THE OMAHA BEE
Goes to the homes—is read by the women—sells goods for advertisers.

THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

WEATHER FORECAST.
For Nebraska—Rain or snow.
For Iowa—Unsettled.
For weather report see page 2.

VOL. XL—NO. 129. OMAHA, WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 16, 1910—TWELVE PAGES. SINGLE COPY TWO CENTS.

COUNT TOLSTOI IS REPORTED DYING

Aged Man Apparently Approaching His End—Lying in Stupor at Little Station.

FEVER CONTINUES UNABATED

Doctors Say Condition of Patient is Very Serious.

COUNTESS IS IMPROVING NOW

Pathetic Letter from Husband Restores Wife's Strength.

WANTED TO SPARE HIS FAMILY

Friends Say Tolstoi Felt Approach of Death and Disappeared from Home from Desire to Avoid Giving Pain.

TULA, Russia, Nov. 15.—The condition of both Count Leo Tolstoi and the countess are reported today as critical. The count appears to be succumbing to a fever brought on by mental distress and exposure incident to his voluntary exile from home.

Less apprehension was felt for the countess, who exhibited marked improvement following the receipt of a touching letter from her husband. It was written at Shamardino after the count had learned from his daughter Alexandra of her mother's distress.

Less encouraging news comes from Astapova. Count Tolstoi apparently is approaching his end. The fever has not abated and occasional chills are experienced. The aged man is most of the time in a stupor or delirium, when he calls out the names of old-time friends. He occupies a bed in the lodging of the railway station master and is attended by Dr. Makovetsky and another physician.

Tolstoi's condition was aggravated by the drive in the pouring rain from Shamardino to Kozelsk. Despite the weather the count insisted on starting from the monastery immediately after Alexandra brought the news that his retreat had been discovered and that newspaper correspondents were on their way to him.

Ill and Depressed.

He looked ill and depressed when he boarded the train and refused to speak to his fellow passengers. After a little he fell asleep. Dr. Makovetsky had hoped to get his charge to the home of a friend at Rostov-on-Don, where he might rest quietly until able to continue his journey to the Caucasus, but soon discovered the count was in no condition to travel.

The mind of the great Russian scarcely could have conceived a more tragic ending of two lives which have been interwoven for half a century.

Tolstoi, overcome with fatigue while attempting yesterday to continue his pilgrimage from the monastery at Shamardino to the Caucasus, where he had hoped to spend his last days in the Tolstoian colony on the shores of the Black sea, lies in a miserable hut at the railroad flag station of Astapova, at which point he was removed from the train when his physician and companion, Dr. Makovetsky, realized that a continuation of the journey would result in death. Today Dr. Makovetsky and consulting physicians declared that the condition of the aged man was most serious.

Last Sacrament for Countess.

On the Tolstoi estate at Yasnaya Pollana, less than eighty miles from Astova, the countess today received the last sacrament. When her husband disappeared last Thursday she attempted suicide. Since then one nervous crisis after another has followed. For four days she did not touch food.

Those in touch with the novelist say Tolstoi felt the approach of death and his disappearance from home was influenced by a desire to spare his family pain and the complications that might ensue regarding his funeral because of ex-communication from the Greek church.

Prince Obolenski, who first gave to the world the news that the count had abandoned his home society to seek solitude, pointed out today that Tolstoi was always deeply interested in the legend of Alexander I, who did not die when he is supposed to have done so, but passed many years as a hermit in Siberia under the name of Kusmitch.

This afternoon Countess Tolstoi astonished her physicians by a demand that she be taken to her husband. She would not listen to objections. Later in the day the party proceeded to Astapova, the countess being accompanied by two sons and a friend, Mr. Tchzertkoff.

Hoped to Escape Notice.

Tolstoi had hoped to escape notice after his departure from Yasnaya Pollana and spend a quiet week or farewell with his sister, Marie, a nun in the ancient cloister of Shamardino in the province of Kaluga, but he insisted upon leaving immediately he found his retreat had been discovered.

He drove in a carriage last evening from Shamardino to Kozelsk, accompanied by his daughter, Alexandra, and Dr. Makovetsky, in order to cover his movements, and announced he was going to Moscow, where he has a house. Later, however, the party changed cars and boarded a local train proceeding in the direction of the Caucasus.

Tolstoi with his two companions made his way to an unventilated third class compartment, crowded with peasants. The atmosphere was stifling, and he developed such a fever that Dr. Makovetsky thought it unwise to attempt to reach Dankov, the first town of any considerable size.

They left the train at Astapova, a little flag station. There is no hospital there and only a few peasant huts. The count was taken into the station building, where he remained during the night.

NEW INTERNAL REVENUE CASE

Government Will Attempt to Collect Millions of Tax on "Pomace Wine."

CINCINNATI, O., Nov. 15.—A suit involving millions of dollars in internal revenue tax is being prepared by attorneys of this city as a result of a conference held in Washington recently with United States Internal Revenue Commissioner Cable, and Sherman T. McPherson, United States attorney for the southern district of Ohio. The matter at issue is whether what is known to the liquor trade as "pomace wine" is subject to internal revenue tax.

Crops Reported to Be About Normal in Both Hemispheres

Agricultural Situation Satisfactory Throughout the World—Increased Areas Are Sown in Wheat.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Foreign crop conditions for October are reviewed by the United States Department of Agriculture as follows:

Agriculture in the northern hemisphere has in the last month been in its final autumnal phases—the sowing of winter cereals and the gathering of late maturing crops. In the temperate zone of the southern hemisphere it in the vernal season, corn planting is in progress and winter cereals in near approach to maturity are in the stages of vegetation characteristic of the latter half of spring.

From neither hemisphere is reported any widespread variation from a seasonable normal in the condition of cereal crops and to that extent the agricultural situation is satisfactory throughout the world. Good prices and other causes in the last few years have given fresh impulse to wheat cultivation and in many of the principal producing countries increased areas are spoken of having been laid down to this grain.

In Argentina it is officially confirmed, wheat will be reaped at the approaching harvest from 1,000,000 acres more than last year and indications point to an increment of probably 500,000 acres in Australia.

Throughout western and central Europe and in parts of Russia the autumn up to mid-October was dry. Difficulty and delay were widely experienced in preparing the soil for seed. Late October rains, however, relieved the situation and in all the states winter cereals though in some cases sown late, are for the most part spoken of as growing well.

The dry season was propitious for harvesting the late crops, especially for the digging of potatoes. The European yield is almost 5,000,000,000 annually—in point of bulk the most important of all food crops. The striking feature of this season's yield is the disastrous deficiency in France; a heavy shortage is also foreseen in parts of Germany.

Corn in southern Europe has been mostly gathered, and the yield as a whole will probably approach the record. Vintages in France, Spain and Italy have given poor results. In some of the important producing provinces of the same countries the olive crop is pronounced a failure and a heavy deficiency is predicted in the European output of olive oil.

Negro Suspect Taken to Asbury Park

Thomas Williams, Held in Connection with Murder of Girl, Removed to County Jail.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Nov. 15.—Following threats by a mob to lynch Thomas Williams, the negro suspected of the murder of 9-year-old Marie Smith, the prisoner was removed early today from the local jail to the county jail in Freehold. The mob had been scattered and the streets were comparatively clear.

Williams denies all knowledge of the crime and from official sources it was learned that he had apparently established a good alibi. He is being held without bail for further examination and to await the inquest.

The mutilated body of the Smith child was found in the woods near her home on Sunday and Williams, who had been missing since Wednesday last, the day the girl disappeared, was arrested Sunday evening.

FREEHOLD, N. J., Nov. 15.—Thomas Williams, the negro suspect in the Marie Smith murder case, was brought from Asbury Park today in an automobile and lodged in the county jail here. The journey was made without interruption.

"Thank God, that's all over; I sure thought they would get me," Williams exclaimed, as the doors of the jail closed behind him. The man is a nervous wreck.

JAPANESE BUDGET MADE UP

Revenues for Next Year Estimated at About Two Hundred and Seventy Million Dollars.

TOKIO, Nov. 15.—Roughly stated, the budget for 1911-12 shows the following amounts in yen, a yen being equivalent to about 50 cents in American money.

they found the big building full of

Receipts, ordinary, 491,000,000; extraordinary, 51,000,000. Expenditures, ordinary, 408,000,000; extraordinary, 134,000,000. Appropriations by departments: Civil list, 4,500,000; foreign, 4,000,000; home, 52,700,000; finance, 211,200,000; war, 99,300,000; navy, 85,100,000; judicial, 12,700,000; educational, 8,700,000; agricultural and commerce, 14,900,000; communications, 77,600,000.

QUARTER TON OF EVIDENCE

Five Hundred Pounds of Documents Filed in Oil Case at Jackson, Tenn.

JACKSON, Tenn., Nov. 15.—Five hundred pounds more of documentary evidence records of the Chicago & Eastern railroad were brought into court today to aid the government in its suit against the Standard Oil company of Indiana, charged with accepting improper rate commissions.

GUTHRIE CAPITAL OF OKLAHOMA YET

Supreme Court Decides Election on Amendment is Void Because of Defects.

NO CHANGE IN CONSTITUTION

Justices Assert Only Votes of People Are Needed.

SPECIAL SESSION TO BE CALLED

Governor Haskell Wants Legislature to Decide Location Soon.

PLANS OF COMMISSION UPSET

Decision is Surprise to Those Engaged in Laying Out New State Capitol Site at Oklahoma City.

GUTHRIE, Okl., Nov. 15.—Oklahoma City lost in the state capital fight today, when the supreme court decided that the seat of the state government must remain in Guthrie.

The court held that the election on the amendment to remove the capital to Oklahoma City was void, because of defects in the title of the ballot.

The court decided that the provision of the enabling act locating the capital at Guthrie until 1913 has only the force of a law that can be repealed by the votes of the people of the state.

The decision upset the plans of the state capital commission, now engaged in laying out a state capitol site at Oklahoma City.

All the justices concurred in the decision. The law regulating the submission of initiated questions requires that an essential question in the ballot title shall be "shall it be adopted?" meaning the entire measure. This question was omitted from the ballot title in the capital removal election and this caused the court today to declare the election void.

Provisions of Enabling Act.

By a provision of the enabling act Guthrie was to remain the capital until 1912, when, if desired, the state government could be removed to another city by an amendment to the state constitution. An amendment submitted to a popular vote early this year providing for removal to Oklahoma City carried.

Governor Haskell and other state officers immediately established the state government at Oklahoma City. A temporary injunction was soon secured, however, preventing the officials from transacting business at Oklahoma City. Then the Oklahoma City adherents appealed to the state supreme court and meantime the state offices were re-established in Guthrie, pending a final decision.

A capital fight is now on in earnest and Muskogee, Tulsa, McAlester, Ardmore, Chickasha, Pawnee, Enid, El Reno, Lawton, Guthrie and Oklahoma City will contest for the site. The decision of the supreme court has had the effect of causing the immediate resumption of all state business at Guthrie. Each department head who was ordered to move to Oklahoma City Oklahoma City by Governor Haskell today sent out all calls dated Guthrie.

The criminal court of appeals, which has been holding back opinions pending the capital decision, will hand down eighty opinions within a few days.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okl., Nov. 15.—When he heard of the supreme court's decision in the state capital controversy today, Governor Haskell announced that he would call a special session of the legislature, to convene December 2, to decide upon a permanent location for the capital.

ROBIN COOPER IS ACQUITTED

Young Man Charged with Murder of E. W. Carmack Found Not Guilty.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 15.—Robin J. Cooper, charged with the murder of former United States Senator Edward W. Carmack, November 9, 1908, was given a verdict of not guilty in the criminal court today on recommendation of Attorney General A. B. Anderson.

In striking contrast to the scenes marking the first trial of this case, when the court room was packed almost to suffocation, there were only a few persons present.

Attorney General Anderson stated that he would like to have a jury for the disposition of the case and jury No. 1 was called. The attorney general said:

The defendant and Colonel Duncan B. Cooper and John Sharp were indicted jointly for the murder of Senator Carmack. The case resulted in the acquittal of Sharp. Colonel Cooper and this defendant were found guilty of murder in the first degree. The supreme court affirmed the case of Colonel Cooper, but as to this defendant there was a reversal."

Judge A. B. Neil, then stated to the jury that in view of the statement of the attorney general and in view of the fact that no further effort had been made to prosecute the case, the jury would return a verdict of not guilty. This was accordingly done.

Minnesota Brewery Closed.

DULUTH, Minn., Nov. 15.—Owing to the federal order prohibiting liquor in territory covered by Indian treaty the brewery at Bemidji, Minn., has been closed, according to August Fitger, president of the brewing company of this city.

Every Little Bit Helps

From the Chicago Evening Post.

HOST OF DELEGATES ARRIVE

President Krotter Declares Convention Will Be Best Ever Held.

WEDNESDAY TO BE THE BIG DAY

Public is Invited to Inspect the Display at the Auditorium, Where No Charge for Admission Will Be Made.

The Mid-West Implement Dealers' association is growing rapidly, according to President William Krotter of Stuart, who opened the convention Tuesday afternoon at the Auditorium with the annual address pertaining to his office.

"Our second annual convention," said he, "brings evidence that the Mid-West association is growing. The progressive majority is increasing and by next year we trust there will be but a harmless minority of reactionaries in the ranks.

"The current issue of our official publication—the Implement Trade Journal—in its portrayal of the wonderful progress and present prosperity of the wholesale and jobbing trade of this city furnishes the retail dealers in the mid-west territory an illustration of what we may, with much less effort, achieve in the upbuilding of a strong and helpful organization in the territory which has made it possible for one firm that advertises in this Omaha convention number to illustrate 'the largest implement, wagon and vehicle distributing building in the world.'

"We are here this year, as heretofore, for mutual help and suggestions to be applied when we go home and again take up the fight. You who have not signed an application, do so today, and work with us. There is much to do that is worth while at these three short sessions. You who are members please bring one or more dealers who are not to the secretary's booth and enroll them. Let them pay their dues now while they have the money.

"The jobbers should and will get all that is left, and by the way, while there may be a few 'standpatters' among our Omaha and Council Bluffs hosts, they are a good-hearted bunch and mean us well. True, they all have to hustle for the almighty and elusive dollar each for himself, but still if you try hard you can get away two hours each day and we will do our best to make it worth your while to spend the time here for the ultimate betterment of your own business conditions."

When delegates entered the Auditorium today they found the big building full of agricultural implements of all kinds and also many vehicles and automobiles on display. The general public is invited to inspect this display.

The big day of the convention will be Wednesday. At the afternoon session E. W. McCullough of Chicago will speak and he will again be heard in the evening when the smoker is held at Creighton hall. Vaudeville will follow this second address by the president of the National Cost association. The Omaha Implement and Vehicle club is the host at this affair. Its officers are: E. A. Hatfield, president; B. L. Rees, first vice president; Robert F. Smith, second vice president; F. W. Squire, secretary, and C. C. Troxell treasurer.

Visiting implement dealers are invited to this smoker, but they must register at the implement club's headquarters in the Paxton and secure a badge which will admit them to the hall.

Last evening theater parties were the order of the night. One of the biggest was at the Orpheum, the John Deere company being host. The Auditorium was also open to the public, and a band concert was given.

High Explosives in Experiment Tests, Moniter Nearly Sunk

Monitor Puritan is Badly Damaged by Two Charges of Nitroglycerine.

FORT MONROE, Va., Nov. 15.—In an experiment to test the effect of an unconfined explosion of high explosive nitroglycerine, the monitor Puritan was badly damaged in Hampton Roads today after two charges of 200 pounds each had been exploded after its after turret and side. In a sinking condition the vessel was rushed to the Norfolk navy yard.

In the first test the armor of the after turret was badly cracked. In the second explosion, which was against the side of the ship aft, the armor plate was injured and bad leaks caused below the water line flooded at least one compartment.

Captain Austin M. Knight, president of the special board of naval ordnance, from the berth deck of the Puritan forward, manipulated the electric current which caused the two explosions. The interval between the two explosions was one hour and fifteen minutes. On board the Puritan with Captain Knight were several sailors. In this test a cat and two chickens were placed in the turret at points where the gunners would stand. The concussion from the shock outside acted largely outward. The cat and the chickens were found alive after the terrific explosion.

An attempt will be made to tow the Puritan down to the navy yard this afternoon. The explosion alongside the ship bent the armor plates and burst holes in the hull below the water line.

Municipal League Meeting in Buffalo

William Dudley Foulke is Elected President for the Ensuing Year.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 15.—Reports of officers and committees and the election of officers occupied for several hours today the attention of the members of the Municipal league attending its combined annual meet and national conference in this city.

"The most conspicuous single development," said Clinton R. Woodruff, secretary of the league, "has been the continued rapid and widespread interest in the commission form of government."

Mr. Woodruff outlined the achievements of the administration of Mayor Gaynor in Greater New York.

William Dudley Foulke of Richmond, Ind., was elected president for the ensuing year.

PINCHOT TOLD TO SEND BRIEF

President Tells Former Forester to File His Opinion.

ALASKA CASES COME UP SOON

Executive Department Will Consider Disputed Coal Claims and Brief is Requested by the First of eDcember.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—President Taft, responding to the request of Gifford Pinchot, former forester of the United States, and his brother, Amos Pinchot, for permission to submit a brief on the question of issuing patents in the Cunningham Alaskan coal land claims, has informed Mr. Pinchot that he may submit such a brief and advised him to forward it to the executive office before December 1.

Mr. Pinchot was thus informed in a letter authorized by Premuent Taft, written by the secretary to the premuent, Charles D. Norton, and made public today. The letter is in reply to a recent communication to the president from Mr. Pinchot and his brother, expressing fear that the Interior department will recommend the patenting of the Cunningham claims. Following is the text of the letter:

Text of the Letter.

"November 9, 1910.—Gentlemen: I am directed by the president to ackowledge the receipt of your letter of November 7 and to reply as follows:

"On the 1st of June last the secretary of the interior invited the attention of the president to the Cunningham coal claims, consisting of thirty-three coal entries in the Juneau land district of Alaska of approximately 160 acres each, and suggested that in view of the unusual character of these claims and in view of the public interest relating to the disposition of these claims, the president directs that no final action be taken by the general land office looking to the issuance to patents therein without first advising the president of the action contemplated. Under date of June 6, 1910, the president issued the direction recommended, and on June 6, 1910, this order was communicated to the commissioner of the general land office, and that official issued orders to his subordinates in accordance with this direction. The president further directs me to say that if you desire to submit a brief on the question of issuing these patents, you may do so and forward the same to this office. He is not advised when the evidence will be submitted to him, but he thinks it would be well if your brief were presented before the 1st of December. Very truly yours,

"CHARLES D. NORTON,
"Secretary to the President."

Mr. Pinchot's letter to President Taft and the reply of Secretary Norton constitute the only exchange of communications between the White House and the former government forester since executive action dismissing the latter.

Scare About Mexican Raid on Rock Springs, Tex., Due to Hoax

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 15.—Reports received here from Del Rio, Mexico, say everything is quiet there and there is no evidence of any movement of armed men toward Rock Springs.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, Nov. 15.—A telephone message from Sheriff Pope of Edwards county today stated that he had an armed force ready to meet any hostile movement that might be made by Mexicans. He said there were no indications of any such movement at Rock Springs, but on hearing of the reports to that effect he immediately made preparations so as to be prepared for any emergency.

"Everybody is on guard and not a Mexican is in sight," is the way he described the situation.

The sheriff at Del Rio has heard nothing of any suspicious characters and it seems evident that the report from there is a canard.

ROCK SPRINGS, Texas, Nov. 15.—As a Mexicans were marching upon this town, cowboys and ranchmen from the surrounding country, armed with rifles and revolvers, are pouring into Rock Springs this morning. The ranch people of this section are so anxious for a combat with the Mexican band that they probably will start on the march this afternoon to meet the alleged invaders.

There is considerable excitement throughout this section, although by many the report that body of armed Mexicans is headed for Rock Springs is believed unfounded. The report said 300 Mexicans collected at Las Vesacas, opposite Del Rio, Texas, yesterday and last night crossed to this side of the border with the avowed purpose of making an attack on this town and avenging the recent burning of Antonio Rodriguez.

Governor Campbell last night at the request of the sheriff of this county ordered a company of rangers commmanded by Captain John R. Hughes to proceed to Rock Springs, but they cannot reach here before tomorrow.

The armed citizens here are waiting today for news of the approach of the Mexicans.

PRICE OF LIVING MOVES DOWNWARD

Notable Decrease is Announced in the Cost of Household Supplies.

EASY TO STOCK THE LARDER NOW

Meat Takes Sharp Tumble Throughout the Country.

EGGS AND POULTRY GOING LOWER

Bumper Corn Crop of West is a Big Factor.

BACON NO LONGER LIKE GEMS

Even Thanksgiving Turkeys Are Obtainable at Prices Less Than Those of Last Year—Whole Country is Affected.

	Former Price.	Present Price.
No. 1 hams	17½@17½	15
Pork roasts	17½	15
Veal chops	12@17	10
Veal roasts	10	7
Mutton roasts	7½	5
Mutton legs	7½@10	6@6½
Mutton stew	5@7	3½
Bacon	30@40	18@30
Sirloin steak	18@22	15@17½
Round steak	17½	15
Shoulder	12½	10
Porterhouse	28	25

Meat is cheaper in Omaha now than for some time past, as is shown by the foregoing quotations from local retail markets. A considerable decline in all fresh meats is reported from the local packing houses. This decline is proportionate with the conditions reported from many points in the country. The falling of prices in New York is reported unusual. The lowering of prices in Omaha began gently several days ago, and the first two days of this week brought a much sharper decline.

"The local meat values have been declining for the last ninety days," said E. A. Cudahy, sr., Tuesday morning. The fall has been about 10 per cent during the last thirty days, and the drop during the last several days has been unusually sudden."

Mr. Cudahy declared the retail dealers would be forced to respond immediately with a lowering of their scale on fresh meats, but that possibly the cured meats would not respond on the retail market to the reduction for sixty days. The packing house prices on fresh pork have declined from 15 to 13 cents in a few days.

The price of fattened hogs dropped 15 cents of the hundred pounds in South Omaha Monday, and while that rather startling tumble was still the reigning topic of comment in and about the stock yards, there came Tuesday a drop of 19 cents on the hundred pounds.

One of the causes of the drop in price of meats is the abundant corn crop produced throughout the "middle west" this year. Corn is from 10 to 15 cents lower on the bushel than it was last year and this lowering of price has a tendency to make the farmers utilize their corn for fattening hogs, cattle and sheep, rather than to sell it in bulk.

Joy to Housewives.

Associated Press dispatches Tuesday brought joyous news to householders from all over the country. Even though Thanksgiving is near at hand, when the demand for turkeys is greater than at any other time during the year, Denver reports the festive bird 5 cents a pounds cheaper than last year. Chickens are also from 2 to 3 cents a pound lower in the Colorado metropolis.

Cincinnati comes to the front with a story of cheaper bacon, but the decline is slight, being only 5 cents on the 100 pounds.

Milwaukee reports that potatoes are 30 cents a bushel lower than they were at this time last year, and there is also a marked decline in poultry. The drop in beef, pork and mutton has not yet reached Milwaukee.

St. Joseph announces a reduction of 2½ cents per pound in the price of pork, but other meats remain unchanged.

Kansas City has a decline in lard and also a slight slump in the price of the cheaper grades of beef.

M. Reum, proprietor of the meat department in Hayden's, said: "There has been a downward tendency for several days, and since last Saturday the decline has come with a rush. Here in our store we never did sell bacon as high as 40 cents a pound, but we had to charge up into the thirties in order to come out even, and bacon probably will remain rather high for some time yet. However, on most of meat stuffs the housekeeper may look for a big drop—in fact, the drop is already here, and will probably not go very much lower, although a thing once started moves of its own momentum. As to the price of Thanksgiving turkeys, I am not yet prepared to talk. We have a large shipment coming in and will know more about the price when we see the goods. Turkeys, however, will probably cost less than last year."

Lower in New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—Reports from various parts of the country, indicating a fall in the price of meats, are reflected by similar reports from local dealers. They say the decline has already begun, the wholesale price of beef having gone off on an average of ¾ of a cent in the last week.

One of the leading dealers said sirloin steak that had brought 28 cents a pound was now selling at 22 cents, and porterhouse was down 3 cents a pound, selling at 25 cents, whereas it had brought 28 cents.

Fresh pork products, however, show the greatest drop, the market dealers selling cuts for roasting at 18 cents a pound that have within a short time been bringing 22 cents.

Lard is down 2 cents a pound, the price yesterday being 18 cents. The best grades of ham and bacon, on the contrary, show hardly any change. This is accounted for by the length of time it takes in curing. The dealers say the stocks of cured meats are very light, and it will naturally be some time before the increased production of hogs offsets this condition.

The market men attribute the relief from high prices to the enormous corn crop and the consequent low price of the cereal. Low prices of feed combined with the past high prices of pork, they say, have resulted, as was expected in an increased raising of hogs.

Cheaper Cuts Not Affected.

CHICAGO, Nov. 15.—The prices of beef and pork are falling. Within the last week the price of beef has been reduced between 4 and 5 cents a pound by meat packers.

The price of pork has declined about 3 cents from the price of 18 and 20 cents a

Pity Omaha Millionaires Who Have No Place to Eat

Pity the homeless!

In this hospitable town there are several dozen millionaires, near millionaires and will-be millionaires who wander upon the face of the earth calling loudly for a place to eat and a friendly hearth before which to sit and smoke two-for-fifty Havanas. Nostalgia is rife among the upper classes.

The difficulty lies in the fact that the Omaha club, which is usually the Mecca for the men who prefer to eat well rather than otherwise, is closed for repairs and probably will remain so until the first week of December.

It was begun in early September and the grumbling members were turned out into the cold with the expectation of being homeless for a week or two. Weeks have lengthened into months, and now it seems to some of them that the years are long when a man is exiled from his own hearthside.

C. W. Hull, who is chairman of the committee in charge of the repairs, declares that it is only impatience that is making the members complain and that when it is all done the magnificence of the change will satisfy them all.

The alterations are extensive enough to be worth waiting for," says Mr. Hull, "and members who are well informed are not making any complaint. We are accommodating all of the members who have rooms in the club and their servants, and are serving them with a light breakfast. For the rest of it everybody will have to wait until after December 1."

Look them over.
You will find what you wish.

The Bee has a nice list of comfortable rooms today not found in any other paper.

Look them over.

They will be rented quickly.

If you do not find what you want, call Tyler 1000 and say what you wish and you will hear from reliable landladies at once.