

# Monday's Special Events at Brandeis Stores

See Brandeis Stores  
Big Ad on Page 8, News  
Section.

**BRANDEIS**  
STORES  
OMAHA

THEODORE BROADCLOTH.  
Just arrived, famous chiffon  
broadcloth, soft and lustrous  
as velvet. A beautiful range  
of colors. A \$2.50  
value, at, yard ..... **\$1.50**



Women's 2-clasp French Kid  
Gloves—Paris point or heavy  
embroidered backs—all the  
newest shades gray, green,  
blue, tau, mode, catwabs,  
black and white, pair **\$1.75**

**BRANDEIS**  
STORES  
OMAHA

Women's one and two-clasp  
French Lambkin and Mocha  
Gloves—black, gray, tan, blue,  
green and white. Fitted if  
desired, at, per pair **\$.125**

## New Arrivals Fine Silks Specially Priced

Beautiful chiffon dress taffeta, a very fine new lot just arrived—in all the plain colors, including white, cream, dainty evening shades, street and dress shades.  
Actually worth up to 85c yard, at, yard. .... **49c**

## 36-in. Messaline at \$1 a Yard

Our \$1.39 dress messaline in all shades for both street and evening wear—full one yard wide—Monday, at, **\$1**

## Two Special Groups of Silks

Persians, plaids, plain and fancy messalines and taffetas, plain and fancy crepe de chine, spot proof foulards, 85c **69c-79c** to \$1.25 values, yd.

## Fine 54-in. All Wool Novelty Suitings, 79c Yard

Consisting of fine homespuns, worsteds, chiffon cloths, etc., in an excellent range of styles and colors—a good \$1.50 value, at, yard. .... **79c**

## High Grade Imported Wool Suitings at \$1.00 a Yard

We have taken all our fine suitings, comprising this season's latest importations, all newest shades and designs, and have grouped them in one great lot—values up to \$2.50 a yard; at, yard. .... **\$1**

## Special Offer—Your Choice Any Woman's Hat In Our Entire Stock That Has Been Selling for More Than \$5 At Exactly Half Price

We expect throngs of women Monday to take advantage of this offer. All our exquisite imported French models—all our stunning evening and dress hats, plume hats—original New York models, etc., every fall and winter style.  
**ALL AT JUST 1/2 PRICE**

## Fancy Trimming Laces

### Specially Priced

Silk embroidered bands, appliques, 18-inch silk embroidered all overs, oriental and crochet allovers, etc.—black, white and colors, many worth \$2.00 a yard—big bargain squart at, yard. .... **98c**

One of the most remarkable groups of beautiful laces we have ever shown at Brandeis Stores.

## Fancy Silk Embroidered Bands, Crochet and Venice Appliques, Medallions, Festoons and Insertions, special at 25c—White, black and colors, also Persian effects. A most extraordinary bargain lot—bargain square at, yard. .... **25c**

## Brandeis Sells the Famous Munsing Underwear

Women's, misses' and children's vests, pants and union suits, in fine ribbed cotton, fleecy lined, part wool and all wool. We show the complete range of Munsing wear styles. The perfect fitting and most serviceable underwear made, at, **49c, 98c, \$1.50, \$1.98 and \$2.98 a Garment**

Brandeis Stores show the most complete assortment of fine hosiery to be found in Omaha. We specialize in silk hosiery for women and men and our prices are much lower than anywhere else in Omaha.

## Great Sale of Table Linens

10 pieces all pure linen table damask, fine silver bleached, 49c quality, at, yard. .... **49c**

1,000 yards extra heavy fine satin finish table damask—warranted all pure linen, \$1.00 value, at, per yard. .... **69c**

Odd sample line of linen napkins, full bleached, large size, worth up to \$3.00 a dozen, half dozen. .... **89c**

50c quality fine 15-inch guest toweling—each good pattern, at, per yard. .... **39c**

200 round thread German Linen Pattern Cloths, 2-2 yds., worth \$2.25, at, each. .... **\$1.69**

Odd lot of fine bleached Austrian Linen Table Cloths, in 3-yard lengths only—worth \$5. .... **\$3.89**

Flemish Linen Dinner and Banquet Cloths, highest grade linen damask made—worth up to \$6.98 to \$20, at, each. .... **\$6.98**

Extra large Turkish Bath Sheets, worth \$1.00, will go at, each. .... **49c**

All our finest grade Huck Towels, worth up to \$1.50, will go, at, each. .... **89c**

## Fine French China Hand Decorated Plates, 48c

A chance of a lifetime to buy beautiful French and Austrian China Plates at less than half their value. Exquisitely decorated plates, at, each. .... **48c**

## Swedish China Dinner Sets—Our regular price is \$100, this sale at. .... \$59

Cut Glass Salt and Peppers—With china tops, something new and sanitary, easy to clean, at, each. .... **50c**

ON SALE IN OUR CHINA DEPT.—WEST ARCADE.

## Special Offers in Drapery Department

Single Lace Curtains—Worth up to \$3.00 pair, at, each. .... **49c**

Scrim Curtains—trimmed with imported antique lace. These curtains are worth up to \$12 a pair, at, pair **\$7.50 and \$7.98**

Duchess Curtains—50 inches wide, with edge patterns—very new—special for Monday, pair **\$4.50**

Very fine Scotch Nottingham Curtains—Most stores get \$7 pair—special for Monday, pair **\$4.98**

Swiss Curtains—very fine grade, full size, Monday, pair. .... **75c**

Couch Covers—\$0 inches wide—extra heavy—\$3 values, Monday each, at. .... **\$1.98**

Portieres—We show an endless variety in imported French velour, silk and linen velour and tapestry and damask, plain and figured armures, at, per pair—**\$4.98, \$5.98, \$8, \$13, \$16.50 and \$37.50**

Our first shipment for the holidays of cretonne, denim, burlap, airtex and felt, also plain and fancy scrim are now being shown.

We are exclusive Omaha agents for English waterproof shade cloth.

## A Newer, Greater Department Devoted to the Sale of

# EDISON and VICTOR

### Phonographs and Talking Machines

We invite you to visit our attractive and completely equipped department in the Pompeian Room. An entirely new arrangement makes it a delightful place to spend a half hour.

Hear the **VICTROLA** Hear it at its best in a room especially designed to bring out its marvelous range of tonal beauty.

## NEW RECORDS

Played for you at any time. The news is read by the Edison and VICTOR makers

in the Pompeian Room

## Wonderful Bargains in the Basement

Persian Pattern Cotton Challis—From the bolt—special Monday, **3 1/2c** per yard

32c Fruit of the Loom Bleached Sheeting—2 1/4 yards wide—extra special, yard. .... **23c**

22c Bleached Atlantic Pillow Tubing—45 inches wide, special, at, per yard. .... **15c**

The largest assortment of very best outing flannels, new fancy patterns, as well as stripes and checks, yd. .... **8 1/2c**

Shepherd Check and Pretty Plaid DOUBLE FOLD COTTON SUITING That looks like the wool fabrics from the bolt, Monday, per yard. .... **5c**

Very High Cost **MERCERIZED POPLINS** For dresses, waists, etc.—all the colors and white. 25c would be a very low price on such desirable lengths, at, per yard. .... **12 1/2c**

Fancy 12 1/2c DRESS GINGHAMS, Made to sell at 10c yd., price. .... **5c**

Flannel Bordered SKIRTING Made to sell at 10c yd., price. .... **5c**

Apron Gingham—Same weight as Amoskeag, also fancy dress gingham; on bargain square, from the bolt, at, yard. .... **5c**

Bookfold Dress Percales Light and dark styles—the 12 1/2c kind, Monday, yard. .... **7 1/2c**

Various grades yard-wide Bleached Muslin—Many equal to Fruit of the Loom and Lonsdale—perfect mill lengths, yard. .... **5c**

From the bolt we will sell fancy Robe Prints for making comforters, at, yard. .... **3 1/2c**

## Important Sale of Hair Goods

On Second Floor—in Pompeian Room.

We will continue tomorrow and this week the greatest sale of standard hair goods that has ever been held in Omaha. It will be the greatest because it involves a spot cash purchase of magnitude from a large New York importer and manufacturer at a fraction of the cost to make.

16 and 18-inch Switches. .... **69c**  
20 and 22-inch Switches. .... **\$1.50**  
24 and 36-inch Switches. .... **\$3.98**  
28-inch Natural Wavy Switches—12 values—while they last. .... **\$6.98**

Real Hair Nets, 25c values—two for. .... **25c**  
Extra Large Nets—two for. .... **5c**  
Cluster of Curis—nine in set. .... **98c**

Visit our Sanitary Beauty Shop in Pompeian Room. Appointments made by phone.

## STORY OF TRAGEDY RETOLD

### Fatal Mistake of Prophet of the Red Men's Messiah.

### SITTING BULL'S TAKING OFF

Events leading up to the Last Stand of the Hostile Sioux Indians Twenty Years Ago.

The arrest and death of Sitting Bull is the most dramatic event in the history of the Sioux. As the last effort of a dying race to throw off the yoke of civilization, the episode must stand unique in the history of the conflict between the red and white. It occurred so near the close of the nineteenth century, when the government had made such rapid strides toward the development of the west, that an Indian war was deemed improbable. The time was mid-winter, the year, 1890. There had been a good deal of agitation among the Sioux, due to the reported coming of an Indian messiah who was to exterminate the white man and restore to the Indians the country over which they had once roamed. Sitting Bull was his prophet.

That subtle schemer and cunning rustic man who had gradually lost prestige and influence among his people, was clever enough to see in the messiah craze an opportunity to regain his former authority. So he announced his belief in the red messiah, and set to work to arouse in his followers an enthusiasm that might spur them into action against the whites. It was he who devised the ghost dance—a mixture of mysticism and fanaticism—in which his adherents were excited to a condition of mad frenzy. From the time of the first ghost dance to the final tragedy at Wounded Knee, events followed one another so rapidly as a series of pictures are interlocked upon a screen.

On a wind-swept plain above the Missouri river and far across the Dakota prairie, Uncle Sam placed a government post nearly two decades ago for the protection of white settlers and travelers. It was named Fort Yates, presumably in memory of Captain Yates, killed in the battle of the Little Big Horn in 1876. The post is fifty-eight miles south of Mandan, and can be reached in nine hours by army ambulance with four good horses. Two years ago scarcely a house was seen after leaving Fort Lincoln, seven miles south of Mandan, until within three miles of Fort Yates, where the road wound through a small Indian village.

News Had Been Feasible.

At the post gate is the Standing Rock agency, which receives its name from an upright rock that the Indians believe is a petrified squaw. This agency is the supply station of the government for the

## Chinese Funeral in Omaha

SCENE ON CUMING STREET LAST SUNDAY.

weeks, during which time the frenzy of the Indians increased, and when the child died the madness spread to other tribes. The Sioux nation was demoralized. The army women and children were no longer allowed to walk outside the garrison. The government, fearing trouble, instructed Colonel Drum to arrest Sitting Bull at any hazard. This was not an easy task. The medicine man lived near the banks of the Grand river, forty-five miles south of the Standing Rock agency. Once the troops were on the march Colonel Drum knew that Sitting Bull would be off in a moment to some other tribe, as he had spies who closely watched every movement of the soldiers. At this critical time Colonel Cody (Buffalo Bill) arrived at the post with an order from General Miles, then division commander, to go to Sitting Bull's camp, urge him to cease dancing, abandon the messiah movement, and temporarily leave his people. The gallant Cody was in what one of the correspondents at the camp when he arrived at the post, and insisted on sailing forth at once on his difficult and dangerous mission. Colonel Drum knew that the worthy colonel ought not to leave the fort alone on such an errand, and he dispatched a telegram to Washington. In due time a message was received from the War department temporarily forbidding Buffalo Bill from carrying out his dangerous orders, and the colonel returned to Chicago. It was fortunate that Colonel Cody did not carry out the instructions from General Miles, for in all probability he would have been killed by the frenzied ghost dancers.

How to detach Sitting Bull from his people without precipitating a revolt was the all-important problem. On December 13, 1890, the military order was issued for the arrest of Sitting Bull. Colonel Drum was instructed to call upon Major McLaughlin, the Indian agent, for assistance and co-operation in the matter. On consultation between the commandant and the post described as an "exalted state of mind" when he arrived at the post, and decided to make the arrest on December 16, when most of the Indians would be at the agency for rations, and there would be less danger of a conflict at the camp.

On the 14th, however, late Sunday afternoon, a courier came from Grand river with a message from a Mr. Caspary, a teacher in an Indian school, stating, on information given by the Indian police, that an invitation had just come from Pine Ridge to Sitting Bull, asking him to come there, as God was about to appear. Sitting Bull was determined to go, and sent a request to the agent for permission; but, in the meantime, he had completed preparations to go anyhow, in case permission was refused. He had his horse ready for a long, hard ride, and the Indian police entrusted with the detail of keeping an espionage over the old medicine man requested to be allowed to arrest him at once, as it would be a difficult matter to overtake him after he had once started for Pine Ridge.

It was necessary to act immediately, and

arrangements were made between Colonel Drum and Agent McLaughlin to attempt the arrest at daylight the next morning, December 15. The arrest was to be made by the Indian police, assisted, if necessary, by a detachment of troops, who were to follow within supporting distance. There were already twenty-eight police, under command of Lieutenant Bull Head, in the immediate vicinity of Sitting Bull's camp, and couriers were at once dispatched to these and to others in that direction to concentrate at Sitting Bull's cabin, ready to make the arrest in the morning. It was then sundown, but with loyal promptness, the police mounted their ponies, and by riding all night from one station to another, assembled before daylight a force of forty-three trained and determined Indian policemen at the rendezvous on Grand river. In the meantime, members of Troops F and G of the Eighth cavalry, numbering 100 men, under command of Captain E. G. Feschet, and having with them a Hotchkiss breech-loading steel rifle and a galling gun, left Fort Yates at midnight, guided by a celebrated scout, Louis Primeau, and by a rapid night march, arrived within supporting distance before daylight near Sitting Bull's camp.

Just as the sun was breaking through the purple barrier of the eastern horizon, on the morning of December 15, 1890, the police, forty-three in number, under command of Lieutenant Bull Head—cool, intrepid, and reliable—surrounded Sitting Bull's camp. Bull Head and Red Tomahawk entered the cabin and found the famous medicine man asleep on the floor. He was aroused and informed that he was a prisoner and must go to the agency. He made no objection. He then sent one of his wives for some clothes and asked to have his favorite horse saddled, which was done by one of the police. But while dressing he apparently changed his mind, and began abusing the police for disturbing him.

### Hand to Hand Struggle.

While this was going on inside, Sitting Bull's followers, to the number of 150, were congregating about the house outside, and by the time he was dressed, the entire village of Indians had the police entirely surrounded. On being brought out, Sitting Bull became greatly excited and refused to go to the agency, and called on his followers to rescue him. Lieutenant Bull Head and Sergeant Shave Head were standing on either side of him, with Second Sergeant Red Tomahawk guarding behind, while the rest of the police were trying to clear the way in front. One of Sitting Bull's followers, Catch-the-Bear, dashed to the front, leveled his rifle, and fired. The bullet struck Bull Head in the side. Bull Head, mortally wounded, turned and sent a bullet into the body of Sitting Bull, who was also shot through the head, at the same moment, by Red Tomahawk. Shave Head was shot by one of the hostiles and fell to the ground with Bull Head and Sitting Bull. Catch-the-Bear, who fired the first shot, was immediately shot

and killed by Alone Man, one of the police, and then followed a desperate hand-to-hand fight of forty men against nearly four times their number. The disciplined police soon drove the ghost dancers into the timber near by, returned and carried their dead and wounded into the cabin, and held it for two hours, until the arrival of Captain Feschet. The troops had been notified of the perilous situation of the police by Hawk Man, a noted Indian scout who had volunteered to carry the information from Sitting Bull's camp. He succeeded in getting away, although so closely pursued that several bullets passed through his clothing.

### Short but Serious.

When the cavalry came in sight over a hill, about 1,500 yards distant from the camp, the police in the corral raised a white flag to show where they were, but the troops, mistaking them for hostiles, fired two shells at them from the Hotchkiss, when Sergeant Red Tomahawk, who had taken command after the wounding of his superior officer, paraded his men in line and then rode alone with a white flag to meet the troops. On the approach of the soldiers, Sitting Bull's warriors scattered over the prairie toward Cheyenne creek and Cheyenne river. Captain Feschet did not pursue them.

The fight at the cabin was short, but serious. Six policemen were killed, including the officers—Bull Head and Shave Head. The hostiles lost eight killed, including Sitting Bull and his son Crow Foot, seventeen years old, and three mortally wounded. In the light the Indian women of Sitting Bull's family attacked the police with knives and clubs, but notwithstanding the excitement, the police simply disarmed them and put them in the house under guard.

Thus died Taha-ne-iyota-ne, Sitting Bull, the greatest medicine man of the Sioux.

General Miles, who knew him well, has said:

"His tragic fate was but the end of a tragic life. Since the days of Pontiac, Tecumseh and Red Jacket, no Indian has had the power of attracting to him so large a following of his race and of maintaining and wielding it against the white race and civilization."

The body of the red prophet who had made his last medicine was buried somewhere on the Standing Rock reservation, and a fortnight later the campaign of the ghost dancers culminated in the sanguinary encounter at Wounded Knee—southern Workman.

### Agriculture Taught in Schools.

Mr. John Curran of St. Louis, president of the Woman's Missouri Development association, is working hard to have the 13,000,000 acres of uncultivated fertile land in her state brought into cultivation. One of the means by which she hopes to accomplish this is by having agriculture, at least the rudiments, taught in the public schools. The association is offering prizes to school children under 16 for the best essay on "Missouri and Her Resources."