans to Make the Trip.

EFFORTS AT PEACE CONTINUE

Newspaper Correspondent Carries Flag of Truce Bearing Letter Judge Carbajal, Federal Peace Envoy.

BULLETIN.

EL PASO, Tex., May 9.—At 8:45 p. m.—The tenth wounded man, a Yaqui Indian, with a mangled arm, has been brought across the Santa Fe bridge. At this hour the firing was growing less frequent. The insurrectos believe the smoke in the burning district will drive the federals from the church.

BULLETIN.

EL PASO, May 8.—At 6:30 o'clock Gerald Brandon of New York, correspondent of the El Diario, Mexico City, crossed into Juarez with a flag of truce, bearing a letter from Judge Carbajal, the federal peace envoy, and imploring the commanders of both factions to stop fighting for a few hours, so that the dead and wounded could be removed.

BULLETIN.

EL PASO, Tex., May 8.—At 6:20 o'clock the fire had gone down somewhat and smouldering flames occasionally were visible above house-tops. The insurrectos under General Pascual Orozco and Colonel Garibaldi have surrounded the church. Another American woman sitting in her home in El Paso has been shot.

EL PASO, May 8.—The insurrectos have set fire to the postoffice in Juarez and the blaze has spread to the drug store and stationery store nearby. The postoffice is only a few feet from the church where the federals are gathered.

At the time the fire broke out the rebels had completed their sortie and were firing at the church from their trenches. The rebels believe that if they can capture the church they will be in complete possession of the town. Insurrecto leaders think they know where General Navarro is and are making every effort to take him. Orders have been given not to shoot him, but to capture him alive if possible.

The fire, it is believed, fanned by the wind, may wipe out one section of Juarez. The barracks is to be the next objective point of the rebels.

At 4:40 o'clock Colonel Steever gave the order permitting some Americans to cross the bridge and bring back the wounded, for some have been lying near the bridge. Nine insurrectos wounded have been brought to El Paso hospitals. Two of them are fatally hurt. The blaze in Juarez has been enveloped in clouds of smoke. The insurrectos are streaming over the foothills in the direction of the church, the federal artillery keeping up a constant shelling toward the hills.

Americans among the wounded are: Leonard Borowski, Chicago, who is shot in the right eye and left hand; Edward Boughtman, Coldwater, Mich., and A. E. Anderson, residence unknown, the latter two being shot in the leg.

DEMAND SURRENDER OF JUAREZ

Document Signed by Officers of Provisional Government of Mexico. EL PASO, Tex., May 8.—The rebel demand to the federals to surrender the town of Juarez was transmitted to Judge Carbajal, the federal peace envoy, this afternoon. It read: "The undersigned, members of the provisional government of Mexico, address ourselves to you in the character of emissary of the government of General Diaz and beg you to consider the critical situation in which Juarez is at present, almost completely occupied by the revolutionary army, and that the whole fort there will be powerless under the circumstances to hold it also extensive reinforcements will arrive today. Consequently also it will be useless to shed more blood and lose more lives in this combat.

"General Navarro expressed his resolution absolutely to follow your orders in respect to surrender of the town. For these considerations we beg of you that, inspired by the dictates of the highest patriotism and the noblest sentiments of humanity at a time when the situation depends on you that you will resolve to order in a satisfactory manner General Navarro to surrender Ciudad Juarez in as brief a time as possible.

"You will understand that in these things you have at the present moment become



GUY C. CORE.

building on the Mexican end of the bridge and threw a bomb through the window, killing two men.

Firing Starts Early. Intermittent firing started about 10 o'clock in the morning. With James Hare, Collier's Weekly photographer, I was on a car bound for the camp, when crowds attracted our attention and we left the car and heard ragged firing. By this time every building in El Paso was black with people, and crowds lined the railroad tracks along the river. Finding it impossible to get across the river by boat, we proceeded to the foot bridge three miles down the river and crossed to the Mexican side.

About Madero's headquarters all was quiet. Only a few men were about. As we continued up the river we found the men everywhere hastening toward the front. It was about two miles, in Peace grove, we met Madero and his staff and learned that the firing had been ordered to cease. Perhaps 500 men were waiting here. We proceeded further and met two mounted men being taken to the rear. A short distance on we came upon fifteen American insurrectos, under Captain Linfield, who said they had been ordered to stop firing and go to the rear. They said they were obeying, because they were charged with starting the battle, but had had nothing to do with starting it. When we had topped several rises and found anxious groups of rebels on each mound we were able to see two horsemen riding frantically among the men waving white flags.

Two Killed in El Paso. Because of the position taken by the rebels it was inevitable that some bullet should fall in El Paso and a short time later two men were killed near the Santa Fe bridge.

An insurrecto, wearing a pink shirt is called the hero of the day by American officers, who watched the fight through glasses. With four companions he worked his way down the river toward the town. He was evidently a sharpshooter. Dodging behind stones and natural formations, he dismantled a machine gun and finally drove fifteen federals from their trenches. Under the very eyes of the American officers standing on the Santa Fe bridge he picked off three federals in succession, then with a single companion he walked to a little frame

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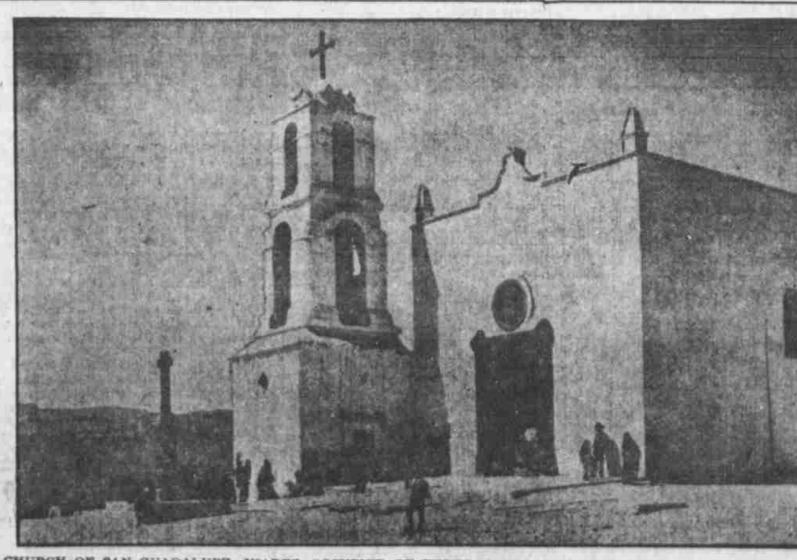
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Old Mission Church Now a Fort



CHURCH OF SAN GUADALUPE, JUAREZ, OCCUPIED BY FEDERAL TROOPS, BEING BOMBARDED BY REBELS.

SUPREME COURT IS DIVIDED

Judges Cannot Agree on Whether All Missouri Roads Shall Run Passenger Trains Daily. JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., May 9.—The supreme court was equally divided today on the law which requires railroads to run daily passenger trains on all lines in Missouri. A special judge was ordered to try the case.

The court for a second time upheld the St. Louis billboard ordinance, which gives the city the right to regulate billboards.

Quart bricks of Dalzell's ice cream. Boxes of O'Brien's Candy. Cans of Farrell's Syrup.

All given away free to those who find their names in the want ads. Read the want ads every day, your name will appear sometime, may be more than once.

No puzzles to solve nor subscriptions to get—just read the want ads. Turn to the want ad pages—now.