general purposes from 5 mills to 4 mills. Emergency.

H. R. 608, by Leidigh—Appropriates $5,000 for purchase of two blocks of land north of school for blind at Nebraska City.

H. R. 609, by Bartals—Prohibits fraud and deception in the packing of fruit for sale. Must be uniform from top to bottom of package.

H. R. 610, by Anderson—Revises open season for hunting game and prohibits use of sink boxes along the Platte river.

H. R. 611, by Bulla—Changes the law relating to changing county seats, makes petition easy to secure, and squeezes out all but two contestants if no contestant receives three-fifths of the votes g he firs election.

H. R. 612, by Moriarity—Provides for assessment and taxation of personal property which has escaped taxation during current year or any past year. Does not provide for a ferret, but puts duty on county clerk. Emergency.

H. R. 613, by Iliha—Railroads must check 250 pounds of barge free, and charge excess at the rate of 5 per cent of the fare paid. Railway commission to enforce.

H. R. 614, by Moriarty—Whenever mayor and city council of Omaha request railway commission to make physical valuation of any public service corporation of city and provides funds for such purpose, the commission must make the valuation to the extent of the funds provided.

H. R. 615, by Moriarity—Mayor and council of Omaha may make levy or issue bonds not to exceed $10,000 per year for physical valuation of public service corporations.

H. R. 616, by John—To forbid the operation of club rooms, their sale, barter, giving away, or distribution of liquors.

Maximum State Levy.

H. R. 617, by Clarke—Provides that maximum state levy shall not exceed 7 mills instead of 6 mills as at present. Emergency.

H. R. 618, by Nelson—Provides that children may be transferred to other school districts nearer than their own if they live more than a mile, and a half from the school house. Contains provision that must be one-half mile nearer district to which they wish to be transferred.

H. R. 619, by Swan—General deficiency appropriation bill in amount of $56,000.

H. R. 620, by Kirk—Creates a 1-mill levy for the purpose of rebuilding university on state farm campus.

H. R. 621, by Kirk—Prevents eavesdropping on party telephone lines, and provides penalty for violation.

H. R. 622, by Jones of Clay—Providing that adjoining school districts not in one county may unite as provided by law for the purpose of maintaining a high school where neither district is able to do so alone.

H. R. 623, by Shoemaker of Douglas—Provides that county treasurer of Douglas county shall receive for collecting Omaha city taxes the same fees he secures for collecting state taxes, and repeals the 1 per cent compensation now allowed.

H. R. 624, by Shoemaker—Cuts down speed limit of motor vehicles in cities and villages and provides that they must stop when approaching a crowd upon the street.

Money for Capitol Building.

H. R. 625, by House Finance Committee—Appropriates $25,000 for rebuilding south wall of east wing of state capitol building.

H. R. 626, by Iliha—Gives mayor and council of metropolitan cities more power to compel railroads to construct viaducts.

H. R. 627, by Shoemaker—Appropriates $1,500 for paving in front of the school for the deaf in Omaha.

H. R. 628, by Hatfield of Lancaster—Creates a state tax commission, with deputy commissioner at a salary of $2,400 a year; first assistant, $2,000 a year, and defining their power and duties.

H. R. 629, by Mockett—Amendments to Lincoln charter. Gives city the right to condemn public service corporations and take them over to be owned and operated by the city.

H. R. 630, by Mockett—Changes the children's delinquency law.

H. R. 631, by Colton—Calls for compulsory physical connection of telephone lines and their regulation by the State Railway commission.

H. R. 632, by Soldiers' Committee of the House—Appropriates $75,000 for erection of buildings at the Milford Soldiers' home.

H. R. 633, by McKelvie—Provides a universal hunting license system, but not for fishing, and requires all guns to be labeled for identification.

H. R. 634, by Grossman—Makes it unlawful for any person to have in his possession any receipt for dues from any society, when such receipt has not been issued to him or in his name. Emergency.

H. R. 635, by Holmes—Repeals the law by which Omaha has a water board and vests the control of such water plant in the mayor and city council.

H. R. 636, by Sagl—Providing that in all cities of over 5,000 population the city shall provide public lavatories within one year after passage of the act.

Moving Picture Regulation.

R. R. 637, by McKelvie—Providing that moving picture show buildings shall be so built that no steps or inclines shall exist, and all doors shall open outward. Other regulations. Does not apply to theaters.

H. R. 638, by Leidigh—Puts all heads of families in the state on the same exemption basis, that is, $500 of personal or real property.

H. R. 639, by McKissick (by request)—Placing trustees of express or special trusts under the regulation of the State Banking board.

H. R. 640, by McKissick—Providing that in cities of 5,000 to 25,000, qualified voters must have resided in the city three months prior to the election.

H. R. 641, by Bassett, Harrington and Gallagher—Appropriates $5,000 for the Nebraska Rural Life commission.

H. R. 642, by Skeen and Harrington—Legalizing the State Live Stock association and making appropriation of $2,000 for its maintenance.

H. R. 643, by Fries—Miscellaneous claims bill.

H. R. 644, by Bushee—Repeals the statute creating a New York fiscal agency for the state and substituting the state treasurer therefore, and provides that all bonds, coupons, issued by any civil division of the state shall be made payable at the office of the state treasurer.

H. R. 645, by Mockett—Provides that villages and cities of less than 5,000 population shall not be liable for damages due to defective public ways unless notice of the defect shall have been filed with the city clerk five days before such accident.

H. R. 646, by Taylor of Hitchcock—Provides that no spiritous or vinous liquors shall be sold within any public educational, penal, or reformatory institution outside of any city or village, or within one-fourth mile of any such institution within any corporate limits, or within 200 feet of any church, Young Men's Christian association, Young Woman's Christian association or religious structure.

H. R. 647, by Kirk—Town treasurer is substituted for town assessor on village board.

H. R. 648, by Allen—Appropriating $4,000 for flowing wells along Holt creek in Holt county.

H. R. 649, by Cronin—Verdicts for damages on account of death through accident shall be recovered in amount regardless of the persons who are entitled to receive such damages.

H. R. 650, by Liver of Douglas—Amends registration law by providing city registration nominated by city clerk and confirmed by council. Provides continuous registration except holidays, closing ten days before election.

Changes Gasoline Test.

Supreme Court Decisions.

H. R. 651, by Riha of Douglas—Changes specific gravity test of gasoline from 62 to 68 degrees.

H. R. 652, by Riha of Douglas—Prohibits wearing of hatpins over seven inches in length unless muzzled.

H. R. 653, by Bonham of Jefferson—Raises the salary of adjutant general to $2,400 and of assistant adjutant general to $1,800, and of assistant quartermaster to $1,500. Creates inspector of small arms practice at salary of $1,500.

H. R. 654, by Bonham of Jefferson—Provides that inmates of soldiers' homes may vote for local officers, state officers and national officers at the homes on days of elections. Excepts local officers and bond elections for those not qualified electors of the state at time of election to the home.

H. R. 655, by McKelvie of Lancaster—Authorizes university to undertake and maintain agricultural extension work.

H. R. 656, by McArdle of Douglas, by request—Gives registrars of metropolitan and first class cities 5 cents for each transcript of births and deaths.

H. R. 657, by McArdle of Douglas, by request—Changes vote necessary for granting of franchise at special election in South Omaha from majority to two-thirds of all votes cast.

San Francisco Man For Direct Legislation

Rudolph Spreckels Tells Senate Power in Hands of People Will Not Harm Legitimate Business.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, Neb., March 1.—(Special.)—Speaking as a representative of corporation interests and a friend of good government in his own city Rudolph Spreckles of San Francisco made a brief plea for direct legislation from the senate rostrum this afternoon.

"I speak as a corporation man," said Mr. Spreckels, "and as a factor in a great bank in my city, and I say that the man who fears to put the power back into the hands of the people because it may hurt his business does not want to do a legitimate business.

He outlined the beginning of his interest in the corrupt politics of San Francisco which he helped to clean up and told of the ways in which Abe Ruef, now sentenced to a fourteen-year penitentiary term, tried to get him entangled in the machine, offering finally to precipitate a big strike that would sacrifice working men and their interests in a scheme to get control of an issue of municipal bonds at a low price. On the bribe question he said:

"It is not always the taker of the bribe who is to blame. It is not always a holdup. The corporations may complain that it is 'blood money,' but in our city they contributed money to put back into office the very men against whom they had complained as demanding 'blood money,' which showed that they must have wanted to pay the tribute."

Injury Proves Fatal.

NORFOLK, Neb., March 1.—(Special Telegram.)—Chester Cramer, aged 18, died here this afternoon following the amputation of his leg. He was run over by a Northwestern passenger train in Norfolk last Friday. Young Cramer came to Norfolk from Creighton en route to Wisconsin, where he was moving wit hhis parents. He is thought to have jumped off the train before it stopped and to have fallen under the wheels.

Bennett's Ladies' Furnishings Lines to Be the Largest in the Middle West.

MR. CAFFLEY NOW IN THE EAST

Purchases Being Made With Many Large Eastern Manufacturers.

Mr. Caffley, the buyer for The Bennett company glove, neckwear, underwear, hosiery, embroideries and art needle work departments, left for the east last week to make heavy purchases in all lines of high grade ladies' furnishings.

All arrangements have been completed for the enlargement of these already large departments, making them the largest and finest ladies' furnishing departments west of Chicago.

Mr. Caffley's strong faith in Omaha's well dressed women has long led him to the belief that a store handling the finest lines in a wider assortment of neckwear, gloves, hosiery, etc., would be greatly appreciated, and it's with these facts in view that lead to the planned enlargements.

Again The Bennett company proves itself to be the originators of better merchandising and it's close relationship with its many friends and patrons.

No Schemes Necessary to Sell Standard Pianos.

Bennett Sells Pianos that you can depend upon to meet every necessary demand.

Ivers & Pond

The Highest Type

In no piano will you get better satisfaction than in an Ivers & Pond instrument. It is the highest type of piano. Its fame has spread into every town and hamlet of the United States, and it is everywhere recognized as a perfect instrument. This is so because of its resonant tone, its responsive action, its solidity and its wonderful durability. An Ivers & Pond in your home will assure satisfaction and pleasure for every member of your family.

SOLD ON EASY MONTHLY PAYMENTS

We guarantee everything we sell and sell nothing we cannot guarantee.

A Partial List of Bennett's Pianos:

CHICKERING
PACKARD
STERLING
BENNETT
HUNTINGTON
MENDELSSHON
KOHLER & CAMPBELL
HENRY S. & G. LINDEMAN
KURTZMAN
AUTOPIANO
KURTZMAN PLAYER
PACKARD PLAYER
KRELL AUTOGRAND

EST. 1878 **THE BENNETT CO.** PIANO DEPT.

MUDGE PLANNING EXTENSIONS

Head of Rock Island Looking Over Field in Iowa.

LINE ST. PAUL TO KANSAS CITY

Through Service Will Be Opened Some Time Next Year—New Ten-Story Hotel for Des Moines in Near Future.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

DES MOINES, March 1.—(Special Telegram.)—Announcement is made here that work will begin very soon on the construction of the new Rock Island extension into southern Iowa. President Mudge and a party of the head officials arrived here today and went north over the newly acquired line to Mason City, which is to become a part of a new north and south line for the Rock Island. It was stated that a through service from St. Paul to Kansas City would be opened some time next year.

New Ten-Story Hotel.

A new ten-story hotel for Des Moines is to be constructed at once, to be a part of the Wellington, which will be reconstructed and enlarged. The owner of the Wellington has just bought ground at Fifth and Locust streets for the addition.

Signs Income Tax Amendment.

Governor Carroll has signed the joint resolution of the legislature approving the income tax amendment to the federal constitution, which now goes to the speaker of the house and the president of the senate and constitutes the Iowa approval of the amendment as proposed. The amendment was approved in the Iowa legislature almost unanimously.

Valuable Newspaper Files.

Curator Harlan of the State Historical department has just received copies of files of newspapers of historic value from Mrs. L. H. Bailey of Postville, Ia. The files consist of a dozen or more each of the following: New York Tribune, commencing in 1854; Missouri Republican, commencing in 1850; North American Review, commencing in 1853; Neal's Saturday Gazette, Philadelphia, commencing in 1844. This is the most interesting collection of newspapers received for a long time.

Urges Seed Corn Testing Now.

W. B. Barney of the State Pure Food and Dairy department is out in an appeal to the farmers of the state to engage now in making complete tests of seed corn and not to wait until spring. The experience of Iowa farmers last year was disastrous, and as a consequence Mr. Barney's department, which has general charge of enforcing the law as to pure seed, was caused much trouble and annoyance. It is expected that this year the Iowa people will be more careful in getting the start for a crop.

Want Iowa's Soldier Monument.

As soon as the legislature reconvenes the effort will be renewed to secure the removal of the Iowa soldiers' monument from its present location near the state house to the grounds of the Soldiers' home at Marshalltown. A bill is pending to make an appropriation to remove it to a better location in Des Moines, but this is not favored by some of the members, who insist that the location offered is not any better than the present one.

Judge Deemer Goes Away.

Judge H. E. Deemer of the supreme court left today for Minneapolis, where his wife is lying critically ill. She had gone to Rochester, but it was found an operation could not be performed at the present time.

No Visiting Committees.

The legislature failed to provide for any special visiting committee of legislators to go to the state institutions under the board of control, but a number of the leading members have volunteered to go to some of the institutions and make investigation of their needs. A committee is at work this week visiting the colleges.

Have Not Found Banker.

Despite many rumors to the contrary the officers have not been able to locate and arrest E. J. Penfield, the missing banker, who left Kelly after looting the bank of many thousand dollars. It is stated that no information has been filed against him in Story county and it is not known that anyone will prosecute him.

Investigate Cause of Death.

It was announced here today that the coroner will investigate the case of the death of W. F. Payne, who died of dropsy this morning. He had been ill eighteen months and had refused the aid of physicians, but relied upon Christian Science practitioners, and the doctors are up in arms over what they call the inexcusable negligence of the case.

LORIMER WINS BY SIX VOTES

(Continued from First Page.)

resolution will have the effect of confirming Senator Lorimer's title to the seat he occupies.

Of course, it will be possible for a member of the committee on privileges and elections or any other senator for that matter, to offer a substitute resolution, but Chairhan Burrows announced today that so far as he was concerned the senate would vote on the Beveridge measure. The agreement reached yesterday was in connection with the Beveridge resolution and friends of Senator Lorimer say they have no desire to interfere with the order of the senate as defined in the unanimous consent agreement.

Stone Still Filibustering.

Most, if not all of the senators, appeared anxious to expedite business with a view of getting up the Lorimer case the first possible moment. Senator Stone was an exception. He insisted on the full reading of the long journal of yesterday and on the most minute attention to all details.

On the taking up of routine business, Senator Owen of Oklahoma took the floor and began a speech in opposition to Mr. Lorimer. The Illinois senator was present while Mr. Owen was speaking. He appeared to be giving the closest attention to the Oklahoman. Outwardly there was no indication of any unusual excitement and Mr. Lorimer appeared quit as cool as he has been through the protracted debate on his case.

Before Mr. Owen began to speak, Mr. Beveridge had shown a disposition to hasten rather than impede procedures. He refused to permit the transaction of any other than necessary business.

"I am sorry for William Lorimer," said Senator Owen impressively, as he took the floor. Elaborating on his sympathy for the Illinois senator, Mr. Owen still maintained that a stain had been left on his good name by the manner of his election to the senate. There had been corruption and bribery in that occurrence, contended the Oklahoma senator, and he said that it was impossible not to believe that Lorimer had not known what was transpiring.

Denial from Governor Deneen.

Mr. Owen then produced, but did not immediately read a telegram from Governor Deneen denying Senator Lorimer's statements regarding himself. As the speaker was preparing to comment on the telegram Senator Heyburn sought to make objection.

"Will the senator from Oklahoma yield?" asked the chair.

"I will not," flatly responded Mr. Owen.

Speaking then as a matter of privilege, Mr. Heyburn made the point that the message should be read. The chair held the question was not one of personal privilege, but Mr. Owen relieved the situation by proceeding to read the document which, though a telegram, was very long. It proved to be a categorical reply to all of the Illinois senator's allegations concerning the governor.

The charge that the governor had entered into a conspiracy to obtain the publication of White's confession was pronounced by the telegram to be entirely without foundation. The governor wrote he knew nothing of the confession until it was on the press and that he then had given out an interview expressing the opinion that there should be an investigation.

Combination Against Deneen.

oGvernor Deneen also declared Lorimer's proposition to elect the governor to the senatorship had involved the use of democratic votes and Mr. Deneen expressed doubts that election by such a course would have the effect of healing breaches in the republican party as Mr. Lorimer had expressed confidence that it would.

"Mr. oLrimer gave reasons why the democrats would support me. I failed to see any reason why they should support me," said the writer of the long telegram. "The truth is," he added, "that this bi-partisan combination was formed to defeat me,' 'and went on to say that the combination had made corrupt alliances with interests that could not use him.

Mr. Owen criticised Mr. Lorimer for not appearing before the investigation committee. He declared the question was not so much one to a seat in the senate as of whether the senate should stifle bribery and corruption or encourage such practices.

Apparently in face of much opposition from his own state Senator Simmons of North Carolina delivered a brief address giving the reasons why he would suport Mr. Lorimer.

Lorimer Addresses Chair.

When Mr. Simmons yielded the floor, Senator Lorimer himself addressed the chair evidently to the surprise of most of the senators. He rose only to speak of oGvernor Deneen's telegram to Senator Owen. Taking up that message in detail he declared an examination of it would verify all of the statements that (Mr. Lorimer) had made to the senate.

Senator Smith of Michigan, succeeded Senator Lorimer in addressing the senate. The senator expressed a conviction that the committee had not gone far enough in its investigation; nor was the country satisfied with the extent of the investigation.

Senator La Follette also spoke briefly in opposition to Mr. Lorimer. Mr. La Follette declared "every line of the testimony convicts the senator not only of obtaining his seat by bribery, but of being a participant in the bribery."

He turned, with trembling voice and hands, toward the seat of Senator Lorimer on his left. People in the gallery rose to see what the object of all this depunciation woud do. There was an instant of tense silence.

"The gentleman is not in his seat," Mr. La Follette said, and turned away to face the senate.

Senator Burrows, chairman of the committee on privileges and elections which investigated the Lorimer case, and its report which exonerated the accused senator, was on his feet trying to interrupt. He tried to read from the minority report which declared that the evidence did not prove complicity on Lorimer's part in the alleged bribery.

Clock Hands Near Limit.

"Does the senator yield?" asked the presiding officer. The hand of the clock hovered over the half haur mark—people held their breath. The chairman's gaven was in the air.

"Just a minute, just a minute," cried Mr. La Follette. "I know what the senator wants to say. You never can prove a thing like that, but you know it. I don't know where the money came from that was used in an effort to defeat my own re-election to the senate, but I do know that part of it came from Wall street."

Bang; the gavel fell, and Senator La Follette sank back with the phrase, "Wall street," on his lips. A titter of hysterical laughter ran over the galleries.

"The hour of 1:30 haviug arrived," said the vice president, "the secretary will read the resolution." It was read:

Resolved, That Mr. Lorimer was not duly and legally elected to a seat in the senate of the United States by the legislature of the state of Illinois.

"The secretary will call the roll."

"Mr. Aldrich—," and the vote was on.

The scene when the vote was taken was one of intense, but suppressed excitement. The result had been xpected, but everybody waited breathlessly for the announcement. It was received with applause from the galleries, but, as usual, this was quickly suppressed by the presiding officer.

"The resolution is lost," announced the vice president, and the senate was in confusion, people leaving the galleries and the floor. It was some minutes before the senate could resume its proceedings.

WATER USERS MAY REST EASY

(Continued from First Page.)

commission in the matter of general freight rates from points in South Dakota to Minnesota transfer, Superior, Duluth and Chicago.

Arguments were also heard as to the reasonableness of existing rates on grain from northwestern points to Omaha. Shippers of Omaha urge they are being discriminated against.

It is unlikely that the cases, which are of importance to the northwestern territory, will be decided for several weeks.

The census bureau today announced the population of the following Nebraska cities:

	1910.	1900.	1890.
Holdrege	3,069	3,007	2,601
McCook	3,765	2,448	2,346

Other cities have the following population:

	1910.	1900.
Tombstone, Ariz.	1,582	646
Okmulgee, Okl.	4,178	*2,322
Jefferson, Ia.	2,477	2,601
Arcola, Ill.	2,100	1,995
Woodstock, Ill.	4,331	2,503
Westville, Ill.	2,607	1,605
Georgetown, Ill.	2,307	193
Hopeston, Ill.	4,098	3,824
Rossville, Ill.	1,427	1,475

*Special census of 1907.

Postmasters and Carriers.

Dilman O. Berholger was appointed postmaster at Welton, Clinton county, Iowa, vice Maud Knight, resigned.

Rural carriers appointed:

Nebraska—Ansley, route 3, Stanley E. McCormack, carrier; no substitute.

Iowa—Hampton, route 5, J. A. McNeill, carrier, no substitute; Humboldt, route 3, F. O. Nelson, carrier, no substitute; Kellerton, route 2, Eli O. Cornell, carrier, no substitute.

Mrs. William Schram.

KEARNEY, Neb., March 1.—(Special Telegram.)—Mrs. William Schram, a pioneer woman of this city, having, with her husband, who is a druggist, resided here continuously since 1872, died this morning of heart failure, from which she had suffered at intervals for several months. Mrs. Schram was 61 years old. She was born in Copenhagen and came to this country when a child.

J. G. ROBIN PLEADS GUILTY

New York Banker Admits Taking $27,000 from One Institution.

SEVEN MORE BILLS AGAINST HIM

He is Remanded to Tombs Until March 27, When He Will Be Sentenced—Jury Rejects His Plea of Insanity.

NEW YORK, March 1.—Joseph G. Robin, the fallen banker, pleaded guilty today to an indictment charging him with larceny of $27,000 from the Washington Savings bank, of which he was formerly president. Seven indictments against him remain. He was remanded to the Tombs until March 27, when he will be sentenced.

The collapse of Robin's defense of insanity put forward by his sister, Dr. Louise Robin, and his counsel, William Travers Jerome, was foreshadowed last night when it was reported that Robin had said he was "tired of all this fooling," but it caused a stir in the court room nonetheless.

On the night before the Northern Bank of New York, in which Robin also was interested, went into the hands of the state superintendent of banks, Robin was committed to a private sanitarium on affidavits sworn out by his sister and two persons. The sanitarium rejected him and he returned to the jurisdiction of the court and submitted to arrest. On the day he was arrested Robin attempted suicide on the way to court by swallowing poison, but the prompt use of a stomach pump saved him.

Jury Rejects Insanity Plea.

On motion of Jerome, alienists were appointed by the state and defense to examine his sanity and they reported unanimously that he was incompetent to undertake a defense. A jury sitting under Judge Swan rejected the findings of the alienists and Judge Swan complimented the jury on its "horse sense."

The case came to trial on Monday and Jerome's preliminary motions to dismiss on the ground that the defendant was insane were overruled by Justice Seabury. Jerome followed with a searching examination of each talesman and all indications were that the case would be fought to the last ditch.

Then Jerome decided to withdraw from the defense and Robin, through other counsel, pleaded guilty.

Through Robin's operations the Washington Savings bank, the Northern Bank of New York, the Carnegie Trust company and a string of minor concerns which he promoted went into insolvency. No full statement of his larcenies has yet been made public by the state examiners.

SCHOOL REMOVAL AGREED TO

(Continued from First Page.)

casion to go to the city campus. About 95 per cent of the graduates of the school of agriculture return to Nebraska farms.

"The college of agriculture admits high school graduates or graduates of the school of agriculture and gives them a four-years' college course. This college has a registration of 110 men and forty-nine women, all of whom must take part of their work at the farm and part at the city campus. But few graduates of the college of agriculture return to farm life, the most of them becoming teachers or leaders of agricultural thought.

"On the city campus are six colleges, having a registration of about 3,000, of whom about 150 go to the farm for part of their work."

Arguments Summarized.

The committee summarizes the arguments for removal as follows:

First—The advantage to students of being removed from too close contact with city life.

Second—The attendance in the college of agriculture would probably be largely increased, though attendance in the school of agriculture might be reduced.

Third—By removing we could build up an ideal, new, modern fireproof plant, planned and built as a unit, and of which the state could be proud.

Fourth—After complete removal better work could be done.

Fifth—A united plant could be administered at less expense than a divided one and it would be easier to secure harmonious work.

Against Removal.

Against removal, the committee cites these arguments:

First.—Students attending at the city campus receive the cultural value of city life and enter into and take part in the social and chupch work of the city.

Second. The removal of 3,000 college students to the farm campus, though increasing the attendance in the college of agriculture, would probably result in shawoding and injuring the school of agriculture.

Third. About one-half of the male students at the city campus are wholly, or in part, working their way through school and are receiving in wages about $100,000 per annum. It is estimated that about one-fourth of those earning their way as aforesaid would be unable to fill their present positions of removal takes place, but this loswould no doubt, at least in part, adjust itself as the city built up near the farm.

Fourth. TThe period of removal, extending over several years, would be very trying to both faculty and students and would probably have an unfavorable effect, not only on the attendance, but on quality of work.

Fifth. It is conservatively estimated that the cost of consolidation and building up the university at the farm will be about $1,000,000 more than it will cost to obtain the necessary land and develop the two plants separately, but from these figures should be deducted whatever the state may be able to realize from the city campus.

If two separate campuses should be maintained and built up, your committee is unanimously agreed that the proceeds of a special levy of one-half mill on the assessed valuation of the state would be imperatively required and should be placed at the disposal of the regents for about eight years for purchasing ground at the city campus and erecting needed buildings on both campuses, and that for the coming biennium this amount should be equally divided between the two campuses.

Recommendation.

After carefully weighing all the evidence, both for and against removal, we are unanimously of the opinion that a more harmonious and more economically administered university may be built up at the farm campus, but that to accomplish this it is absolutely necessary that a special levy of 1 mill for about eight years be made available for this purpose; and on the condition that this legislature is willing to provide for such special levy of 1 mill, we unanimously recommend that it be declared that the policy of the state in regard to the university, that all colleges now located on the city campus be removed to the farm campus and a consolidated institution there built up; and that such removal be made as rapidly as as the funds made available by said levy will permit.

The special committee signing the report was J. A. Ollis, jr., C. M. Skiles, S. C. Bassett, S. R. McKelvie, E. L. Gallagher, Charles C. Smith, W. L. Kirk, E. P. Brown, John F. Moriarity, W. L. Weesner, H. Gerdes.

COLDS CAUSE HEADACHE.

wide Cold and Grip remedy, removes cause. LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine, the world Call for full name. Look for signature, E. W. GROVE. 25c.

Business Confidence is not brought about by Deceptive Advertising. Bee advertising generally is Reliable Advertising.

The Weather.

For Nebraska—Fair.
For Iowa—Fair.
Temperatures at Omaha yesterday:

Hours.	Deg.
5 a. m.	21
6 a. m.	21
7 a. m.	20
8 a. m.	20
9 a. m.	24
10 a. m.	28
11 a. m.	34
12 m.	36
1 p. m.	37
2 p. m.	39
3 p. m.	40
4 p. m.	41
5 p. m.	40
6 p. m.	39
7 p. m.	35
8 p. m.	33

"With lively feet
And inward zest
We bear the treat
That we love best."

You want what you want.

And *you* are the only one to decide it.

Don't be side-tracked by any so-called "Just-as-good" or "same thing" when you ask for

Campbell's TOMATO SOUP

There is no just as good and nothing else is the same except another can of Campbell's.

If you've ever eaten it you know this already. And if you haven't you are missing the best thing of its kind made—until you try it.

21 kinds 10c a can

Just add hot water, bring to a boil, and serve.

JOSEPH CAMPBELL COMPANY
Camden N J

Look for the red-and-white label

Protect Yourself!

AT FOUNTAINS, HOTELS, OR ELSEWHERE
Get the
Original and Genuine HORLICK'S MALTED MILK
"Others are Imitations"
The Food Drink for All Ages
RICH MILK, MALT GRAIN EXTRACT, IN POWDER
Not in any Milk Trust
Insist on "HORLICK'S"
Take a package home

Making Things Hum

We have just unloaded a straight carload of Electric Washers. This means that at our Exculsive Retail Washing Machine Store we are selling a carload every sixty days or less, even through the poorest portion of the year.

Why? Because

The 1900 Electric Washer and Wringer

Is the only one on the market that is **BOTH SIMPLE** and **SAFE**. Only has **THREE COGS** (and these encased). No wooden pegs to tear the clothes. A child can operate it. Does a big washing at a cost of 4 cents. Let us prove this to you. Just 'phone or call and we will send one to you on

Electric, Water or Hand Power.

FIFTEEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL.
CASH OR CREDIT.
Sold Under a Positive Guarantee.
We are Washing Machine Specialists.

1900 WASHER CO.
TYLER 1011. 1611 HOWARD ST. A-2868.

Chains, Necklaces and Sautoirs

from the Edholm store have a value far above the stated price wherever permanent qualities and forcible beauty are appreciated.

Sautoirs in platinum, set with diamonds, and in 14-carat gold, set with diamonds, pearls and sapphires are fashionable with refined women.

Each sautoir from Edholm is unique in design. Each expresses that certain high quality so inherent to this store.

Don't Merely Buy—Invest.

Albert Edholm
JEWELER,
Sixteenth and Harney

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

will stop that cough. Carry them in your pocket and use them all day whenever needed, without inconvenience. They are safe and effectual. Entirely free from opiates and noted for their prompt action.

Price, 25c, 50c and 1.00. Sample free
John I. Brown & Son Boston, Mass.

We Can Show You What Security Means

In our Safety Deposit Vaults.

It is folly to risk losing your Jewels, Insurance, Policies, Deeds, Abstracts, etc., by fire or burglars.

Rent a Private Safe in our big vault and keep them in it.

Only $3 by the Year.

Omaha Safety Deposit & Trust Company
Street Entrance No. 1614 Farnam.

The Convalescent Should Have Especially Prepared Bread

Malted Milk Bread cannot be produced without great pains and excellent facilities—that's why we are able to impart to it that rich, sweet, appetizing flavor that most bread lacks.

That's why the patient has an improved appetite after using malted milk bread for a while.

It's pre-digested and gives zest to one's eating.

5c and 10c per Loaf.

Save the Labels. They're Valuable.

Sundgren's Bakery
720 S. 26th St.
Phone, Harney 3536; Ind. A-2617

BANKRUPT STOCK SALE

BEGINNING SATURDAY
Philadelphia Stock on Sale at
AT HAYDEN'S
ABOUT HALF WORTH.

AMUSEMENTS.

BRANDEIS THEATER
Next Sun., 4 Days, Seat Sale Today
Montgomery and Stone in
Charles Dillingham's Notable Musical Comedy Production
THE OLD TOWN
By George Ade. Music by Gustave Luders. Nights, 50c to $2.00. Wednesday Matinee, 25c to $1.50
Saturday Matinee and Night, March 4
MISS FITCH'S PLAYERS in "GOSSIP."

HOME OF FOLLY **KRUG** TWO FROLICS DAILY
TODAY. The Merry Musical Mixup. TONIGHT.
THE ROLLICKERS
EXTRA TONIGHT
Grand Prize Waltzing Contest.
Friday—Cutler-Erler Wrestling Bout.

AMERICAN Phones: Doug. 1061; Ind., A-1061.
THREE SHOWS—2:15, 7:45, 9:20. All This Week. Best Show of the Season.
Seven Military Dancers, Arthur Deming, Sully & Hussey, Twin City Quartet, Glendower & Manion, West & Van Sicien. Matinees, 10c. Nights, 10c, 20c, 30c.

BOYD THEATER
Tonight, Mats. Tues., Thurs., Sat.
EVA LANG and Her Company
in the Hit of the Season
WILDFIRE
The Best Play of This Year
Next Week—The Call of the North

PRICES 10-25-50 **Orpheum** PHONE DOUG. 494 Ind. A1494
ADVANCED VAUDEVILLE. Matinee Every Day at 2:15. Every Night at 8:15. Helen Grantley & Co., Bathing Girls, Marvelous Griffith, Bowers, Walters and Crooker, Nevine and Erwood, Richard Nadrage, The Navas, Kinodrome, Orpheum Concert Orchestra.

"OMAHA'S FUN CENTER."
Gayety Evgs., 15-25-50-75c Daily Mat., 15-25-50c
Queens of the Jardin De Paris
EXTRAVAGANZA AND VAUDEVILLE
Harry Koler, Orpheus Comedy 4, Adalina Rositina and the Champagne Ballet.
LADIES' DIME MATINEE EVERY DAY
Sat. Night only: Amateur contest, 10c, 25c.

THE BIGGEST BASKET BALL GAME OF THE SEASON
Thursday, March 2nd,
Co. F. of Portage, Wisconsin, (Champion A. A. U. team for the United states) vs. Omaha Y. M. C. A.
Preliminary game—Pirates vs. Tiger Cubs. Admission 35c. Reserved Seats 15c extra. Reserved Seats now on sale at Y. M. C. A.