

Political and Social News by Cable and Correspondence from the Old World

GEORGE'S BUDGET BRINGS THE COIN

Results of New Financial Bill in Great Britain Exceed Author's Anticipations.

CHANCELLOR'S PLAN VINDICATED
Wipes Out Old Deficit and Leaves a Big Surplus.

SPEECH WAS ALMOST PROPHECY
Income from Every Source Increases Enormously.

ENGLAND MAY EXPEL THE REDS
Recent Tragical Occurrence Taken to Indicate They Are Dangerous People to Harbor—Mormons Threatened.

By PAUL LAMBETH
LONDON, Feb. 4.—(Special to The Bee.)—Lloyd George's budget has exceeded even its author's anticipations as an instrument for raising funds.

The exchequer receipts for the period from April 1 to December 31 show that with three months of the financial year still to run, the budget has already brought in a sum which not only wipes out last year's uncollected arrears of £26,000,000, but leaves the chancellor with £13,154,000 in hand.

Up to December 31 last year, the total exchequer receipts amounted to £22,844,547. The total receipts this year up to December 31 amounted to £13,044,432.

Mr. George in July estimated that excise would produce £24,000,000 in twelve months; it has produced £23,600,000 in nine months. He estimated stamps to produce £2,000,000 in twelve months; they have produced £7,000,000 in nine. He estimated the income and property taxes at £17,500,000 and £23,000,000 already come in.

The death duties have produced in nine months £18,248,000 out of £25,000,000 estimated; the customs £24,410,000 out of £25,000,000. The old land tax has produced £2,900,000 out of £2,900,000 estimated, besides £200,000 from the land value duties.

The reasons for the extra millions were given almost prophetically in the chancellor's budget speech, when he said, "The crops this year are likely to be abundant. There has been an immense production of gold. It has been greater than the previous year; and it will be greater still."

"The commercial world is in better heart. There is more enterprise; everything makes the prospect much brighter."

"We shall have a greater volume of trade this year; the year will be greater than has ever been known."

May Export Anarchists.
The recent anarchist display here has caused many thinking Englishmen to consider whether or not it is wise for England to continue to be the refuge and haven for every man whose hand may have been raised against the government institutions and even the life of the nation. Napoleon once referred to England as "A hot house for the cultivation of assassins and mischief makers."

It is nursing men far more dangerous than the anarchist trio in Sidney street, who held a small army of government institutions, had been done to drive them out of the country.

Liverpool Not After Mormons.
Liverpool's smouldering indignation against the methods of the Mormons has burst into flame, and the government is to be asked to take action. Meetings of protest have been held at which resolutions were passed calling the attention of the home secretary to the proselyting by agents of Mormonism here. The government is asked to take such steps as due investigation might show to be necessary to safeguard English homes from the visiting of Mormon missionaries, as has already been done in Germany. The anti-Mormon campaign is supported by the Bishop of Liverpool, Archbishop Madden and Spooner, and some fifty or sixty clergymen.

Hotels Prepare for Grist.
Nearly all the best hotels are undergoing extensive alterations in anticipation of a rush for the coronation, and the charges are to be proportionate! At one establishment, where a bachelor can live like a lord all the year round for three pounds a week, printed notices have been sent to all permanent guests that during the coronation week they will be charged no guineas for the week, an offer now made to them as a "special offer to our old customers"—and one which must be booked by February 1, and ten per cent deposit paid down!

Mayor Nathan's Acts Questioned.
The Catholic League of London has decided to have questions asked in Parliament by members of the Liberal, Unionist, Irish and Labor parties as to how far the recent action of Mayor Nathan, mayor of Rome, constitutes an infringement of the law of guarantees. Mr. Pritchard, who moved the resolution, said Mayor Nathan had insulted the pope and the church, and although the pope had said the British government would send a formal protest to Rome, he thought if a question was asked in Parliament no one would insult the pope again.

World Not Good as It Was.
Alfred Russel Wallace, joint discoverer with Darwin of the principle of natural selection, has been giving his opinion on things in general. "I do not think," he said, "that the world is better to live in than it was fifty years ago; for the very poorest it is worse. The wonderful discoveries of science and their application to industry, with the corresponding increase in wealth absolutely, and, believe me, relatively, enormously greater than it was fifty years ago. It is very difficult to say whether there is any real improvement. I think the majority of men were just as well off and enjoyed their lives just as much as people do today."

Criminal Neglect Proved.
The inquiry into the Prestaria mine near Bolton, where 22 lives were lost, showed that there was criminal neglect on the part of some one and it was not that of the workmen.

Some witnesses told how their husbands or brothers or sons had complained to them of the state of the mine. When the petitioners passed by the mine, the witnesses were asked to prepare written statements of the actual words used, so that they may be collected. Most of those who had spoken unfavorably of the mine had referred to the presence of gas.

VANDALS WORK IN IRELAND

Tombstones in Protestant Cemetery Defaced by Them.

CATHOLICS RESENT THE OUTRAGE
Better Feeling Between the Rival Religionists is Shown by Many Signs of Mutual Interest and Forbearance.

BY THOMAS EMMET
DUBLIN, Feb. 4.—(Special to The Bee.)—When it was learned recently that miscreants had defaced three tombstones in the Protestant cemetery at Eyecourt, the United Irish league and the Gaelic league met in the Eyecourt Roman Catholic reading room.

On the motion of J. J. Callaghan, seconded by the Rev. R. Callaghan, a resolution was adopted condemning in the strongest possible language "the cowardly outrage perpetrated on three tombstones in Eyecourt Protestant graveyard," and stating that they will give every assistance in bringing the culprit or culprits to justice.

Not Afraid of Home Rule.
H. A. Hinkson, writing to The Times, endorses the opinion recently expressed by Stephen Gwynn, M. P., as to the position of Protestants under home rule. Mr. Hinkson says: "I am a conservative and an Irish Protestant, descended from Ulster Protestants on the one side and Wicklow Orangemen on the other. When a boy I lived in a rectory in Wicklow. The land league was then at the height of its power, but so little did it affect the friendly relations existing between Catholic and Protestant that every summer the Protestant rector's Catholic neighbors came with their machines and forks and cut his hay, not for reward, but because he was a minister of religion."

"One cannot imagine Ulster Protestants doing a little service in a like manner for a Catholic priest, though with obvious inconsistency they not infrequently take a sick child to a priest to be blessed. While I was at T. C. D. I was selected out of a number of candidates, Catholics and Protestants, for the post of senior classical tutor in the Jesuit College of Clonsilla, Wood. If they desired a Catholic the authorities would have no difficulty in finding one equally competent. At that time we Protestants regarded all appointments in the gift of the government by right, as tradition, and belonging to the Protestants, regardless of the claims of the Catholic candidates."

Ghouls Desecrate Churches.
A Catholic church at Yellow Furze and a Protestant church at Falmestown, half a mile apart, were recently desecrated and robbed. The Catholic church at Athlone, Limerick, was desecrated recently for the second time in three months.

Anti-Rome Ruler Uncovered.
William Huddleston, a Belfast man, was arrested for neglecting his family. The home was the picture of misery. On Christmas day his wife and little ones were without food and he was drunk. Mrs. Huddleston said he was a drunken idler who spent his sober moments shouting "God save the king" and "Down with home rule." In the course of three months he had given her only twenty-one shillings.

Prisoner at Home.
A curious will suit ended the other day at Macroom when the jury found that there had been undue influence on the part of the family in procuring the will of the late John Kelleher. A son contested it. The Rev. M. Irwin said he had heard that Kelleher, who was a dealer and daughters had kept him practically a prisoner for thirty years.

Ill-fated Whisky Still.
Within a few weeks five cases of the making of "potheen" have been found in Belfast, and two days ago an additional case came to light, despite the heavy fines in the previous cases. In Derry and Donegal, the police have been vigilant in setting illicit plants, but the distillers escaped.

Centenarian Dead.
Another centenarian has passed away in the person of a woman named Patrick of Urrisford, Kerry, who had reached the age of 114. Up to six years ago she was able to walk eight miles to Thurles.

Priest Surprised at His Great Age

Came from a Consumptive Family and Had Tombstone Made Long Ago, but is Now 105.

PARIS, Feb. 4.—(Special to The Bee.)—The oldest priest in the republic is Canon Gadenne of Roches, who celebrated his 105th birthday on New Year's day. He is in very good health and capable of fulfilling the duties of his post, but, as he declared recently, his age has caused him no little inconvenience and expense. He never expected to live long, coming from a consumptive family, so when to his surprise he reached his seventy-fourth birthday he thought it was time to prepare his tombstone. This he did, with the inscription, "M. Gadenne, died, 18—." After waiting for ten years the canon found himself alive in 1898 and the figure "8" on the tombstone had to be replaced by a "3." This year, he thought, but in 1903 he was still among the living, and the last two figures had to be altered. But this was not all, for he found that even in 1903 his calculations were wrong again. He has now only had the first two figures engraved on the stone. "15—"

Campaign Against Sleeping Sickness

Belgium Government Makes Stringent Regulations to Be Observed by Employer.

BRUSSELS, Feb. 4.—(Special to The Bee.)—The regulations issued by the Belgian government for the prevention and cure of sleeping sickness in the Congo provide heavy penalties for neglect of the prescribed precautions. All employers of native labor must take measures to discover any cases of sleeping sickness among their staff and report them at once to the authorities. Those aiding others to neglect the treatment prescribed will be punished; as well as those who try to pass from infected to uninfected districts, or vice versa.

SOLDIER DEFIES MILITARY RULES

German Private, Who is Adventist, Refuses to Perform Any Work on Saturday.

PUNISHMENT HAD NO EFFECT
Given Retrial, Rebellious Man is Again Condemned.

SENT TO PRISON FOR FIVE YEARS
Fortune of Fifty Millions Goes to Minister of Agriculture.

MAN LEAVING IT HAD NO HEIRS
China Still Negotiating for Alliance with Germany and Will Give the Crown Prince a Royal Welcome at Peking.

BY MALCOLM CLARKE
BERLIN, Feb. 4.—(Special to The Bee.)—The Kaiser and his army have run up against a snag in the person of a private soldier named Naumann, who, for religious reasons will not do any work on Saturday and who is in danger of spending the rest of his life in prison for his principles.

Naumann, who is an Adventist, declared that Saturday is the real Sabbath, and work on that day is sinful. When he became a soldier in 1907 he refused to obey orders between sunset Friday and sunset Saturday. Minor punishments were meted out to him without effect on him. He finally declared that his conscience forbade him to perform any kind of labor on the Sabbath. Three months' imprisonment was followed by a further sentence of two years. That had no effect, and the punishment was increased to five years.

On appeal, the higher military court reversed the case. Questioned by the president of the court, Naumann declared that a Christian his duty was to obey the religious law and refuse all work on the Sabbath.

"I was sworn in with a Christian oath," he said, "and, therefore, cannot violate the Commandments of God. One must regard God as the highest authority, and obey Him first."

The court asked him whether he would obey orders to march on a Saturday in the event of war. Naumann replied: "Yes, because in that case danger would be imminent."

One medical expert declared that he was sane and the other that he was not. The court accepted the former view, and confirmed the sentence of five years' imprisonment, after which Naumann will be required to serve the remainder of his two years.

Fortune for a Baron.
An estate valued at \$2,000,000 has been left by a man named Purcell, who died at Peking, and the bulk of it will go to the Virgin Mary with Joseph at her side, and the "Santissimo Bambino," the miraculous Baby Image, for which the church of the Ara Coeli is celebrated, lying in her lap. Behind her are the ox and the ass, while around her knees are the kings in adoration, and in the clouds above an admiral's fleet. The background, God the Father is seen, surrounded by angels and cherubs. The scene in the church is beautiful and touching, and the enjoyment and affectionate interest of the genuine. Few Roman girls and boys fail to visit the Prespio, and during the afternoons of the feast of the Virgin Mary, the church is filled with Christians and Ephraim numbers of painted, recited poems, dialogues and speeches in explanation of the Sacred Mystery, to the great delight of their relations and the good Romans around, who all adore children.

Foolish Pranks Ends Tragically.
A foolish joke on the part of two girls may cost two lives at Peking. Anna and Antonia Polizzi, the latter being only 16 years old, took it into their heads to play a joke upon tenants of a house not far from their own. They dressed as brigands and walked towards the neighboring dwelling.

But they had disguised themselves so well that they duped a man named Savarino, who was walking with a gun, looking for game, which is plentiful there. He asked the supposed brigands the reason of their visit, but the young women continued their walk. After some talking upon them, he was killed, while Anna was seriously injured.

Savarino became distracted when he learned that he had shot two innocent but foolish girls, and he disappeared.

School Children Win a Strike for Warm Rooms

Pupils of Technical Institute in Toulon Exhausted Milder Methods and Then Walked Out.

TOULON, Feb. 4.—(Special to The Bee.)—By striking work and making a vigorous demonstration at the town hall of Toulon, the pupils of the chief technical school there have persuaded the local authority to provide them with fires during the bitterly cold weather.

First of all the three hundred pupils used constitutional methods of protest, as being made to shiver at their lessons. They appealed to the head master and to the mayor of Toulon, as the school is a municipal institution. They were told that the question of heating the class rooms of the Ecole Rouvriere had been forgotten in the municipal budget, and there was no credit for it.

At this the pupils resolved on energetic action. A committee was formed which invited all the school boys in the town not to resume work until satisfaction had been given them. At 8 o'clock on Monday morning over 200 strikers met outside the Ecole Rouvriere shouting, "We want fires!" and singing a song composed for the occasion. They booed the boys who disobeyed the strike order and entered the school building.

Many of the parents of the boys, who belong to the working class, joined in the procession to the town hall. The deputy mayor promised that the mayor would ask the council at the next meeting to open a special credit for the heating of their school.

The strikers, having gained their object, returned to their lessons.

CAMORRA TRIAL ON AT ROME

Thirty-One Members of Italian Society Before Court.

ACCUSED OF NUMEROUS MURDERS
One Hundred Lawyers Engaged on the Prosecution and Defense and the Case is Interesting the Whole Nation.

BY CLEMENT BARRETT
ROME, Feb. 4.—(Special to The Bee.)—The country has been immensely interested in the trials of thirty-one members of the Camorra, a combination known as the "Camorra," at Viterbo. The Camorra is one of the most dreaded and powerful secret societies. The men are accused of murders which took place five years ago, one of them in Naples and the other outside the city. For generations the Camorra has terrorized, not only Italy, but Turkey and other countries. Its branches are everywhere, and its members include from the working men to the men of rank.

In June, 1906, members of it assassinated a most beautiful woman named Sorrentina Cuccoli. A few hours later the woman's husband was found dead. The latter was affiliated with the organization, but was suspected of being a police spy because in a number of instances plots of which he knew had been foiled by the police.

The head of the Camorra and three comrades were arrested on suspicion, as they had been seen lurking near the victim's house the night of the crime. After fifty days' detention in prison they were freed. But one determined man kept after them and finally learned that a Camorra court had condemned the couple to death. Aided by a convict he caused the arrest of thirty-one men who sat in the tribunal, including the six men told off to do the murder. One hundred lawyers have been engaged in the case.

"Prespio" Attracts Children.
One of the most characteristic and picturesque Christmas sights that remains in the "Prespio" or model of the stable at Bethlehem, which is yearly erected at the ancient church of the Ara Coeli, on the Capitoline hill. Tradition says that a temple to Jupiter stood on this spot, and that the church was erected over the altar of Augustus, which commemorated the Delphic oracle foretelling the birth of the Savior. Here the triumphal procession of the Virgin Mary and the infant Jesus, as recorded by old Rome to successful genies and emperors, ended, and the great Caesar climbed the steps on his knees after his first triumph, while halfway down a statue marks the place where Rienz, last of the Roman emperors, was killed.

The "Prespio" was first introduced by St. Francis of Assisi, with that wonderful intuition of what would find its way to the hearts of the people. It consists of a life-sized model of the stable at Bethlehem, the Virgin Mary with Joseph at her side, and the "Santissimo Bambino," the miraculous Baby Image, for which the church of the Ara Coeli is celebrated, lying in her lap. Behind her are the ox and the ass, while around her knees are the kings in adoration, and in the clouds above an admiral's fleet. The background, God the Father is seen, surrounded by angels and cherubs. The scene in the church is beautiful and touching, and the enjoyment and affectionate interest of the genuine. Few Roman girls and boys fail to visit the Prespio, and during the afternoons of the feast of the Virgin Mary, the church is filled with Christians and Ephraim numbers of painted, recited poems, dialogues and speeches in explanation of the Sacred Mystery, to the great delight of their relations and the good Romans around, who all adore children.

Violent Scenes at Execution.
Antonio Farley, who brutally murdered and robbed a bank collector, was guillotined in the city at Lille recently. The execution gave rise to scandalous scenes. The murderer was held in such execration that the public made the affair an occasion for merry-making of a general strike looking the square and commanding a dress circle view of that dread engine of justice, the guillotine, let for remarkable prices. One merchant, it is said, gave \$400 for a window, and less favored position \$25. The price of execution charges was raised to the point of admission and trebled the price of all refreshments.

School Boys on Strike.
Eleven thousand school boys struck lately because their schools are insufficiently heated. The strike has been an orderly one. The children marched through the streets of Toulon with banners on which were written "We want fires" and "Keep ourselves warm." Our minds are frozen and frozen minds cannot learn lessons."

Wife Killed by Trap Gun.
A young woman going to a cellar to fetch water received on opening the door a bullet which hit her in the face and killed her. The husband explained that he had suspected the cellar was being robbed, and had fixed a loaded pistol inside in such fashion that it would be discharged the moment the door was opened. He has been arrested on suspicion as he had recently had his wife insured for a considerable amount. That is the only point raised against him.

A Moving Village.
The alarming novelty of residing in a moving village is the lot of the inhabitants of Rieux, in Corse. The hill upon which it stands is subsiding into a neighboring gully and many of the villagers have left their houses and driven away the cattle.

Turkish Soldiers Killed on Frontier

Montenegrins, Bulgarians and Arabs in Belligerent Mood and Attack Turks at Many Points.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 4.—(Special to The Bee.)—In a frontier collision between Turks and Montenegrins two Turkish soldiers were killed and five wounded. There has also been sharp fighting between Turkish troops and Bulgarians Komitadjis near Djumaj-Pala. Fighting is also reported on the Hedjaz railway between the troops and an Arab force composed of tribesmen and rebels from Mecca.

DIGGING UP ANCIENT GOLD

Precious Metals Centuries Old Are Found in Excavations in India.

CALCUTTA, Feb. 4.—(Special to The Bee.)—Gold and silver centuries old have been dug up at a village near Nalbad, not far from Calcutta. A gold plate weighing twenty-eight pounds the metal alone thus being worth about £1,500. The figures of two Hindu deities and a Sanskrit inscription showing that a certain Nal Rajah had laid the foundation of his palace there.

COURTED WOMEN TO WIN ELECTION

Young and Ambitious Politician Gets Seat in French Chamber by Making Love.

SENTIMENTAL GIRLS HIS PREY
Engaged Himself to Eighteen, Who Interested Papas.

NOW AFTER LOTHARIO'S SCALP
Commissions for Arranging Marriages Held to Be Immoral.

UNION LEADER'S SENTENCE CUT
Labor Organizations Threatened General Strike and Made the Ministry Give In—Scandalous Acts at Execution.

PARIS, Feb. 4.—(Special to The Bee.)—Let me relate how a young and rich member of the Chamber of Deputies was elected to that body. He was a candidate for a seat in the South of France against an old member, and nobody saw the slightest chance for the newcomer, who had barely left school. To everybody's surprise he was elected. Blessed with wealth and good looks he determined to use both. There happened to be several marriageable girls in the town where he was elected. He made his acquaintance, promising each to make her his bride if elected. As he was the type of novel hero, the girls jumped at the idea and went home to papa with the story of their hopes.

Papa was persuaded, under the circumstances, to vote for the rich young politician, and with the idea of having such a son-in-law the fathers were not slow in casting their votes for him and our political Adonis won the day. But now he finds himself in an embarrassing situation. No less than eighteen ladies are calling upon him to keep his promise of marriage. It will take him a long time to outlive the story that has leaked out and the elections are infuriated, so it looks as though his parliamentary career will be a short one.

Marriage Commission Immoral.
A court sitting here has decided that the claim for a commission on a marriage dowry is immoral. A man named Valliant before marrying made a contract with Mme. Garsonnet.

The commission, amounting to \$3,000, was never paid, and Mme. Garsonnet brought the matter into the court. The court said: "Matrimonial brokerage, with percentage on a dowry, reduces marriage to an enterprise in which money plays an essential part. It is a commercial idea that is contrary to law and contrary to morals."

Durand Gets Commutation.
The death sentence upon the union leader Durand, for complicity in the murder of a dockworker at Havre, has been commuted to seven years' confinement. The commutation was demanded by the trades unions and threats were made of a general strike if the government did not give way. One of the arguments used against the execution of Durand was that three rich men who had committed atrocious murders had been set off with less punishment than a common "drunk" would have received.

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BALKAN TROUBLE FERMENTS

Coming of Spring Likely to Mark Its Outbreak.

TURKISH OFFICIALS TRUCULENT
Are Believed to Desire a War, that Attention May Be Diverted Away from Internal Conditions that Threaten.

BY EMIL ANDRASSY
VIENNA, Feb. 4.—(Special to The Bee.)—That there will be trouble in the Balkans with the coming of spring is firmly believed in best informed circles here. The internal conditions in Turkey make foreign war to be desired by the government and to this may be ascribed the truculent tone adopted by Constantinople towards both Bulgaria and Greece and the determined efforts to thoroughly Ottomanize Albania and Macedonia. Unfortunately Greece, or at least Greece, will not refrain from giving just cause of offence to Turkey, while Bulgaria would rather welcome a conflict than not. The great powers do not want trouble. Not that they would not be rather glad to have the Balkan mix-up fought out and settled if only assured that Russia could be confined to the Balkans. The trouble is if fighting begins, there is no telling where it will spread.

Aristocrats Weep.
Five young impoverished but aristocratic Hungarians are just at present bemoaning the bad luck that has prevented them from replenishing their exhausted purses by a wealthy marriage. In Austria and Hungary it is the habit of aristocrats of a girl to make inquiries at private detective offices as to the means and mode of life of any young man who is under consideration as a suitable husband.

Her. Young men "black list" at the inquiry office. Good "parties" are on the other hand, put down on the "white list."

The five young Hungarian aristocrats in question were involved in debt to such an extent that the only possibility of retrieving their fortunes lay in making rich marriages. They, therefore, formed a kind of company for the purpose of finding wives. Each was to be provided with a rich bride, preferably an American heiress, as his turn came. They gathered about \$500 together for the preliminary purpose of having their names taken off the "black list." One of the members then approached an employee of the private detective office and by means of bribes succeeded in getting the names of all five removed.

An all five men bear high-sounding titles and are supposed to be of noble birth. They are now in the hands of the detective office, which is waiting for the agencies spoke well of them. The nobleman who was at the head of the company was to try his luck first. A whole page in the "white list" described his fortune, ancestry, and other virtues. He went to Berlin with the intention of discounting bills to raise further funds.

He was arrested there and extradited to Budapest at the instance of his creditors. The alterations that had been made in the agency offices were soon discovered. The officials concerned were arrested, but afterwards liberated, as it could be proved that they damaged anyone by the alterations they had made in the books.

Unusual Surgical Operation.
An unusual surgical operation has been performed here at the Franz Joseph hospital by Professor Lotheisen upon a man of 40, named Tacha. He had been confined in a public lunatic asylum, where, about three months ago, he secretly abstracted fourteen iron spoons and swallowed them. This strange nourishment at first caused him no annoyance. The spoons were missed, but merely suspected. When, however, although Tacha had quite sound lungs, he began spitting blood some days ago, and was cross-questioned, until at last he confessed that he had swallowed the iron spoons. He was taken to the hospital, and an application of Röntgen rays soon showed the three spoons in his stomach. A small opening was made in the stomach, where the intestine was laid bare for the purpose, and one by one the large spoons were extracted. They weighed altogether two and a half three-fourths pounds. The patient's condition is quite satisfactory, and he will soon be able to be discharged from the hospital.

Chinese Aroused and Aid Movement to Shut Out Opium

Women of Higher Classes Interested and Take Part in Public Meeting.

PEKING, Feb. 4.—(Special to The Bee.)—An enthusiastic anti-opium meeting was held at the Hunanese club in Peking, when resolutions were unanimously passed memorializing the Chinese Foreign office to urge Great Britain to consent to a complete prohibition of opium in the hope of the meeting was made notable by the presence of a number of women of the highest classes, several of whom made eloquent addresses. It was the first time that women had participated in a mixed public meeting in the capital of China.

Prince Kaizhin declared that princes, nobles and officials were all united with the people in favor of the immediate suppression of the opium traffic.

BRAVE WOMAN KILLS THUG

Gave Up Her Money, but Used a Gun with Good Results When Attacked.

MARSEILLES, Feb. 4.—(Special to The Bee.)—Four ruffians entered a bar at Marseilles and ordered the woman in charge to hand over all the money she had. She refused, and the ruffians would kill her. The woman obeyed, but when one of the band attacked her with a large knife she whipped out a revolver and stretched him dead at her feet. The other three bandits at once took to their heels.

ORANGE TREES FOR JULIANA

Hollanders and Afrikanders Formally Honor the Heiress of the Netherlands.

CAPETOWN, Feb. 4.—(Special to The Bee.)—On the birthday of Princess Juliana of the Netherlands the Hollanders of Capetown planted orange trees and the young plants have been taken to the Municipal Gardens, where they were planted in the presence of a representative gathering of Hollander and Afrikander citizens.

CZAR TO CENSOR PAPAL CIRCULARS

Relations Between the Greek and the Roman Churches Strained to Breaking Point.

BISHOP RECEIVES A WARNING
Orders from the Pope Must Pass the Government Scrutiny.

OTHERWISE ARE NOT OBLIGATORY
Christmas Celebration in Russia is Cause of Many Suicides.

GUARDING AGAINST THE PLAGUE
Story of Heroic Work by a Party of Seamen Comes from Odessa, Where a Horrible Ship Endangered Many.

BY GEORGE FRASER
ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 4.—(Special to The Bee.)—The relations between the Greek and the Roman churches have become strained and the ministry of the interior has dispatched a circular addressed to all the Roman Catholic bishops in Russia informing them that papal orders not passing through government channels are "not obligatory upon Russian subjects." The ministry points out that recently various acts and encyclical letters, including the Motu Proprio, were not communicated to the Russian representative at the Vatican. It is not likely that anything serious will come of it, but the ministry is extremely jealous in church matters and is suspicious of anything out of the routine.

Christmas Made Lively.
The Russian Christmas was celebrated in lively fashion. Complete police returns show that there were as a result of the festivities in St. Petersburg twenty-seven suicides or attempted suicides; 2,000 arrests were made for drunkenness, 15 per cent of the offenders being women, and over thirty deaths from alcoholic poisoning were registered at the municipal hospitals.

Guarding Against Plague.
Extraordinary precautions are being taken by the Russian government for the prevention of the introduction of the plague from Manchuria, since quarantining regulations have been established and will be rigorously enforced. According to the latest advices the situation in Manchuria will now become much worse, because the Russian doctors are all leaving the infected district in consequence of the danger manifested by the Chinese. The Chinese complain that the Russian physicians are the slaves of use and want and unwilling to allow for the idiosyncrasies of the Chinese inhabitants.

Heroic Work by Sailors.
A most remarkable story of a gallant fight for life, for honor, for freedom, from Odessa. The steamer Poligaria was set afire by an explosion in the midst of a deckload of