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#### FIRST OPEN AIR MEETING HELD

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#### ONE HUNDRED BISHOPS PRESENT

Sermon is Delivered by Archbishop O'Connell.

#### CROWNING INCIDENT IS TODAY

Great Procession Will March—United Choirs of the City Are to Join in the Singing.

MONTREAL, Sept. 10.—A throng of 75,000 people assembled on Fletcher's field today for the first open air ceremony of the Eucharistic congress. Archbishop Parley of New York, who presided at the ceremony, drove out to the place of assemblage with Archbishop Bruchon. On his arrival he was escorted to the temporary chapel, where he headed the march.

When the papal legate, Cardinal Vanutelli, arrived at the foot of the mountain, escorted by a mounted squad of Iberoians, a set of chimas which had been placed on the mount rang out a welcome. Archbishop O'Connell was about to mount the pulpit when the legate arrived. His sermon, in part, follows:

The archbishop bowed to the legate, who, with the lay chamberlains, T. H. Kelly of New York and M. De Martigny, proceeded to the altar. He spent a moment in prayer, then ascended a throne opposite to that of Archbishop Parley.

The immense crowd forced itself within every inch of space outside the police lines, which were tightly drawn near the altar and the pulpit. Thousands were an equal throng gathered beyond the street car lines.

At the consecration of the elements the vast assemblage fell on its knees. The legate quit his throne and knelt at the foot of the altar directly behind Archbishop Parley.

One hundred bishops were assembled. On the right were the United choirs of Montreal, all male voices, men and boys, and a band of fifty pieces.

Chief of Police Campeau said his men had enforced the regulations firmly and experienced no difficulty in so doing. He was sure, he said, that the force would be able to handle the crowds that will gather tomorrow afternoon for the crowning incident of the congress, the Eucharistic procession.

#### Sermon of Archbishop O'Connell

Archbishop O'Connell in his sermon said, in part:

When, ages ago, this fair portion of the earth rose above the subsiding waters, the eternal God from the glory of the heavens smiled upon it. For He knew even then that this glorious cathedral, the great organ of the world would gather here around the altar of His love to offer Him, hidden beneath the Eucharistic veil, all the homage of their hearts.

Age before the sons of men built their habitations on the banks of this mighty river, the all-seeing eye of God beheld, reflected from this majestic stream the gleam of Jehovah's banners and today's long train of triumphal procession bearing amid hymns and anthems the great sacrament of His presence. Centuries and centuries before the city of Mary had erected its glorious cathedra, the pious of prayer which we raise here under the blue dome of God's great temple of nature had sounded their echoes aloft to the very throne of God; so that before the inhabitants of this beautiful city had framed the laws by which it is governed, or planned the spacious streets through which we now have passed, God's favor had rested upon this place and His blessings had descended over it.

When, on the sad night before Christ's passion in the dim supper-chamber of the Pasch, the Son of God instituted the blessed sacrament of His love. He knew full well that we here present today should bear in our loving arms in triumphal procession the mystery which then was concealed amid retirement and poverty. And thus today we take our part in this majestic scene with the consciousness that we are fulfilling the plans of God and realizing the eternal designs of Jesus Christ presiding to His mind on the eve of His great passion. Truly, if heaven and earth are filled with God's glory, thine sacred is the spot sanctified by His sacramental presence. And privileged indeed is this people to whom the King of kings Himself has come today as a friendly visitor.

#### Monat a Second Taber

During these historic days, when the Son of God is a nation's guest, heaven itself surely is smiling upon this people. And this fair city which has become a sacred shrine of God's presence is teeming with His graces and benedictions. Look around you and consider well the full beauty and the fuller significance of this wonderful scene. Nature and grace, earth and heaven, are blending and taught the people's prayers. For the moment this royal mount is become a second Taber and the very heavens have opened above this hallowed place where the angels of God descend in silent adoration around the throne of the Holy Eucharist.

What tongue of man can voice the sentiment of faith which at this moment fills to overflowing each Catholic soul here present, revealing the presence of the Son of God under the veil of the Eucharist? As truly as on that first Christmas night the royal child of Mary lay in his loving arms, as truly as when in Judea He sat upon the hillside and taught the people the wonderful truths of God, as truly as when He healed the leper and fed the multitudes and gave sight to the blind, as truly as when at last He was raised a blessed Redeemer, both earth and heaven; just as truly is He seated on His throne of glory before us, there in the sacrament of His love.

The time is too precious and too sacred to pass in fruitless questionings. There is plenty of time for scientific inquiry and methodical investigation of the how and why of God's wonderful dealings with men. Today we only hear the omnipotent words of the Son of God transforming bread and wine into His own body and blood. His word is truth and His power omnipotent. And we hear only His words and our hearts lay down before the might of His power. "This is my body, this is my blood."

Either God is not God at all and the

(Continued on Second Page.)

### Wright Scores a Bull's-Eye in Bomb Contest

Aviator Drops Fresh Egg from Height of Eighteen Hundred Feet and Hits Target.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 10.—The practical use of aeroplanes as instruments of war is to be further demonstrated today at the Boston-Harvard aviation meet at Atlantic. Hiding as a passenger with Charles F. Willard in his Curtiss biplane, Captain J. C. Sicket, U. S. A., planned to take rifle shots at targets on the field while the machine was in motion 200 feet in the air. Captain Sicket is one of the foremost sharpshooters in the country.

A special bomb-dropping contest will be arranged for the last day of the meet. The missiles will be fresh eggs instead of plaster of paris bombs and they will be dropped from an elevation of not less than 1,800 feet. Two trophies have been offered for this contest. The first is a cup known as the City of Boston trophy offered by Mayor Fitzgerald of Boston. Another cup, presented by John Hays Hammond, is the second prize. Each aviator will be allowed three eggs.

Brookings was the first aviator to make an ascent this afternoon. He went up in a Wright biplane, carrying Wilbur Wright. Wright dropped a bomb, scoring a bull's-eye.

Glenn H. Curtiss went up for a speed spin in a Curtiss machine, but on the second circuit his engine became disabled and he was obliged to make a glide, landing safely 100 feet from the water.

Among those present was Charles Taft, bishop O'Connell was about to mount the pulpit when the legate arrived. His sermon, in part, follows:

### Chanler Drops Out of Sight

Friends of New York Artist Refuse to Discuss Reports that He and Wife Have Separated.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—Robert Winthrop Chanler, who arrived here yesterday from Paris by way of Montreal, has left this city and his whereabouts are unknown, except possibly to some of his most intimate friends.

At his study on Fifth avenue he was in consultation with several friends yesterday, but he refused to discuss the report from Paris of his separation from his wife, Mrs. Lina Cavalieri, whom he married little more than two months ago.

Reports of the differences between the Chanlers have been frequent for weeks and when it was learned that Mr. Chanler had put the ocean between himself and his wife it was stated that they had separated for good.

Mrs. Cavalieri, who is recovering from an operation for appendicitis, is at her summer home near Trouville, in France.

It is reported from Paris that Mr. Chanler settled his entire fortune on his wife and that from her he will seek to derive an income from his painting, to which art, his friends say, he is going to devote himself entirely.

### Peace Prevails in Nicaragua

General Rivas, Commander of Last Armed Force Opposing Estrada Regime, Surrenders.

MANAGUA, Sept. 10.—The last armed opposition to the new regime under General Estrada, the provisional president, had ceased with the surrender of General Fernando Maria Rivas with 1,000 men and eleven cannon.

Rivas occupied Bluefields bluff for the Madrid government, and after the fall of the latter proceeded to Greytown, where he offered to surrender on condition he was guaranteed the life and liberty of himself and his troops. To this the government agrees.

David Arellano, who was arrested and imprisoned by former President Zevallos for having led a street demonstration at Granada in celebration of the election of President Taft, will leave for the United States on September 14.

### Club Woman Will Run for Congress

Mrs. Frances E. Beauchamp of Lexington, Ky., Aspires to Seat Once Occupied by Henry Clay.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Sept. 10.—Mrs. Frances E. Beauchamp of Lexington, state president of the Women's Christian Temperance Union, and widely known in women's club circles, announced today her candidacy for congress in this the Seventh congressional district. The principal plank in her announced platform is directed against the liquor traffic.

### Drummer Gets Plaster Intended for Preacher

Among the best of the vacation stories that has been going the rounds was told by an Omaha man, just returned from an extensive tour through California and other western states. Among a party which he was traveling together was a church drummer, and his wife, on their way to some Episcopal gathering. Both were corpulent and very dignified, but none of the Pullman enjoyed a joke better. At dinner the drummer complained of distress in his stomach, and confided to his wife, whom he addressed as "mother," that he felt sure he was to have a bad night. Mother suggested that she would prepare the customary mustard plaster, but the drummer hastily protested.

In the night, hearing her husband tossing in his berth across the aisle, and thinking of his remark at the dinner table, she hastily repaired to the diner, fixed a good strong plaster of deodorized drawing quality, applied it, and again retired. Next morning

anxious inquiries elicited the information that the drummer had passed a very comfortable night, with no stomach trouble to annoy. "A mustard plaster is an excellent remedy," contentedly sighed his wife.

"Mustard plaster," gasped the dean. "I didn't have on any mustard plaster."

At that moment, from the dressing room, bolted a traveling man, purple with rage and emitting a flow of profanity amazingly picturesque and complete. After fighting the air for some moments in a vain attempt to decide upon the guilty party, he became sufficiently articulate to shout:

"Some—fool put a mustard plaster on me, and it's burned clear through."

In the roar of laughter that greeted this information, "mother" subsided in the corner of the seat; and the dean regarded her with an expression that indicated he had a "good one" to hold over her head for the rest of her natural life.

### FINISH OF THE MAINE CAMPAIGN

Both Republicans and Democrats Claim Election to Be Held Next Monday.

#### AGREED THAT STATE IS IN DOUBT

Wide Outsiders Refrain from Making Any Prophecy.

#### PREFERS TO WAIT FOR RETURNS

Many Changes in Voting Constituency During Last Year.

#### TWO COMPLETE TICKETS ARE UP

Insurgency Not So Strong, But the Liquor Question is One of the Paramount Issues.

AUGUSTA, Me., Sept. 10.—(Special Telegram.)—Not for a generation has so fierce a political battle been fought in Maine as that which practically came to a finish tonight. And it has been a great many years since there has been so great a doubt as to what the result will be until the votes are counted Monday night.

The Republicans claim they will elect Governor Fernald by a safe, though perhaps reduced majority, and will return an unbroken republican delegation to congress. The Democrats are claiming the election of Col. Fred W. Pladet as governor and say they will capture the First and Second congressional districts.

The wise outsider refrains from making a prophecy, but is inclined to regard the election on Thursday as being likely to be borne out when the returns are in.

For thirty years Maine has been so steadfastly republican that politicians ceased to be uneasy about its vote, one way or the other. But in the last few years great changes have taken place in Maine's voting constituency.

Insurgency Not So Strong. Insurgency is not as intense or powerful in Maine as in other states, but the causes which have produced it elsewhere are actively felt here. Together with dissensions and counter currents in the republican fold, it has been strong enough to force the retirement of so long potent a political factor as Senator Hale.

With these forces and others at work, the election on Monday will undoubtedly have national importance, by which twenty elections have lacked for nearly a generation. This election's result will be the forerunner of what may be expected at the November elections in other states.

In 1894, the year when the great reaction against President Cleveland's administration began, the republican plurality was 30,247 in a total vote of 97,727. Two years later the republicans reached their high water vote with a plurality of 48,248 in a total vote of 110,916. Then began a gradual recession. In 1906 a remarkable falling off set in when the republican plurality for governor was only 8,664 in a total vote of 130,759.

Two years ago, in 1908, it fell still lower and in proportion to the whole vote the loss was still greater. In a total vote of 130,819 the republican plurality for governor was only 7,782.

Liquor Question Not an Issue. The issues which are having this effect are mixed. They are partly state issues and partly national. In Maine probably more than anywhere else, state issues, even in a campaign in which representatives to congress are elected, assume an inordinate importance. This is because Maine has long been a prohibition state and yet the prohibition question is as burning an issue as ever. The democratic organization is making it a principal issue and it is likely that it will have a very considerable effect on the elections, but for a curious reason which does not appear on the surface.

Five years ago the republicans devised a plan of enforcing the law over the heads of local officials. An act was passed creating a state enforcement commission, with power to send its deputies into any part of the state. This law, the republicans argued, would put a stop to liquor selling. But not only has it not done this, but it has served to irritate a large number of suspicious liquor sellers who heretofore have been ward workers for the republicans.

How large a factor the illicit liquor ers form may be judged from the fact that there are several thousand arrests in Maine yearly for selling liquor, and that these arrests are only a fraction of the total amount of liquor selling going on. These illicit dealers are all more or less mixed in the subterranean channels of politics and exercise a strong influence. This enforcement act forms one of the chief issues of the democrats. They assert that prohibition is nil in Maine; that it has multiplied; that arrests have increased; that social drinking clubs have multiplied; that the right of city, town and county to its own police force regulation has been taken away, and that only one county has so far consented to pay the expenses of the enforcement commission, all of the other counties refusing.

"The comptroller is of the opinion that a board of directors which will not or cannot meet with a representative of the government over in detail the conditions which he finds and reports to it, is composed of members who are not doing their duty in any sense of the word, and it is now proposed to find out whether or not the hardship complained of by the examiners really exists."

### They are looking in The Bee for rooms.

If you have one tell the people about it through these want ad columns.

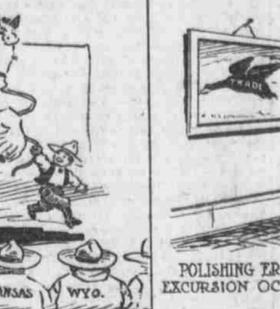
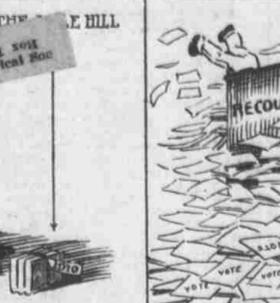
They rent rooms.

They rent them quickly.

They secure good paying people for them.

Call Tyler 1000 and a cheerful staff will attend to you.

### Coming and Going in Omaha



Local Events as Viewed by and Noted Artist.

### ROAST FOR BANK EXAMINERS

Comptroller Tells Subordinates They Are Not Doing Their Duty.

FAILURES CAN BE AVOIDED. None Would Have Occurred in Last Few Months Had Examiners Found Real Conditions Existing in Banks Visited.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—Close on the heels of the radical shakeup in the ranks of bank examiners, by which twenty directors of the Federal Reserve Bank were today announced he would make a personal investigation of conditions in all examination districts. The comptroller, in a statement addressed to examiners said:

"In almost every case of a national bank failure since I have been comptroller the insolvency could have been averted had the national bank examiner determined the true condition and reported his findings in time for me to force a correction in the administration of the bank's affairs."

Condemning the excuses made by bank examiners in practically every case, Mr. Murray said he had been compelled to undertake a personal examination of the field after demonstrating his executive ability here first in the educational department and later in administrative work. In Mexico he succeeded from the start and in addition to establishing the work in Mexico City, he is laying the foundation for its spread over the republic.

Mr. Babcock is a Nebraska man, having lived at North Loup and being a graduate of the University of Nebraska in the class of 1894.

### GRAIN FIRM BACK ON MAP

W. H. Merritt and Company of Chicago Settle with Creditors and Resume Business.

CHICAGO, Sept. 10.—The grain commission house of W. H. Merritt & Co., which was placed in the hands of a receiver last April, overcame its financial difficulties today. An offer of composition made by William H. Merritt and Eugene L. Merritt, co-partner in the firm, was accepted by creditors and approved by Judge Kenesaw M. Landis in the United States district court. The concern's liabilities were estimated at \$130,000. Its assets are said to be \$250,000.

### President Diaz Unlocks Door of New Y. M. C. A.

Head of Mexican Republic Opens Structure Built Through Efforts of Former Omaha Man.

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 10.—With a silver key President Porfirio Diaz today unlocked the new home of the Young Men's Christian association, the dedication of which was the chief feature of the day's centennial program. The building is a five-story stone structure, occupying a corner of a block and extending half a block on both streets.

Accompanied by the members of the cabinet, high Mexican officials and visitors to the celebration, the chief executive passed through the building and inaugurated each department. He rolled the first ball down the bowling alley and shot the first ball across the billiard table.

The institution of the Young Men's Christian association work in old Mexico was undertaken something over ten years ago by George I. Babcock, formerly of Omaha. Mr. Babcock left the local Young Men's Christian association for the untiring field after demonstrating his executive ability here first in the educational department and later in administrative work. In Mexico he succeeded from the start and in addition to establishing the work in Mexico City, he is laying the foundation for its spread over the republic.

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### QUITE HANDY WITH WEAPON

Mrs. Krauss Shoots But Does Not Want to Kill.

WOUNDS A LOS ANGELES BROKER. Alleges a Promise to Marry; that it Was Not Kept and that Borrowed Money Was Not Returned.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Sept. 10.—Mrs. William Krauss, wife of Dr. Krauss, said to be a well known educator and physician of Memphis, Tenn., shot and wounded Franklin H. Griffith, a mining broker of this city, today.

Mrs. Krauss charged that Griffith obtained money from her and failed to keep a promise of marriage.

Mrs. Krauss is in jail. She alleged that Griffith had promised to marry her as soon as she was able to obtain a divorce from Dr. Krauss, but that ultimately he had refused to do so or make any return of the money she had advanced.

"In a good shot and I did not aim to kill him," said Mrs. Krauss. "It was the first time I ever shot at a man. I only tried to shoot him through the arm."

Mrs. Krauss was cool and self possessed when taken to the police station.

Griffith claims that Mrs. Krauss repudiated her promise to marry him, and denied that he had taken money from her.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Sept. 10.—Adding another sensational episode to a sensational life, Mrs. Daisy Turney Krauss, wife of Dr. William Krauss of Memphis, this afternoon shot and wounded Franklin H. Griffith, a California mining broker at Los Angeles. The shooting is said to have been the culmination of trouble between Mrs. Krauss and Griffith, growing out of his alleged failure to give her the value of money received in a business deal.

Dr. William Krauss is one of the best known physicians in the south. He left Memphis to become dean of the medical department of the University of Mississippi at Vicksburg, but resigned last year after one year's service and resumed practice in Memphis. One of the most sensational documents ever filed in the local courts was that in chancery by Mrs. Krauss on November 11, 1909, in which she charged Dr. Krauss with cruelty and trying to kill her, and asked for a divorce. Dr. Krauss answered several weeks later, making many sensational countercharges. The divorce suit has not been tried.

Griffith was mentioned in connection with Mrs. Krauss first when she went to Los Angeles.

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### COLONEL SCORES ACTS OF RIOTERS

Former President Denounces Lawlessness and Lawbreakers in Speech at Columbus, O.

WORDS OF PRAISE FOR UNION MEN. Says Would Join Body Himself if a Workingman.

LAW AND ORDER MUST PREVAIL. Censure for Policemen Who Mutinied During Strike.

AUTHORITIES LOOK FOR GOOD. Mayor Marshall Declares if Roosevelt's Words of Wisdom Heeded, Labor Clash Will End at Once—Troops Stand Guard.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 10.—Coming today to the scene of the street care strike riots which kept Columbus in a state of disorder for weeks, ex-President Roosevelt in a speech here denounced in strongest terms acts of lawlessness and men who committed them.

The state capital is still being guarded by militia and Colonel Roosevelt himself was escorted by United States troops, from the Columbus barracks.

As the strike is still on, J. C. Melcott, chairman of the Roosevelt reception committee, asked President Taft to assign regular troops to guard the ex-president today and the president consented.

Colonel Roosevelt was met at the station by the regulars and state militia and committees representing the chamber of commerce and citizens of the city. He proceeded at the head of a parade to the park, half a mile from the station, where he delivered his speech.

Mayor George S. Marshall occupied a seat on the platform from which Colonel Roosevelt spoke.

It has been announced that after today Governor Harmon will withdraw his control of the situation here and the municipal government under Mayor Marshall will have full charge.

Introduced by Mayor. On his arrival at the park Colonel Roosevelt declared that lawlessness should be crushed and that he would join a union if he were a wage earner. The crowd cheered also when he declared that a policeman who mutinies (thirty-three of them having mutinied in Columbus during the strike) stands on a level lower than that of the professional lawbreaker. The audience was most largely of workmen from the shops and scores of the union street car strikers.

The colonel was taken to the union station after his speech and left at 12:45 for Pittsburg.

Mayor Marshall, after hearing Colonel Roosevelt's speech, said:

"If his words of wisdom are heeded this strike will end at once. Peace and good order are now being maintained in this city and this is the time to compel arbitration. A special session of the legislature should be called at once to enact a compulsory arbitration law for the benefit of the people of Columbus should express themselves in no uncertain terms."

Colonel Roosevelt's speech. Colonel Roosevelt's speech was as follows:

"Before I came to Ohio I, of course, knew of the lamentable conditions which had continued for so many weeks here at Columbus. As a citizen of Ohio, and as an ever since, I have been interested in Ohio, and addressed by letter and even personally on both sides, asking me to come to Columbus and speak. I will say frankly that I did not like to come here, but I like dodging still less, and so I have come.

"I notice that you have been advertised to speak on the subject of law and order, and as I shall, but I shall also speak, just as I shall, for exactly what is the duty of all good citizens to see absolutely and without reserve that law and order prevail, it is just as much their duty to see that justice prevails."

"The first requisite to the establishment of justice is the establishment of law and order and woe to the man, public official or private citizen who fails to realize this fact. And especially should we abhor and reprobate the conduct of the public servant who for any reason fails to condemn the public servants and ourselves, the people as are as responsible as the public servants.

Second Duty of Citizens. "If you stop content with the mere establishment of law and order, we fall to do our further duty, which is by thoroughgoing investigation to find out whether justice has been done, including the power of the government to right any wrong that has been done.

"Now, at the outset let me say as clearly as possible that I do not and cannot undertake to say what the exact facts are, for thoroughly reputable citizens, writing me on behalf of the two sides, fairly contradict each other. But there are certain broad points directly applicable to your present situation which can be laid down without hesitation. There is no question whatever, but what many acts of violence have been committed, including bomb throwing, and the use of that weapon, the worst, the meanest, the basest and most cowardly type of assassin-dynamite.

"Now, the first duty of the government authorities, high and low, from top to bottom, is to put an end to the reign of violence, lawlessness, and check and punish every crime of lawlessness. No excuse can be accepted for any government official who fails to do his duty in this regard and no excuse can be accepted for any private citizen who fails not merely to passively but actively to perform the prime duty of good citizens, in joining with the authorities in helping to put an end to such an intolerable condition.

Warning to Both Sides. "I call your attention to what Judge Baird did a year ago in the case of the striking miners in southern Ohio. The employers invited him for an injunction against the miners. He declined to grant it, but he should get authoritative information as to whether they are true or false.

Unions and Corporations Necessary. "Of course, to dismise men for asking for an increase of wages would be such an infamy that I can hardly believe it occurred, but you should find out definitely. To dis-

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