Nebraska

TWENTY-FIVE SALOONS LIMIT

Platform to Be Supported by Business Men's Association.

DISCUSSION HELD AT MEETING

George W. Losey, Banker for Lodge of Modern Woodmen of America, Indicted on Charge of Embezzlement.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, Feb. 25.—(Special.)—Twenty-five saloons as a maximum for the city will be the platform to be supported by the business men's association which met at the Lindell hotel today at noon and drafted resolutions to be followed in the coming municipal campaign. The principles of the business men as formally enunciated were for one license to every 2,000 inhabitants, but this has been extended. R. M. Joyce presided over the meeting at luncheon and T. J. Doyle read the suggestion which will be made to the excise board for the purpose of securing to the citizens a referendum vote on the liquor proposition.

The discussion by the business men of this more liberal limit on the number of licenses was provocative of some difference of opinion. Ex-Mayor Brown was not only opposed to this, but he announced himself as against the referendum rule. Legal objections to it were urged by others. The business men as a body are still very enthusiastic about the good that they may do for the civic and commercial prospects of Lincoln by this activity in politics.

Woodman Banker Indicted.

George W. Losey, banker for camp 369, a local lodge of the Modern Woodmen of America, was indicted by the grand jury today on a charge of embezzlement. He has been treasurer of the fraternal order for four years and is accused of having manipulated the funds during most of the time. The amounts are said to aggregate over $5,000.

Fiddlers' Carnival at Nebraska City

First Prize is Awarded to John Doyle of Nebraska City and Second to J. W. Jacoby of Aurora.

NEBRASKA CITY, Feb. 25.—(Special.)—The Fiddlers' carnival, which was held in this city on Thursday evening at the Overland theater, was one of the largest attended musical events held in this city for years. There were real fiddlers from various parts of the country and each played their favorite from "Arkansaw Traveler" to the "Virginia Reel." There were twenty-nine persons entered and they all took active parts and the audience seemed to catch the spirit of the evening and for three long hours the fiddlers amused them in a way they will perhaps never be amused again in their life. All of the fiddlers come in their everyday clothes and played as if a $1,000,000 prize was at stake. The prizes were awarded by a committee composed of Mayor L. F. Jackson, J. H. Sweet of the Daily Press, M. W. Neihart and E. D. Marnell of the Daily News. The prizes were cash and went to the winners as follows: John Doyle of Nebraska City, J. W. Jacoby of Auburn, A. J. Comstock of Peru and C. O. Carter and daughter of Sidney, Ia. This was the second annual meet of the old-time fiddlers and has become to be an annual affair here.

Design for Court House in Custer County

Commissioners Approve Floor Plans and Work of Removing Ruins of Old Structure Begins.

BROKEN BOW, Neb., Feb. 25.—(Special.)—The floor plans of the new court house have been submitted to the County Board of Supervisors and approved by that body. The ground space occupied by the new building will measure 70-4x106 feet, or about twice as much space as that occupied by the old court house. The floors throughout will be of tiling and cement. The building committee has let out a contract to demolish the walls of the old structure and to save such of the brick and stone as can be utilized on the foundation of the new building. The work of demolition commenced today. Temporary vaults of brick are being constructed to receive records and other official documents that have been repeaing since the fire in the old vaults among the ruins. These receptacles remained intact and were not seriously injured when the court house burned. The board hopes to complete arrangements so that ground can be broken sometime during April.

WOMAN DIES IN DENTIST CHAIR

Miss Alice E. Forst of Deweese Expires Suddenly at Edgar.

EDGAR, Neb., Feb. 25.—(Special Telegram.)—Miss Alice C. Forst, 30 years of age, died suddenly here today in the office of Dr. J. R. Shiveley, a dentist. She came here from Deweese to have some teeth extracted and just after Dr. Shiveley had removed the second one she fainted. He summoned a doctor whose office was a scant a block away, but she was dead before he arrived. Death was probably due to heart failure.

The woman had not been given an anaesthetic. The coroner, who lives at Harvard, was notified and he will come here to hold an inquest. Miss Forst was the daughter of Frand Forst, a prominent merchant of Deweese.

Carnegie Library for North Platte.

NORTH PLATTE, Neb., Feb. 25.—(Special.)—The Carnegie library committee has notified the secretary of the local library committee that the site located is satisfactory. The lot, purchased by subscription from the citizens of this city, faces the Court House square. Arrangements are being made to have plans drawn for the building by an architect who has planned several other library buildings. These plans are to be submitted to the representatives of Mr. Carnegie for approval. Bids will then be asked and the contract let. It is expected that the new Carnegie library will be complete ready to occupy by the end of the year.

Municipal Water Plant for Wymore.

BEATRICE, Neb., Feb. 25.—(Special.)—The Wymore city council at a meeting held Friday took the initial steps for the construction of a municipal water and lighting plant at that place by awarding the following contracts: Elkhorn Construction company of Fremont, laying water mains, $2,150; Frank Wheeler of Havelock, Neb., constructing electric line, $1,150; St. Mary's Machine company of Ohio, machines for general power, $4,250. The council adjourned to next Wednesday evening when contracts for furnishing equipment will be let. It is the intention to begin work on the new plant just as soon as the weather will permit.

KILLS HIMSELF WHILE HUNTING

Body of Jacob Angle of Cowles Found After Long Search.

COWLES, Neb., Feb. 25.—(Special.)—Jacob Angle, while hunting and trapping on the Republican river, accidentally killed himself. He left camp about 7 o'clock in the morning of February 21 and told his companions that he was going out after the ducks. He evidently walked along the river bank for about a mile and in some unknown manner struck the hammer of his gun against a tree and the load was discharged in his groin, when he plunged forward into the river. He was found Thursday afternoon by men who had been hunting for him twenty-four hours. He leaves a widow and five small children.

Lincoln Woodmen Banker Indicted.

LINCOLN, Neb., Feb. 25.—George W. Losey, banker of the Modern Woodmen camp No. 369 of this city, was today indicted by the Lancaster county grand jury. He is accused of embezzling the sum of $3,200.

Nebraska News Notes.

HUMBOLDT—William Hunzeker and Miss Mary Pappa from the Dry Branch neighborhood south of here were united in marriage Wednesday by County Judge Barton at Pawnee City.

HOLDREGE—L. Brown & Co., have opened a branch of their Holdrege store at Alma. The business which they have been conducting at Stamford has been consolidated with the stock at Alma.

FAIRFIELD—The George Briggs & Sons' fancy Duroc hog sale was held at the Briggs farm northeast of town on Thursday February 23. Forty-one head were sold at an average of $58.50.

NEBRASKA CITY—Edgar Goff, who was convicted for assaulting a man named Hinsley and sentenced to three years in the penitentiary, has been taken to Lincoln by sheriff Fischer to begin his sentence.

FAIRFIELD—The body of Mrs. Merle Coulter of St. Joseph, Mo., formerly a resident of Fairfield, was brought here for interment. Funeral sermons were held at the Christian church on Friday afternoon.

HOLDREGE—Holdrege Lodge O. E. S. entertained Grand Patron Oscar Allen of Omaha Tuesday evening. A 6 o'clock dinner was served to about sixty members and guests. Members of the Oxford lodge were also in attendance.

STELLA—W. W. Cook, a former operator of the Missouri Pacific at this point, has bought the furnishings of the Hotel Overman and will operate the hotel in partnership with J. H. Overman, the owner of the building and present postmaster.

FAIRFIELD—The St. Joseph & Grand Island Railroad company is installing a strictly up-to-date pumping station, which is equipped with both electric and steam power. Superintendent Hedrix was in town today overseeing the work.

NEBRASKA CITY—Ornt Renken, one of the oldest pioneers of the county and residing near Talmage, died yesterday of old age. He came to this county in 1855 and has since made it his home. He is survived by a widow and family of grown children. His funeral was held at Talmage Saturday afternoon.

NEBRASKA CITY—Word has been received here of the death of Mrs. George Whitaker at Salem, Ore. She was formerly a resident of Dunbar, and one of the pioneer settlers of that part of the county. She was sick for some time and went west with a view of benefitting her health.

STELLA—Dr. Andrews, who was located in Stella as a physician for a long time and moved to Cordell, Okl., eight years ago, has sold his interests at Cordell and is visiting his son, Dr. G. M. Andrews of this place. Dr. Andrews will probably locate at Nemaha, Neb., in the near future.

HOLDREGE—Right Rev. George A. Beecher of the Episcopal church is in Holdrege. A reception was given in his honor tonight at the Masonic hall by the St. Elizabeth Episcopal church of this city, and the Masonic lodge. Bishop Beecher will conduct confirmation services at the church Sunday.

HUMBOLDT—Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock Rev. C. E. Ruch of the Methodist Episcopal church united in marriage Mr. Earl Butterfield and Miss Iva Creed at the bride's home on Grand avenue. The home was prettily decorated and about fifty guests witnessed the ceremony. The young couple expect to make their home in Texas.

GRAND ISLAND—W. F. Hardin has been placed under arrest by the police department of this city, suspected of being connected with the burglary of the store of W. J. Burger & Son at Doniphan a few days ago. He has given out conflicting statements and is known to have been in Doniphan on the evening before the burglary.

ST. PAUL—Miss Hattie Woodbury, the eldest daughter of George E. Woodbury, who lived with her parents in this city, was found dead in bed this morning, she having died during the night. The deceased had not been unusually ill, but as she had been subject to epilepsy it is supposed that an attack of this disease was responsible for her death.

HOLDREGE—The Woman's club of this city has made arrangements with Editor Potts of the Holdrege Citizen to take charge of the newspaper for the second week in March. The women will receive a per cent of all business done that week. The proceeds will be used in entertaining the state federation, which will meet here this year.

NEBRASKA CITY—Mrs. Mary Vette, aged 54, died at her home in the western part of the city yesterday, and her funeral was held from the Lutheran church this afternoon. She is survived by her husband, Richard Vette, and a number of small children. She was born in Germany, came to this city many years ago and has since resided here.

NEBRASKA CITY—The police have decided to stop gambling in this city and with that end in view they arrested Fred McLaughlan, Paul Heizner and the colored porter at the Grand hotel. They rounded up three strangers afterwards shooting craps and the latter were given ten minutes in which to leave the city, and the first three are to be held for trial.

HOLDREGE—John H. Stuart of Bloomfield and Miss Alma Lindecamts of Holdrege were united in marriage Wednesday evening at the home of the bride's parents in this city, Rev. H. R. Allen of the Presbyterian church officiating. The bride is a daughter of Carl Lindecamts of this city, and the groom is associated with his father in the implement business at Bloomfield.

HOLDREGE—The contract for Holdrege's new postoffice building has been awarded to the King Lumber company of Charlottesville, Va. Word has been received to that effect by Postmaster W. P. Hall. The price stipulated in the contract is $9,725. The contract also calls for a completion of the building by July 1, 1912. No information has been received as to when work will commence.

HOLDREGE—The Midwest hospital, which has been conducted in Holdrege for several years, is to be changed into a rooming house. A deal has been made by Dr. J. A. Andrews for its sale to Dr. Silas Gainforth, who will rent the building to Mrs. H. A. Livingston as a rooming house. Dr. Andrews was compelled to give up his practice here on account of failing health and will spend some time in traveling. He intends returning to Holdrege to resume his professional work as soon as he is able.

NEBRASKA CITY—Frank Effenberger, who has been a resident of this city for many years, died at his home here yesterday, aged 65. He was born in Germany and came to this country many years ago and made this city his home. He leaves a widow and one son. Mr. Effenberger had been afflicted with dropsy for the last five years, but was up and about within a few days of his death. The funeral will be held Sunday under the direction of the Sons of Herman, of which order he was a charter member.

STELLA—Six pupils of the Stella High school held a debate in the Lutheran church last night to determine who should represent the school in a joint debate at a later date with the Albion High school. The judges gave the decision to the following: Ruth Arganbright, Lester Vandeventer and Grace Farno. The subject was the one used in the high schools over the state for this winter's contests: "Resolved, That the Policy of Maintaining the United States Navy at Its Present Strength is Preferable to Increasing It."

HOLDREGE—The firm of Heffron Bros., have filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy and their stock of groceries has been taken in charge by Referee in Bankruptcy G. Norberg. The store is now closed. The firm consists of James J., and Malvern J. Heffron, who have together prepared a schedule of their assets and liabilities. According to this schedule there are fifty creditors who have claims aggregating $10,254, while the assets including stock and fixtures is put $4,194. The firm has been in business but fifteen months, and according to the figures of Referee Norberg, has been run at a loss of nearly $200 per month. The date for the meeting of the creditors has been fixed for March 11, 1911.

What is Done to Finish the Wood Cases of Pianos

Valuable Information Concerning the Peculiarities of Highly Polished Surfaces on These Instruments.

In America, most people who buy pianos want them finished with a high polish. Finely polished varnish develops the beauty of fine wood, and the smoothly finished panel seems to show hills and deep valleys in curving undulations. What the owner sees and wants is superb wood with its wonderful tracery and net work of fibers brought out to the greatest advantage.

This article will try to show how the polish is secured and why it is fragile.

Varnish is a combination of copal gum and drying oil, with turpentine as a thinner. Copal gum is a fossil resin. It is like amber, only centuries younger. It is brittle like amber. Copal gum gives hardness to varnish, and in general, the harder the varnish, the better it will polish; but brittleness goes with hardness, and cracking sometimes goes with brittleness.

Oil gives elasticy and cohesiveness; the more oil the less liability to crack, but the polish may die away. "Sinking" in is the trade term.

In general, pianos are finished in the following manner: The case is stained and filled. If the wood requires it, then four or five coats of very thick varnish are put on. Five to ten days are allowed between coats, depending on the varnish used. Each coat must be dry through. These coats are called the bodying up coats. After the last one is thoroughly dry, the case is rubbed down with powdered pumice stone and water. That is called coarse rubbing, and the effect is a perfectly smooth surface.

The next step is a full-bodied coat of varnish; it is called the flowing coat. Plenty of time is allowed for this coat to dry—ten days or two weeks.

When it is sufficiently dry, it is rubbed down to a flat, dead finish with pumice and water, left one day, then rubbed again with finely powdered rottenstone and water, then polished with the bare hand; this polishing can be done only by men of experience who have hands suitable for the work.

The result is a polish of the most brilliant character, resulting from the several coats of varnish which have filled all the minute crevices of the wood with a transparent mass and which has been brought to a mirror-like smoothness.

This polish is particularly difficult to secure in permanent form. A number of blemishes may occur, the most common being "cross checking," which is the name for the countless tiny cracks which appear on highly polished wood work. Do not confuse it with veneer checks or alligator cracks. The underlying is usually hardness and brittleness.

Remember that this varnish necessarily dries very hard. Put a panel finished like a piano in the cold and let it become thoroughly chilled; strike the end of the panel a sharp blow with a hammer. The beautifully polished surface will break, showing thousands of tiny cracks. Drop it on the floor; the result will be the same. Let such a panel become quite warm by leaving it in a room heated to eighty degrees. Take it at once to a temperature of freezing or below. The varnish does not contract with cold at exactly the same rate as the wood, and the panel will probably cross check. It will do it to a certainty if it is dropped, or if it receives any sudden shock. Let a sudden draught of cold air strike a warm piano, it will crack, probably. Sudden changes do the harm. Hot water poured into a cold tumbler will crack it; ice cold water poured into a warm tumbler will probably crack it. The reason a piano cross checks is the same reason that a tumbler cracks.

Cross checking is the most common trouble which comes to piano finish. It is the one trouble which can be guarded against, but it cannot always be prevented.

There are other troubles. Alligator cracks, large irregular wavy cracks due to too much varnish or too little time for drying between coats. Veneer checks; the veneer in its most beautiful burls may split. In this case the crack follows the pattern of the grain exactly. Veneer checks cannot be guarded against. The risk is part of the price of beautiful wood.

The trouble next in frequency to cross checking, is sinking in. Piano makers in their effort to escape cross checking may use a varnish that is too elastic, and as it continues to oxidize long after the piano is shipped the polish dies away. Countless little depressions can be seen, as if the wood was absorbing the life of the varnish. Hence the name, "sinking in." Where sinking in occurs, the piano looks dull and shabby to every one who looks at it, but the polish can sometimes be restored without another coat of varnish.

It should be said that sinking in is sometimes caused by the use of thin veneers. The very high cost of fine veneers has forced piano makers to use veneers of extreme thinness. In open-grained woods it is possible sometimes to see right through them. The glue and varnish sometimes come directly into contact, and if moisture works through the wood and strikes the glue it softens the glue and that softens the varnish. This does not happen often, but it does happen.

Another cause of shrinking is the application of one coat of varnish before the coat beneath is thoroughly dry. Each coat should be hard enough to hold up the following coat before it is applied.

In the warerooms, the softest possible duster should be used. A feather duster makes tiny scratches, and we recommend a piece of cheese cloth about a yard square (cut it—don't tear it), boiled to remove all sizing. Don't wash it or discard it when it is soiled; it is all the better.

If the varnish blooms the cause is dampness or lack of ventilation. Bloom is the name for the opaque film which sometimes forms over fine varnish. Fresh air and sunlight may remove it, but washing may be necessary. If so, use a soft, fine sponge, what is known sometimes as a baby sponge, with lukewarm water. Wash the piano carefully and dry it with the right side of a genuine chamois, soaked in water and wrung out just so it will not drip; a little practice will give the trick.

Most polishes for sale in stores are unsafe. Vinegar or acid in them may eat out the life of the oil, and cause cracks which will not appear until months later. The best way is to get a first class polisher to polish the piano, if it really needs it.

If you must polish it yourself, use a little linseed oil diluted with turpentine.

THOMAS CONTRASTS MORALS OF DENVER AND NEW YORK

Former Governor of Colorado Makes Pointed Remarks to Woman's Suffrage Club.

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—Charles Spalding Thomas, former governor of Colorado, shocked by the ways of Broadway in the evening and crushed by the crowds in the subway since his arrival here last Thursday, weighed New York against Denver in morals and civility before the Woman's Suffrage club today.

"I was in your subway at 9 o'clock yesterday morning," he said, "and tried to get into a train. Men and women were struggling together, and on one seemed to look out for the women. If anything like that should go on in Denver there would be a riot.

"I would rather trust my wife and daughter at the toughtest polling district we have in Denver than on Broadway, New York, after 7 o'clock. They would see more immorality and unpleasant sights here than there."

MONEY TO PRESERVE BIG GAME IN WYOMING

Congress Asked to Appropriate Twenty Thousand to Supplement Like Sum Furnished by State.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—To prevent the extinction of the big game of northern Wyoming congress has been importuned to appropriate $20,000 to be expended with a similar sum appropriated by the legislature of that state. A petition was received by the senate today from the Wyoming legislature and it was supported by a long telegram from Governor Carey and an urgent letter to Senator Lodge from Dr. W. T. Hornaday of the New York zoological park.

It is stated that there are about 35,000 elk alone which in summer roam in Yellowstone park, but in the winter invade the Jackson Hole country.

Governor Carey expresses the opinion that the surplus elk can be removed to the Big Horn mountains.

GENERAL J. G. TILFORD DEAD

Veteran with Record of Forty Years' Service Passes Away at Advanced Age.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—The fast thinning ranks of the veterans of the civil war have lost another member in Brigadier General Joseph G. Tilford, U. S. A., retired, who died here yesterday. General Tilford was a native of Kentucky, where he was born eighty-two years ago. For distinguished services during the civil war he was twice rewarded, being breveted major on February 21, 1862, and lieutenant colonel, March 13, 1865. He entered the military academy July 1, 1847. At his own request, after forty years of service, he was transferred to the retired list July 1, 1901.

OMAHA PEOPLE ON THE OCEAN

Bruces, Haydens and Pickens Leave New York on Their Way to the Panama Canal.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—(Special Telegram.)—The steamship Maitke of the Hamburg-American line sailed today on its second long cruise to the West Indies, the Spanish main and the Panama canal, carrying 357 passengers. Among those sailing were:

E. E. Bruce and Miss Elizabeth Bruce, Miss Ophelia Hayden, Joseph Hayden, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Pickens and Miss Elizabeth Pickens, Omaha, Neb.; Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Lusk, Missoula, Mont.; Mr. and Mrs. H. I. Nance, Los Angeles; Frank Drake, San Francisco.

Death from Blood Poison

was prevented by G. W. Cleod, Flunk, Mo., who healed his dangerous wound with Bucklin's Arnica Salve, 25c. For sale by Beaton Drug Co.

Building Permits.

W. H. Starr, 3425 Decatur street, alterations, $500; L. E. Kountze, 429 South Thirty-ninth street, addition, $500; Grove-Wharton Construction company, 4108 North Twenty-fifth avenue, frame dwelling, $5,000; Millard hotel, Thirteenth and Douglas streets, repairs, $2,500; Omaha Structural Steel company, Forty-eighth and Jones, foundry, $12,000.

M'CUMBER FEARS DISASTER

Says Farmers Will Suffer if McCall Bill Passes.

NEW KIND OF SECTIONALISM

Eastern Congressmen Defeated Because of Protection on Foods and Western Because of Protection on Fabrics.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Responsibility for the conditions with which they are now confronted were charged in part to the farmers themselves by Senator McCumber of North Dakota, in a speech on the McCall bill, which puts into form for enactment into law the provisions of the Canadian reciprocity agreement in the senate this afternoon.

Holding that the ratification of the agreement would spell disaster for the agricultural interests, the senator said their having loaned their ears to the arguments urged for lower rates of duty at the time of the passage of the Payne-Aldrich bill and their having given their votes in the ensuing election to the opponents of those members of congress who had voted with the leaders in the two houses, had been the undoing of the farmers.

He declared that when a crusade against the whole tariff system was launched in the press that natural conservatism lost its balance and everything in the tariff bill was condemned.

"That we needed money," he continued, "to run the government was lost sight of and a wave of free tradism that would have destroyed every vestige of protection and left the government without revenue swept over the country."

New Kind of Sectionalism.

Mr. McCumber referred to the sectionalism that developed in the tariff situation and the desire of one part of the country to have its own products protected while those of another part should be made to compete with the free goods brought in from abroad.

"Under these conditions," he said, "men of the middle west were destroyed because they allowed protection on fabrics and thereby increased cost of living. The men of the east were destroyed because they allowed protection on food products and thereby increased the cost of living.

"Out of this turmoil a new political creed will be born and the hero of each locality was he who cried 'protection on everything that we produce and free trade on everything the rest of the country produces.' This is 'Foudism' of the present day.

"The end to which all this madness pointed," said McCumber, "was plain to him. The farmer had been poisoned by the virus with which the political atmosphere had been impregnated, and he, in too many instances, like all the others turned against those who had labored for his benefit and either destroyed them or punished them with greatly diminished majorities."

Cold in Head and Chest--- Deep Cough

Mr. J. W. Finch's Simple Prescription Which He Gives in His Letter Is a Most Efficient Remedy for Preventing and curing Coughs, Colds, Pneumonia, Grip and All Throat and Lung Troubles That Are So Prevalent at This Dangerous Time. Try It. Both He and His Wife Use and Recommend It.

MR. J. WORDAN FINCH, 82 Years of Age.

"I dissolve about 3 ounces of pure rock candy in ⅓ of a bottle of Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey for coughs and ordinary purposes. I was laboring under a severe attack of catarrhal cold in my head and chest, with a deep heavy cough, when I went to bed last night, but, thank the Lord, this morning it seems to be all gone, and less than 1 gill of this remedy in tablespoonful doses was taken.

"Using Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey in teaspoonful doses two hours apart and a tablespoonful in hot water and 10 drops wintergreen oil on going to bed has fine effect on my wife, now 82. I am 82 also.

"Oh, that men would use it with discretion and not abuse so valuable a remedy!"—J. Wordan Finch, McComb, Miss.

Ministers of the gospel, doctors of medicine, nurses and men and women in all walks of life who have been benefited join in singing its praises as the true elixir of life which invigorates body, brain and nerve.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

WHAT IT IS---WHAT IT DOES

It is an absolutely pure distillation of malted grain, great care being used to have every kernel thoroughly malted, thus producing a liquid food, tonic and stimulant, requiring no digestion, in the form of a medicinal whiskey. It stimulates the mucous surfaces and little glands of the stomach to a healthy action, thereby improving the digestion and assimilation of the food and giving to the system its full proportion of nourishment. Its gentle and invigorating properties influence for good every important organ in the body. It is a medicine for all mankind and is a wonderful remedy for the prevention and cure of consumption, pneumonia, grip, coughs, colds, asthma, malaria, low fevers, stomach troubles and all wasting and diseased conditions.

If in need of advice, write Medical Department, The Duffy Malt Whiskey Company, Rochester, N. Y., stating your case fully. Our doctors will send you advice free, together with a valuable illustrated medical booklet, containing rare common sense rules for health which you cannot afford to be without and some of the many thousands of gratifying letters like the above received from men and women in all walks of life, both old and young, who have been cured and benefited by the use of this great medicine. Sold by druggists, grocers and dealers or direct, $1.00 per large bottle.

Florida! Florida! Florida!

Sample Bros. at Haines City, Florida

Will sell you Fruit and Truck Lands in 10-acre tracts or over at $25 per acre. Buy it on monthly payments.

Our land is high and has perfect natural drainage. We are located in Polk county. Our soil is a sandy loam. Our virgin lands are covered with pine timber.

Over 40 Omaha Buyers

Address SAMPLE BROS.

PAXTON HOTEL, or 410 1st NAT. BANK BLDG., or Haines City, Fla.

The Bee's Letter Box

Contributions on Timely Subjects Not Exceeding Two Hundred Words Are Invited from Our Readers.

Senator Hoagland Explains.

OMAHA, Feb. 24.—To the Editor of The Bee: I have noticed in your paper two alleged interviews with your city attorney with reference to the bill regarding the construction of viaducts. These interviews were evidently intended by Mr. Rine to give him a little cheap newspaper notoriety. Ordinarily I would pass such matters unnoticed, but Mr. Rine has by his slur and concealment of the facts endeavored to cast reflections upon me which are wholly unwarranted. Mr. Rine knew this bill was prepared by Mr. Rich, the attorney for the Union Pacific, and I am informed by Mr. Rich that he knew the contents of the bill before it was introduced. Mr. Rine was in Lincoln on the day this bill was handed to me by Mr. Rich and knew I was going to introduce it by request.

Mr. Rine was fully informed of all the facts by Mr. Rich. It is therefore very peculiar that after the bill was printed he should suddenly find a lot of jokers when he knew what the jokers were, if there were any, before the bill was introduced. The fact is, after Mr. Rine becomes fully acquainted with the duties of a lawyer and the ethics of the profession, he will want to try his lawsuits in the courts rather than in the newspapers. It seems to be the peculiar instincts of young lawyers to want newspaper advertising and perhaps he thought he could get it this way more cheaply than by paying for his advertisement. Mr. Rine knew that this bill would have to go to the railroad committee of the senate upon which Douglas country has two of its senators, Messrs. Horton and Tanner; he, therefore, knew that the interests of Omaha would be properly cared for.

When I noticed the first communication I wrote Mr. Rine to ascertain if he had been correctly quoted and have just received a letter from him, a part of which he has seen fit to publish in the Bee before I received it.

It pays for all people to be fair. In the short time that I have been in the public service I think there is one thing that can be said, and that is that I am not tied up with any special interests, especially the railroad companies and the public-service corporations. I don't believe Mr. Rine can say as much, and before people rush into print, calling other people tools of corporations, and especially a man of Mr. Rine's standing, they ought to take a little of the mote out of their own eyes. There is no good reason why railroad companies should not have fair treatment and should not have an equal opportunity to present their claims to the legislature. Some member must introduce the bill. Mr. Rich came to me and as a personal friend asked me to introduce the bill by request. At that time I had no knowledge that anyone else had been requested to introduce it, and I am informed that the Douglas county senators were not so requested. I told Mr. Rich that I did not know what I would be able to do when the bill came up for action, but I would present the bill by request and I do not believe there is a senator who would have refused his reasonable request to cause it to be introduced. Since the bill has been introduced I have been informed that one of the Douglas county members of the house had agreed to introduce the bill and held it for three weeks and then explained that the reason it could not be introduced by him was that Mr. Wattles of the street car company had made a tie-up with the South Omaha stock yards in bills pending before the legislature and for that reason he could not introduce it.

I had not read this bill and all I know of the contents is what Mr. Rich told me and that the general purpose of the bill was to relieve the railway company of the extra burdens caused by strengthening the viaduct so that the street car companies could run their cars over them.

If this is the situation, no fair person could refuse them relief, even if they are a great railway company. If the street car companies want viaducts strengthened so they can run their cars over them they ought to pay the additional burden caused thereby, and Mr. Rich informed me it was the intention to have the bill so amended in the committee that there would be no question but what the street car companies would stand the extra burden and, therefore, the city would not be injured.

Mr. Rine knew this when he rushed into print and that he would be notified when the committee met and that he could fully protect the city's interests. Whether there are any jokers in the bill I do not know, and for the purpose of introducing it by request I did not care, as I had no responsibility connected therewith and do not intend to pay any further attention to it unless it should be reported from the committee for passage, and if it is so reported I will thoroughly investigate it and when my vote is cast you will find it will not be either in favor of Omaha or the street car companies or the railroad company, but for a fair deal between the company and the different interests. J. W. HOAGLAND.

CUSTOMS INSPECTOR FIRED

Chester M. Gibbons of San Francisco Office Found with Opium Hidden Under Coat.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Chester M. Gibbons, a customs inspector at San Francisco, was discharged from the service today by the Treasury department on the recommendation of Collector Frederick S. Stratton. The charge against Gibbons was dereliction of duty on a seizure of opium on the steamer Nippon Maru. It was charged that Gibbons was found with ten cans of opium under his coat. His defense was that he was taking them to the customs house as a seizure.

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