

NEW GOULD MATCH CAUSES COM. INT

Miss Vivien, Niece of P. H. Sagan, Will Marry Man Much Older Than Herself.

LORD DECIES OVER FORTY YEARS

Bride-to-Be Young Girl Who Has Not Made Her Debut.

HOW OTHER MATCHES RESULTED

Number of Genuine Love Affairs in Cross-Sea Marriages.

FORMIDABLE LIST OF ALLIANCES

American Dollars Contribute Heavy Toll to Upkeep of Foreign Nobility When Record of Years is Read.

NEW YORK, Dec. 18.—(Special Telegram.)—While the family of Miss Vivien Gould does not confirm the engagement of that charming young daughter of the house of Gould to Lord Decies, they do not deny it and society generally accepts it as a fact.

And it may be said also that society is discussing it with no little interest. While Lord Decies impressed them as being met during his recent visit to New York as a fine, clean cut example of the English gentleman, it is recalled that he is well past the forty mark, while Miss Vivien has still to make her debut into society and is still practically a school girl.

In connection with this new approaching international marriage, other recent marriages of the same sort are being discussed and attention is divided on the question whether this will be a happy one. There are examples which would seem to lend force to the arguments either way.

There is for example, the Countess John Alexander Mourik De Beaufort, who was Miss Irma Killgallen of Chicago. The late Countess was still in a Chicago hospital nursing the broken bones she suffered when her noble lord chased her about the house. The Count De Beaufort is now turning a penny in vaudeville.

One Real Love Match.

There is the Duchess De Chaulnes, who was Miss Theodora Shonta, and who was most sadly widowed upon her honeymoon. It was believed by every one that the marriage of the Duc De Chaulnes and the American heiress was a true love match. The Baroness De Grafenried was Miss Irma Stern, daughter of Louis Stern, one of the wealthiest merchants in this city. Baron De Grafenried is an expert horseman and for ten years has been captain instructor of the military riding academy at Thour.

The Princess Miguel of Braganza was Miss Anita Stewart, daughter of Mrs. James Henry Smith, and heiress to \$1,000,000 under the will of the late American millionaire, her stepfather. The sumptuous ceremony which united Miss Stewart to the pretender of the Portuguese throne, is of sufficiently recent date to be well remembered and to push the claims of her husband to the Portuguese throne, adds interest to this wedding.

The Princess Cantanowicz was the daughter of General and Mrs. Frederick D. Grant, and the marriage is said to be a very happy one.

The Countess Carlo Benicite Di Frano was Miss Dorothy Wild, daughter of Mrs. Henry Siegel of this city. Miss Wild's marriage with the Count Di Frano was another reputed love match and thus far nothing has transpired to dispel the belief.

The duchess of Roxburgh was Miss May Goebel, said to be one of the richest young women in the world. The fortune founded by Miss Goebel's grandfather, Peter Goebel, and which has greatly increased since his death, was at that time estimated at \$25,000,000. There is no reason to believe that this match was not a happy one.

Countess Szechyni Still Happy.

The Countess Laila Szechyni was formerly Miss Gladys Vanderbilt, youngest daughter of Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, her wedding to the Hungarian nobleman took place at the Vanderbilt residence, Fifth avenue and Fifth street. They are reported to be still in love with each other.

The duchess of Manchester was the daughter of Eugene Zimmerman of Cincinnati. The duchess was highly engaged in this fall making changes in the Grosvenor residence the duke inherited from his mother. She has made the duke a figure in English affairs.

The Duchess De Valencay was Miss Helen Blount of New York. The duke is a brother of the Prince De Sagan, who married former Anna Gould.

The Countess Skrag was Miss Harriet Daly, daughter of Marcus Daly, the copper king. Count Skrag officiated as best man at the wedding of Count Szechyni and Miss Gladys Vanderbilt.

The Baroness Speck von Sternberg was Miss Lillian May Langman of Louisville. The baron, who is dead, was at one time German ambassador to this country.

The duchess of Marlborough was Miss Constance Vanderbilt and was married to the duke at the age of 17 years. The duke and duchess are now separated.

The countess of Yarmouth was Miss Alice Thaw of Pittsburg. The countess is living in America under her maiden name, as her marriage with the earl of Yarmouth has been annulled.

Princess Helie De Sagan was Miss Anna Gould, the aunt of Miss Vivien Gould, who is to marry Lord Decies. The princess was first married to Count Boni De Castellani, a cousin of her present husband, and subsequently divorced him. The matrimonial difficulties of the princess are said to be probably better known to the public than those resulting from any other international marriage.

WANTED—ONE THOUSAND CATS

Residents of Washington Have Novel Plan to Rid County of Gophers.

SHARON, Pa., Dec. 18.—S. S. Gilbert has received a request from the state of Washington for 1,000 cats. The request is made in a letter from Albert J. Randall, formerly of Sharon, but now a resident of Okanogan county, in the western state. He writes that he will visit Pennsylvania within a month to pick up all the stray cats that can be delivered to him, for which he is willing to pay a fair price.

Mr. Randall has associated with him several property owners, determined to rid Okanogan county of gophers that destroy gardens and infest farm lands. Five thousand cats are to be shipped to Washington on April 1.

Railroads Use More Oil as Fuel During Year; Results Good

Two Battleships Equipped with Plants of This Kind—Increase in Production.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—The use of oil fuel on the railroads of the United States greatly increased last year and the results of its introduction in the United States navy have fully met expectations. Steamship companies are equipping their vessels with oil-burning plants.

In the navy, two battleships, the North Dakota and the Delaware, were thus equipped and four battleships now in the course of construction will burn oil as an auxiliary to coal. Fifteen destroyers also will be thus equipped. Several European countries similar experiments are being made.

The consumption by the railroads in 1910 amounted to 12,935,354 barrels, an increase of 2,052,524 barrels, or 18 per cent over the previous year. They use mostly crude oil. Though the production of oil in this country for 1909 increased slightly over the production for the preceding year, there was a decline in value consistent with the market. The total production in 1909 was 152,134,274 barrels, as compared with 178,527,255 barrels in 1908. The value of the 1909 production was \$12,345,738, while that of 1908 was valued at \$12,973,124.

California, Oklahoma and West Virginia added greatly to the increase in production. California gained 2.35 per cent, Oklahoma, 4.5 per cent, while West Virginia increased 12.83 per cent. Utah and Wyoming produced only 2.17 barrels.

This was a gain of 24.55 per cent over their combined output in 1908. All other states showed a decrease, the greatest being in Louisiana, which declined 47.15 per cent.

South Dakota Press Association to Meet

Farmers Who Buy by Mail to Be Compared to Hardware Men Who Use Axle Grease Stationery.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Dec. 18.—(Special.)—John T. Coogan of this city, secretary of the South Dakota Press association, states that the mid-winter meeting of the association, to be held at Pierre next month, is certain to be one of the best attended winter meetings ever held by the association. It is expected that the Ben Franklin clubs of the state will meet at Pierre at the same time, and the two organizations will confer on matters affecting the business interests of the editors. It is expected that, in all, about 300 newspaper men will be at the Pierre meeting. The date has not been definitely fixed, but it is expected the meeting will be held January 12, 13 and 14.

E. J. Mannix of Sioux Falls, editor of the Commercial News, has been secured to deliver an address on the subject of "How Does the Farmer Who Patronizes the Mail Order Houses Compare with the Hardware Man Who Uses Axle Grease Stationery?" There will be other addresses by newspaper men of prominence on matters of special interest to newspaper men in general. The program will be completed in a few days.

Exposition Boosters Are Hard at Work

Committee on Rules Decides to Settle Location Question About the Middle of January.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—(Special Telegram.)—The location of the Panama canal exposition in 1915 will be settled so far as congress can settle it shortly after the holidays recess. The committee on rules today decided to bring it to a vote by the middle of January, at the latest.

Both New Orleans and San Francisco have a corps of enthusiastic workers here who are ready to back any location that is not selected. It is his own fault.

More over, the younger Chamberlain never omits anything in a speech or action that might promote his ambition to lead the unionist party against free trade and against home rule. He is loud in his denials that the situation created by Mr. Balfour's implied promise be considered in all its aspects. This seems to forecast civil war in the party.

The Morning Post repudiates the referendum altogether. The Standard says it is impracticable. The Times hedges delightfully. The Telegraph backs Balfour's policy. Mr. Chamberlain and Mr. Smith oppose the tariff reformers are uneasy. The liberals make no mention of the matter.

Mr. Balfour's diplomatic genius will never let discussion become a source of absolute division. As regard home rule, the prophets are at variance, but most of them fix 1914 or 1915 as the earliest year in which John Redmond could touch the goal of the parliamentary majority.

In the Asquith bill for ending the obstruction of the Tory House of Lords is followed.

Statement by Redmond. Mr. Redmond, in restating the requirements of Ireland, said: "No alteration of the constitution on the supremacy of the Imperial Parliament, but merely to take our place in the ranks of other portions of the empire—some twenty-eight in number—which in purely local affairs are governed by institutions of their own."

John Devlin says his recent experience in the United States convinced him that "When our American friends hear across the Atlantic the calls and howls of the Tories, the man who gave up will want to add another 'fish' and the man who gave one eagle will wish to send two."

"Feeling in Ulster does not improve. It is pure sensationalism to assert that actual steps have been taken to procure arms in large quantities to resist home rule if forced into law by the coalition government."

But the "orange defense fund" has reached large proportions and the unionist associations throughout Ulster are in a first-class state of organization.

ENGLISH ELECTIONS DOUBTFUL Popular Mind Not Made Up, Says Sir Horace Plunkett.

If the United Kingdom elections have settled anything, it is hard to determine just what, according to Sir Horace Plunkett of Dublin, who is in Omaha on his annual visit to inspect his property here.

"The British people are slow moving compared to you Americans," said Sir Horace, "and the elections now going on

END OF ENGLISH ELECTION COMES

Liberal Nationalists and Laborites Come Out of Fight with Hundred and Twenty-Six Majority.

NEXT MOVE IS UP TO ASQUITH

Veto Measure is Likely to Come Squarely Before King George.

POLICY OF CROWN IS NOT KNOWN

Many Concessions and Some Big Sacrifices Are Possible.

NEWSPAPER VIEWS SITUATION

Tariff Reformers Are Uneasy, While Home Rule in Next Parliament is Expected to Be One of the Important Issues.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—(Special Cablegram.)—With the practical ending of the elections yesterday, there are only one or two constituencies still to vote, the question as to what will be done towards settling the constitutional questions involved in the elections comes up for answer.

The liberals, nationalists, and laborites came out with a majority of 128, just two more than they had in the last house. And the next move is up to Prime Minister Asquith.

In the opinion of well-informed observers Mr. Asquith must push his veto measure and when it is turned down by the House of Lords, as it will undoubtedly be, he must put the question squarely up to King George, with a demand that a sufficient number of new peers be created to pass the bill. If the king grants the demand, it is probable the lords will recede and the new peers will not be needed. It should be noted, however, that the bill should be a combination of the moderates of both parties, carry on the government.

The probability is so strong that it is almost a certainty that the veto measure will be pushed to the limit. Not only will the liberal nationalists, on the majority of the liberals also strongly favor it.

There is a good deal of talk of further conferences and compromises, but it is to be noted it comes almost entirely from the unionists.

Views of Unionists. One of the most moderate of the unionists insists today that the entire constitutional issue should be dealt with immediately by a representative body having the confidence of the nation to an extent not enjoyed by the "council of eight," and declares that "this is the view of all sensible persons not blinded by the prejudice of birth or the passion of socialism." He warningly contends there must be "large concessions, and big sacrifices. In both principle and principle" if the kingdom is to avoid "what it would need, but a few more blunders and a little more obstinacy—as is now a blood-red catastrophe."

"The upper Potomac river, just outside the District of Columbia and in the state of Maryland, falls with great rapidity and an enormous volume of water is constantly discharged from the watershed, and in times of flood, great damage has been done to the business interests in the city of Washington. For the last thirty days, a force of some thirty engineers, who have returned from their western and southern field work, have been assigned to the duty of preparing a detailed topographical survey of the Potomac river and in securing data concerning its control, as well as the precise levels. Three sets of dam sites have been surveyed, and complete maps on the scale of 500 feet to the inch, are now being prepared. In addition to that, other maps 1,000 feet to the inch, showing the geological and geographical formations of the shores of the river along its entire route, from Great Falls to the District line, are also in course of preparation. The geological survey is using every possible effort to prepare complete data concerning the flow of water, topographical conditions and possible means of harnessing the floods, for presentation to congress during the present session.

It is predicted that in the construction of a proper dam and the consequent control of the flood waters of the upper river, water power enough can be developed to supply the electric needs not only of Washington, but of Baltimore and Alexandria and the surrounding and neighboring towns and villages. There are, however, many difficulties in the way of carrying out this project, the principal one of which is said to be that the power rights of the upper river are owned by private individuals, who, although having had control of the water for upwards of thirty years, have done absolutely nothing toward developing the power. Congress, however, is expected to take the initial steps toward harnessing the river, not only with the idea of eventually utilizing the power which will thus be developed, but with the further double purpose of increasing the portable water supply of the city of Washington.

Attorneys for Defense Say if Proceedings Fall They Will Appeal to Supreme Court.

NEW YORK, Dec. 18.—Porter Charlton, demanded by Italy to stand trial for the confessed murder of his wife, Mary Scott Castle Charlton, at Lake Como, will be taken tomorrow morning from his cell in Jersey City to Trenton, N. J., where he will seek release by habeas corpus proceedings in the United States district court, as against the decision of Secretary Knox of the federal Department of State that he may be extradited.

Charlton's lawyers say if the habeas corpus proceedings fail they will appeal to the supreme court of the United States. Porter Charlton has been held in the Hudson county jail since June 24, when he was arrested as he stepped from the deck of a steamship. His family contends that he is insane.

Arizona's Constitution May Be Adopted Soon

Richard E. Sloan Says Prospect of Any Delay is Matter of Grave Concern to People.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—The election on the adoption or rejection of the constitution for Arizona probably will be held by January 15, 1911, and if adopted may be in the hands of the president and congress for approval before the end of the present session, according to the annual report of Richard E. Sloan, territorial governor of Arizona.

If this program is carried out, he says, "there is every reason to expect the new state government will be in operation by the end of the present fiscal year." Discussing the matter further, Governor Sloan says: "We anticipate such benefits from admission that the prospect of any considerable delay or the possibility that the constitution which may be adopted may not be approved are matters of grave concern to the people of the territory."

Prosperity continues in the territory, according to the report. Crops have been good, especially in the irrigated sections. Prices for farm products he says, have a tendency to increase, while the prices of land under ditch with water rights have also increased somewhat.

Something to Crow About



From the Philadelphia Inquirer.

CONTROLLING POTOMAC RIVER

Engineers Working on Plans to Avert Floods in Washington.

COLD STORAGE FOODS BILL

Senator Keyburn Will Attempt to Secure Early Action on Measure for Federal Supervision of Cold Storage Plants.

(From a Staff Correspondent.) WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—(Special.)—The geological survey has been engaged during the last month in a work which promises to be of the utmost importance to the city of Washington as well as the surrounding country as far as Baltimore.

The upper Potomac river, just outside the District of Columbia and in the state of Maryland, falls with great rapidity and an enormous volume of water is constantly discharged from the watershed, and in times of flood, great damage has been done to the business interests in the city of Washington. For the last thirty days, a force of some thirty engineers, who have returned from their western and southern field work, have been assigned to the duty of preparing a detailed topographical survey of the Potomac river and in securing data concerning its control, as well as the precise levels. Three sets of dam sites have been surveyed, and complete maps on the scale of 500 feet to the inch, are now being prepared. In addition to that, other maps 1,000 feet to the inch, showing the geological and geographical formations of the shores of the river along its entire route, from Great Falls to the District line, are also in course of preparation. The geological survey is using every possible effort to prepare complete data concerning the flow of water, topographical conditions and possible means of harnessing the floods, for presentation to congress during the present session.

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To make Christmas shopping easy, The Bee is running a "For Christmas" column on the first want ad page.

In this column almost everything suitable for Holiday Gifts is mentioned, with the name of the person from whom it may be obtained.

You may find here an appropriate and inexpensive present, or suggestion of the newest things offered this season.

It will save worry and time and money to consult the "For Christmas" Column before you start out shopping today.

Call Tyler 1000 for Want Ads.

Something to Crow About



From the Philadelphia Inquirer.

Grahame-White Falls to Ground in Trial Flight for Big Prize

English Aviator Rendered Unconscious, but Has No Permanent Injuries.

DOVER, England, Dec. 18.—Claude Grahame-White, the English aviator, who recently won the international aviation cup at Belmont park, had a narrow escape from serious injury today. His machine was wrecked and he was badly cut about the face.

Many aviators have been waiting for the last fortnight to compete for the prize of \$2,000 offered by Baron De Forest for the longest flight across the English channel in 1910. The flight to be made by an Englishman in an English-built machine.

Grahame-White this morning ascended for a trial flight in a strong wind. His machine began to rock and he was unable to restore it to equilibrium. It turned over and plunged to the ground, and was completely wrecked.

The aviator fortunately fell a little to one side. It was thought at first he had suffered concussion of the brain, as he was unconscious, but he soon recovered consciousness and it was found that he had received nothing more than some bad cuts about the face. It is expected he will be about again within a week. He has ordered another biplane of the Wright type from Bristol and will make another attempt to win the prize.

A second competitor, Sopwith, fared better. He left Eastchurch, Sheppy Island, at 5:15 o'clock in the morning, crossed from Dover to Calais and descended at Beaumont, Belgium, a distance of 190 miles.

Porter Charlton to Seek Release Now by Habeas Corpus Writ

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SENOR DON ANIBAL CRUZ DIES

Minister from Chile to United States Passes Away.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Senor Don Anibal Cruz, envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary from Chile to the United States, was stricken with heart failure at 3:45 o'clock this morning and died ten minutes later. He had attended the banquet of the American Society for Judicial Settlement of International Disputes last night and retired, apparently in good health. When he was stricken physicians were summoned, but the end came before they arrived.

President Taft and Secretary Knox called at the Chilean legation in the afternoon and offered Senor Don Alberto Yocham, chargé d'affaires of the embassy, the use of an American battleship for transporting the body of the minister of Chile. President Taft and Secretary Knox expressed the hope that the body might be returned to Chile under the American flag.

This information was called to the Chilean government by Senor Alberto Yocham, chargé d'affaires of the embassy, who said tonight he expected an answer tomorrow. Funeral services will be held at 11 o'clock Wednesday morning at St. Patrick's cathedral and the body will be buried temporarily.

Almost all the members of the diplomatic corps and many government officials offered their condolences to Senor De Cruz and members of the Chilean legation.

Career of Senor Cruz. Senor Cruz was 45 years old and had returned to the United States but a month ago from Chile, having visited there after attending the Pan-American congress at Buenos Ayres last summer.

Senor Yocham, chargé d'affaires of the legation, was to have left for Chile on leave of absence tomorrow, but today cancelled all arrangements and probably returned indefinitely, pending the appointment of a new minister.

Senor Cruz had been Chilean minister to the United States for three years. He was at one time professor in the law faculty of the University of Chile, and in 1892 first came to the United States as secretary of the Chilean legation. In 1901 he was called to the chair of the various Chilean claims.

He was at one time a member of congress in Chile and the minister of war. He is survived only by his wife, a niece of the late Senor Gana, Chilean minister to Great Britain, who died a month ago. A brother of Senor Cruz is now the Chilean minister to Belgium.

HEART FAILURE CAUSES DEATH

Taft Offers Use of American Battleship to Transport Body to Native Land—Funeral to Be Held Wednesday.

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FAIR WEATHER IS PREDICTED

Government Weather Bureau Says Moderate Temperatures Will Prevail.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—General barometric pressure distribution over the northern hemisphere is such as to indicate that this week will be one of moderate temperature for the season in practically all parts of the country, according to the government weather bureau.

A disturbance that covered the great lakes today will move eastward and cause snow in that region and snow or rain in the middle Atlantic and New England states Monday. Another disturbance will appear in the northwest Monday night or Tuesday and move along the northern border and reach the St. Lawrence valley Thursday. The precipitation attending will not be general.

In the southern and western states the week will be one of generally fair weather.

Soldier Pleads Self-Defense. CHEYENNE, Wyo., Dec. 18.—(Special.)—Private Stratton of Troop I, Ninth United States cavalry, who shot and killed Private Wooden of the same troop Thursday night, may be able to prove a case of self-defense, for it is reported Wooden carried a dangerous knife and the blade was found under his body after the shooting. Stratton insists that Wooden advanced upon him with the knife and he feared he would be slashed and fired to save himself.

BIG SUPPLY BILLS CLAIM ATTENTION

Proceedings in Congress Thus Far Have Not Stimulated Much Public Interest.