sections will be discussed by Prof. Holden in his lectures at the show Monday.

F. J. Ellick, chairman of the Commercial Club Land Show Entertainment committee, has designated members of the committee to take charge of various functions connected with the Land Show this week. Those assigned to these duties are William Baxter, John Steel, Henry Gering, Gould Dietz, J. Kelly, G. E. Haverstick and Edgar Allen.

Silo Exhibit Arrives.

Prof. A. L. Haecker of Lincoln, who has charge of the silo exhibit, arrived Saturday afternoon. He will lecture each afternoon this week on "Silos and Silo Making."

The silo exhibit will be ready for Land Show visitors Monday. This exhibit will contain a miniature silo and samples of ensilage brought fresh from a silo near Omaha.

"By the use of the silo," says Prof. Haecker, "a large part of the corn crop now permitted to go to waste by the destruction of fodder in the fields can be saved. The proper use of a silo can save the farmers in a corn country thousands of dollars a year. One cornstalk in every eight is barren, that is it does not produce ears of corn. These barren stalks are utilized by the silo."

Prof. Haecker says that because of the concentrated form of silo food the farmer can accomplish a great saving in storage space of feed. It is, therefore, not necessary to make so great an investment for farm building. Because of the adaptability of silage on dairy farms large pasture acreage is not required.

DREDGING MACHINE OPERATES

Shows the Way the Irrigation Ditches of the West Are Being Dug.

A miniature machine showing the work of an Austin Drainage excavator is a part of the Land Show displays of interest to farmers on irrigated lands. The tiny machine, an exact duplicate in every detail of the big ones used in field work, is to be seen in operation at the Land Show. Tiny shovels throw up little heaps of sand on each side of the make-believe ditch.

The machine travels along the work by its own power. When equipped with rolling platform traction it runs directly on the surface; when mounted on wheels the wheels travel on a special track which is picked up from behind the machine and laid down ahead as wanted. The machine will also travel across country from ditch to ditch by its own power at the rate of a mile a day. As it travels either backward or forward the excavator can be operated to make successive cuts the full depth of the ditch or to travel back and forth along a stretch of say, 100 feet, making a series of continuous shallow cuts until grade is reached.

SAMSON ON THE LAST NIGHT

Ak-Sar-Ben Governors to Have Working Crew Put on Special Show.

The knights of Ak-Sar-Ben will figure in the program of the Land Show on the night of Saturday, January 28. L. W. Buckley of the Land Show management in charge of special day programs, Saturday held a conference with H. J. Penfold, secretary of the board of governors and members of the board, making arrangements for the Ak-Sar-Ben demonstration.

The Ak-Sar-Ben octet is to present a program of music from the farce given at the Den last summer. Gus Renze, the mechanical expert and decorator of the Land Show, who also has charge of the Ak-Sar-Ben functions and parades, will arrange a special scenic effect on the stage at the Land Show that night.

YOUNG GIRL LEADS ORCHESTRA

Perched High Above Heads of All, She Attracts World of Attention.

The playing of the South Omaha High School orchestra at the Land Show yesterday afternoon proved the center of attraction. The orchestra was led by Miss Helen Rahn.

The slender figure of the little girl perched on a box among the players fifty feet above the main floor of the Auditorium attracted hundreds of Land Show visitors to the gallery.

Miss Rahn is 16 years old. She admits it.

The young leader has been a student of music for eight years. She has been the student leader of the South Omaha High School orchestra this term.

ENTERTAIN THEATRICAL PEOPLE

Land Show Invites Theatrical Performers to the Show Wednesday.

The performers at the Omaha theaters will be entertained Wednesday by the Land Show management from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Those who will be the Land Show's guests are: Eva Lang company, Boyd theater; "The Parisian Widows," Gayety theater; "New Century Girls," Krug theater; "Mrs. Wiggs of the Cabbage Patch" company, Brandeis theater, and the vaudeville performers at the Orpheum and the American.

Tuesday the members of the Cincinnati orchestra will be the guests of the Land Show.

COLORADO LIKES THE SHOW

Wires Congratulations on the Work Already Done.

S. C. Shearer of the Colorado delegation, representative of Albert Patek, head of the State Board of Immigration of Colorado, Saturday received a message of congratulation from the headquarters of the State Association of Commercial Executives at Denver. The association highly commends the showing made by Colorado at the Land Show.

"We will exert every effort to follow up this work and bring thousands of old settlers into Colorado," says the telegram.

PROGRAM FULL OF INTEREST

Special Features for This Afternoon and Evening.

The lecture program for today at the Land Show has been compiled for the special purpose of affording amusement to the Land Show visitors. Lloyd Childs, representative of Hawaii, will speak on the scenery of his country. His lecture will be illustrated.

William Bruce Leffingwell, lecturer for the Harriman system, will deliver a travel talk, entitled, "In Sunset Land." James Wilkes Jones will lecture on "Idaho Summer Pleasures," in the evening. The lecture program for today is as follows:

AFTERNOON LECTURES, HALL A.

2 to 2:25—Niagara Falls and Shredded Wheat Plant; moving pictures.
2:30 to 2:55—Prof. J. W. Jones, "Idaho Homes."
3 to 3:25—Wilber Walker, "Horticulture in California."
3:30 to 3:55—Lloyd Childs, "Scenes In Hawaii."
4 to 4:25—Prof. W. G. Brandenburg, "The San Luis Valley."
4:30 to 4:55—Leffingwell's travel talk, "In Sunset Land."
5 to 5:25—Carey S. Hill, "Agriculture In California."
5:30 to 5:55—Moving pictures, model system of excavation.

AFTERNOON LECTURES, HALL B.

2 to 2:25—L. Anthes, "Fruit Growing in Grand Valley."
2:30 to 2:55—T. J. Walsh, "Land Opportunities In Northeastern Colorado."
3 to 3:25—Prof. A. L. Haecker, "The Use of Silo On the Farm."
3:30 to 3:55—Dr. F. H. Millener, "Communication."
4 to 4:25—George T. Foyes, "Yellowstone National Park."
4:30 to 4:55—Prof. B. C. Buffum, "Plant Breeding."
5 to 5:25—C. C. Morrison, "Spokane County of Washington."
5:30 to 5:55—Moving Pictures.

EVENING LECTURES, HALL A.

7 to 7:25—Moving pictures, "The Peasant Prince."
7:30 to 7:55—L. Antles, "Orchard Homes In Colorado."
8 to 8:25—Prof. G. W. Brandenburg, "Evolution of the Desert In Colorado."
8:30 to 8:55—Dr. F. H. Millener, "The Wireless."
9 to 9:25—Leffingwell's travel talks, "Yellowstone Park."
9:30 to 9:55—T. J. Walsh, "Greeley, Colo."
10 to 10:25—Carey S. Hill, "An Excursion Through California."

EVENING LECTURES, HALL B.

7 to 7:25—Moving pictures, "Niagara Falls and the Cereal Factory of the World."
7:30 to 7:55—Prof. J. Wilkes Jones, "Idaho Summer Pleasures."
8 to 8:25—George T. Foyes, "Yellowstone National Park."
8:30 to 8:55—Prof. B. C. Buffum, "Dry Farming."
9 to 9:25—C. C. Morrison, "Oregon."
9:30 to 9:55—Wilber Walker, "The Old and New California."
10 to 10:25—Moving pictures, "The Peasant Prince."

COMMERCIAL CLUB ENTERTAINS

Has Invited Exhibitors at the Show to Be Guests of the Club.

The privileges of the Omaha Commercial club have been extended to the exhibitors at the Land Show.

The boosters of the Commercial club will take this occasion to help spread the fame of Omaha, "The Market Town," among the men of the west who are gathered at the show from all points in the territory tributary to the metropolis of the Missouri river valley.

Cards were sent to the Land Show visitors Saturday afternoon by the Commercial club through Will A. Campbell, publicity man for the club. The entire list of exhibitors will be covered by the complimentary cards. Saturday but a portion of the list was available.

Land Show Notes.

Members of the Omaha Real Estate exchange will attend the Land Show in a body on Wednesday afternoon following the regular weekly meeting at noon of that day.

L. J. Bricker, general immigration agent of the Northern Pacific, who knows every foot of territory tributary to the land he represents, expects to return to the Land Show Monday or Tuesday.

"I am an alfalfa grower and farmer at Syracuse, Neb., and if during the Land Show anybody wants to ask any questions regarding alfalfa culture, I shall be glad to help them out," says Prof. E. W. Hunt.

J. M. Gillin, who has been manager of the Auditorium ever since it was built, declares that the Land Show contains more of interest to the general public than any attraction that has been exploited in the building since he has had charge of it. He says that from a spectacular viewpoint it surpasses anything yet attempted in Omaha.

W. L. Ellis, director of the troupe of Hawaiian singers who are appearing at the Land Show, was in Omaha three years ago as saxophone soloist with the Royal Hawaiian band. During the stay here he made many warm friends, and has had the pleasure of meeting a number of them during his present visit. He is accompanied by his wife.

DEBATE ON POSTAL ECONOMY

(Continued from First Page.)

attend conferences in the Twin cities, Sioux City and Omaha. Business men at nearly all stations between Tracy and Pierre are practically united in sympathy with regular clerks and are urging the department at Washington for speedy settlement of the trouble.

WOULD SPELL THE OLD WAY

System Comes in for Censure from Lawmakers.

BATE ON ZELLER'S MOTION

Many Members Absent and Balloting for United States Senator is Without Interest—Richards Pardon Case.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

DES MOINES, Ia., Jan. 21.—(Special Telegram.)—Phonetic spelling was condemned on the floor of the house today. With impassioned speeches at first inclined to be overflowing with levity, but later reverting into utmost sincerity, several members of the house expressed their approval of simplified spelling as adopted by the state teachers' college in the annual catalogue of the institution.

Representative Zellers' resolution to instruct a committee to ascertain by what authority the simplified spelling is being used at the state teachers' college was discussed for two-thirds of the session. Although no one opposed the purport of the resolution, an argument arose as to what course should be pursued in making the investigation. The resolution finally was referred to the committee on schools and text books.

No Interest in Balloting.

In the senatorial balloting no change occurred, but twenty members were absent and several of the candidates thereby lost votes. Representative Stipe of Page county, who yesterday voted for Colonel Hepburn, today voted for Judge Towner.

Richards Pardon Case.

Governor Carroll was today asked by E. R. Mason and others to grant a personal investigation of the case of W. S. Richards, seeking pardon from a 17-year sentence for robbery. He was a deputy United States marshal at the time of the crime. Chairman Berry is chairman of the pardon board and he assisted in the prosecution of Richards, so the latter's friends ask that the pardon board be ignored.

Traveling Men Meet.

The annual meeting of the Iowa State Traveling Men's association was held today. It showed an increase of membership of over 5,000 the last year, and the total now over 40,500. J. W. Hill was re-elected president.

Bryan Says Too Hasty Compromise is Unwise

Insists that Only Majority of Those Voting Under Oregon Plan Shall Be Required.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 21.—(Special.)—William Jennings Bryan in the next issue of The Commoner will say:

Don't compromise in advance. Don't try to please opponents of reform. Draw the bills as the reformers want them; it is time enough to compromise when you find you have to. If you start out compromising you will have to compromise still more before you get through. Take the initiative and referendum, for instance. Reformers like the Oregon form; the opponents of the initiative and referendum will attack it at various points.

There are three things that opponents may be expected to do. They will not attack the principle—the time is past for that—but they will want to make the per cent for the petition as large as possible; they will want to limit the number of propositions to be submitted at one time, and they will insist that a majority of all the votes cast at the election be required for adoption.

The first objection is the least important, for while the percentage required in Oregon is good, it is not a vital matter just what percentage is required. The second objection is more serious, for if a limit is fixed the special interests can rush in enough unimportant propositions to exclude those that they object to. The third is most serious of all. It gives the opponents of reform the benefit of all the ignorant, the careless and the indifferent. Why should the opponents of reform be given this legal advantage. Why hamper the people when they try to legislate for themselves.

A plurality elects when we select a governor and members of the legislature to act for us. Why should not a plurality pass a law by direct legislation? If those who vote for the proposition outnumber those who vote against it, that is enough. Let the submission of the proposition be thoroughly advertised, then let the law assume that those who do vote are willing for the matter to be determined by those who do vote. That is much more reasonable than to count those not voting as if they voted in the negative. This is the most important point to be guarded. Insist that only a majority of those voting on the proposition shall be required.

STEINHART AND ZUELOW WIN

(Continued from First Page.)

for the relief of water users under the North Platte, Neb., and Wyoming irrigation project, and after consultation with the secretary of the interior and reclamation officials, Congressman Kinkaid has concluded to take his chances for securing relief for his constituents under the North Platte project, under the Curtis bill, which has been before the committee, having been assured by such officials that the act will be construed in a way to permit the secretary of the interior to make new contracts upon more favorable terms with water users, who on account of crop failures by reason of lack of water and frost, as well as inability to meet their payments from other causes, are unable to meet their water right payments.

The secretary of the interior opposed the bill introduced by Congressman Kinkaid, recommended by the North Platte Water Users' association, providing for graduated water right payments, and even if the bill had met with no such obstacle and had been favorably reported, it is improbable an opportunity would have been afforded to have passed it at this session.

Population of Pierre.

The census bureau today announced the population of Pierre, S. D., to be 3,656, compared with 2,306 in 1900 and 3,235 in 1890.

The population of Cheyenne, Wyo., was also announced as being 11,320, as against 14,087 in 1900 and 11,690 in 1890.

Carter Addresses Senate.

In the senate today a speech was made by Mr. Carter of Montana assailing the resolution calling for the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people. Another forensic effort was that of Mr. Cummins of Iowa, who continued a speech begun yesterday in opposition to the ocean mail bounty bill.

Mr. Beveridge of Indiana made an unsuccessful attempt to fix a date for a vote on the Lorimer case.

In the house the day was devoted to continued consideration of the postoffice appropriation bill.

Tomorrow the house will be in session for exercises in memory of the late Representatives Joel Cook and W. W. Foulkrod of Pennsylvania.

Senator Elkins of West Virginia, the newest recruit in the senate, presided today for the first time. He occupied the chair for a few minutes upon being called by the vice president.

Conference on Tariff Board.

The republican members of the house committee on ways and means held another conference today on the question of legislation to provide for a permanent tariff body. A final agreement was reported on a bill to be presented to the minority members at a meeting of the full committee Tuesday.

The bill embodies features of both the Dalzell bill, providing for a tariff board without inquisitorial powers, and the Longworth bill, which creates a tariff commission with power to require the production of books and papers and summon witnesses.

The new measure will provide for the continuance of the work of the existing board, giving it a permanent status, with probably some augmentation of functions drafted from the Longworth bill. The president has been urging legislation along this line.

The republican members who participated in the conference decided not to make the bill public at this time.

Cummins Resumes Speech.

"It is not fair to the people of the United States to ask their government to make a donation in the nature of a ship subsidy to persons unknown and for enterprises unknown, except upon the fullest information," declared Senator Cummins in the senate today, when he resumed a speech begun yesterday in opposition to the Gallinger shipping bill. Senator Cummins had questioned Senator Gallinger as to the difference in cost between sailing an American ship with American sailors and the operation of foreign ships.

Senator Gallinger said he believed Mr. Cummins was one of those who thought the cost of production at home and abroad could be figured out mathematically.

"I am not one of those," added the New Hampshire senator.

Mr. Cummins then said he believed the subsidy bill which is designated to encourage the establishment of lines between the United States and South America, is based upon an unsound principle applied in an unscientific and unintelligent way.

CASH IN DEMAND OVER THE STATE

(Continued from First Page.)

Wayne, Volpp of Dodge, Tibbets of Adams, Banning of Cass, Wilcox of Burt, McGrew of Franklin, Bartling of Otoe, and Varner of Johnson. The absence of these men from the senate chamber will probably interfere greatly with the execution of legislative work.

Publicity Bill is In.

The real estate men's and ad men's bill for a publicity bureau for the state was introduced by house roll No. 189 by McKelvie of Lancaster. This law if passed will create a bureau of agricultural statistics, publicity and immigration, and appropriates $25,000 for establishing it. This bill was advocated by the commercial clubs and ad clubs of Lincoln and Omaha and was recently boosted by the convention of real estate men in the state organization formed in Lincoln.

Colton and Baker of York, insisting that Nebraska City has no special right to an appropriation for a state armory unless the claims of other cities are also considered, introduced house roll No. 191 as an appropriation of $20,000 for an armory at York. The Nebraska City bill was a measure originating with Senator Bartling of Nebraska City, introduced into the house by Anness of Otoe and providing for a memorial armory on the old Fort Kearney site.

Expressmen to Ride Free.

The State Railway commission law will be amended by house roll No. 198, if that bill passes to allow railroads to carry free agents and attorneys of express companies and to transport free their personal property. The members of the State Railway commission were consulted in regard to thi smeasure before it was drawn and were of the opinion, generally speaking, that there could be no objection to the extending of the pass privilege to the express company employes. The transportation of goods is a feature which is expected to aid companies in keeping their stations well managed and to help them in avoiding the difficulties of discontent among their men who do not like to shift from one station to another when it costs them heavily to move their household gods.

Sale of Public Lands.

House roll No. 200 by Nordgren and Taylor of Hitchcock is a bill authorizing the sale of public lands. The lands are at present out under leases at very cheap rates. Some of them are becoming valuable for irrigation agriculture and there are plenty of purchasers in the market for them. It is the contention of the friends of the bill that the state would make more from the sale price and taxes on its assessed value if the lands were sold than it can now by leasing them on long-time low-rate leases.

HOUSE MEMBERS TO VISIT OMAHA

Members Accept Invitation to Attend Land Products Show.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, Jan. 21.—(Special Telegram.)—H. R. 111, by Bassett of Buffalo, a bill for an act to appropriate money belonging to the State Normal school library fund for the purchase of books and library supplies at the Kearney Normal, was reported by the committee on finance ways and means with the recommendation that it pass in the house this morning.

H. R. 52, by McKissick of Gage, a measure providing for the purchase of statutes for the use of the state and asking an appropriation therefore was also reported by the committee on finance, ways and means, and recommended that it be passed.

Following these reports Bassett of Buffalo moved that the time and meeting place of all standing committees of the house be announced on the chief clerk's bulletin board provided for at Friday's session. The motion carried. Bushee of Kimball moved that the invitation extended to the members of the house to attend the Land Show at Omaha be accepted and to accept the invitation of the Omaha Commercial club to be their guests at luncheon on the day of the visit, Tuesday, January 24. The motion carried and by mutual understanding it was determined to hold no session Tuesday on account of the Omaha trip.

The committee on engrossed and enrolled bills reported that house rolls 26 and 59 had been examined and compared and were found to be correctly engrossed.

The house resolved itself into the committee of the whole upon motion of Gerdes of Richardson. Mr. Gerdes, however, requested that his colleague, Koutouc, be called to the chair, and, the house consenting, this was done.

House roll No. 52, by McKissick of Gage, regarding the purchase of statutes for the use of the state, was, upon motion, recommended to be returned to the house with progress reported and leave asked to again sit on the measure.

House roll No. 6 by Neir of Hamilton, amending the present statute in regard to the pay of the officials of cities and villages, raising the compensation of street overseer from $2 to $3 per day and raising the salary of councilmen from $50 to $100 per year, was upon motion recommended to the house for passage.

Following the dissolving of the committee of the whole and report to the house, Gerdes of Richardson moved that the house adjourn until Monday at 2 o'clock. The motion prevailed and the house adjourned at 11:05.

The Key to the Situation—Bee Want Ads.

SCHENK DEFENSE IS SHORT

Woman's Attorneys Expect to Complete Testimony Today.

WILL NOT PLEAD INSANITY

Expert Says Schenk Was Victim of Chronic Lead Poisoning—Attempt to Show Conspiracy Against the Defendant.

WHEELING, W. Va., Jan. 21.—No indication was given this morning as to the names of the witnesses that would be called in the Schenk case today, court having adjourned more than an hour earlier last night than had been planned. The developments of each day henceforth can hardly be anticipated.

It was stated by the defense at noon it would probably rest its case at 5 o'clock today and that it would not report to the insanity plea.

Just before court opened Prosecutor J. B. Handlan said in his opinion Mrs. Schenk would not be placed on the stand by the defense. He supported it by adding that the night of her arrest she promised to tell him all about the case, but had failed to do it.

Reported Confession Denied.

When questioned concerning the alleged assertion of Prosecutor Handlan that Mrs. Schenk had made a confession to him, Attorney O'Brien denied it, saying she had never made a confession and always maintained her innocence.

Dr. S. L. Jepson, who examined Schenk in company with Dr. Hupp, the prosecution's star witness, was then called to the stand. The witness told of having visited Schenk in the hospital and making various tests.

"From what you learned," asked J. J. F. O'Brien, "plus what Dr. Hupp told you, didn't you come to the conclusion that he was suffering from gastric troubles and not arsenical poisoning?"

"No, I could not say that. He had evidently some arsenic."

Chronic Lead Poisoning.

On cross-examination he said Schenk was undoubtedly a big, healthy man before his alleged poisoning, and had lost much weight since. He admitted all symptoms which he found indicated that Schenk was suffering from chronic lead poisoning and also arsenical poisoning.

Mrs. Jane Hedges, on direct examination said:

"Albert Schenk told me that John had bought his wife a $6,000 automobile and that he said 'I hope she breaks her neck the first time she goes out in it. I will leave no stone unturned to get rid of that woman and another out of the family.'"

On cross-examination Mr. Handlan sought to establish the fact that the witness was an enemy of Albert Schenk, who headed a syndicate for the purchase of a large tract of land and that suit had been brought against her.

She would not admit this, however, and declared that she was on friendly terms with Albert.

The defense rested at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon.

The Weather.

For Nebraska—Snow, colder.

For Iowa—Unsettled weather with probably snow in south and west portions Sunday.

Hour.	Deg.
5 a. m.	16
6 a. m.	15
7 a. m.	14
8 a. m.	14
9 a. m.	15
10 a. m.	15
11 a. m.	16
12 m.	17
1 p. m.	19
2 p. m.	21
3 p. m.	23
4 p. m.	24
5 p. m.	25
6 p. m.	25
7 p. m.	25