THE OMAHA BEE
goes to the homes—is read by the women—sells goods for advertisers.

THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

WEATHER FORECAST.
For Nebraska—Showers.
For Iowa—Showers.
For weather report see page 2.

VOL. XL—NO. 49. OMAHA, MONDAY MORNING, AUGUST 15, 1910—TEN PAGES. SINGLE COPY TWO CENTS.

ORATORY OF ROOT CARRIES WEIGHT

Summing Up for United States in North Atlantic Fisheries Arbitration.

FOREIGN JURISTS ON THE

Conference at The Hague to Sub Its Findings.

BELIEF UNCLE SAM WILL WIN

Fifteen Hundred Documents Besides Briefs Before Tribunal.

ADDRESS BY TURNER OF DETROIT

Talks for Thirty-Three Hours and Occasionally Pokes Fun at Great Britain's Position on the Question.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—(Special Cablegram.)—Elihu Root's brilliant summing up for the United States in the North Atlantic fisheries arbitration at The Hague, confirms the conclusion already formed by a majority of impartial observers who have followed the discussion, that the decision will be in the main favorable to the American contentions.

Many Dutch, Belgian, German and French jurists who heard all the arguments in the case since Sir Robert Finlay, on behalf of Canada and New Foundland opened early in June, take this view.

Though the arbitrators have two months after the close of Mr. Root's speech before they need render their decision, it is believed they will reach one somewhat sooner.

At the outset they confessed to having studied the case for a "considerable period," though careful to disclaim the formation of any definite judgment.

Great Amount of Work.

There has been an enormous multiplicity of detail and the task originally confronting the arbitrators and counsel probably was the most onerous of its kind ever laid before a body having quasi judicial functions. But, in the language of former Senator George Turner, it has proved "a mere bagatelle compared with the catastrophe thus happily averted."

Fifteen hundred documents were laid before the tribunal, exclusive of briefs. The most elaborate of the latter were filed by Charles B. Warren of Detroit, who covered in this way what he would have needed a day and a half to deal with orally. Mr. Warren spoke for three and a half days.

Mr. Turner's address, coming first on the American side and following the peculiarly benevolent manner of Findlay, who spoke for thirty-three hours with scarcely a variation in emphasis, was all the more grateful to the tribunal because of the humor with which it was dashed. His banter was especially enjoyed by the Austrian president of the tribunal, Prof. Lemmasch.

Pokes Fun at Finlay.

Discussing question No. 2—the position of the United States with reference to New Foundland's right to prohibit her colonials from taking service in the American fishing fleets—Mr. Turner poked fun incessantly, though in a grave way, at the argument of Findlay.

Findlay had said it was "the only practical question in the whole country," and has criticised Mr. Root for asserting in diplomatic correspondence, that 'the liberties were conferred upon United States vessels.'"

After retorting that this question was "really not in the controversy at all," Mr. Turner had whirled upon Findlay and exclaimed: "Does Great Britain expect American fishermen to swim into New Foundland waters for the purpose of catching fish and then in return to the United States with the fish on their backs?"

Coming as it did after a dozen or so sallies at the expense of the British, it upset the dignity of Lemmasch, who rocked with laughter."

ROOSEVELT MAY BE CHOSEN

Ex-President to Represent Nassau County in Convention in New York if He Desires.

NEW YORK, Aug. 13.—(Special Telegram.)—The mere intimation on the part of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt that he desires to be a delegate to the republican state convention from Nassau county will be enough to insure his election as a delegate. From there his election as chairman of the convention will be but one step and it is practically certain that he will be selected. He may even be made permanent chairman, although the talk is that he shall be made temporary chairman, with the opportunity to outline his views before the convention gets down to business.

Charles F. Lewis, republican county chairman of Nassau county, was asked today concerning the report that Colonel Roosevelt had been quoted as quite willing to attend the convention as a delegate if the county wanted to send him, and said:

"If Colonel Roosevelt wishes to go to the convention I would be very glad to see that he is sent from this county as a delegate. However, I have no direct knowledge of the fact that he would be willing to serve. The presence of Colonel Roosevelt in the convention would count for much, for then it is practically certain that the organization throughout the state could be harmonized and success for the state ticket assured."

ARMY OF PHILIPPINES ELECTS

A. H. Anderson is Chosen Commander and W. H. Kealing Vice Commander.

CHICAGO, Aug. 13.—The Army of the Philippines closed a three days' reunion today with the election of officers. A. H. Anderson of Pittsburg was chosen commander-in-chief and W. H. Kealing of Oskaloosa, Ia., vice commander-in-chief.

The following were elected junior vice commanders: Leon Lembert, Manila, P. I.; H. L. Wells, St. Louis; F. E. Krembs, St. Paul; Charles F. Manahan, Chicago; Charles L. Means, Denver.

MOVEMENT OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
NEW YORK		St. Paul
NEW YORK		Cincinnati
NEW YORK		
NEW YORK		
NEW YORK		
NEW YORK		
GENOA		
ROTTERDAM		
CHERBOURG		
DOVER		
MOBILE		
LONDON		

Port.	Sailed.
New York	
Princess Irene	
Lapland	
Minneapolis	
Celtic	
Amerika	
Berlin	
New Amsterdam	
Philadelphia	
Finland	
Caledonia	
Mesaba	

Woman Caught Under Wheels of Automobile

She Jumps from Car as it is Being Loaded on Boat and it Has to Be Pushed Into River.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Aug. 14.—(Special.)—Mrs. Frank Helma of Gregory county, returning from the funeral of her husband at Kimball, was the victim of an unusual accident while an effort was being made to place the automobile in which herself and other members of the funeral party were riding, on a ferry boat at Wheeler for passage to the Gregory county side of the Missouri river. As the machine was being driven upon the ferry, the emergency brake on the automobile broke and the machine could not be stopped until the front wheels were hanging over the river on the outer side of the boat. Edward Beagle, the chauffeur, jumped into the river and in an attempt to escape injury, Mrs. Helma also jumped, but she failed to jump far enough to clear the machine and fell under it, the back wheels passing over her body. In order to release the unfortunate woman it was necessary to push the automobile overboard into the river. While badly injured, Mrs. Helma will recover.

Last Drawing for Cheyenne Claims

Twelve Thousand More Names Will Be Taken from Lists September 1—Town Site Sale Today.

MITCHELL, S. D., Aug. 14.—(Special.)—Frank Wood, connected with the local land office at Chamberlain, passed through the city Friday on his way to the Timber Lake section of the Cheyenne reservation to look after the government townsite sale which takes place tomorrow. From there he goes to Aberdeen to conduct the Dupree townsite sale. On September 1, Mr. Wood will conduct the drawing of the last 12,000 numbers for claims in the Cheyenne reservation. After two months all lands remaining unfiled on will be again thrown open to the general public for filing. It is stated that there are many claims which were drawn early in the drawing which have not been filed upon as yet, and when the whole thing is closed up the opportunity will be good to secure a good claim.

MISS NIGHTINGALE DEAD

Famous Organizer of Nursing in Crimean War Passes Away at Residence in London.

BULLETIN.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—Florence Nightingale, the famous organizer of nursing in the Crimean war, died today.

SHORT COURSE FOR MITCHELL

School Will Be Held in Conjunction with Corn Breeders' Association.

MITCHELL, S. D., Aug. 14.—(Special.)—The Commercial club is backing the enterprise of holding a short agricultural course during the winter months, in January in all probability, and a meeting was held here Saturday in conjunction with the farmers of the county to interest them in attending during the week that the course is held. The educational event will be held in conjunction with the South Dakota Corn Breeders' association, which is dated for the middle of January. Instructors from the state agricultural college will be here during the entire week to give the instruction, and a regular course will be outlined for the teaching of things which are beneficial to the farming population. This will be the first short course that has ever been held in the state, and it is arousing interest to the extent that farmers living outside the county have asked permision to attend.

PIONEER STATION AGENT RESIGNS

L. H. Jones Leaves Northwestern After Thirty Years' Service.

HURON, S. D., Aug. 14.—(Special.)—L. H. Jones, for more than thirty years in the employ of the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad company, has resigned as station agent at this place. He was the first agent for the Northwestern company in South Dakota, opening an office at Aurora on October 25, 1879, the station house being a box car. In 1888 he became agent at Faulkton and after five years' service came to Huron, becoming agent here in 1893, this city being his home since that time. His resignation is prompted by his nomination on the republican ticket for treasurer of Beadle county, to which office he will no doubt be elected in November.

FOR PROTECTION OF PUBLIC MEN

Views Expressed by Three of the Great Detectives Who Have Been Hunting Out Criminals.

OFFICIALS SHOULD BE GUARDED

Wilkie, Flynn and Drummond Outline a Plan.

MUST ALWAYS BE ON THE ALERT

Proper Guard Would Have Prevented Attack Upon Gaynor.

OFFICIALS ARE TOO CONFIDENT

As a Rule Men in High Position Have So Much Confidence in Fellow Men They Do Not Fully Realize Danger.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14.—(Special Telegram.)—The assault on Mayor Gaynor has renewed with added force the interest in the question of how public men may best be protected from the murderous attack of cranks like Guiteau, Czolgosz, Prendergast and Gallagher.

No three men in the country are better qualified to discuss this vital question than Chief Wilkie of the United States secret service; William J. Flynn, in charge of the eastern division of the secret service, who looks after the president when in this section, and former Chief of Secret Service A. L. Drummond. Here is what they say:

Chief Wilkie—"Past experiences have shown me that to safeguard the lives of our public officials, whether national or state, we have to be eternally on the watch for the unexpected. So long as there are public officials, it will be necessary to guard them.

"There are many views as to how public officials should be guarded, but, in general, all persons who have to do with the safekeeping of the lives of officials agree that a small guard constantly on the alert and always with the official is the best method. This plan sometimes fails.

"Of course, circumstances have much to do with the method adopted; the conditions of the minds of the various classes in the different parts of the country must govern methods to a large extent.

"It is necessary to guard public officials against attack, and the only practical method is to be constantly on the alert. Eternal vigilance must be the watchword."

Must Guard Officials.

Chief William J. Flynn—"If Mayor Gaynor had been properly guarded last Tuesday morning he would not have been shot.

"If a public official is properly guarded no man can come up behind him and shoot him in the back. It is a difficult matter to protect a man from being shot at from a distance, but guards who understand their work can easily prevent an evildoer from getting close enough to his intended victim to shoot him the way Gallagher shot the mayor. If Mayor Gaynor had had any guards around him the shooting would have been impossible, unless they had been inexcusably negligent.

"There is no denying the fact that if a desperate man wants to kill a public official by means of firearms it is almost impossible to prevent it if the assassin be a good shot. But if a public official is well guarded it lessens even that danger to a considerable extent.

"Most public officials have such confidence in their followmen that they don't take any steps to protect themselves by surrounding themselves with guards. I understand Mayor Gaynor disliked to have a guard near him, and many public men share his feelings. Of course, the secret service department has nothing to do with guarding the mayor of New York—the only person we are authorized to protect is the president of the United States—but it seems to me the mayor should be guarded, even if he doesn't want it. Anyway, his back should never have been left unprotected.

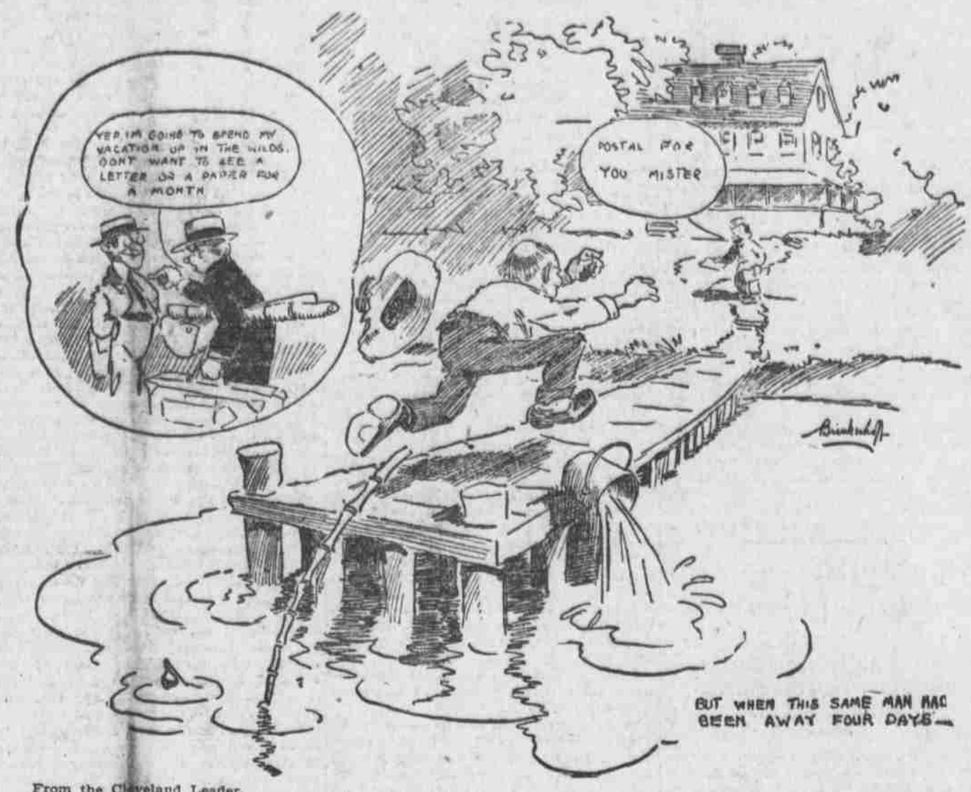
Hunt for Weapons.

"If President Taft had been sailing instead of Mayor Gaynor there would have been a secret service man behind him, and he would not have permitted Gallagher, a stranger, to come near him. When a stranger gets anywhere near the president one of his guards runs his hands up and down his clothes and if he feels a big lump that might be a revolver he is taken care of then and there. A man with a revolver or any weapon has no business near the president.

"When Theodore Roosevelt was president he was always carefully guarded, but I don't mind saying he wouldhave been more than a match for any assassin if he had been given

(Continued on Second Page.)

We Have the Civilization Habit After All



From the Cleveland Leader.

WOMAN BURNED TO DEATH

Mrs. Jessie Connors of Omaha Victim of Kerosene Explosion.

WAS POURING OIL INTO A STOVE

Accident Occurs in Presence of Parents and Family—Burns So Severe Mrs. Connors Lived Only Short Time.

Writhing in agony, with her entire body burnt almost to a crisp, Mrs. Jessie Connors of 2122 North Twenty-sixth street, died at St. Joseph's hospital yesterday morning shortly before noon. She was the victim of a kerosene explosion at her home.

The accident happened at 9:40 o'clock, when Mrs. Connors, wanting to burn some papers in a coal stove, started to pour kerosene on them. It is supposed there was a hot coal in the grate which ignited the oil, causing the can which she was holding to explode, covering her whole body with burning oil.

The mother of the deceased woman, Mrs. Anna L. Blain; her sister, Mrs. Frank Berry, and her father, F. M. Blain, a man of 71 years, were all in the kitchen at the time of the tragedy. The burning oil was thrown over the entire room, setting it ablaze, but in a miraculous manner the terrified witnesses were untouched.

Screaming with pain, Mrs. Connors ran to her bedroom, where she attempted to extinguish the flames by rolling on her bed. The horrified members of the family went to her assistance and tore the burning clothing from off her. Her brother, J. J. Blain, hearing her cries, rushed from another part of the house and succeeded in wrapping her in a mattress and smothering the fire.

Police Surgeon Loveland was summoned and she was immediately taken to St. Joseph's hospital, where she lingered between life and death until nearly noon. Dr. T. T. Harris, who also attended her, said that her burns were the most horrible he had ever witnessed. Hardly a portion of her body was untouched.

In endeavoring to aid his daughter Mr. Blain was severely burned on the left hand. None of the other members of the family were injured, though in getting to Mrs. Connors her sister, Mrs. Berry, was compelled to run through the flames and to escape them her mother, Mrs. Blain, had to pass behind the stove, which was ablaze.

Mixed Oils the Cause.

The reason for the explosion being as terrific as it was may possibly be due to gasoline in the oil. It seems that about two weeks ago, by some mistake, kerosene was poured into the tank of the gasoline stove. It was discovered immediately, however, and withdrawn, but not destroyed, being placed in a glass fruit jar and put on the pantry shelf. Upon investigation after the accident yesterday the jar was found missing, and the members of the family believe it may be possible the gasoline had been poured into the can, though no one knows of that being the case.

Thomas Connors, husband of the deceased woman, and their 8-year-old daughter, Virginia, survive Mrs. Connors. Mr. Conners is an iron molder and is employed at the Omaha foundry. For some time past the Connors have been living at the home of her mother, where the accident occurred yesterday.

Mrs. Connors was 31 years old and was born in Omaha. Her father, Mr. Blain, is one of Omaha's older residents.

Begin the week right.

Use a Bee want ad to help you secure a servant.

To get a place.

To find a home.

To rent.

To borrow.

To sell.

Bee want ads are treasures. They do a thousand and one things that you can't do alone.

If you can't come down to the office call Tyler 1000 and the ad taker will write your ad and place it and the arouble is over.

Everybody
Reads
Bee Want Ads.

The Primary

The Bee submits for the guidance of republicans the following list of candidates to be voted on in Douglas county as worthy of support:

For United States Senator,
ELMER J. BURKETT.

For Governor,
ADDISON E. CADY.

For Lieutenant Governor,
M. R. HOPEWELL.

For Secretary of State,
JOHN J. RYDER.

For Auditor,
SILAS R. BARTON.

For state Treasurer,
WALTER A. GEORGE.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction,
FRANK S. PERDUE or
J. W. CRABTREE.

For Attorney General,
C. P. ANDERBERY.

For Land Commissioner,
EDWARD B. COWLES.

For Railway Commissioner,
HENRY T. CLARKE, JR.

For Congressman,
CHARLES L. SAUNDERS or
ABRAHAM L. SUTTON.

For State Senators—Vote for Three,
JOHN T. DILLON,
J. L. KALEY,
ARTHUR C. PANCOAST.

For Representatives—Vote for Nine,
NELS J. ANDERSON,
C. M. BACHMANN,
K. W. BARTOS,
F. C. BEST,
HERMAN G. BOESCHE,
M. O. CUNNINGHAM,
ROBERT HOUGHTON,
JAMES P. REDMAN,
F. S. TUCKER.

For County Attorney,
JAMES E. RAIT.

For Commissioner, 1st District,
JOHN GRANT.

For Commissioner, 2d District,
JOHN C. LYNCH.

For Commissioner, 4th District,
JOHN C. TROUTON.

For School Board—Vote for Four,
M. F. SEARS,
J. L. JACOBSON,
GEORGE COTT,
W. A. BOURKE.

Cut this out and take it with you to the polls.
Republican Primaries August 16, 1910.

Aviators Battle With Tempest in Long Hard Race

Aubrun Forty Minutes Ahead of Le Blanc After Making Up Ten Minute Handicap.

DOUAI, France, Aug. 13.—Le Blanc and Aubrun, the sole survivors in the great cross-country aeroplane race of 488 miles, for a prize of $20,000, reached here this evening after one of the most exciting flights they have ever experienced. Aubrun, who started for Mezieres ten minutes after LeBlanc, arrived here at 6:20 p. m., thirty minutes in advance of his rival.

Both men were nearly exhausted after an almost superhuman battle with a veritable tempest.

Both said that never before had they flown in such a wind, which carried them constantly off their course, and forced them many times to swing head into the teeth of the gale.

The prize wil go to the aviator who covers the circuit in the shortest elapsed time.

Victim of Explosion Dies.

HURON, S. D., Aug. 14.—(Special.)—John A. Walman, aged 21, who was injured a few days since by the explosion of a threshing engine, died of his injuries at Carpenter.

PLIGHT OF WORKING GIRL

Mrs. Robbins Compares the Conditions in East and West.

WAGES ALTOGETHER TOO LOW

Only Remedy is Trades Unionism, the Ballot and Teaching Women to Think and Act for Themselves.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14.—(Special Telegram.)—The condition of the working girl in the west is much better than that of her sister in the east, so said Mrs. Raymond Robbins, president of the Woman's National Trades Union league, who has an intimate knowledge of the subject on which she speaks, through her long study of industrial problems and a broad sympathy for her less fortunate sisters.

"Few of the girls in the west start to work at the ages of 12 and 13 years, as they do here," she said.

"We have our child labor problems, but none like you have. The girl workers of your city belong to the second and third generation—a generation of which the mothers have been ground down by machine labor. In the west the sapping process has not got beyond the first generation. In consequence the women workers of the west have more vitality.

"If immigration to this country should be shut off suddenly," she continued, "it would only be a short time before we would feel our great physical loss. The strong peasant women comes over here and transmits her strength to her children and that is why our girl workers have more vitality than yours, for it is in the west that the peasantry of Europe settles. But I believe we are at the turn of the tide. I think better times are coming for our women workers. The question is whether the intelligent women of our country will join with us to make the tide rise higher and hurry on that better day."

Wealthy Shoppers.

Mrs. Robbins said of the wealthy women who trade in the shops:

"They are stupid. I don't mean naturally stupid. They are surrounded by a high wall over which they cannot look and to the top of which they cannot climb. It is these women we want to teach. It isn't that they have a lack of sympathy or that they wouldn't help if they knew, for I think they would."

Mrs. Robbins said that in Europe more was done for the girl workers than in this country. In several foreign countries, she declared, the hours of labor were properly apportioned so that there were eleven hours of rest between working days and greater attention was paid to such matters as sanitation.

"The average wage of the woman worker is $270 a year," she said, "and you must remember that average means below, as well as above. In the textile industry something like two-thirds of the workers are getting $6 a week. Deduct room rent and the price of meals from $6 a week and what have you left?

"Is it not very difficult for a girl to lead an honest life under such conditions?" Mrs. Robbins was asked.

"Yes, and the marvel is that so many thousands of them are good women, as I know they are," replied Mrs. Robbins.

"Why, I have known girls to live on nothing but rye bread and olive oil in order to scrape together enough money to buy a new hat or a new dress."

"What is the remedy for such a condition of affairs?"

"One remedy is trades unionism. Organize the women and teach them to think and act. Another is the ballot. I am an ardent suffragist. Everybody is who ever tried to do anything for women workers."

Rockefeller Jubilant at Airship's Short Visit

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 14.—John D. Rockefeller threw dignity to the winds yesterday afternoon, and tossing his cap into the air, danced about the lawn in front of his home just like a school boy.

The oil king was jubilant because Frank Goodale, the 21-year-old aeronaut, formerly from the Palisades amusement park, New Jersey, alighted at Forest Hill to pay his respects to him. Goodale is giving exhibition flights here and before he set sail this afternoon he announced that he would visit Rockefeller.

The oil king was eating supper when the lodge keeper came running up to the house and announced that an airship was alighting in the front yard. Mr. Rockefeller and other members of his family rushed out of doors just as Goodale in his dirigible balloon was coming down. Rockefeller threw his cap, which he had grabbed before going out, into the air, and danced with glee.

"Welcome, welcome, my boy!" he shouted.

Goodale, after alighting said: "I just dropped down to pay my respects."

The oil king shook his hand warmly and invited him into the house to partake of supper. Goodale declined, saying he was due at the park in a few minutes.

CLOSE OF FIGHT BRINGS CHANGE

Revulsion of Sentiment in Lancaster, and Hayward Gets Assurances of Many New Supporters.

REPUBLICANS ALIVE TO ISSUES

Rebel at Character of Wimberly-Harrison Campaign.

ATMOSPHERE CLEAR FOR VICTORY

Certainty Party Men Will Not Desert Ticket for Democrats.

HITCHCOCK OUT FOR DAHLMAN

Takes Decisive Step at German Meeting Held at Lincoln—Realizes Shallenberger Men Have Deserted Him for Metcalfe.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, Aug. 14.—(Special.)—The dirty, character-destroying campaign waged against Will Hayward by the Williams-Wimberly-Harrison combination in the interest of George E. Tobey, candidate for congress in this district, has reacted and today many republicans who like decency in politics have notified Mr. Hayward that they are for him and will work for him at the polls. Even the Lincoln Star, which has said many unkind things about Hayward, has come to the conclusion that the opposition to him is even too rotten for it to endorse and this morning the paper practically came out for his nomination.

Tobey is held equally guilty with his chief adviser, Frank Harrison, for the disgraceful campaign that his friends have waged against Hayward, and the fact that he, according to Harrison's own statement, is merely his puppet in this fight, to be yanked off the track whenever it pleases the editor of the Capital, has created a sentiment that decent republicans over the district will go to the polls and work and vote for Hayward. Republicans have not lost sight of the fact that Hayward on two occasions gave of his time and talent as chairman of the state committee to elect republican candidates in this state and that, in season and out of season, he has worked all his life for the success of republican principles regardless of the personality of candidates, while both Tobey and Harrison have been political pap-suckers and when not pap-suckers have been trying to get to the trough.

Will Hayward's exposure of Harrison and his friends has resulted in keeping many republicans in line who otherwise were half persuaded to vote for Mayor Dahlman. A lot of these men intended to vote for Dahlman because of their opposition to county option, but they have been telling Hayward that he is too good a man to be sacrificed on the altar of falsehood, deceit and corruption and they will vote in the republican primary.

Hitchcock for Dahlman.

Goaded to desperation by the fear of defeat at the hands of the Metcalfe-Shallenberger alliance, Gilbert M. Hitchcock, democratic candidate for United States senator, who has heretofore refrained from taking sides in the gubenatorial contest, burned his bridges behind him last night and attempted to get into the Dahlman camp at a German meeting held here.

Thus Hitchcock's break with Shallenberger is complete and he will seek Dahlman votes wherever he can get them, though friends of both men know the nomination of two Omaha men on the ticket means certain defeat. Down here many of the Dahlman supporters are boosting Metcalfe for the senate, because they know that Metcalfe's nomination means the support of Bryan for the ticket in the fall election, so there has been resentment expressed at the appearance of the Omaha editor last night.

Hitchcock's eleventh-hour effort to get in with the Dahlman followers here is taken to mean that he realizes that friends of Shallenberger expect to vote the straight Metcalfe-Shallenberger ticket and for that reason he is trying to get out the impression that he is aligned with Mayor Dahlman, regardless of the silence of his paper. His friends believe here Hitchcock's only hope is to secure support from Dahlman and at the same time they are certain that friends of the mayor who do not vote for Metcalfe will vote for Willis E. Reed. Nominees from Omaha and Lincoln, they say, would be the strongest combination and next to that Omaha and Madison looks good to them, but few, if any, have expressed themselves for two candidates from Omaha for the highest offices within the gift of the people of the state.

Closing Fight in Omaha.

Considerable interest attaches to the closing speeches of the campaign in Omaha. Either Governor Shallenberger, Metcalfe nor Hitchcock will be in the big city, thus leaving a clear field to Mayor Dahlman and his good friend Willis E. Reed. Metcalfe will stay in Lincoln and Governor Shallenberger is going to address a meeting at Seward. Hitchcock will be out of Omaha. Hitchcock will not be in the city and thus will be saved the embarrasment of declaring himself for either Dahlman or Shallenberger before an Omaha audience.

In the meantime lieutenants of Governor Shallenberger say that he is going to defeat Dahlman hands down and the prediction was made by one of them who has done some work in Douglas county that the governor will carry South Omaha. Another said the governor's South Omaha vote would be so close to Dahlman that they could not be told apart.

But all these predictions were made before Felix Newton arrived on the scene. Like the hero of old, Felix showed up brown and unburned at the psychological moment, with his bristles sticking straight up, ready for the fray. He is one supporter whom Governor Shallenberger had two years ago that is against him now.

BRYAN IS STILL IN POLITICS

Will Get Into Congression. Campaign When and Where Friends May Need Assistance.

BUSHVILLE, Ind., Aug. 13.—(Special Telegram.)—William J. Bryan has no intention of keeping out of politics. He made this plain to friends here after his chautauqua address.

"I shall speak during the coming congressional campaign, whenever my friends think I can be of assistance," declared Mr. Bryan

INFORMATION FOR VOTERS

Primary Election All Political Parties, Tuesday, August 16, 1910.

Polls open in Omaha and South Omaha 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

Blanket ballot includes candidates for all political parties arranged in separate columns.

Voter must make cross-marks in one party column only. Votes in more than one column spoil the whole ballot and the ballot will not be counted.

The only safe way is for republicans to vote only in the republican column.

WHERE TO VOTE.

OMAHA.

FIRST WARD.
1—1202 South 6th.
2—809 Pacific.
3—1703 South 10th.
4—815 Bancroft.
5—1901 South 5th.

SECOND WARD.
1—2424 South 29th.
2—2025 Vinton.
3—1523 Vinton.
4—1712 Vinton.
5—2204 South 16th.

THIRD WARD.
1—1519 Webster.
2—216 South 10th.
3—313 North 15th.
4—410 South 13th.
5—506 South 13th.

FOURTH WARD.
1—1615 Capitol.
2—1614 Harney.
3—718 South 16th.
4—314 South 20th.
5—215 North 24th.

FIFTH WARD.
1—3504 Sherman.
2—2901 Sherman.
3—2021 Sherman.
4—1846 Sherman.
5—1138 North 16th.

SIXTH WARD.
1—2307 North 24th.
2—1902 North 24th.
3—2004 North 26th.
4—1823 North 23d.
5—2205 Military.

SEVENTH WARD.
1—2719 Leavenworth.
2—1535 Georgia.
3—1238 Park.
4—2106 South 33d.

EIGHTH WARD.
1—1204 North 24th.
2—1909 Cuming.
3—512 North 17th.
4—2415 Cuming.

NINTH WARD.
1—2579 Cuming.
2—3227 Cuming.
3—3304 Davenport.
4—211 South 36th.
5—2914 Farnam.

TENTH WARD.
1—1018 South 10th.
2—1521 Leavenworth.
3—2121 Leavenworth.
4—1430 South 13th.
5—1424 South 13th.

ELEVENTH WARD.
1—4108 Hamilton.
2—3926 Farnam.
3—614 South 34th.
4—705 South 27th.

TWELFTH WARD.
1—2412 Ames.
2—3524 Ames.
3—3015 Corby.
4—3913 North 24th.
5—4418 North 24th.

SOUTH OMAHA.

FIRST WARD.
1—543 North 20th.
2—625 North 24th.

SECOND WARD.
1—199 South 20th.
2—109 North 24th.

THIRD WARD.
1—R. R. Ave. and 1st.
2—469 South 32d. (Rear.)

FOURTH WARD.
1—312 North 25th.
2—156 South 30th.

FIFTH WARD.
1—830 North 27th.
2—Corner 23d and K.

SIXTH WARD.
1—1214 North 24th.
2—606 North 25th.