protesting against H. R. No. 403. The bill is regulatory of fire insurance rates.

Committee Junkets.

Two junkets for house committees have been arranged. Six members of the fish and game committee left this afternoon for Valentine to visit the sub-hatchery there and report upon its condition and the committee on public lands and buildings goes tomorrow to Nebraska City and Peru. The men who went to Valentine are Metzger, Clarke, Hospodsky, Hersog, Riha and Sagl. The public lands committee consists of Eastman, Sagl, Scheele, Landsey, Holmes, McCarthy, Fries, Reagan, Bushee, Roberts, Haller, Dort and Ellis.

"Jim Crow" Bill to Fail.

The railroad committee of the house tonight gave a hearing on the "Jim Crow" bill to segregate negroes on street cars in the state. McKisick of Gage, the introducer, explained it, declaring it was not an attack upon the negro race, but was merely an effort to separate them while on vehicles of transportation. John Grant Pegg of Omaha headed a delegation of Omaha people who talked in opposition to the measure.

It is recognized that the bill will not get very far and that if the committee does not kill it it will probably be withdrawn. Chief Clerk Henry Richmond, who has been backing it, has given this intimation.

SENATE IN COMMITTEE OF WHOLE

Only Two Bills Passed by Upper Body in Afternoon.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, March 2.—(Special.)—At the afternoon session of the senate two bills were taken up on third reading and passed. S. F. 146, by Tibbets, for an attorney's lien to protect his fees, and Tanner's bill, S. F. 91, making it necessary to publish all proposed constitutional amendments in two papers in every city where it is possible. This does not apply to the local newspaper situation in South Omaha, but provides only that in every town with papers representing both of the two principal political parties each paper shall publish the proposed amendments at contract rates.

In committee of the whole the following bills were considered:

H. R. 84, by Hatfield, to put dependent children under the control of the State Board of Health before they are placed in private families. Placed on general file.

S. F. 271, by Smith of Boone, to prevent double taxation of mortgages. Placed on general file.

The first bill considered was S. F. 159. Senator Lee explained that the only proposed change was to allow attachment for tort damages. The bill, he said, had the approval of all lawyers. Senator Hoagland offered an amendment providing that where the defendant enters personal appearance an attachment for tort shall be discharged.

Senator Kemp favored the amendment. Senator Lee opposed it on the ground that it would not make it any easier to get satisfaction of judgment from a non-resident defendant. Senator Tibbets said the amendment would kill half of the force of the bill. The bill was finally recommended for third reading.

S. F. 275, Senator Tanner's bill for the repeal of the law placing the rate for legal advertising at 25 cents per square in cities of 5,000 to 25,000 population, was recommended for third reading.

S. F. 301, Senator Buhrman's bill designating October 12 as "Columbus day," was placed on third reading.

S. F. 240, by Talcott, providing for guards on belts and shafting, was taken up and recommended for third reading. Later Senator Cordeal said that the bill should have been discussed more thoroughly. The senate reconsidered its action and took the bill up again.

S. F. 31, by Buhrman, providing for the drainage of water courses, was ordered engrossed for third reading.

H. R. 142, extending the time of settling up estates from six months to one year, was recommended for third reading.

Saloon Bill Postponed.

There was considerable argument over S. F. 276, Senator Ollis' bill prohibiting any saloon within 300 feet of any church, school, Young Men's or Young Woman's Christian associations.

Senator Placek moved that it be indefinitely postponed, and his motion prevailed by a standing vote of 14 to 9.

H. R. 8, providing for a board of control for dependent children, was then considered and a long debate ensued.

HOUSE ACTS ON MONEY BILLS

Quackenbush's Tax Ferret Measure Put on Scrap Heap.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, March 2.—(Special.)—In committee of the whole today the house acted on the following bills:

H. R. 288, by Anderson of Kearney, requiring that jurors shall be able to read and write the English language and shall be citizens of the United States, was recommended engrossed for third reading.

H. R. 185, by Regan of Platte, providing actions against street railways or railroads may be brought in any county through which the road passes, was recommended to be engrossed for third reading.

H. R. 173, by Jones of Clay, requiring clerks of the district court to make certified copies of all decrees in actions affecting real estate and divorce cases and to file the same with the register of deeds was recommended to be engrossed for third reading.

H. R. 222, by Basset of Buffalo, providing that owners of lands against which unenforceable liens are had may quiet title to it without paying said lien, was recommended to be engrossed for third reading.

H. R. 240, by Metzger of Cass, requiring a license for hunting and fishing within a county, was temporarily passed.

H. R. 238, by Taylor of Hitchcock, providing that person owning or controlling land where beavers are destroying trees may kill the animals after obtaining permit for same from the chief deputy game warden, was recommended to be engrossed for third reading.

H. R. 158, by Quackenbush of Nemaha, the tax ferret bill, was recommended for indefinite postponement.

H. R. 162, by Filley of Gage, calling for an appropriation of $50,000 for the teaching of agriculture in high schools having normal training courses, was recommended for indefinite postponement.

H. R. 418, by McArdle of Douglas, providing for the creation of the legislative reference bureau and regulating salaries of the director, assistant director and the clerk, was recommended for engrossing for third reading.

H. R. 198, by Nutsman of Cass, appropriating $800 for the relief of S. G. Hathaway, the armed guard who was injured at the state penitentiary two years ago, was recommended for engrossing for third reading.

H. R. 269, by Skeen of Nemaha, providing for the polls to be kept open at all elections from 8 a. m. until 9 p. m., was recommended for engrossing for third reading.

H. R. 168, by Fries of Howard, extending the terms of county assessors one year so as to permit them to make real estate assessments at the end of the term, was recommended for engrossing for third reading.

H. R. 242, by Gerdes, adding to the present law the prohibition and penalty for tampering with electrical devices in use on railroads, was recommended for engrossing for third reading.

H. R. 341, by Gerdes, limiting the liability to any person injured while walking or otherwise trespassing on railroad property, was recommended for indefinite postponement.

H. R. 329, by Gerdes of Richardson, providing for a penalty for the interruption of telephone or telegraph messages, was recommended for engrossing for third reading.

H. R. 269, by Quackenbuch of Nemaha, prescribing the waterway dimensions of railroad bridges and provides that the stream when at high water mark shall not be obstructed more than one-fifth the width of the same, was recommended for engrossing for third reading.

NEW BILLS AT NIGHT SESSION

Among Number is One Providing for County Road Organization.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, March 2.—(Special Telegram.)—The following bills were introduced at last night's session:

H R 664, by Gandy—Appropriates $5,000 for lavatories in the state capitol building.

H R 665, by Gandy—Relating to the fees of county judges, sheriffs, clerk and treasurers.

H R 667, by Gandy—Requires that wire fences, gates, etc., along the public highway shall be kept in good repair.

H R 668, by Gandy—Authorizing the regulating the practice of suggestive mental or magnetic heeling.

H. R. 669 by Joint Committees of Roads and Bridges—Provides for a county road organization, each county to a county highway commission or who shall in counties over 50,000 be the surveyor, and under 50,000 shall be appointed by the county board. Highway commissioner and county supervisors are now legalized and allow county board to appoint deputy commissioners.

H. R. 671, by Joint Committee of Roads and Bridges—Provides for the improvement of public roads by state aid, one-half the cost to be paid by the state, the fund to be raised by a one-fourth mill levy.

H. R. 672, by Joint Committee of Roads and Bridges—Provides for levy for county road fund, to be divided as county board deems best, and for additional levy in each road district, apportioned according to necessities of district.

H. R. 673, by Joint Committee on Roads and Bridges—Provides that poll tax may either be worked out or paid in cash.

H R 674, by Bulla—Annexation bill, directed at South Omaha and Omaha. Provides that when any person signs petition to submit the question he cannot withdraw his name, provides that when annexation takes place there shall be maintained at South Omaha a sub-police station, a sub-treasury, and sub-high school. Also provides that no general assessment of city taxes shall be made until one year after annexation takes place.

H R 675, by Sagl—Authorizes state railway commission to have supervision of all kinds of rolling stock used by railways within the provisions of this act, for the protection of the traveling public.

H. R. 676, by Clarke—Providing penalties for publishing and exposure for sale of secret work of societies, by unauthorized persons.

H R 677, by Jones of Clay—Road tax collected within any incorporated city or town shall all be expended therein.

H R 678, by Norton—Prohibiting log rolling in the legislature, declaring trading of votes, and providing penalties of fine and imprisonment and impeachment.

H R 679, By Norton—Provides for assessment by county assessor of property which has been withheld or overlooked, and permits the prosecution of persons wilfully withholding property from assessment.

H R 680, by Norton—Provides for appointive clerical assistants for county assessors, to serve at wages of $3 a day.

H R 681, by Norton—Provides for separate book extending personal property and real estate lists for taxation, that personal property books must be delivered to county treasurer on October 15, and real estate lists on December 15, that personal property taxes shall be delinquent December 15, instead of December 1, and real estate taxes delinquent February 15 in place of February 1.

H R 682, by Norton—An act describing the methods of fixing land titles, which is to be submitted to the voters of each county for ratification. Bill is 50,000 words in length—almost.

H R 683, by Galt by Request—Provides for annual occupation tax of $10,000 on breweries and distilleries, such tax to go to state road fund. Breweries to make reports to secretary of state.

H R 684, by Holmes—A 3 per cent occupation tax on agents and representatives of railroads which have no tracts in the state, such tax to be computed on the business he does for his road.

H R 685, by Fries—Automobile "hogs" must give half the road.

H R 686, by Bassett—Provides that judgment shall not be set aside on technicalities, as is present procedure.

H. R. 687, by Hatfield—Provides double shift for Lincoln fire department.

H. R. 688, by Lawrence—Provides for appointment of state purchasing agent by state board of purchase and supplies, and repeals section by which state board now makes its purchases of supplies for state institutions.

H. R. 689, by Quackenbush, Hardin, Lawrence—Repetition of 688 to make full measure for the session.

H. R. 690, by Taylor of Hitchcock—Provides for deeds of trust and for their foreclosure and redemption.

H. R. 691, by Taylor of Hitchcock—Forbids coursing meets unless the dogs are securely muzzled.

H. R. 692, by Gerdes and Taylor of Hitchcock—Militia act giving governor right to cause a draft to fill requisition by the president and changing duties of adjutant.

H. R. 693, by Taylor of Merrick—Provides method for designating official county newspaper.

H. R. 694, by Kent—Provides for registration of voters in all cities of second class on petition of 30 per cent of the voters.

H. R. 696, by Quackenbush—Provides that whenever franchises are voted in a municipality a majority shall be two-thirds.

H. R. 698, by Gallagher (by request)—Prohibits passes over toll bridges.

H. R. 697, by McKissick—Provides in cities of 5,000 to 25,000 registration in the odd years and revision in alternating years.

H. R. 699, by Quackenbush—Gives the courts authority to subpoena witness to discover where attached property is located.

H. R. 700, by Quackenbush—An order of attachment or garnishment no matter where the credits are payable or where defendant lives is binding.

H. R. 701, by Quackenbush—Duplicates H. R. 639 for good measure in the enthusiasm of the moment.

H. R. 702, by Quackenbush—Unable to restrain himself on the last chance, he introduced a bill concerning the method of filing a bill of exceptions on a bill.

By-Laws.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, March 2.—(Special.)—Representative Haller of Washington county is planning to take a course at the agricultural college in the "conservation of eloquence." In discussing the universal license law this morning he became suddenly worried because he imagined that the law would prevent boys from hunting. He launched forth into an impassioned appeal for the "marksmanship of the American youth."

"When I was a boy," he said, "hunting was my passion. That's why the American soldier is the best marksman in the world." He became more and more appalled at the vision of the youth of the land of the free being without air rifles, until the rafters shook with his stirring words. Then somebody called his attention to the fact that the bill in question had absolutely nothing in it to prevent boys from devoting all their time to hunting and fishing if their parents desired it, and he announced solemnly, "Then I take back everything I have said," and sat down. The last remark was applauded.

At the night session Wednesday night, when everybody was indulging in more or less horse play and twenty members each answering for five or six of his absent colleagues had been declared a quorum, Eager of Lancaster tried to get through a repeal of the rule against smoking. The one thing that put a quick finish on the scheme was the protest from Gandy of Custer, who suffers from bronchial trouble and who declared that any such rule would force some members to resign and go home.

Lieutenant Governor Hopewell, just to celebrate the repeal of the smoking rule in the senate, had a box of cigars passed among the senators and members of the fourth estate today and everybody smoked at once.

Aubrey Smith of Boone county made his maiden speech this afternoon. In support of his own bill to prevent the double taxation of mortgages on land he made an impassioned appeal. As he wound up to greater and greater heights and laid bare a banker's heart the galleries were hushed and quiet. It would be quite superfluous to tell what became of the bill.

In a discussion of jury systems in the house this morning some indiscreet person remarked that some men were too old to serve upon juries. Evans of Adams, who was on his feet, turned until he could see Metzger of Cass, who sits near him, and remarked with some vehemence: "It would be better for us to have a few more old men than so many of these 25-year-old kids."

Henry Richmond, sponsor of the "jim crow" bill, has enough troubles. He was once a regular diner at the hotel cafes. Now since he heard one waiter inquiring of another, "Which is that Henry Richmond man who wants to deport the culud people?" he has been eating at the restaurants where damsels do the serving. He would never admit that he fears poison or assault or that he thinks any class of persons has the right to complain of his plans for segregation of the races, but he is taking no chances. He and McKitrick, the man who introduced the bill, are very quiet now and will be until the bill is done away with.

Inquiry Into Death of Mrs. Paul Kimball

Daughter of Former Senator Frank J. Cannon of Utah Dies Suddenly in Chicago.

CHICAGO, March 2.—Police are investigating the death early today of Mrs. Paul Kimball, daughter of former United States Senator Frank J. Cannon of Utah. Three physicians diagnosed the case as morphine poisoning.

Mrs. Kimball was 24 years of age. Her husband is the junior member of the lumber firm of Sherman & Kimball. The two partners married sisters, both daughters of former Senator Cannon.

Mrs. Kimball was unconscious when physicians were called and died three hours later.

Mrs. Paul Kimball, who died in Chicago today, was reared in Ogden and left there only a short time ago. She had been in ill health for months. Her maiden name was Olive Lincoln Cannon.

CITY CLERK'S ACCOUNTS SHORT

(Continued from First Page.)

This includes all of the monthly licenses from saloons, police court fines and revenue from other sources, aggregating many thousand dollars. It is the habit of the city officials to check up the office shortly after the middle of each month. This is the duty of the finance committee of the city council. Several appointments were made with the city clerk by the members of the committee, Alderman, Hubbard, Evans and Ellsworth, but each time Mr. Casady offered excuse about being rushed with other work or not having his accounts in shape. Finally Mayor Maloney became very anxious and insisted upon the council committee doing its work, and requested City Auditor McAneney to begin the checking at once if there was any longer delay.

Casady Takes Books.

This information was conveyed to Mr. Casady, and at 11 o'clock Monday forenoon he quietly left the office, taking his bank books with him. The committee under the expert direction of Alderman Evans, made a systematic examination, checking all of the accounts, and found approximately $9,000 deficiency, less whatever amount was on deposit in the banks.

With this information Mayor Maloney left for Des Moines on Wednesday evening, taking with him Chief of Police Froom. Mr. Casady was found and a statement obtained from him.

The cause of the young man's downfall is believed to be speculation in the grain market. When he left his home on Monday afternoon he told his father-in-law, Lucius Wells, that he had been speculating on the board of trade a little and had used some of the city's money, but declared the amount was small and that he was going to Des Moines to seek the aid of his uncle.

FIST FIGHT IN LEGISLATURE

Two Members of Kansas House Come to Blows Over Defeat of School Bill.

TOPEKA, Kan., March 2.—The monotony of the Kansas legislative session was broken today by a fist fight between Representative McCormick of Pittsburg and Representative Stone of Topeka. The house by a close vote had killed the bill to divorce the Emporia and Pittsburg normal schools and McCormick held Stone responsible. During the noon recess McCormick assaulted the Topeka member and struck him a heavy blow with his fist. Members separated the two men.

The Weather

For NEBRASKA—Fair.
FOR IOWA—Fair.
Temperatures at Omaha yesterday:

Hours.	Deg.
5 a. m.	28
6 a. m.	27
7 a. m.	27
8 a. m.	30
9 a. m.	34
10 a. m.	39
11 a. m.	43
12 m	48
1 p. m.	50
2 p. m.	54
3 p. m.	54
4 p. m.	57
5 p. m.	56
6 p. m.	54
7 p. m.	52
8 p. m.	49

BOWMAN PROTESTS TO FALL

Alumni at Fort Dodge Cannot Block Choice of Uni President.

YOUNG MAN TO LEAD SCHOOL

Still College of Osteopathy at Des Moines to Be Abandoned Unless Consolidation is Effected Before June.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

DES MOINES, Ia., March 2.—(Special Telegram.)—The State Board of Education, through its president, James Trewin, gave out today a statement that the board will pay no attention to attacks made on the board at Fort Dodge by alumni who have protested against the selection of Dr. Bowman as president of the state university.

"He was recommended by the best educators of the country," said Mr. Trewin, "as the most capable educator who could possibly be secured for the place. We believe we have secured the best man possible."

The protest of Fort Dodge alumni on the university was based on the theory that Bowman is too young and his position at the head of the university over men who had been members of the faculty while he was a student there would be embarrassing.

May Abandon Still College.

It was announced here today that unless a consolidation can be effected with other colleges the Still College of Osteopathy here will be abandoned June 1 next. The owners have planned to effect a consolidation of the college at Kirksville and one at Chicago and put them all here, but President Rummell states that this does not seem probable and the college may be abandoned. It was established about fourteen years ago and for some time enjoyed great prosperity.

Want Receiver for Bank.

Depositors of the Bank of Kelley to the number of 120 have filed in the federal court a petition for a receiver for the bank. A committee has been appointed to look after their interests and the committee believes from the fact that two others were interested with Penfield as partners in the bank they may be able to protect all creditors from loss.

Paying Off the Deficit.

Owing to too small an allowance for support at the various state institutions the last two years the legislature had to make a special appropriation for a deficit of $26,000. This was made available at once and the Board of Control has just completed paying off bills that had accumulated. The legislature is asked to increase the regular support funds so that no deficit will occur in the future.

Taken Back to Pennsylvania.

A sheriff from Carlisle, Pa., today secured from Governor Carroll a requisition to take back to Pennsylvania one Joseph E. Brown, who is accused of having furnished medicine to a girl for an illegal purpose. He was a school teacher and he has been arrested in Marshalltown.

Insurance Funds Coming In.

Nearly all the large insurance companies have finished paying their annual taxes to the state. State Auditor Bleakly today received a check for $10,608 from the Metropolitan Life. Another recent check was for over $35,000 from the Northwestern Mutual of Milwaukee, the largest single payment based upon the amount of business done in the state.

Will Help Out Paint Dealers.

W. B. Barney, state dairy and food commissioner, has had prepared a bill for the legislature that will give relief to the dealers in paints. Some years ago a law was passed requiring them to have all paint labeled to show the ingredients. Time was given for selling old stock and later this time was extended. It is now said that upwards of $00,000 worth of paint of the old stock is still left on hand. It is proposed that a special label be provided for this.

Road Fund from Direct Levy.

Secretary of State Hayward is in favor of a direct tax levy for the benefit of good roads in Iowa. A half mill levy would bring in about $325,000 a year and with this fund a great amount of permanent road building could be done in the state. The present outlook is for very small appropriations for the road funds.

Experts on Street Railway.

Bion J. Arnold, Chicago street railway expert, has been employed by Mayor Hanna and Councilman MacVicar to aid in negotiations for the purchase of the Des Moines street railway. Mayor Hanna wired to the city hall this morning of Arnold being employed. They will also hire L. J. Myers of Chicago. Myers is at present in Panama. Both men will charge the city about $250 per day. Their assistants will ask $50 per day.

Hearing for Shippers.

The Iowa railroad commission today gave notice to shippers and all other interested that there would be an informal conference March 13 upon the interestate rate cases, which have been brought by the commission. It will be held at the office of the commission at 2 o'clock, and plans will be laid for carrying on these cases in which Iowa shippers are interested.

George B. Cox Wants Change of Venue

Indicted Political Leader Files Affidavit Charging Judge Gorman with Prejudice.

CINCINNATI, March 2.—Michel Mullen, leader of the city council of Cincinnati, was today summoned before the grand jury that is investigating practically every phase of public affairs in Hamilton county. Interest centered largely in the situation created by the affidavit filed by George B. Cox in which the republican leader sought to "swear off the bench" Judge Frank Gorman on grounds of prejudice. Attorneys for Cox declared that the mere filing of the affidavit settled the question and that Judge Gorman has no recourse except to name another jurist to conduct the trial of Cox on the perjury indictment.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
HALIFAX	Royal George	
NAPLES	Berlin	
CHERBOURG	Kron Prinz W	
NEW YORK	Lusitania	
NEW YORK	Noordam	Lusitania
ST. JOHN		Montford
NEW YORK		Oceanic
SOUTHAMPTON		Adriatic

Gideons Order Hundred Thousand Bibles for Hotels

Twenty-Five Thousand Will Be Carried by Marchers in Big Parade in San Francisco.

NEW YORK, March 2.—One hundred thousand bibles have been ordered for general distribution by the Gideons, as the members of the Christian Travelers' association of America style themselves. The order is said to be the largest ever placed and it forms part of a national plan to place a bible in every hotel bedroom in the country.

W. B. Henderson, national secretary of the Gideons, said here today that he has been promised one-fourth of the order for San Francisco and the Pacific coast. It is planned that the 25,000 bibles, the largest number ever shipped at one time, shall reach San Francisco in time for the triennial convention of the International Sunday school association, which will be held in the latter part of June.

For every bible there will be a member of the Adult Bible Classes of San Fransico to march through the streets in parade, a Gideon bible in his hand and at the end of the parade each marcher will build his bible into a gigantic pyramid to be erected on the platform of the convention auditorium, there to stand as an object lesson, while the convention is in session.

House Favors Norris Coffee Resolution

It Asks Attorney General if He Has Any Information Regarding Formation of Alleged Monopoly.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The house today agreed to a privileged resolution from the judiciary committee asking the attorney general, if not incompatible with the public interest, to report to the house what investigation has been made to ascertain whether any foreign government or subordinate state has entered into a coffee monopoly conspiracy.

The resolution was introduced by Representative Norris of Nebraska and is directed toward obtaining information regarding an alleged arrangement between the Brazilian government and the subordinate state of Sao Paulo and a syndicate of foreigners, including Americans headed by J. P. Morgan & Co., for a monopoly in the coffee traffic out of Brazil.

The resolution as adopted asks for a variety of information as to what steps the government has taken to determine whether the anti-trust and conspiracy laws have been violated and the results of such steps. It also seeks to learn what prosecutions, if any, have been instituted.

The introduction some days ago of two resolutions by Representative Norris bearing on the coffee trust caused a wild flurry in the New York coffee market.

Mr. Norris today said he had evidence indicating that Brazil was organizing a rubber trust to control the supply and price of raw rubber. He said he intended early in the extra session to introduce a resolution for an inquiry into the whole situation unless the Department of Justice in the meantime should take vigorous steps.

EXTRA SESSION TO BE CALLED

Announcement Comes from Senators Who Conferred with President.

MARCH 20 IS PROBABLE DATE

It is Believed the New House Will Pass Reciprocity Bill Within a Week from the Time it Convenes.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The last vestige of doubt that there will be an extraordinary session of congress called by President Taft to consider the Canadian reciprocity agreement in the now practically certain event of the failure of that measure in the present congress disappeared today when it became known that republican leaders had been called to the White House for a conference.

"The die is cast," said one of the republican senators after returning to the capitol.

"Mr. Taft has decided there must be an extra session and that he will call it earlier than April 4."

Democratic leaders wanted a month in which to get ready for a special session and President Taft was inclined to accede to their wishes. It became known today, however, that the republicans favored an earlier gathering if there was no way to avoid coming back.

Mr. Taft would be guided, it was said, by the wishes of the republicans. It was announced that a conference would be held on the subject probably Monday to decide upon a date. March 20 was the date talked about today.

There was a feeling of confidence among friends of the Canadian agreement that the democratic house would pass the bill within a week after the convening of the special session.

It was suggested that Representative McCall's name would not be carried on the bill, but that some democrat on the new committee on ways and means would claim the right to report the measure and take charge of it on the floor.

There was an impression also that the senate would not delay action for more than a month. This theory was based on the argument that the republican senate would expedite business so as to be ready to adjourn before the democratic house could submit a general program for tariff revision and the hope that under such a condition of affairs the democrats would be willing to postpone their tariff revision plans until next winter, when they would be better prepared to proceed.

The Secret of Success is in the Constant Use of Bee Want Ads.

AMUSEMENTS.