

DARLING MAN OF MANY WIVES

Dakota Officers Arrest Man Who Was Woman Wooer.

ADMITS MARRIED FOUR TIMES

Found in School House at Cranfall, Having Eleven Suit Cases Taken from Hotels—Opens Others' Letters.

MITCHELL, S. D., Nov. 25.—(Special.)—After being on the trail of L. S. Darling, alias W. J. Turner, for several months, a special detective for the Milwaukee company, and turned over to Sheriff Farnley of Brule county, who was in the city today with his prisoner and took him on to Chamberlain, where he is wanted on the charge of larceny. This, however, is believed to be the smallest of his crimes. Among some of his escapades is enumerated that of wholesale bigamy, forgery, larceny, and obtaining money under false pretenses.

Darling has been wanted by numerous bankers, by the Milwaukee company, hotel keepers and school teachers generally, against whom he has done great wrongs. Mr. School has been on the trail of Darling for the past year, but lost track of him several months ago, and finally learned of his operations in Day county, and where he was laying the foundations for another escape. Two weeks ago Darling was married to Miss Agnes Curran of Boston, Mass., who came out west to fulfill her part of the marriage contract, but he strongly desired to keep the marriage absolutely secret and led to investigation and his later discovery. When arrested Darling had just opened his school for the day. Darling had eleven suit cases in his possession, which he had stolen from various hotels in the state, most of them from one of the hotels at Chamberlain.

Admits Several Marriages. Darling admitted, when interviewed here today, that he has been married three or four times. The indications are that there are more victims, mostly school teachers. From his conversation it is believed that he employed a woman to act as a school teacher who was living on claims, would woo them for a short period and then marry them. Afterwards he would dispose of the relinquishment and then leave alone. One of his methods of obtaining money was to visit banks, as he alleged, borrow money on the strength of his position as a school principal, the amount varying from \$10 up. He has been carrying on a correspondence with a great number of women bearing on the subject of matrimony.

According to Nebraska reports Darling has operated in that state as well as in Wisconsin, Iowa, North and South Dakota, where it was his custom to call at post-offices and inquire for mail belonging to other persons. In support of this Darling had in his possession between 800 and 900 letters bearing names of other people. It is likely that the government will take him in hand for his operations along this line. Darling seemed to take his arrest coolly and gave little heed to what is in store for him in the future.

Basil Claymore One of Dakota's Pioneers

Lived on Little Bend, on East Side of Missouri, Where Maintained Large Establishment.

PIERRE, S. D., Nov. 25.—(Special.)—In the death of Basil Claymore at the home of his son Basil near the mouth of the Cheyenne river yesterday South Dakota loses another of its pioneers who helped pave the way for the coming of the farming settlements by his work long before the country was considered as one in which agriculture would thrive. Claymore, as he was generally known by his many acquaintances in this part of the state, or "Clement," as he is called by his biographers, was born in St. Louis early in the last century, the dates being given at from 1822 to 1843. Claymore himself saying he came up the river for the first time in June, 1842, when he was 20 years old, and has resided in the Dakotas ever since. In that time he worked as a trapper for the American Fur company at points along the Missouri as far up as Fort Benton, but most of the time in the territory covered by the Dakotas.

Soon after coming up the river he took an Indian wife and located his home on Little Bend on the east side of the Missouri river. Here he called home in all his wanderings up to the time the days of the fur trader were no more, and when that part of the territory was opened to settlement in 1854 he moved across the Missouri to a point on the west side of the river, a short distance up stream from the mouth of the Cheyenne river, where he has made his home with his sons since, his home for nearly seventy years having been at the mouth of the Cheyenne river.

But during that time Claymore wandered over a great part of the northwest, either as a trapper or fur trader, or as a government agent. He trapped in the Black Hills in 1848, and on the Cheyenne and Moreau rivers later. In 1851 he acted as a guide for General Harney, and was again an employee of the company until 1853, when he acted as guide to General Bull in his campaign against the Sioux in the Dakota territory. After that he put in a portion of his time at his home in Little Bend, and acting as interpreter and guide for different government parties operating in this part of the northwest, working on such expeditions, and making one trip to Washington in 1870 before settling down to the life of a rancher.

From that time on his home was always open to travelers on the reservation, and "B. C." as he was called generally on account of the cattle brand he adopted was one of the best known men in central South Dakota at the time of the coming of settlers in the early eighties. He leaves an extensive family of mixed blood children, most of them located in the vicinity of the old home, and all of them well to do in the ownership of cattle and horses, and sending their children to the schools provided for their education.

FEDERAL JUDGE TAYLER DIES

Man Who Conducted Polygamy Trial of Brigham Roberts White in Congress Passes Away.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 25.—Judge Robert W. Tayler of the United States court died early today. Judge Tayler was stricken with paralysis last night at a church festival. He was removed in a serious condition to a hospital.

While serving in congress from 1886 to 1892, Mr. Tayler conducted the polygamy trial of Representative Brigham Roberts. Since his appointment to the bench Judge Tayler has become widely known as an arbitrator in industrial disputes. In that capacity he settled the street railway dispute in this city.

Persistent Advertising is the Road to Big Returns.

Groom Fails Her and a Discarded Suitor Seizes Opportunity

Bride Says Measure of Husband's Fitness is Appearance at the Proper Time.

MARINETTE, Wis., Nov. 25.—A marriage that did not tend to prove Darwin's theory of sexual selection, but which fulfilled the tenets of the evolutionists' creed of the survival of the fittest, was performed today. One hundred guests assembled at the home of Mrs. Joseph Roque to attend the wedding of Mrs. Roque's sister, Miss Mary Louise Gardiner of Sycamore, Ill., to Benjamin Nelson of Lena, Wis. Nelson, who had long wooed Miss Gardiner, did not appear at the appointed time. Karl Johnson, a guest and former suitor, who had long sought Miss Gardiner's affections, stepped forward and offered himself as a substitute. The offer was accepted and the ceremony was performed by Justice Valderberg.

Elephant is Executed for Killing Keeper

Gypsy Queen, Trick Animal, is Given Five Hundred Grains of Cyanide of Potassium.

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—It took 500 grains of cyanide of potassium, the most deadly poison known, to kill Gypsy Queen, a trick elephant, today. The elephant, the property of a keeper, Robert Schlot, on October 30. Less than one grain is ordinarily fatal to man and the first convulsive symptoms supervene almost before the victim can set down the glass from which he swallows. Gypsy Queen swayed backward and forward, flapping her ears ten minutes before she showed the least uneasiness. It was forty-four minutes before she was pronounced dead.

The poison was given in three handfuls of bran mash, in which had been mixed 100 capsules, each of five grains of cyanide. She had been starved for twenty-four hours before she ate the mash. At the end of ten minutes she shivered in all her vast bulk of 7,600 pounds, her knees weakened, her trunk grew rigid, she rolled her eyes and finally fell. In the next two minutes she got up four times, struggling against the chains that bound her. At the end of four minutes she had breathed her last, but perceptible, but forty-four minutes after her first swallow she winked when her trainer passed his hand before her eyes. That was the last sign of life. The Queen was born in Africa eighty-seven years ago and was one of the largest elephants in captivity, standing eight feet ten inches high. Of recent years her temper grew sullen.

Last October she seized an unaccustomed keeper, who had been warned not to go near her, slammed him against the wall of her cell and then trod him into pulp. A few days ago she grabbed for another keeper, but he was ready. Nevertheless, she trainer never lost faith in her. To prove her docility he took her out today a few minutes before her execution and led her through her paces. She seemed willing enough to perform and submitted to be caressed before she was led to her death.

Wood Asserts Nation is Not Ready for War

Chief of Staff Paints Gloomy Picture of Lack of Proper Preparations for Battle.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—Major General Wood, chief-of-staff, paints a rather gloomy picture of the lack of preparedness of the army in case of war in his annual report to the secretary of war today. There were weak spots in many directions, he said, and most serious was the shortage of field artillery and ammunition, a fault which should be immediately corrected. General Wood declared there was a great lack of reserve season ammunition and that at the present rate of appropriation by congress it would take more than fifty years to obtain a reasonable supply of ammunition for the coast defense and a still longer time to obtain the necessary artillery and ammunition. One of the regular army and organized militia strength was the lack of field artillery. General Wood, there would be a shortage of more than 50 per cent in the field artillery necessary to equip them. This force would represent only a portion of the force called to arms in case of war with a first-class power. General Wood strongly urged the passage by congress of the pending bill for raising a volunteer army in time of war.

SPIRITUALIST PLEADS GUILTY TO MISUSE OF MAIL

Prof. George Weigand of Des Moines Obtained Three Thousand Dollars by Fraud.

DES MOINES, Ia., Nov. 25.—Prof. George Weigand, a spiritualist, pleaded guilty in federal court today to using the mails to defraud by representing to parties in various states that Mrs. Nancy McDevitt had a fortune coming from England if she could have monetary assistance. He realized \$3,000. Mrs. McDevitt, aged 80, was turned over by Judge Smith McPherson because of her years. Weigand will be sentenced tomorrow.

Culled from the Wire.

Governor Shafroth has issued a call for the first annual convention of the American Apple congress, to be held in Denver from December 10 to 13.

George Schullz, an imperialist deputy, was elected second vice president of the German Reichstag in succession to Prince Ernst Hohenlohe-Langenburg.

The trial of Attorney Charles Eberstein of Chicago on charges of bribing a juror in the case against Lee O'Neil Brown has again been postponed until Dec. 1.

Alexander C. Adams, one of the best known insurance men in New England, formerly president of the New England Insurance exchange, died in Boston of heart disease.

Thirty messenger boys employed by the Postal Telegraph company, New York, quit work to join the strike begun by Western Union and American District Telegraph.

Jesse Blestone, a former member of the Pennsylvania legislature, and Samuel Mozenen, were found guilty of complicity in the white slave trade in the criminal court in Pittsburgh.

The body of Cullin D. Purdie, chief engineer of the Oilwell Mining company, was found in the woods near Chisholm, Miss. He had been shot. Mr. Purdie was 33 years old and a graduate of the University of Wisconsin.

Prosecuting officials in Jersey City are preparing for action which is expected to result shortly in bringing James J. Gallagher to trial for shooting Mayor Gurnor last summer.

T. U. Rippatrick, national treasurer of the United Irish league, Friday called \$10,000 to John E. Hammond, leader of the nationalists in the British parliament, for the furtherance of the cause.

A. W. Finch, the London agent of Phelps, Dodge & Co. of New York, was remanded for one month in the Manhattan House court charged with having defrauded his employers of \$15,000, received in payment of a consignment of copper.

GOMPERS HAS MINERS' CASE

Question of Charter for Western Federation Left to President.

JOHNSON ORDERED OUT OF TAMPA

American Federation of Labor Addresses Protest to Governor Gilchrist Against Treatment of Cigarmakers.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 25.—The question of whether the Western Federation of Miners could be granted a charter by the American Federation of Labor was placed before President Gompers last night by the convention on the point of federation law raised by President James O'Connell of the International Association of Machinists. President O'Connell, who is leading the fight against the proposition to grant an unrestricted charter to the western miners, declared that the constitution of the federation provided that in cases where charters were applied for, in which the question of jurisdiction came up, the written consent of the chief officials of all other organizations involved had to be obtained first. He said that he, as president of the machinists, had never given such consent, and asked that the point be passed upon.

President Gompers was unprepared to act before adjournment was taken. Whether the controversy will be referred to the executive committee, or to the convention, in response to demands that this decision be made tomorrow, he said that as soon as he had arrived at an opinion, he would state it. Labor leaders tonight said that he holds the key to the situation.

The controversy was precipitated by the report of the special committee, which favored granting the charter with the proviso that the jurisdiction of the machinists organization in the states affected should not be interfered with. This report was amended by President Thomas DeWitt of the United Mine Workers to give the western federation jurisdiction over men employed in mines, mills or smelters, without reference as to whether they were machinists or not.

Delegate F. M. Ryan of the Bridge and Structural Iron Workers presented a substitute for the Lewis amendment, providing that jurisdictional rights should remain vested in the international unions having locals in any of the sections controlled by the western federation. Against the Ryan substitute President Lewis and John Mitchell of the mine workers led the fight, with O'Connell and others supporting it. O'Connell declared that if the charter without restrictions was granted by the convention his organization would withdraw from the federation.

Moyer Explains. Charles H. Moyer, head of the Western Federation and a guest of the convention, by invitation explained the invitation to become affiliated with the American Federation had been repeated yearly for fifteen years. He said that the question of jurisdiction would not be serious. The report of the committee on the president's report, which was adopted, directs that state federations in Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Ohio, Indiana, Wisconsin and Alabama introduce bills before the state legislatures providing for investigation of the charges that the United States Steel corporation is importing criminal labor from Europe; that a committee of five be appointed by President Gompers to fully organize the department of investigation for more direct affiliation with Porto Rico organized labor and criticize the mounted constabulary of western Pennsylvania, known as "Cossacks," urging the introduction of a bill to repeal the law which authorizes them.

The convention adopted a resolution for a memorial to congress urging the exclusion of Asiatic laborers. Protest Treatment of Cigarmakers. The American Federation of Labor tonight unanimously adopted resolutions protesting to Governor Gilchrist of Florida against the so-called mistreatment of union men in the Tampa cigarmakers' strike troubles and demanded that the governor accord adequate protection to the striking men.

The protest followed the receipt of a telegram by President Samuel Gompers announcing that Governor Gilchrist had organized for the union stationed at Tampa, had been ordered out of town by the citizens today. The Florida governor and the Tampa mayor and sheriff were subjects of condemnation earlier in the day, when President Gompers and other delegates made a protest against the mistreatment of the protection of the authorities. The president in a speech declared that, with three men in prison and one dead as the result of lynching, it was time something was being done.

TAMPA, Fla., Nov. 25.—J. C. Johnson of Chicago, organizer for the International Cigarmakers' union, accepted the advice of the citizens' protective committee today and left Tampa. He bought a ticket to Jacksonville, No. 10 train, and was met by the organizer. It was feared he would be harshly dealt with.

Following the departure of Johnson statements were wired to President Gompers at St. Louis alleging that Johnson had been ordered to leave the city. President Gompers made a protest against the treatment of Johnson, who referred the affair to Mayor McKee. Johnson had been in Tampa about eight months and the present strike, involving nearly 10,000 workmen, is attributed indirectly to him. With the strained conditions existing as a result of the critical business situation, feeling against him has been growing intense.

Six members of the citizens' committee early today called on Johnson and informed him of the bitter feeling against him. It was suggested that threats had come to the ears of the committee and that the committee could no longer be responsible for his safety. A statement was made by a member of the citizens' committee tonight denying that Johnson had been threatened by the committee.

"We desired to prevent a recurrence of the scenes such as those of several weeks ago when two men were hanged," he said.

CARLISLE'S REMAINS LOST

Body of Former Prominent Statesman Wanders About City in Ordinary Wagon Before Identification.

COVINGTON, Ky., Nov. 25.—To be buried among the scenes of his youth and many of the activities of his life, the body of John G. Carlisle, formerly speaker of the house, United States senator and secretary of the treasury, arrived today from Washington, where it lay in state. Carlisle is being brought here from New York and funeral services for both will be held next Tuesday.

Owing to a misunderstanding, the body of the former secretary of the treasury arrived unexpectedly without being identified, was placed in an ordinary wagon and taken to an express office. Later the mistake was discovered and after having been carted about the city for some time, the body was taken to its destination.

Count Leo Tolstoi's Last Article Made Public by His Wish

Discussion Entitled "Effective Means" Takes Up Capital Punishment and War Against It.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 25.—The Associated Press received early today from Vladimir Tschertkoff, literary agent of the late Count Tolstoi, the last article written by Tolstoi. It is entitled "Effective Means." It was written by Tolstoi in the Optina monastery on November 11, shortly after he began his self-imposed exile from home. The article was given the Associated Press by M. Tschertkoff at the express wish of Count Tolstoi for dissemination to mankind. It says in part: "I am naturally anxious to do all I can against evil, which tortures the best spirits of our time."

"I think the present effective war against capital punishment does not need forcing. There is no need for an expression of indignation against its immorality, cruelty and absurdity. Every sincere, thinking person, everybody knowing from youth the sixth commandment, needs no explanation of its absurdity and immorality. There is no need for descriptions of the horrors of executions as they only affect hardened, so men will more unwillingly become executioners and governments will be obliged to compensate them more dearly for their services."

"Therefore, I think that neither the expression of indignation against the murder of our fellow men nor the suggestion of its horrors is mainly needed, but something totally different. "As Kant well says, there are delusions which cannot be disproved and we must communicate to the deluded mind knowledge that will enlighten and then the delusions will disappear by themselves. "What knowledge need we communicate to our fellow men? Knowledge of the lack of indispensableness, usefulness or justice of capital punishment in order that said delusion may destroy itself."

versational power of fabled lycure. "Money talks, you know," said one character. "I know it hasn't talked to me for a long time," sighs the other. The matinee and night performance today conclude the engagement at the Brandeis.

In the Stage World

Attractions in Omaha. "The Dollar Princess" at the Brandeis. "The Man Between" at the Krug. Vaudeville at the Orpheum. "Under Two Flags" at the Boyd. Burlesque at the Gayety.

A farce little known in Omaha, but a big success in New York and Chicago, opens at the Brandeis tomorrow evening. This is the Dietrichstein play, "A Marriage a Failure." The farce, has been staged by David Belasco and will be seen here with all the wizard's touches in full evidence. The production playing the farce is reputed one of the strongest on the road and the engagement ought to be as laugh creating as "Seven Days."

Nothing seems to stop "Way Down East." November 15 the four hundredth and fiftieth performance of this tearful melodrama took place in Chicago at McVickers. It has been three or four gold mines and mints to William A. Brady. There is as much real as feigned merriment on the stage in one scene of "Way Down East." It is the second act, where Hi Holler reads his "Pickin's From Puck."

Miss Grace Hopkins, as Anna Moore, is in the scene, with Daniel Roach as Hi. The "business" calls for Hi Holler to open his book, and leaning toward Anna, speaks: "Look, Anna; look at this funny picture. This is the funniest book I ever saw." Miss Hopkins is supposed to be hilariously amused by the picture, and most frequently really is, as each night Roach provides new pictures for her view, clipping them from the comic supplement of the daily papers and inserting them. He usually makes marginal notes or changes the names of the characters in the picture, using names of members of the company and poking fun at them.

Reference to a glove as a "rag" d'amour was one of the jokes in a topical song in "The Dollar Princess" which shot over the heads of some of the auditors. A joke which no one missed referred to the con-

Reichstag Discusses Kaiser's Speech on Divine Rights

BERLIN, Nov. 25.—The Reichstag was occupied today with a discussion of the speech made by Emperor William at a provincial dinner at Koenigsberg on August 28 during his tour of eastern Germany. The varied and conflicting sentiments aroused by his remarkable utterance in denouncing a continued belief in the divine right of kings, was given full play. In his Koenigsberg speech the emperor, after saying that his grandfather had seen in himself the chosen instrument of heaven and so proclaimed that the Prussian crown was bestowed upon him by God's grace alone, intimated that the convictions of Emperor William I and his own were identical, and added: "Considering myself as the instrument of the Master, regardless of passing views and opinions, I go my way, which is solely devoted to the prosperity and peaceful development of our fatherland."

Herr Ledebour, one of the socialist leaders, Behel's most gifted lieutenants supported the socialist interpretation inquiring what the chancellor thought of the emperor having departed from his declarations made in November, 1908, through Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, concerning his majesty's position in the state. Following the emperor's famous interview two years ago, his majesty approved a statement in the Reichstag by the chancellor, who expressed "the reverential wish that greater reserve be displayed in future in making such utterances."

Herr Ledebour said there was no objection to the emperor speaking as much as he chose on all possible subjects which his Majesty might be understood.

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CORPORATION SECRET SACRED

MacVeagh Issues Ruling Which Prevents Public from Seeing Reports.

RECORDS WILL BE GUARDED

Stockholders Alone Privileged to Peruse Papers Without Special Permission—Avoid Taking of Unfair Advantage.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—Secrets of corporations and the intimate details of their business are to be safeguarded by the government under the law passed by the last session of congress, providing for filing returns with the Treasury department for the purpose of assessing federal taxes. Secretary of the Treasury MacVeagh today issued a ruling which prevents perusal of the reports by curious or those who might benefit unfairly by them. Mr. MacVeagh decrees that the records of the corporations shall be kept under guard in the department and that no outside agent of the department under any circumstances shall divulge the contents of the reports. Neither are any copies of the reports to be taken or furnished, except by the corporation making the returns. Following is the text of the secretary's ruling:

Text of Ruling. "1. The returns of every corporation shall be open to the inspection of the proper officers and employees of the Treasury department. Where access to any return is desired by an officer or employee of any other department of the government, an application for permission to inspect such return, setting out the reasons therefor, shall be made in writing signed by the head of the executive department or other government establishment which such officer or employee is employed, and transmitted to the secretary of the treasury. If, however, the return is desired to be used in any legal proceeding, or to be used in any manner from which any information contained in the return could be made public, or access to any return is desired by any officer of any state or territory of the United States, the application for permission to inspect such return shall be referred to the attorney general, and if

CHEERS FOR MISS POWELL

Omaha Teacher Extends Invitation to Convention for Next Year.

WINS MANY IN NEAT SPEECH

Principal of Long School Makes a Hit with Her Words—Congressman Orris Delivers Address on Insurgency.

(From a Staff Correspondent.) LINCOLN, Nov. 25.—(Special Telegram.)—Martha L. Powell, principal of Long school, extended the invitation of Omaha to the Nebraska Teachers' association to meet in Omaha next year in a twenty-minute speech, during which she was cheered continuously. The innovation of a woman being allowed by Lincoln to say anything about the place of meeting was such a surprise that Lincoln women cheered. Since that time she has been invited to extend the invitation to the association, may we not now ask that you also give us the recall," said Miss Powell. Her point was so well put that the remark produced a hearty round of applause.

"We have enjoyed the courtesies of Lincoln for many years. We teachers feel as if we should do something in return, and do a little entertaining ourselves. We want to feel your influence in our community and bid you a most hearty welcome. "On behalf of the educational interests of Omaha, on behalf of the mothers of Omaha, as well as for the Commercial club and citizens, I extend you the invitation. There is no argument needed. Once in four or five years you should come to the metropolis of your state to see the things we have there and in which you cannot help being interested. We will welcome you to Omaha next year. "The convention voted to give Omaha and Lincoln each twenty minutes in which to invite the teachers to visit the respective cities. Frank Hall, a local attorney, and Superintendent W. L. Stephens of the Lincoln schools spoke for Lincoln and were very much surprised to be answered by a teacher from Omaha, and a very popular woman among the teachers at that place.

GEORGE CLARK TAKES POISON

Bar tender Reported in Critical Condition at Early Hour This Morning at Residence.

George Clark, bartender in a saloon at 123 South Fourteenth street, was reported in a serious condition as the result of an overdose of morphine and whisky at 1:30 o'clock this morning. The police patrol wagon was sent out to the residence at 1504 North Seventeenth street at once. It is supposed the man intended to commit suicide.

CATARRH DESTROYED MY APPETITE.

PERUNA rarely fails to restore the appetite. Immediately upon beginning the use of Peruna patients begin to eat and digest. This is the universal testimony, coming from all parts of the civilized world. Catarrh is a very frequent cause of loss of appetite and disturbed digestion. The beneficial influence of Peruna on catarrh completely restores the appetite in such cases. To prod the digestive organs with medicines that are merely stimulants is a poor way to remedy such cases.

"I am now cured and cheerful in spirits, all through the agency of Peruna, which has cured me effectually and restored my appetite. "My only regret is that I did not use Peruna sooner and I would have avoided all my previous suffering and misery." —Mr. Joseph H. Conlan.

Removed Catarrh, Restored Appetite. Mr. Joseph H. Conlan, 487 7th Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y., writes: "I suffered from catarrh which completely destroyed my appetite and weakened my entire system. I am now cured and cheerful in spirits, all through the agency of Peruna, which has cured me effectually and restored my appetite. "My only regret is that I did not use Peruna sooner and I would have avoided all my previous suffering and misery."

Torpid Liver, Stomach Trouble. Mr. James O'Byrne, 416 Madison St., Toledo, Kas., conductor Santa Fe Railway, and member Order of Railway Conductors, writes: "I suffered with a torpid liver and stomach trouble, which made my complexion very sallow, and I felt miserable and tired all the time. "An aunt wrote me that she was taking Peruna with such good results that she advised me to try it, and I finally bought a bottle, although I disliked to take patent medicines. "However, I found Peruna very agreeable to take, and effective. I felt better in a week. I took only five bottles in all and I found that was all I needed. "I am most grateful to you for what your medicine has done for me." Dysentery Entirely Relieved. Mr. W. N. Casey, Lemington, Ill., writes: "In two weeks after beginning your treatment I was well. I used nine bottles of Peruna. My case was bowel trouble or dysentery. "I also tried Peruna for a cough, according to directions, and it exceeds any cough syrup I ever used. "I wish everyone afflicted would give Peruna a trial."

Peruna as a Tonic. Capt. R. B. Smith, Greensboro, Ga., writes: "After using several bottles of Peruna I can recommend it as one of the best catarrh medicines on the market. As a tonic it has no equal. "Peruna is all that is claimed for it." Catarrh of Stomach. Mr. Henry Neely, First Lieutenant Co. F, 86th Regiment, O. V. I., Box 623, Trenton, Mo., writes: "I suffered for years with catarrh of the stomach. Seeing an advertisement of Peruna, I bought a bottle and every dose made me feel better. Seven bottles completely cured me."

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