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SINGLE COPY TWO CENTS.

HITCHCOCK  
TO BARTLEYEdgar Howard Supports  
His Charges by Pro-  
ducing Photographs  
of Letters.

## CONTENTS OF CIGAR BOX

Famous Receipts is Opened  
Long Enough to Disclose  
Startling Facts.

## MADE APPLICATION FOR LOAN

Letter Written by Democratic Nom-  
inee for U. S. Senator.

## PROOF OFFERED OF ACCUSATION

Editor Howard Performs What He  
Deems His Duty to Public in  
Exposing Hitchcock's Con-  
nection with Bartley.

"Mr. Howard, you have made the assertion publicly that the democratic nominee for United States senator, G. M. Hitchcock, ought to withdraw from the race because he was a beneficiary of the Bartley embezzlement. In the same way that a former candidate for a state office on the republican ticket was, who withdrew in response to a general demand in which the World-Herald, Mr. Hitchcock's paper, joined and you say you have the evidence to support your charges. As this is a matter affecting public interests and a subject on which the voters of Nebraska have a right to be fully informed, The Bee asks you to give details of the transactions on which your charges are based along with exhibits which may tend to corroborate them. We ask that you give it to the public now sufficiently in advance of the election that the accused may answer and offer any explanation he may have in mitigation or self-defense so the voters may form their judgment with knowledge of all the facts."

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

COLUMBUS, Neb., Oct. 14.—(Special.)—Requested by The Bee to make public any evidence or exhibits he might have in substantiation of his charge that Gilbert M. Hitchcock, democratic candidate for United States senator, had been a beneficiary of the State Treasurer Joseph S. Bartley defalcation, Edgar Howard, editor of the Columbus Telegram, has opened the famous Bartley "Cigar Box," and a portion of its contents is for the first time made public.

Mr. Howard has in his possession, which he exhibited to a reporter for The Bee, photographs of many letters and telegrams which passed between Mr. Hitchcock and Mr. Bartley, several of which he gave out for publication. These exhibits tell of Mr. Hitchcock's application for loans of various amounts; of his request to have payments deferred; of proposed meetings between Bartley and Hitchcock. The records in the possession of Mr. Howard contain references to other parties, but these persons, said Judge Howard, need have no fear that their names will be made public.

"Evidence that I have of others who were connected with Mr. Bartley and Mr. Hitchcock is very slight," he said. "and affects only two or three very wealthy men. Unless it becomes necessary for the benefit of the state their names will not be divulged. My lips shall be sealed forever."

**Demands Hitchcock's Withdrawal.**  
Through his newspaper Judge Howard has made a request of the democratic state committee to insist upon the withdrawal of Mr. Hitchcock and to the committee he has submitted an engraving of one of the Hitchcock letters, here reproduced.

Judge Howard first made his charge against Mr. Hitchcock some four weeks ago, after having fought his nomination before the primary. Since the first appearance of his charges he has been the subject of many newspaper articles, some commending him, while a large number of editors of his own political faith have denounced him severely. Mr. Hitchcock answered the charge by calling Howard a liar through his paper and by a denunciation of his private life.

Judge Howard exhibited genuine reluctance in giving out to the public the evidence he has accumulated to substantiate his charges. He said:

"In all my experience as a newspaper man and an active worker in party politics for twenty-six years this is the first time that I have been unable to support a democratic nominee. There have been times when the nominee did not suit me, but never when I could

## One of the Tell-Tale Letters.

THE  
WORLD-HERALD.

Omaha, Neb., May 30, 1895.

Hon. Jos. S. Bartley,

State Treasurer, Lincoln, Neb.

Dear Sir:

Referring to conversation with you I beg to say that I would like to make out now notes as follows:

One due September 1.	\$800
One due October 1.	100
One due November 1.	100
One due December 1.	100
One due January 1, 1896.	600

The latter I might ask to have extended in part. The others will be paid at maturity with interest. Will of course pay the interest on present note.

Very truly yours,

G. M. Hitchcock

HITCHCOCK'S APPLICATION TO BARTLEY TO RENEW LOAN.

not conscientiously work for his election. In this instance, having in my possession proof that Mr. Hitchcock was a participant in the defalcation of the state treasurer, I cannot give him my support.

**Duty to the Public.**  
"I dislike to give publicity to the facts which I have, but there is no other course open for me. I asked Mr. Hitchcock to withdraw from the ticket and permit the democratic state committee to nominate one in his place against whom no such charge could be made. But he refused. Again I asked that he stop aside and were I to hesitate now I would not be worthy of the trust I hold as the editor of a country newspaper. To those friends who believe in me and who have demanded of me nothing further than my word in this case, I feel that I owe something more. It is my duty to justify their faith. To all the people of the state who have not had the opportunity to learn of the participation of the democratic nominee for senator in the Bartley shortage I feel that it is my duty to give them an opportunity to know the facts which I know."

**Bartley Not Chief Offender.**  
"It is with genuine sorrow that I now give out for publication even these few exhibits which show the financial relationship of G. M. Hitchcock and Joseph S. Bartley. I have nothing against Mr. Hitchcock personally and I would have spared him this humiliation were it possible, but it is not. Neither do I seek to drag from the tomb of oblivion any skeleton which might by any man be regarded as a desire on my part to fan into new blaze the flame of an unkind sentiment against Joseph S. Bartley. I have often written in denunciation of his conduct as state treasurer, but I never did and do not now regard him as the chief offender in that unfortunate matter. He was the victim of a system. He was a trusting man. He believed in his friends and believed in them without limit. In loaning the public money he simply followed a system which had prevailed through the years in that office. He was unable to turn over to his successor the public moneys of the state, because, and only because, the men to whom he had loaned the money were unable or unwilling to make good the amount of their borrowings."

**Follows a Precedent.**  
In requesting the withdrawal of Mr. Hitchcock Judge Howard not only believes that he has done his duty as a citizen, but also that he is following a precedent, which the democratic senatorial candidate helped to establish, when he assisted in creating public sentiment which caused a republican candidate, in the position now occupied by Mr. Hitchcock, through Judge Howard's activity, to withdraw his name from the ticket. In his public request Judge Howard called the attention of the democratic candidate to this fact, and he also has referred to the conviction of a banker on a charge of borrowing money from the state treasurer.

In securing his documentary evidence Judge Howard was compelled to go into other states and to do considerable traveling over Nebraska, and he steadfastly refused to make any part of it public until he had secured sufficient exhibits to convince himself and on his belief, the public, that his charges were true in every particular.

**Document is Very Plain.**  
Judge Howard gave out the photographic copy of the letter in reference to the \$1,000 loan, or application for the loan, because he said it was simple and plain, and no man could read it without being convinced that he had substantiated his charge.

"I have many other documents which also substantiate my charges," said Judge Howard, "but those where

the larger amounts are involved are not so clear. In fact, I have a complete chain of evidence which trace the transactions completely."

Judge Howard produced almost a score of these photographic records and he was particular to cite the fact that a great majority of them were to Joseph S. Bartley, "state treasurer," and not to Joseph S. Bartley as an individual.

In his paper Judge Howard published today an editorial requesting the state committee to withdraw Mr. Hitchcock from the ticket. With the editorial he published a facsimile of one of the Hitchcock letters requesting a loan from State Treasurer Bartley. The editorial is as follows:

**A Duty Performed.**  
Four weeks ago I publicly called attention to the fact that the democratic nominee for United States senator, Mr. G. M. Hitchcock, was unworthy a place upon our ticket, not because of anything connected with his private life, but wholly because of his participation in a great wrong committed against the people of our state. In view of the highest record of participation in the disappearance of more than \$400,000 of the people's money from the state treasury while Joseph S. Bartley was state treasurer, I felt that it would not be right for the democrats of Nebraska to reward a beneficiary of the state treasury shortage by giving him the highest office within the gift of the party. Accordingly I asked Mr. Hitchcock to place his declination in the hands of the state committee at an early day, in order that the committee might have ample time to nominate in his place some democrat who was in no manner mixed up with the shortage in the state treasury.

For reply to my request that he withdraw from the ticket Mr. Hitchcock violently denounced me and publicly declared that he had never had a part nor share in the treasury defalcation. That placed me in an attitude where it became necessary for me to submit to the state committee and to the people of Nebraska some proof so plain that no child, no juror, no jurist learned in the law, could be for one instant in doubt regarding the guilt or innocence of Mr. Hitchcock.

In my duty as a newspaper editor I have gathered together a chain of positive evidence which must convince even the closest friend of Mr. Hitchcock that he did dip his hand into the state treasury, and he withdrew therefrom from the pockets of the taxpayers of the state.

I do not have room in my little paper to reproduce all of the many evidences of certain guilt of Mr. Hitchcock, nor could I afford the expense of having the many exhibits engraved, even if my paper were large enough to contain all of them. Above these lines you will find a photographic reproduction of a letter written by Mr. Hitchcock to Mr. Bartley. I shall offer no comment upon that letter. It needs none.

And now, gentlemen of the committee, you are face to face with a superior duty toward your party and your state. If the charge which I have made against Mr. Hitchcock is not true then I deserve to be sent to the penitentiary. If my charge is true, as shown by the evidence, then Mr. Hitchcock does not deserve, and should not hold a place upon our ticket, and you should immediately ask for his resignation. It is not too late to elect a democratic senator in this state. Take down the name of Mr. Hitchcock and put upon the ticket the name of some one of the hundreds of excellent men of democratic faith in Nebraska, and the people will put upon you and upon the democrat whom you may name for the vacancy the certain seal of approval at the polls.

In selecting for publication but one exhibit of Mr. Hitchcock's dealings with State Treasurer Bartley it was deemed best to present an exhibit dealing with a small loan of only \$1,000, because the evidence with reference to this particular loan is more clear and plain than with reference to some of his larger borrowings. I am glad that I have been able to lay this plain evidence before the committee. Had I not been able to give you this positive evidence, then I must have stood forever as a dastard in your view. And yet I shall not write one line of exaltation or commendation of Mr. Hitchcock. It is true that he did not spare me. It is true that he has written some articles which would hurt the hearts of my wife and children, were it not that they believe in me. It is true that he has advertised me to all the world as a liar. It is true that he has denied all participation in the Bartley shortage. Is he still worthy a place upon the democratic ticket? Gentlemen of the committee, look once again at the engraving above these lines. Read it carefully. You owe a duty to your political party and to your state. I believe you will be brave enough to perform your duty. I believe you will ask Mr. Hitchcock to withdraw from the ticket. Yours,  
EDGAR HOWARD.

## CHARGED

Colonel Roosevelt Denounces the New  
York State Democracy.

## TAKES A SHOT AT TAMMANY HALL

Declares that if Dix Should Be  
Elected Governor He Would Be  
Powerless in the Hands of  
His Masters.

DUNKIRK, N. Y., Oct. 14.—"Wall street and Tammany Hall have struck hands," said Theodore Roosevelt when he opened his campaign for the republican state ticket here today.

Speaking in Washington park, Colonel Roosevelt denounced the New York state democracy with all the emphasis which he could command.

"We are fighting for the rule of the people against the most shameful combination of crooked politics and crooked financiers our state has seen since Tweed was driven from power," he declared. John A. Dix, democratic candidate for governor, he dismissed with a few words as the "representative and unimportant figurehead of Tammany Hall" to elect governor, he said. Wall street was doing all in its power because it knew him and the people did not. "If elected he would be utterly powerless in the grip of his masters," said the speaker. "The delegates to the convention represent nobody, not even themselves," he shouted. "Mr. Murphy was everything."

After speaking in Dunkirk Colonel Roosevelt departed for Jamestown, where he is to deliver his second speech.

**To Outline Campaign.**  
CLEVELAND, O., Oct. 14.—On his way to New York to begin his campaign for the republican ticket Theodore Roosevelt passed through Cleveland early today. His train stopped here half an hour, but Colonel Roosevelt remained in his stateroom.

Colonel Roosevelt is to put in a hard day of campaigning in New York state, seven speeches having been arranged for him by the republican state committee. His first one is to be delivered at Dunkirk. He will also speak at Jamestown, Salamanca, Wellsville, Hornell, Corning and Elmira. Leaving Elmira late tonight, he will reach New York tomorrow morning. On his arrival Colonel Roosevelt will meet several members of the state committee and outline with them a plan for his other campaign speeches in the state. He expects to cover the state as thoroughly as he can without making too great demands on his strength and is planning a fight which will make the campaign a lively one. He spent the time on his train last night in preparing his opening speech in Dunkirk and it is expected that in it he will make an onslaught on the democratic party of New York, which he characterized in his speech at St. Louis as "an unholy alliance between Wall street and Tammany Hall."

After meeting the state committee men at Dunkirk, Colonel Roosevelt is to return to Oyster Bay to rest over Sunday. He hopes to have his brief respite from politics in absolute quiet and to see no visitors. Early next week he will start out again.

Thibet is Again  
Wrought Up to  
Exciting StageAbbott Sentenced to Be Beheaded,  
but is Spirited Away  
by the People.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—A news dispatch from Calcutta says intense excitement exists in Thibet.

The Chinese authorities at Lhasa arrested the Dalai Lama's representative, an abbot, and sentenced him to be beheaded. The people were so angry that they spirited away the abbot. He had been accused of sending supplies to the Dalai Lama at Darjeeling, British India.

Senator Dolliver  
Slightly BetterSpends a Good Night and No New  
Symptoms Have De-  
veloped.

FORT DODGE, Ia., Oct. 14.—That Senator Dolliver is not afflicted with valvular leakage of the heart, as has been rumored, was the statement made today by Mrs. Dolliver. The senator is steadily increasing in strength and it is believed if he can be kept from working his complete recovery will be a matter of only a few weeks.

CLAUDE WHITE SOARS OVER  
THE CITY OF WASHINGTONEnglish Aviator, in His Machine,  
Calls and Pays His Respects to  
General Allen.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 14.—Claude Grahame-White, the English aviator, today flew from Benning race track to Washington, a distance of over three miles, and made a successful landing in Executive avenue, between the White House and the state, war and navy building.

The flight was made for the purpose of paying respects to General Allen, chief signal officer of the army. Official business in the big government building was suspended in order to welcome the aviator.

Get your want ad  
ready for Sunday's  
paper.

You will want a servant—  
You have a vacant room—  
You want to sell something—  
You want to buy something—  
You have a bargain to offer—  
You want a loan—  
Anything, everything—it will fit in these columns.

If you can't come down, call Tyler 1000 and a cheerful staff will prepare your ad and place it.

That's all.

FEDERAL COURT  
TAKES CHARLTONNew Jersey Supreme Bench Rules  
Against Former Omaha Man,  
Refusing His Demands.

## TURNED OVER TO NEW OFFICIALS

Judge Blair Issues Order to Keep Him  
in Custody.

## ATTORNEYS' FEES OVERRULED

State Court Has Nothing to Do with  
Extradition Claim.

## REQUEST FOR RELEASE DENIED

Confessed Murderer of His Wife  
Back to a Cell to Await the  
Action of the Gov-  
ernment.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—Porter Charlton, the confessed murderer of his wife, Mrs. Mary Scott Charlton, was today formally turned over to the federal authorities in proceedings which have been instituted for his extradition to Italy. Judge Blair of the New Jersey supreme court declined to release Charlton and issued the order for him to be placed in charge of the federal officials.

Charlton was arrested on a German liner in Hoboken, his arrival from Italy last summer, shortly after the body of his wife had been found in a trunk in Lake Como, Italy. The young man confessed to having killed his wife and was held to await the action of the Italian authorities and the federal government in the matter. A hearing in his case was held on September 21. When Justice Blair refused to hear testimony concerning Charlton's sanity.

Charlton's irresponsible mental condition was urged as a reason why he should not be taken to Italy for trial. His counsel also argued that Italy, by enacting a law that had abrogated all claims of its country to extradite its citizens on Italy's demand. By his decision today Judge Blair overruled this last contention so far as the state court had to deal with it, and the whole matter, it now appears, will be put in the hands of the federal authorities.

A new commitment was made out for Charlton as soon as Justice Blair's decision was rendered and the prisoner was ordered returned to his cell to await the disposition of the United States government.

Judge Blair's action today is what is technically known as the commitment for surrender. Charlton's attorneys may apply to the federal court for the district of New Jersey for a writ of habeas corpus for his release while the matter is pending in the state department.

In event the writ is refused Charlton still has resort to an appeal to the supreme court of the United States.

Cattle Rate Cases  
Are Being Heard  
in Circuit CourtRailroads Seek to Set Aside the In-  
terstate Commerce Com-  
mission Order.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Oct. 14.—Judge Sanborn, Vandewater and Adams of the United States circuit court are today hearing the cattle rate case.

This action is participated in by nearly all of the western railroads, except the Great Northern and Northern Pacific, and is an attempt to set aside an order issued by the Interstate Commerce commission about two years ago, making sweeping reduction in the cattle carrying rates from all points west of Chicago and St. Louis.

The order is in effect now and governs schedules in about 6,000 hauling rates for the west.

Lincoln Man Dead  
in Morning FireFrank Askins Caught in Lead Resort  
When it Was Destroyed by  
Flames.

LEAD, S. D., Oct. 14.—Frank Askins, a miner, lost his life in a fire in a resort here early this morning. Three women inmates were injured and several were carried out by firemen. Askins recently came here from Lincoln, Neb.

## JAMES STUBS FATALLY BURNED

Gas Explosion in Kansas City Room-  
ing House is Serious to For-

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 14.—James Stubb, formerly proprietor of a restaurant in Sioux City, Ia., was fatally burned in a fire caused by a gas explosion in a rooming house at 45 Central avenue, Kansas City, Kan., early today.

Mrs. Katy Mielot, 35 years old, who came here from Sioux City a week ago, was seriously burned.

Sunfish Pulls Skin Off  
Frog's Leg in Tank Fight

In the act of pointing out to a Dodge county visitor the turtle that had vanquished a cat, Johnny, the steward of a Parnassus street cafe, discovered to his horror Friday that another aquarium fight had transpired. He found the prize frog lying in a gaseous condition on the sun-bath board, with the skin of one leg completely torn off.

The discovery occurred as the result of the Dodge county man's curiosity. "Say," he asked, "is this the place where the turtle took the cat?"

"You bet it is," responded Johnny. "Want to see 'em?" The Dodge county man did. Thompson Johnny came out from behind his enclosure and called the

## CHANGE OF NAME UP AGAIN

Members of Episcopal Conference Re-  
sume Arguments Today.

## COMES UP ON A MINORITY REPORT

Plan is to Have a New Title Page in  
the Book of Common Prayer  
Now in Use in the  
Churches.

CINCINNATI, O., Oct. 14.—Discussion of the proposal to change the name of the church was expected to be resumed today by the house of deputies in the general convention of the Protestant Episcopal church. Some of the most eloquent and forceful speakers among the clergy and laity have already spoken in favor or in opposition of the change and others have signified their intention of doing so. The debate, it was thought would continue through a good part of the day's session.

The question is before the convention in the form of a minority report from the committee on the proposal to change the title page of the book of common prayer, which recommended that the name "Protestant Episcopal church in the United States of America" be dropped and a recognition of the fact that the church is a part of the Holy Catholic church be inserted.

A joint session of the two houses was on the program for this afternoon. The junior auxiliary and the Woman's auxiliary were scheduled to hold a conference. Bishops Graves of Shanghai, Horner, Asheville, Paddock, East Orange, N. J., were listed as speakers.

A mass meeting of the Girls' Friendly Society in America is to be addressed by Bishop Osborne and Bishop Spalding.

City of Havana is  
Swept by a GaleTropical Storm Over Cuba, Reach-  
ing as Far as the Isle  
of Pines.

TAMPA, Fla., Oct. 14.—A message from the government wireless station at Key West at 6 o'clock reported that a steamship Oliveate just outside the bar unable to make port on account of heavy seas. The wind was unabated at about fifty to sixty miles an hour. The steamship Comus, spoken forty miles west of Tortugas, is proceeding on its course. It reports a wind velocity of sixty miles an hour.

HAVANA, Oct. 14.—The full force of the storm, the approach of which was heralded yesterday, struck this city at 1 o'clock this morning. The gale brought with it a deluge of rain. Most of the street lights were extinguished and the city was dark in the early hours.

At 4 o'clock morning the wind was blowing strongly from the southeast and rain fell. Up to then only minor damage had been reported. The storm, after sweeping over the Isle of Pines yesterday afternoon, moved eastward, and then shifted to the west, affecting chiefly Matanzas, Havana and Pinar del Rio provinces. It is feared the tobacco crop in Pinar del Rio will be ruined by a washing out of the seed beds.

KEY WEST, Fla., Oct. 14.—The heavy wind and rain storm which swept this city throughout last night continued this morning. The wind continued from the southeast and accompanied by a falling barometer. According to the weather forecaster, the tropical storm is centered in the Yucatan channel and still moving in a westerly direction.

The steamer Miami, which sailed from Knights Key yesterday afternoon in the storm, arrived here at 10 o'clock last night after a terrible trip.

The Helen observatory reported just before noon that the vortex of the storm was passing over Havana.

The velocity of the wind did not increase materially during the day, but rain fell in torrents. Traffic at the port ceased, and business throughout the city was practically suspended.

The newspaper plants were inconvenienced by the cutting off of the electric power. El Mundo was the only morning paper appearing today.

It is reported the storm devastated the town of Castilla, on the south of Santa Clara province, and that many persons there were killed. It is also reported that the Isle of Pines suffered severely when the gale doubled on its track. Intelligence from the interior is meager as a consequence of the interruption of telegraph and telephone communication.

HUNDREDS OF SAILORS ARE  
DROWNED IN BALTIC SEAHurricane Sweeps Along the Coast,  
Causing Great Loss of Life  
Among Russians.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 14.—A hurricane swept the eastern coast of the Baltic sea last night, causing many wrecks and the loss of hundreds of lives among the sailors.

Throughout the night lights of distressed vessels could be made out. Three sailing vessels foundered off the Gulf of Riga. Some of their men were rescued.

The tide today east up quantities of wreckage, including timber, naphtha cans and boxes of merchandise. At Mitau the wind tore down whole rows of houses, trees and all telegraph wires.

INDICTMENTS OUT  
IN ALASKA FRAUDSEntries Made to Coal Lands in  
Behring Strait District Alleged  
Made in "Dummies" Names.

## INTENDED TO SELL IN BODY

Assert that Many Had Never Seen  
Their Claims.

## FIGURED IN BALLINGER INQUIRY

Land Office Took Up Cases After  
Some Delay.

## TWO GROUPS OF DEFENDANTS

Indictments Handed Down in United  
States District Court Sitting at  
Tacoma and News Tele-  
graphed to Washington.

## BULLETIN.

SEATTLE, Oct. 14.—Charles F. Monday, George Simmonds and Cornelius Christopher, all prominent Seattle men, were arrested here late today on indictments charging conspiracy to defraud the government in the Alaska coal cases. They were released under bonds of \$2,500 each.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 14.—After months of secret effort the officials of the general land office announced today the indictment of a number of claimants to valuable coal lands in Alaska. The entries involved number 134 and cover almost 25,000 acres of land, all of which lies in the Behring strait district, in which the Cunningham claims are located. They are what are known as the English or Stracey and the Christopher Simmonds claims, the former containing eighty and the latter seventy-four claims of 100 acres each. The deposits covered by these claims are believed to be as rich as those of the Cunningham mines, which cut a conspicuous figure in the Ballinger-Pinchot controversy.

The indictments were handed down in the United States district court sitting at Tacoma and the information that they had been returned was conveyed in two telegrams received today by Commissioner Dennett from Special Agent Christensen, in charge of Alaskan matters, to whose efforts the findings are especially due.

## To Issue Warrants Soon.

The first telegram contained the announcement of the action against the English group and stated that indictments have been returned against C. F. Monday, A. H. Stracey, Archie W. Shields and E. Slegley.

A few minutes later came the second telegram telling of the indictments of Cornelius Christopher, George Simmonds and Mortimer C. Sweeney of the second group. Mr. Dennett added that warrants would be issued as soon as the indicted men could be apprehended.

The first group of defendants takes its name from the fact that a number of people in western Canada are supposed to be interested in the claim entered up by this party. Stracey is a resident of Vancouver and is charged with being instrumental in making some of the locations. Monday is a prominent attorney of Seattle.

The charge against the indicted men is that the entries were made in the names of "dummies." Most of the entries were residents of Washington and their claims are said to have been located with an agreement that the claims should be assigned or deeded to third parties as soon as parties willing to become interested could be found by the locator. There is said to have been a further understanding that the locator should receive a large percentage of the sale price.

## Different Kind of Fraud.

The charge differs from the charge made in the Cunningham claims, in which there was no allegation that the entrymen took the claims for persons other than themselves, but rather that they had a previous agreement to work or dispose of their claims as a unit. It is said that very few of the claimants in the new cases ever saw the land on which their names were used for locations.

Both groups of claims figured to a considerable extent in connection with the Ballinger-Pinchot inquiry. Charges of fraud in connection with the entries were made two years ago and it was asserted that investigation had been ordered by the land office, supposedly for some sinister purpose.

Meeting this allegation with the statement that the services of the land office force were imperatively required elsewhere and that there was no statute of limitations to run against these cases, it was conceded that they were not pressed for a period. Since last May, however, Mr. Christensen has been giving the major portion of his time to them, with a result over which the land office and the entire interior department confesses itself much gratified.

It also is known that another federal grand jury sitting at Spokane in connection with the district court of the Eastern district of Washington, is considering still other charges of fraudulent coal entries in Alaska and that results are expected from these investigations, similar to those obtained at Tacoma.

## SUBMIT REPORTS ON MISSIONS

Workers Tell of the Work Now Be-  
ing Conducted in the Far-Away  
Foreign Fields.

BOSTON, Oct. 14.—The centennial celebration of the founding of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions ended today when a dozen or more missionaries detailed the board achievements in foreign fields.

Lester H. Bliss, a physician attached to the Marathi mission in India, said that last year 15,000 cases of illness were treated by the H. A. A. and two native doctors connected with the mission.

The need of Christian schools in the villages of India were emphasized by Rev. Edward Furusaker of the Marathi mission.

The annual meeting of the board next year will be held in Milwaukee.

## Boys Killed by Cars.

CLEARWATER, Neb., Oct. 14.—(Special Telegram.)—Fourteen boys, aged 22 years, a Northwestern brakeman, was killed early this morning here, while his footling and falling under the wheels. His body was badly cut to pieces, the head being severed, as was a leg and the arm. Boyer's brother, Howard, formerly a brakeman, lost a leg at West Point five years ago.