

PEACE ENVOY NOW ON WAY TO JUAREZ

Mexican Commissioner Leaves Capital City to Conduct Negotiations with Madero.

NOTIFICATION COMES FROM DIAZ Rebel Commander Must Name Man to Act for Him.

REYES' RECALL IS DISTURBING Summons Home at This Time Makes Insurrections Suspicious.

MADERO MAKES A STATEMENT Return of General at This Moment Makes Stronger Guarantee of Good Faith from President Diaz Necessary.

BULLETIN. EL PASO, April 28.—The government peace commissioner left the City of Mexico last night. It has been agreed the peace conference will be held here.

General Madero was officially notified today that President Diaz had appointed a peace commissioner to complete peace negotiations with a similar commissioner to be appointed by the rebel leader.

The conference, it is agreed, will be held on the Mexican side of the Rio Grande, near Juarez.

EL PASO, April 28.—The return of General Reyes to Mexico makes it necessary for the insurgents to insist that President Diaz shall give the rebels stronger guarantees of security and liberty than hitherto offered, according to a statement given out by Provisional President Madero today.

The statement follows: "The return to Mexico of General Bernardo Reyes renders it necessary that we shall ask President Diaz for stronger guarantees of good faith with reference to peace than we have at present. We cannot view with distrust the order which brings back to our country one who cannot further peace negotiations, but in whom there lie elements of danger to those negotiations. In the minds of those familiar with Mexican politics the order which brings General Reyes to Mexico is bound to arouse questions as to the sincerity of the president in the present circumstances.

"From a military standpoint we do not fear General Reyes, either on the score of his military attainments or his prestige. I agree with Dr. Gomez that any treaty of peace must be acceptable to all of the people of all Mexico.

"I will treat for peace solely with the view to securing the demands of all the people. The revolution is not sectional, but national.

The extension of the armistice, which went into effect today, differs in no essential from the original. We insist that Madero claims the privilege for his officers of visiting El Paso. It is made plain in Madero's note that the extension in time was at the request of the government.

Insurrections Menace Masatlan. NOGALES, April 28.—The news is confirmed here that a large force of insurgents surrounds the big port of Masatlan, in the state of Sonora, and that it has cut off the water supply of the city.

Railroad communication with the beleaguered city has been suspended. No definite word has been received since the first battle between the opposing rebels and federal troops at Masatlan a few days ago. At that time more than 100 wounded, all federal, had been brought into Masatlan. The city may even now be in the hands of the rebel forces.

A well authenticated report has been received here that the rebels have captured the important station of San Blas, on the Southern Pacific Mexico line in the state of Sonora. San Blas is about fifty miles below Puerto, the former capital of Sonora, reported yesterday to have been taken by the rebels. The whole region appears to be overrun by insurgents.

Objection to Carroll Interview. WASHINGTON, April 28.—In an official statement issued today the State department takes exception to an interview given by Ramon Carral, vice president of Mexico and published in the Barlow of Mexico City in which that official charges that the Mexican revolution is being fomented by Americans with a view to forcing intervention. The matter was officially called to the department's attention by Ambassador Wilson.

"The department of State finds it very difficult to credit the authenticity of such an interview purporting to come from a

(Continued on Second Page.)

Brother of Murdered Man Contests Will Giving All to Widow

Relatives of Clarence Glover Seek to Show Woman Sought to Hire Man to Kill Husband.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., April 28.—An attempt by Mrs. Lillian M. Glover, widow of the murdered Waltham laundry owner, Clarence Glover, to induce her husband, Toby LeBlanc, to kill her husband was one of the allegations made by a December 1909 deposition taken at St. John, N. H., last week. The statement was read today as part of the deposition in the supreme court here, where a jury is hearing the evidence in the contest of Clarence Glover's will. The LeBlanc girl was acquitted of Glover's murder last December. She was one of the witnesses in the deposition taken at St. John, N. H., last week. The statement was read today as part of the deposition in the supreme court here, where a jury is hearing the evidence in the contest of Clarence Glover's will. The LeBlanc girl was acquitted of Glover's murder last December. She was one of the witnesses in the deposition taken at St. John, N. H., last week.

"Did you ever overhear any conversation between Mrs. Glover and another person?" was one of the questions. In answer the woman said in August, 1909, three months before Glover's death, she heard a conversation between Mrs. Glover and Toby LeBlanc, a brother of Mrs. Glover. Mrs. Glover, she said, asked Toby if he would kill Glover if she would pay him for it. "Toby said he would not do that if she wanted any killing done she would have to do it herself.

Big Park for Monterey is Given by a Booster

Pacific Improvement Company Donates Six Thousand Acres—Money for Harbor.

MONTEREY, Cal., April 28.—(Special Telegram.)—Six thousand acres of beautiful land on the famous seventeen-mile drive on the Monterey peninsula near Del Monte has been tendered the Monterey Chamber of Commerce for use at national meetings and for campaign grounds, by Manager Shepard of the Pacific Improvement company.

This land, which lies close to the bay and the ocean, with splendid lodge and hotel facilities, has been designated the California camp for boy scouts of the northwestern coast. This gift of land and an appropriation of \$200,000 toward the improvement of breakwaters and Monterey harbor are largely the work of C. W. Peterson, manager of the Coast Counties Real Estate and Investment company, chairman of the Monterey Harbor Improvement association and a member of the Chamber of Commerce.

In addition to his many other duties, Mr. Peterson has agreed to serve as one of two Monterey county commissioners at the Omaha Land show, P. H. Lang, president of the Monterey Chamber of Commerce, is the other commissioner.

Monterey is expected to make a striking display at the Land show in Omaha. The county supervisors have been urged to co-operate in the movement for a full representation of the interests of the county at Omaha's Land-Products show by the commissioners and the Chamber of Commerce.

One hundred boosters from the Monterey Chamber of Commerce go tomorrow to Fresno to participate in the raisin day festivities. The delegation will visit many interior points boosting Monterey.

Monterey will celebrate the passage of the breaker improvement association and Del Monte. Governor Johnson will be the guest of honor. The date for this fête has not been announced.

Rain Races Into City, Chasing After a Car

April's Very First Shower Blows in, Accompanied by Nice Fall-Toned Thunder.

Rain in a real, summer thunder shower, came sweeping down over Omaha and vicinity from the west last night at 8 o'clock. There was thunder a plenty and lots of water. It was the first of the April showers of literary fame and bok lore. The advance of the rain over the city was marked by a pretty race between an eastbound car from Dundee, the suburb to the west of the city. The car departed just before the marching rain entered the confines of Dundee. On into the city hardy two blocks behind the car came the rain, the outer rim marked by the narrow cloud of dust beaten up before the advancing drops. At sixteenth and Farnam streets the rain overtook the car after a nip and tuck race for the last three blocks.

Would Revise Book of Common Prayer

Question of Restoring Ten Commandments is Also Discussed by Church Congress.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—Revision of the book of common prayer was urged by Rev. Dr. Percy B. Grant of New York, in addressing the Twenty-ninth congress of the Protestant Episcopal church in session here. Rev. Dr. George W. Douglas, canon of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, New York, expressed the opinion that the ten commandments should be restored "to what scholars are pretty generally agreed was the original and shorter form."

INDICTED MEN GIVE BOND

Officials of Iron Company and Pennsylvania Railroad in Court.

CLEVELAND, April 28.—B. L. Ireland, second vice president of M. A. Hanna & Co., indicted by the federal grand jury last Wednesday with Dan H. Hanna, president of the company, and D. T. McCabe, fourth vice president of the Pennsylvania Railroad company, on charges of rebating and conspiracy to violate the Elkins law, appeared before Clerk Carleton of the United States district court today and gave \$5,000 bond for his appearance in the government's suit.

ANNEXATION SAID DEMOCRATIC PLAN

Prince of Illinois Asserts Clark Followers Have Hidden Motives in Pushing Reciprocity

KENT MAKES FUN OF TAFT'S NEW MEMBER ARRANGING "REVENUE TARIFF ON NECESSITIES."

INFANT INDUSTRIES TOO BIG? Republicans Laugh at Big Business in Hospital.

READS POEM TO HIS HEARERS Speaker Says Nation Can Acquire Wealth if Not Merit by Consenting to Reciprocal Picking of Pockets.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—Another declaration that annexation is the desired end of the democrats in pushing reciprocity and a speech by a new member of the house, revealing the humorous features of the tariff fight in congress, were the principal events of today's debate on the free list bill now pending before the house. Mr. Prince of Illinois, republican, attacking the Canadian reciprocity bill, sounded the annexation note. President Taft's speech in New York Thursday night furnished his text. He said that the pouring of Americans into the Canadian northwest and the attitude of the controlling forces of the democratic party could mean nothing else than annexation, reciprocity and partial free trade with Canada being the first step toward that end.

"I say to our neighbors on the north, be not deceived," said Mr. Prince. "When we go into a country and get it we take it. It is our history and it is right that we should take it if we want it, and you might as well understand it. The speaker has said so; the party back of him has said so and it does not deny that that is its desire."

Mr. Prince declared that the reciprocity was the worst bargain ever driven by one nation with another and "the democratic farmers' free list" ought to be labeled the "farmers' free bill."

Kent Makes Hearers Laugh. The humor of the session came when Representative Kent of California, a new republican member who succeeded Duncan McKinley in the house, delivered a speech on the general tariff question arraigning "a revenue upon necessities."

He said that with other voices in the house he felt sure he had absorbed speeches until he had "learned much that cannot possibly be true," and that the Congressional Record was filled with a mass of mathematics "proving what is logically absurd."

"I am a republican, or what used to be a republican," Mr. Kent observed, "because I believe in the protection of infant industries that stand some eventual chance of becoming self-sustaining. But many industries, having outgrown the cradle, have not been required to hustle for their livelihood, but have been carried bodily to a ward in the hospital where our standpat friends advocate keeping them during all eternity, to be doctored, nursed and nourished at the public expense."

Mr. Kent said that a protective tariff was an attempt to "tax ourselves rich." "The nation can carry itself bodily to a ward in the hospital where our standpat friends advocate keeping them during all eternity, to be doctored, nursed and nourished at the public expense."

To show tariff inequalities Mr. Kent said that "Mr. Rockefeller probably pays less government revenue on the food he consumes than I do on such things as clothes and shoes. He would doubtless like to pay as much, but he can't without eating as much."

Poem Read in House. Mr. Kent read a "poem, produced by a laureate of my district," concerning the tariff speeches of Mr. Kent's opponent at the primaries. It ran:

He makes it clear to me That what I lose I gain, you see; And if he loses then you see He charges up the loss to me.

Now when I have to pay him more, He reasons that the carter had, or that Duncan finds a share for me In all of his prosperity.

The speeches shed a radiant light Upon the theme and make it bright; I merely read them o'er and o'er To find more's less and less is more.

In buying hat or coat or vest Dear's cheap and cheap is dear at best; High's low, low's high, fair's near, near's far. White's black, black's white and there you are.

Fatal Fist Fight on Prison Scaffold

John Schram of St. Louis Has Skull Fractured at Fort Leavenworth by Fall.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., April 27.—In a fist fight on a scaffold at the military prison at Fort Leavenworth John Schram of St. Louis struck John Cleaver, of Watson, Mo., and knocked him off the structure to the ground fifteen feet below. Cleaver's skull was fractured and he died in the prison hospital today.

Both were convicts under two years sentence for desertion. The fight occurred Monday, but news of it was suppressed until today.

A charge of manslaughter has been preferred against Schram by Colonel H. T. Stevens, commander of the prison, and he will be tried by court martial.

ALLEGED BANDITS ARRESTED

Four Persons Charged with Robbing Paymaster of Ten Thousand Dollars.

GREAT BARRINGTON, Mass., April 28.—Four persons were arrested here today in connection with the holdup last November of Paymaster Hein of the Worcester Construction company by three men who stole from him \$20,000 in cash and \$5,000 in checks for the company's payroll and then escaped. The persons are Tony Ernst of Sheffield and Frederick Soules and his wife of Sheffield.

Youthful Pleasures of Spring



From the Chicago Post.

SENATES NAMES COMMITTEES

Lists Submitted by Democrats and Republicans Approved.

LA FOLLETTE READS A PROTEST

Contends Progressives, Who Were Joined by Senator Kenyon, Are One-Fourth of Republican Membership.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—The senate formally organized for business today by adopting the list of appointments to come up before the majority of both parties. This expected fight against the adoption of lists threatened by the progressive republicans did not develop. Senator La Follette containing himself with reading a formal protest against the selection made by the regular republicans.

The La Follette statements prepared at a conference of thirteen insurgents, Senator Kenyon, the new senator from Iowa, having joined the original twelve, set forth at some length the growth of the so-called progressive movement in the republican party. It asserted that the progressive republicans entertain marked and well-defined differences of opinion from the regulars; that the progressives now have more than one-fourth of the republican membership in the senate and they have become a "settled and established fact in political history."

The progressives, it was claimed, had a right to one-fourth representation on the various committees. The protest was directed especially against the finance committee, which the insurgents wished to place Senator Bristol, and the interstate commerce committee, on which Mr. La Follette desired a place.

Three of the nine republicans on the interstate commerce committee, it was pointed out, were from New England, and it was asserted that the committee had been left in the hands of persons not friendly to advanced legislation regarding the railroads and that the finance committee had been left in the control of "ultra high tariff republicans."

When Mr. La Follette had concluded the insurgent statement, Senator Cawenger, chairman of the committee on committees, said he was quite content to let the insurgent statement go before the country together with the list of committees as framed. Mathematically, he declared, the insurgent wing was entitled to 100 committee places. As a matter of fact they were given 131 places.

"In the division of assignments," he added, "the committee of committees believes it was acting equitably and justly." The committee list was then adopted with a few scattering "noes" from the insurgents.

New York Police Force Badly Demoralized

Grand Jury Finds that it Has Permitted Vice to Thrive and that Reformation is Needed.

NEW YORK, April 28.—The grand jury which is investigating Magistrate Corrigan's charges that a demoralized police force has permitted crime and vice to thrive in this city, handed up a presentment today declaring the situation in and the condition of the police force is a matter of grave public concern and that immediate reformation is required.

The second deputy commissioner, William Flynn, who recently resigned, was a witness before the jury today. After he had given his testimony, he said he had never said that his resignation was due to the fact that he had found crooks in the police department whose services were retained.

Labor is Fighting New Shop System

Samuel Gompers and James O'Connell Appear Before House Committee on Labor.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—Organized labor today began an attack before the labor committee of the house on the so-called "Taylor" scientific system of shop management, which the government has introduced in several departments and seeks to install in others. The committee had up for consideration a resolution introduced by Representative Pepper of Iowa providing for an extensive investigation of the system.

Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor; James O'Connell, president of the International Association of the Machinists, and other officials of trades unions appeared in opposition.

State Sunday School Convention is in Session at Huron, S. D.

Report of Secretary Shows 402 Schools, with Nearly Fifteen Thousand Pupils.

HURON, S. D., April 28.—(Special.)—Attendance and interest continues to develop at each session of the South Dakota Sunday school convention which began here Tuesday evening, with delegates present from all parts of the state. William A. Brown of Chicago, missionary secretary of the International Sunday school association, is the central figure of the convention. His addresses are of a high order and create enthusiasm in the large audiences that attend each session. The death of Colonel S. E. Young, who was to deliver an address Wednesday evening, created profound sorrow, and much of the time of that session was devoted in paying tribute to Colonel Young's memory by delegates and visitors. The chief address was by Dr. H. P. Carson of this city, who had been personally acquainted with Mr. Young for more than twenty-five years. His tribute was eloquent and touching, and was a splendid endorsement of the high estimate in which the large audience present held Colonel Young—the best and truest friend the boys of South Dakota ever had. Secretary Brown followed with an address of general interest, which with music and the disposition of a number of business items constituted the evening's session.

The report of F. P. Leach, state secretary, was an especially interesting feature of Wednesday's program. He noted that fifty counties in the state had county organizations and of that number forty-five held county conventions, of which he held forty-four addresses and otherwise spoke in the proceedings. The total number of schools represented at these conventions was 402, having a total membership of 14,984. The contributions amounted to \$2,534; a number of the schools exceeded their apportionment, and the association was reported out of debt and a small surplus in the treasury. Every report indicated progress and enthusiasm and the outlook for greater successes for the ensuing year that ever before known by the association.

SEE SMYTH KIDNAP HIMSELF

Four Persons Observe Youth on Way to Shack.

STATEMENTS MADE TO POLICE Witnesses Insist Alleged Victim of Black Handers Walked to Hut Where He Says He Was Held a Prisoner.

Four statements casting serious doubt upon the story of Bernard Smyth in regard to his supposed kidnaping adventure have been made to detectives working for the chief of police. The street car conductor whose car Smyth boarded on returning to the city told Detective Henry Hatfield that Smyth pretended to fall aboard and declared that he had just been chased four miles by a man with a gun. The conductor declares however that the boy was not excited, disheveled or tired although he told of having run four miles at the point of a revolver.

The druggist at Fortieth and Dodge tells a story similar to that of the conductor and says that from the first he took no stock in the boy's story. Both of these men offered to call the police at once but Smyth demurred. He told the conductor that his father had no doubt tended to that which the police say is an absurd reply since his father was not supposed to know anything about it.

Chief Donahue gave instructions to Stephen Maloney, detective, to take the boy if possible to where these witnesses could be found and see if they could identify him. This was to be done during the afternoon if the witnesses could be located.

Saw No Automobile. Two statements from persons who saw Bernard Smyth on the evening of the day when the kidnaping was said to have taken place have been made to Detective Stephen Maloney, and both of them deny the possibility of an automobile carrying the boy to the western part of the city. Edward Undeland and his sister, Agnes Undeland, 410 Cuming street, saw Smyth pass their home shortly after 6 o'clock. He passed west on Forty-first and north to Leard. They spoke to him and the girl remarked to her brother that if he was afraid of being kidnaped it was a strange thing for him to be wandering off in that direction alone. She thought of following him, but her brother persuaded her not to.

William Clark Williams, 422 Hamilton street, an employe of the Sunderland Brothers coal yards, told Detective Maloney that he saw a young man in a light raincoat and a light cap, who stopped and asked him if he knew Bernard Smyth. The youth was about Smyth's size and age and wore the same sort of clothes. Williams agreed to come to the chief's office to meet Smyth and see if they are the same person. He also said that C. J. Smyth, father of the boy, had been out to see him and asked him if he saw an auto-

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PLANS AGAINST LABOR TAKE FORM

Alleged Confession of McManigal Most Prominent Asset Which Burns Will Have.

SUPPOSED EXTRACTS DENIED Nothing Authentic Yet Given Out, According to Officials.

ACTION WILL AWAIT DARROW Arraignment of Accused Planned Early Next Week.

WOMAN AGAIN SEES PRISONER Defense Will Contend that Times Plant Was Destroyed by Explosion of Gas—McNamara Sends Dispatch to Mother.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., April 28.—When the curtain arose on the third day's scenes and incidents connected with the imprisonment and impending trial of the alleged dynamiters, John J. McNamara, James E. McNamara and Orville McManigal, the true outlines of the great criminal case began to assume definite form.

The all-prominent feature is the confession which McManigal is reported to have made, first to Detective William J. Burns in Chicago and then in more complete form to District Attorney Frederick here yesterday.

What are claimed to be extracts from this latest confession have been published, but from all official sources the word has been given out that none of these are authorized or authentic.

The case is assuming more and more the aspects of the case of Mayer, Haywood and Pettibone at Boise City. Even the "Harry Orchard" feature promises to be repeated almost in duplicate.

No official court action is likely to be taken here before the arrival of Clarence S. Darrow, who is expected to have charge of the defense of the McNamaras. It is believed that the arraignment of the accused men will take place early next week.

McManigal, about whose alleged confession so much has been said and written, was examined for three hours yesterday by District Attorney Frederick.

Attorney O. S. Hilton, chief counsel for the Western Federation of Miners, said yesterday that he was convinced that McManigal made sworn statements at that time purporting to fix the guilt of the Times explosion and other dynamite outrages.

Denial of Confession Secured. But Hilton declared that the state might be in the position of having an alleged confession that was denied beforehand by its author. McManigal will have no attorney. At least he told Hilton so when the latter called upon him today and later District Attorney Frederick made a similar statement for him.

"I knew that there is to be a 'confession,'" said Hilton, "as soon as I had talked with McManigal. He said he would not engage an attorney until he had seen Burns, the man who arrested him.

"Then, in the presence of competent witnesses, I asked McManigal the direct question whether he ever made a purported confession or expected to make one. He answered that he had not and would not. Twenty minutes later he was in the district attorney's office.

"I made it a point to see McManigal first. Now if an alleged confession is presented in court we will be in a position to present to the jury a denial."

Woman Completes Identification. According to District Attorney Frederick, Mrs. Ingeroll, the San Francisco boarding house keeper, completed her identification of James McNamara as J. B. Bryce and signed an affidavit to that effect.

On the other side it was stated by Attorney Job Harriman, who was with Hilton at the conference with the prisoners that the defense would contend that the Times plant was destroyed by an explosion of gas.

John McNamara sent a dispatch late today to his mother, Mrs. M. T. McNamara, of Cumminsville, O. This telegram read: "We are absolutely innocent. Confident acquittal. Receiving every attention."

The signature "Joe" is McNamara's middle name.

CHURCH CONGRESS TALKS OF REVISING PRAYER BOOK

WASHINGTON, April 28.—Need for prayer book revision to meet present day conditions was the topic of the twenty-ninth church congress of the United States today.

On the program for papers were Rev. George W. Douglas, canon of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, New York, and Rev. Henry R. Gummey, rector of Grace church, Haddonfield, N. J., while the speakers were Rev. Percy B. Grant, rector of the Church of the Ascension, New York, and Rev. Cyrus Townsend Brady, rector of St. George's church, Kansas City, Mo. This afternoon's session ends the convention.

DRESHER BROS.

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Omaha, Neb., April 27, 1911.

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(Signature)

THE WEATHER.

For Nebraska—Cloudy.

For Iowa—Showers.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday.

Table with 3 columns: Hour, Temp., Deg. Shows temperature readings for various hours from 6 a.m. to 8 p.m.

Comprehensive Local Record.

Table with 3 columns: Station and Temp. High, Rain. Lists weather data for various stations including Cheyenne, Denver, and others.

L. A. WELSH, Local Forecaster.