

FIRM PARTY VOTE BEATS MINORITY

Republicans in House Stick Together and Refuse to Concur in Senate Amendments.

ACTION ON THE RAILROAD BILL

Measure Finally Sent to Conference and Members Named.

SPECIAL MESSAGE TO CONGRESS

President Urges Immediate Power to Commission on Rates.

RAILROAD MEN LEAVE CAPITOL

Further Talk with Chief Executive Ends with Positive Agreement to Withhold All Advances.

(From a Staff Correspondent.) WASHINGTON, June 7.—(Special Telegram.)—The house of representatives today presented scenes similar to the old days of the fifty-ninth and sixtieth congress when party solidarity was triumphant and when republicans were in the saddle and democrats on each vote faced defeat.

The recent flurry as to the railroad situation became a thing of the past. The railroad presidents went home, President Taft went horseback riding, and the railroad bill went to conference.

Representatives of the eastern and central railroads, at a conference with the president this afternoon, agreed to withhold all proposed freight rate increases until the new railroad law becomes effective and to submit the reasonableness of increases to the Interstate Commerce commission. The railroads interested in the southern territory declared they had not as yet filed notices of increase, but that if they did they would be ready to abide by the decision of the commission.

President's Special Message

At the capitol things were not so pleasant. President Taft sent a special message to congress, telling of the settlement he had reached with the railroads and urging that the provision of the railroad bill which gives the Interstate Commerce commission the power to investigate and suspend rates be made effective immediately upon the signing of the act rather than have it go into effect along with the other clauses, which have a sixty day limitation following the executive approval.

The president did this as a part of the agreement with the railroads by which he promised them a "square deal," and a speedy determination as to the justice of their new rates. He also did it to prevent the filing of any new rates during the sixty days.

Interest again centered around the railroad rate bill and there was an extremely full attendance of members when the speaker's gavel fell, notwithstanding absences in South Dakota and certain of the southern states, where primaries were being held today.

Would the democrats and insurgents be able to adopt the senate amendments to the railroad bill? That was the question which confronted the representatives when Chairman Mann of the Interstate and Foreign Commerce committee, on nonconcur in the senate amendments.

Mr. Lenroot of Wisconsin offered a motion to concur in the amendments, with an amendment following the lines of President Taft's suggestion that the provisions of the bill should be amended so as to take effect immediately after its passage instead of sixty days after passage as provided in the senate bill.

With the offering of Lenroot's substitute, issues were closely defined, and then speculation began as to where the insurgents, particularly in the Missouri valley region, would land.

The vote of 156 to 152 defeating the Lenroot motion was one of the most exciting that has taken place during the present session of congress. Nebraska was a unit to concur in the senate amendments with the Lenroot substitute, republicans as well as democrats of the delegation voting with another to concur in the bill as it came from the senate.

Iowa, on the other hand, divided. Hubbard, Kendall, Woods and Hubbard voted with the democrats and their insurgent brethren to concur, while Kennedy, Dawson, Pickett and Good voted with the regulars to send the bill to conference.

Hitchcock Taken to Task

During debate on the motion to nonconcur or concur with an amendment, Representative Mann took exception to the criticism of his (Mann's) position was wholly uncalled for and really deserved no consideration.

Mr. Mann said that the strictures of Mr. Hitchcock on the chairman of the committee, had little or no value in the house, and would probably have less value in the senate at large. And warning up to his subject, Mr. Mann dramatically said: "I shall not betray the confidence of this house, nor will I permit it to be done by my associates."

"I shall not apologize to the gentleman from Omaha for things I did yesterday, nor things I do today, for I assume that my efforts of yesterday to protect the people against bad legislation is the same as my efforts which I am putting forth today to give them good legislation."

With the vote over on the railroad rate bill, and conference on the Mann, Wanger and Adams on the part of the house, and Elkins, Aldrich and Foster, on the part of the senate, the house immediately got down to the second important bit of legislation by adopting first a rule that has come from the newly constituted committee on rules, by fixing eighty hours for debate on the postal savings bank bill, with permission to the minority to substitute a bill of their own for the bill as prepared by the republicans and then for a final vote on the measure.

There was scuffling when the rule was reported by Chairman Elkins and members from the Missouri valley section began to realize that things were different and on a vote on the previous question, everyone of the republicans from Iowa, with the single exception of Hubbard, voted to sustain the rules committee, while Hubbard and Kinkaid voted for the rule. Harris could not see his way clear.

Vessey Seems Sure of Lead Over Dakota

George W. Egan Surprises State and is Yet Ahead—Burke Certain, Martin in Doubt.

PIERRE, S. D., June 7.—(Special Telegram.)—The state of South Dakota is very slow in coming in, but indications show the nomination of Burke, stalwart, for congress, with Martin, stalwart, possible, but not so certain. Vessey, progressive, is undoubtedly nominated for governor. George W. Egan, moderate, is an independent candidate on the republican ticket surprised the state by his strength and at a late hour was 2,600 in the lead.

The rest of the state ticket is likely to go either way. The contest is close on Judge in this circuit, with the probability of a present appearing to be for Hughes, progressive. District figures are not to be secured tonight. SIOUX FALLS, S. D., June 7.—Late tonight the Egan headquarters issued a statement claiming that Egan, for governor, will have 5,000 plurality in the state. The stalwarts and progressive do not concede this, stating that much of the vote in the strong territory has not yet reported. Returns received up to 9 o'clock shows total of 7,384 for Egan, with about 11,000 votes divided between Elrod and Vessey.

RAPID CITY, S. D., June 7.—(Special Telegram.)—George W. Egan, running as an independent candidate on the republican ticket won in the primary here today, receiving 317 votes; Governor H. S. Vessey, insurgent, 188; ex-Governor S. H. Elrod, stalwart, 127. In the congressional fight, J. F. Schroeder, insurgent, this being his home, received 205 votes; Representatives E. W. Martin, stalwart, 245; and C. H. Burke, stalwart, 274; Thos. Thorsen, insurgent, 152.

HURON, S. D., June 7.—(Special Telegram.)—Nine out of forty precincts in this, Headly county, including Huron, give Vessey for governor, 561; Elrod, 317; Egan, 274. For congress, Schroeder, 582; Thorsen, 588; Burke, 47; Martin, 413. For state senator, Wright leads Richards by 28 votes.

State Chairman Richards says Vessey will carry the state in spite of Egan's large vote.

MITCHELL, S. D., June 7.—(Special Telegram.)—Seven precincts out of sixteen give Egan, 582; Vessey, 247; Elrod, 245.

YANKTON, S. D., June 7.—(Special Telegram.)—Seventeen precincts out of nineteen in Yankton county give Egan, 596; Vessey, 536; Elrod, 24. Egan carries the city by six votes. There is a close congressional race with Schroeder and Thorsen leading by a narrow margin.

MILBANK, S. D., June 7.—(Special Telegram.)—Seventeen precincts out of twenty-four give Martin and Burke eighty majority, over Thorsen and Schroeder. Elrod has sixty majority over Vessey. Egan received forty votes.

Bank Bill on Home Stretch in Lower House

Republicans and Democrats Charge Other Side with Insincerity and Use of "Gag Rule."

WASHINGTON, June 7.—With the democrats attacking the republicans, denouncing the "insurgents" for their alleged "gag rule" in blocking the "regulars" for bringing in a "gag rule" to prevent party measure, and the republican leaders retaliating by charging the democrats with similar performances when they were in power, a special rule was adopted in the house today which placed the postal savings bank bill on the way to final passage, with the debate limited to one hour and each side occupied its full share by hurling heavy verbal bricks at the other side.

The special rule providing for the passage of the bill was brought in by Representative Dalsell, chairman of the rules committee, immediately after the railroad bill had been sent to conference. The debate on the rule was limited to one hour but each side occupied its full share by hurling heavy verbal bricks at the other side.

The vote at the conclusion was 100 to 123, all but ten of the "insurgent" republicans having voted with their party for the adoption of the rule.

The "insurgents" who voted against the rule were Carey, Cooper, Nelson and Lenroot of Wisconsin; Davis and Lindberg of Minnesota; Gronna of North Dakota; Hubbard of Iowa; Norris of Nebraska; and Poinsette of Washington.

PELLAGRA VICTIMS STUDIED. NEVADA, Mo., June 7.—Two of the four pellagra victims in the state hospital here, Mrs. Anna B. Little and Mrs. Eliza Tucker were taken to St. Louis by Superintendent J. W. Lamson tonight. They will be exhibited at the convention of the American Medical association.

Threat Against Flag Meets American Defiance

BLUEFIELD, Nebraska, June 7.—At the first shot fired against the American flag of an American vessel, I will level the bluff. This is the reply made today by Commander Harold K. Hines, commanding the American gunboat Dubuque, to a threat made by General Rivas, of the Madris forces holding Bluefields, Buff, to stop by force any vessel of whatever nationality entering the harbor. General Rivas practically defied the United States, declaring that he would disregard the proclamation issued from Washington on May 21, to the effect that the United States government denied the right of any factor to seize American-owned vessels or property without consent of, and recompense to the owners. He warned Commander Hines that he would prevent by force, regardless of flag, any further vessels from entering the harbor. In response to the American commander immediately sent to him the above message, which would mean the annihilation of the handful of Madris troops now remaining in this neighborhood.

A critical situation has thus arisen, which may involve the United States, but the American officers here are of the opinion that General Rivas will not attempt to make good his threat in an effort to collect custom duties.

SEVERE QUAKE IN SOUTHERN ITALY

Sharp Seismic Disturbance Shakes Up Several Villages in Campania, Doing Damage.

AT LEAST THIRTY ARE KILLED

Exact Number of Casualties Hard to Compute from Early Reports.

POPULATION TERROR-STROKEN

Panic Seizes People When First Shock Occurs Early in Day.

WILDEST CONFUSION PREVAILS

Center of Disturbance Seems to Be in Province of Avellino—King and Queen Go to the Stricken District.

ROME, June 7.—Great apprehension has been caused again by seismic disturbances, the official reports indicating that the area affected by the earthquake shocks today is a vast one, embracing practically the whole of southern Italy, as well as a portion of Tuscany and Venetia, to the north. The district where most serious damage occurred only extends about fifty miles around Mt. Vulture, which is an extinct volcano near the town of Calvi in the province of Avellino. This region has suffered much in the past from earthquakes, and in 1851, 800 persons were killed.

The number of casualties resulting from the earthquake today has not yet been ascertained. Some reports estimate the dead at fifty and the injured at several hundred. It is feared that there are many buried in the ruins of the houses, which were thrown down at other places with doubtless a considerable loss of life.

The government has taken hold of the situation with promptitude, and although the earthquake occurred during the night, it was not long before the military and civil authorities were hard at work, rendering aid to the homeless and bending their energies to the re-establishment of order.

Premier Luzzatti received word of the disaster at 5 o'clock in the morning, less than two hours after the occurrence of the quake, and at once communicated the news to the king.

King and Queen Active. The latter decided to leave immediately for the district. He intended to go alone, but Queen Helena insisted upon joining him. The king thought that this was not necessary as the situation at Avellino was worse than elsewhere, and that several days in alleviating the distress of the king. He intended to go alone, but Queen Helena insisted upon joining him. The king thought that this was not necessary as the situation at Avellino was worse than elsewhere, and that several days in alleviating the distress of the king. He intended to go alone, but Queen Helena insisted upon joining him.

"As my presence is necessary at all festivities it must not lack where the people weep and die. In the south Italians suffer; therefore, I must be there. It is my place as a woman, and a mother."

The king and queen were cheered by the crowds at the station, but they hurried to the train and carefully inspected the medical and other supplies.

Misfortune seems to have chosen Italy as a target. Within the south was being afflicted by an earthquake the vast region of Sardinia, the largest island in the Mediterranean area, was ravaged today by a violent cyclone. The districts of Lanusei, Tortolì, Ibbano, Elni and Jerau have been devastated and the crops, vineyards and cattle destroyed. It is believed that many shepherds have followed the fate of their flocks. The damage in Sardinia is estimated at \$2,000,000.

Telegraph Service Disrupted. NAPLES, June 7.—An earthquake of unusual intensity was experienced throughout Sicily, at 2:30 o'clock.

The extent of the damage wrought has not been determined, but it is believed that at least thirty-seven people were killed and that property losses will be heavy. The disturbance disrupted telegraph communication generally in the provinces most affected.

The populations of the various towns which felt the quake were thrown into a panic and the authorities had much difficulty in restoring order. King Victor Emmanuel and Queen Helena, on receipt of word of the suffering left on a special train for the scene and soldiers and medical corps were dispatched to render first aid. It was announced that the government had called on Parliament for an appropriation of \$100,000 for use among the afflicted.

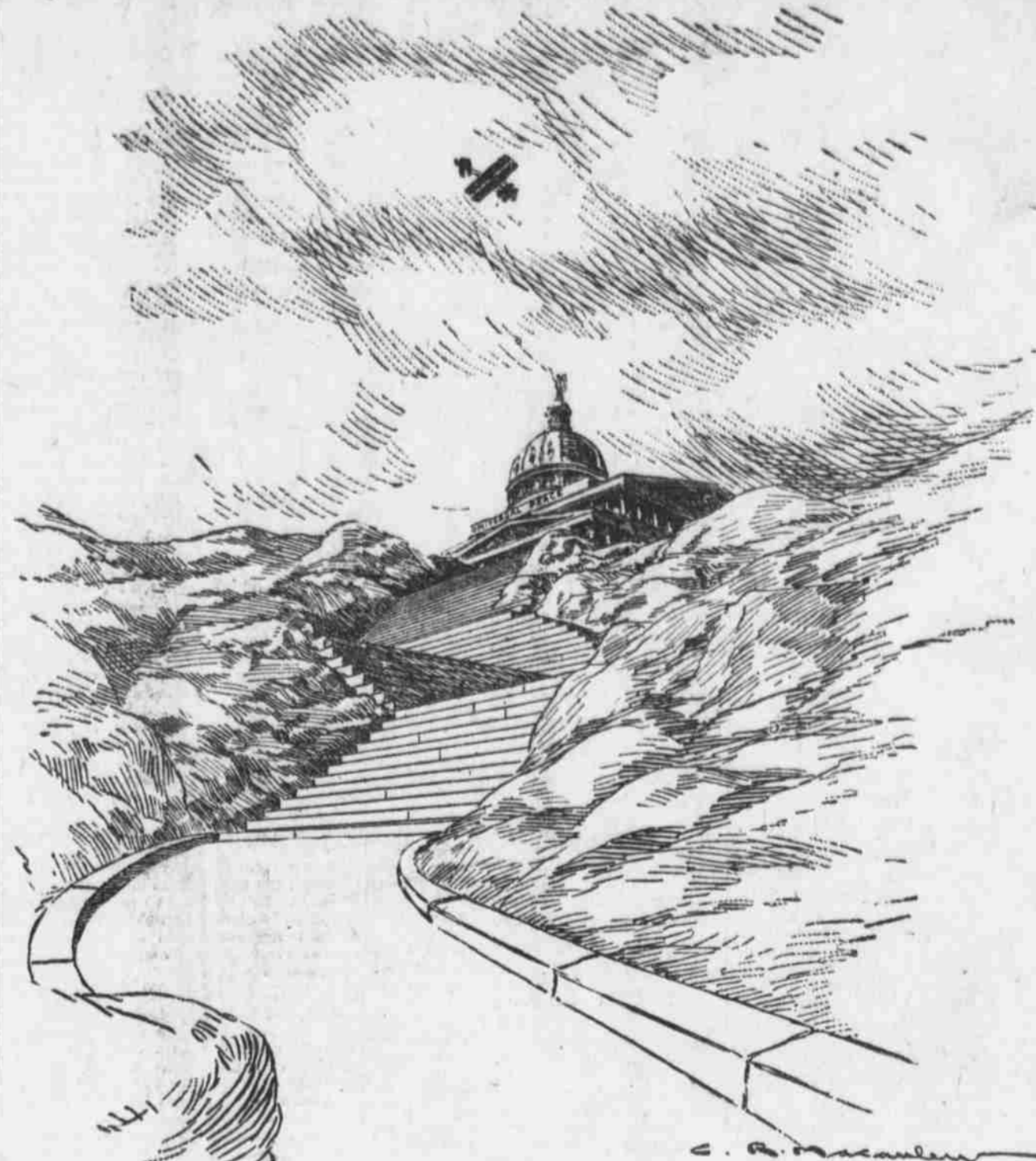
Five persons were killed in the village of San Seles, province of Potenza, in the compartment of Basilicata. Every house in the village was damaged. Slight shocks continued in the district this afternoon.

Panic Among Populace. AVELLINO, CAMPANIA, Italy, June 7.—The province of Avellino bore the brunt of a severe earthquake that was felt throughout southern Italy shortly before dawn today. Fatalities occurred and much damage was done to property, but up to noon it was impossible to determine the extent of the devastation.

In this city little harm was done and the only death reported was that of an old man, who died of fright. The population, however, was terror-stricken.

Reports from villages throughout the province.

(Continued on Fourth Page.)



From the New York World.

THE ULTIMATE GOAL

NEBRASKA MASONS GATHER Five Hundred Delegates Attend Convention Opening.

TO ELECT OFFICERS THURSDAY Session Concerned with Reports for Two Days—Representatives from All Parts at State.

Five hundred delegates attended the opening meeting of the fifty-third annual convention of the Masons at the Masonic Temple at Omaha tonight at 9 o'clock. This is the largest attendance ever present at the opening meeting. The past master degree conferred upon eighty-three officers Monday night at 9 o'clock. A report from the present grand officers was given this morning, and the election of officers for the coming year will be held Thursday afternoon.

The Nebraska veterans of Free Masons held their banquet at the temple Tuesday afternoon, which covers laid for seventy-five. Judge M. R. Hopewell, president, presided at the dinner. Toasts were responded to informally by Judge S. P. Davidson, J. H. Ehrhardt, Rev. T. J. Mackay and others.

The convention will adjourn Thursday afternoon. There are now 24 Masonic lodges in Nebraska and delegates from nearly every one are represented in Omaha today. The entire Nebraska membership has reached 17,388, which shows an increase during the last year of 767.

The following past grand masters attended the meeting today: Martin Dunham, Omaha; G. H. Thummel, Omaha; C. K. Coutant, Omaha; J. H. Mercer, Omaha; R. E. French, Kearney; S. P. Davidson, Tecumseh; W. H. Barry, Cheney; J. A. Ehrhardt, Stanton; C. J. Phelps, Schuyler; J. B. Dinmore, Sutton; F. H. Young, Broken Bow; A. W. Critch, Chadron; R. E. Evans, Dakota City; N. M. Ayres, Oak, Okla.; F. E. Bullard, North Platte; C. E. Burnham, Norfolk; M. R. Hopewell, Tekamah; Z. M. Barré, Hastings; O. J. King, Lincoln; W. A. DeBorja, Omaha; E. S. Warren, Nebraska City; H. P. Deuel, Omaha.

Following are the present grand lodge officers: Ancient, Free and Accepted Masons: M. W., Michael Dowling, grand master; Omaha; W. Harry A. Cheney, deputy grand master; Creighton; R. W. Henry Gibbons, grand senior warden; Kearney; R. W. James R. Cain, grand junior warden; Stella; M. W. John B. Dunsmore, grand treasurer; Sutton; R. W. Francis E. White, grand secretary; Omaha; V. W. Rev. George A. Boucher, grand chaplain; Omaha; W. Ambrose C. Epperson, grand orator; Clay Center; M. W. Robert E. French, grand custodian; Kearney; W. Alpa M. Morgan, grand marshal; Broken Bow; W. Thomas Davis, grand senior deacon; Beaver City; W. Samuel S. Walling, grand junior deacon; Lincoln; Bro. Ruben Forbes, acting grand Tyler; Omaha.

A meeting of the grand lodge was held in the Masonic hall last night. There was a large attendance of the grand officers and other members of the order who heard with interest the addresses of W. Ambrose C. Epperson, Clay Center, grand orator, on the progress of Masonry in the state.

Crum to Be Minister to Liberia. WASHINGTON, June 7.—President Taft today nominated William B. Crum of South Carolina, to be minister to Liberia and counsellor general at Monrovia, Liberia. Crum is the negro, whose appointment by Mr. Roosevelt as collector of the port at Charleston, S. C., raised such a storm of protest in the south.

Gold and Copper Strike. DILLON, Wyo., June 7.—(Special.)—Hugh Morrison, operating the Morrison claims, last week cut a six-foot vein of ore carrying 120 in gold and more than 40 per cent copper per ton. The strike has caused much excitement.

Mr. Roosevelt Gives Lecture to Oxford Men

Former President Receives Honorary Degree of Doctor of Civil Laws from British University.

OXFORD, England, June 7.—Former President Roosevelt was the guest of Oxford today. He delivered the Romanes lecture at the University of Oxford and the university conferred upon him the honorary degree of Doctor of Civil Laws. The lecture and the conferment constituted the big feature of the day, but it did not complete the program, which was about as crowded as any the distinguished American has undertaken in his European travels.

Oxford was glad to see the former president and made the fact known. First was a reception given by the mayor of the corporation at the town hall. The auditorium was filled and when the guests appeared the audience joined in singing, "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow."

From the town hall Mr. Roosevelt made hurried visits to the leading colleges and to other places of historic interest. He was entertained at luncheon by the American club, leaving soon afterwards for the lecture at the University of Oxford and the ceremonies that added a D.C.L. to the other honorary titles that has been bestowed upon him.

The Romanes lectureship at Oxford was named for George John Romanes, who was born in Kingston, Canada, on May 29, 1848, and died at Oxford in 1894. He gained celebrity as a naturalist and Fulbrighter professor of physiology at the royal institution. The first incumbent of the chair, occupied this year by Mr. Roosevelt, was William E. Gladstone, who in 1852 lectured on "Medieval Universities." Lord Curzon, chancellor of the university, and who delivered the Romanes lecture in 1907, presided at the exercises today.

Mr. Roosevelt's subject was "Biological Analogies in History." His voice failed him after a time and he was obliged to leave unread the latter part of his lecture.

Ethereal Lover Steals Husband

MINNEAPOLIS, June 7.—Because he has a spirit affinity with whom he flirts at inopportune times, it is alleged, Richard Bowler, Minneapolis, is being sued for divorce in the Hennepin county district court by Maxhele Bowler. In her complaint in Judge Booth's court, Mrs. Bowler alleges that at the theater neither music nor mirth will attract him from the spiritual love, and in street cars he humilifies her greatly by flirting with his ethereal goddess. Both the Bowlers are spiritualists.

SMITH WINS HIS DISTRICT Congressman in Ninth Iowa Claims Big Victory Over Byers.

TOO EARLY FOR FULL FIGURES Byers' Men Offer No Figures, But Demand Official Results—Smith Claims it by About One Thousand.

That Judge Walter I. Smith has carried the Ninth Iowa district for the republican congressmen, the majority of whom were Byers' men, after the fight of his life by a reduced majority seems certain.

Although returns are belated, since the polls did not close until 8 o'clock last night in Iowa, the Smith supporters are jubilantly asserting his lead over Byers will be fully 1,000.

Byers' men, before conceding Smith's nomination at Council Bluffs, demanded the official returns but they offered no figures upon which to base claims of their candidate's nomination.

At the Smith headquarters, returns from fifty-six precincts out of the 121 in the Ninth district showed Smith, 5,100; Byers, 4,607.

Bluffs by Seven Hundred. Pottawattamie county gave Smith over 1,000, while the city of Council Bluffs gave him about 500 majority.

At midnight there was a manifest timidity about making any very emphatic claims at Byers' headquarters and only a few of the faithful remained to gather in the straggling returns. The returns thus far are not complete. Up to midnight the progressives were claiming Shelby county, by 700, Adams county by 300 Audubon by a small majority, with Guthrie and Harrison counties about an even standoff.

The standpatters claim to have carried Pottawattamie county by 1,800 and to have heard from all counties but Shelby, and conceding Shelby to Byers to have clear majorities in each of the other eight counties. Judge Smith carried Glenwood by 208, a much larger vote than his friends expected.

In Harrison county there was a loss of about 40 per cent over the Allison-Cummins vote of two years ago, but Judge Smith's friends were confident of carrying the county by about 300.

Light Country Vote. It is quite evident from the scattering precinct returns that but a light country vote had been polled. The ray vote has been brought out in all the city districts. In Council Bluffs practically every available automobile in the city was brought into use Tuesday to get the voters to the polls. The Smith automobiles were most largely in evidence.

Judge Smith said about 11:30 last night: "I do not think there is any guessing but that I am nominated by from 2,500 to 3,000."

(Continued on Second Page.)

IOWA PRIMARIES SHOW HOT FIGHT

Incomplete Returns Indicate Tussle for Gubernatorial and Congressional Nominations.

CARROLL SEEMS TO BE WINNER

Unofficial Figures Give Governor Ten Thousand Majority.

SMITH AND PRUTY PROBABLE

Followers Claim Election, Although Some Doubt Exists.

LIGHT VOTE POLLED GENERALLY

Figures Drop Below Average in Many Districts—Kennedy and Towner Picked as Winners.

INDICATED IOWA RESULTS

For governor: B. F. Carroll, republican. Claude E. Porter, democrat. Republican: First District—C. A. Kennedy, standpatter. Second—Charles Grilk, progressive. Third—C. E. Pickett, progressive. Fourth—Gilbert N. Haugen, progressive. Fifth—James W. Good, progressive. Sixth—N. E. Kendall, progressive. Seventh—S. F. Prouty, progressive. Eighth—E. M. Towner, standpatter. Ninth—Walter I. Smith, standpatter. Tenth—Frank P. Woods, progressive. Eleventh—E. H. Hubbard, progressive. Democrat: First District—J. A. S. Pollard. Second—J. A. De Armund. Third—John Dennison. Fourth—D. D. Murphy. Fifth—S. G. Huber. Sixth—Daniel W. Hamilton. Seventh—Clint E. Price. Eighth—E. C. Hubbard. Ninth—W. Y. Cleveland. Tenth—No candidate. Eleventh—No candidate.

DES MOINES, June 8.—All hope of making any definite announcement on the republican nomination for governor was abandoned at this hour, only 150 voting precincts out of 2,300 in the state having sent in unofficial returns. On the basis of returns received, however, Governor Carroll has an indicated majority of 10,000 over Warren Garst.

In the First and Seventh congressional districts the returns are sufficiently heavy, apparently, to give sound basis to claims of the election of Prouty, progressive, over Congressman Hull, in the seventh, and Congressman Kennedy, standpatter, over S. W. Brookhart, in the first.

While Congressman Smith's supporters in the Ninth district insist that his election is assured, progressive leaders here assert that the returns in Smith's territory are far too scant to justify the claim that the progressive candidate, Attorney General Byers, has been elected.

The contest between H. M. Taylor, standpatter, and J. H. Darragh, progressive, in the eighth district, at 1 o'clock was in doubt, owing to insufficient returns. The probable contest in the majority of eight progressive and three standpatters.

No returns were received as to democratic contests. The Des Moines Capital, regular republican, in a midnight extra edition claimed the nomination of Congressman Kennedy and Smith, and the republican majority over S. W. Brookhart, for congressional nominations, and of Carroll for governor. The extra makes the Hull-Prouty contest doubtful.

"Progressive" Cause Hart. BURLINGTON, Ia., June 7.—The "progressive" republican cause went down in defeat in the first district primaries today. Congressman Hull, in Attorney General Taylor's territory, was defeated by S. W. Brookhart, "progressive," will reach 2,500 on the basis of fairly complete returns.

Davenport Vote Light. DAVENPORT, Ia., June 7.—Charles Grilk being unopposed for the republican nomination in the second congressional district in the contest was left to the democratic factions. Early returns indicate that J. A. DeArmund of Davenport, would win over H. M. Towner, although, although the result was in doubt. Garst supporters claim the district on the governorship. The vote was light.

Carroll Runs Ahead. DEBUEQUE, Ia., June 7.—The vote in the third district was lighter than two years ago. The first precinct heard from gave Carroll 23, against 11 for Garst on the governorship.

Governor Running Steady. CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., June 7.—Early indications give the county to Carroll for governor. James W. Wood, republican, progressive, and S. C. Huber, democrat, received the fifth congressional nomination unopposed.

Vote at Glenwood. GLENWOOD, Ia., June 7.—(Special Telegram.)—Unofficial returns give Carroll for governor and Smith for congress strong probabilities. The vote for governor, republican, Carroll 25, Byers 47; for congressional, Tod Porter 55, Leon 15.

Garst Makes Gain. MASON CITY, Ia., June 7.—Garst for governor on first returns from nine precincts gained 100 votes in the precinct over his record two years ago when he also ran against Carroll for the gubernatorial nomination. Gilbert N. Haugen of Northwood, "progressive," and D. D. Murphy, democrat, of Elkader, were nominated without opposition as congressional candidates in the Fortieth district.

Woods Re-Nominated. FORT DODGE, Ia., June 7.—Congressman Frank P. Woods, progressive republican, was re-nominated for congress in the Tenth district, defeating Lewis H. Maine, standpatter. The democrats made no nomination.

BYERS CARRIES SHELBY COUNTY Attorney General Surprises with Prediction. HARKEN, Ia., June 7.—(Special Telegram.)—In the fiercest primary fight ever held here, it is regarded as certain that Congressman W. J. Smith defeated Attorney General Byers for the nomination for congress in the Ninth district. Mr. Byers who is in Des Moines, tonight, sent word that he would not concede the nomination to Smith on account of the meager returns.

The county of Shelby, Mr. Byers' home county, in fifteen out of twenty-three precincts has given Byers a majority of 124. The Byers' men claim the county by 124.

Attorney General Surprises with Prediction. HARKEN, Ia., June 7.—(Special Telegram.)—In the fiercest primary fight ever held here, it is regarded as certain that Congressman W. J. Smith defeated Attorney General Byers for the nomination for congress in the Ninth district. Mr. Byers who is in Des Moines, tonight, sent word that he would not concede the nomination to Smith on account of the meager returns.