

WILSON'S TRIBUTE TO HUGHES

President Fully Satisfied with New Yorker's Ability.

MAKES ADDRESS IN BUFFALO

Declares New Member of Court is Man to Decide Every Question Without Fear or Favor.

BUFFALO, N. Y., April 30.—President and Secretary of State Knox were guests of honor tonight at the banquet held in satisfaction of the two leading commercial organizations of Buffalo...

The president in a discussion of the conservation of natural resources indicated a reference to Secretary Ballinger, when he said: "Let me lift my voice in behalf of those who are responsible for carrying forward this work and plead that they shall not be traduced and misrepresented in reaching a solution of a problem of great difficulty."

The president spoke of the conservation bills in congress and especially the one confirming the right of the executive to withdraw lands from public entry.

There has been objection to this, he said, "as a reflection upon those officials who already have exercised this power in suggesting that they usurped the power of congress."

"If the supreme court should decide that this power does not exist we would have a perfect mess," said the president. "There are people who say the power does not exist and are trying to secure title to land on that ground. The fact that they are willing to face lawsuits, shows they have long purses and are prepared to fight."

Conservation is Abuse. The president said the subject of conservation was rather abusive.

"But," he added amid laughter, "there are a great many in favor of conservation who matter what it means."

Mr. Taft paid a tribute to Governor Hughes.

"As I look on this New York audience," he said, "I feel like apologizing on the one hand and congratulating the country on the other on taking from you a great governor to make a great justice of the supreme court of the United States. Even I do not agree with Mr. Hughes in his construction of the income tax and hope that your legislature will adopt that amendment. I shall still be willing and glad if it does submit its construction to what Justice Hughes, without regard to what view he might have taken before, he will give again his judicial quality to the solution of that problem."

"You know and I know that it is that kind of a man who can, when he takes the oath of office, decide every question without fear or favor as God gives him to see the right."

After breakfast at the home of Albany Wilson this morning President Taft spent two hours in the library of the Wilson home, where in 1901 Theodore Roosevelt took the oath of office as president of the United States, following the death of President McKinley a few weeks away. Mr. Taft is the first president to visit Buffalo since those fatal days.

Mr. Taft has a presidential preference by allowing himself to be quoted at an interview with reporters. He asked his interviewers to keep away from politics, but they plunged right into the New York situation, and especially the appointment of Governor Hughes to the supreme court bench.

"I saw Governor Hughes at Albany," the president said, "before he was nominated, and we went over the question of his running again for governor. I urged him to do so. He gave me many reasons why he could not."

The president left for Pittsburgh at 11:00. White borrows money.

In the course of an interview today Mr. Brown said: "Since I became acquainted with White at the last session of the legislature he appealed to me several times for loans, saying he was in debt, hard up, etc. On three or four occasions I let him have \$50 or so for which I hold his notes. Finally this borrowing habit of his became too common and I wrote him a letter advising him to go to work and earn a living like other people. I even secured a position for him, but he paid only \$5 and he refused to take it. Then a coolness sprang up. The next thing to come from him was a remarkable letter. It ran this way:

"I have written a full story of my experiences at Springfield at the legislature. Those who have seen it declare it is the best story that has ever been written. I wrote it for publication. I have used your name in it with deep regret, for I cannot avoid it and will set forth the facts. I also have told Senator Lorimer about it."

"He did not ask for money," continued Mr. Brown, "but the intention was as plain as if it had been in scare-heads, that unless money was paid the story would be published. It was my first intimation that he had gone into the tug business. I looked at the situation from every angle, and at last concluded there was but one thing to do—to ignore the letter and its writer."

White was secretly interviewed by State's Attorney Wyman today, but the latter would not divulge the nature of the talk. White, however, is expected to tell his story to the special grand jury next week.

Other men involved. The Tribune tomorrow will say that in relating his charge, White gave the names of four other democratic members of the general assembly who met with him and Representative Robert Wilson of Chicago, in the Southern hotel at St. Louis, when a portion of the alleged bribe was paid.

The names mentioned by White are Joseph S. Clark of Vandalla, Ill.; Michael S. Link of Mitchell, Ill.; Henry S. Shepard of Jerseyville and Charles S. Luke of Nashville, Ill. Luke is now dead.

The Tribune declares that in order to ascertain what these men know of the matter, it sent an experienced investigator to each of them twice, and sent two of its staff to each of them on another occasion. It was first discovered, according to the Tribune, that the register of the Southern hotel showed that Robert E. Wilson was there on July 11, 1909, the date on which White declared that Wilson paid him \$500 as a reward for voting for Lorimer. This money, White said, was paid him by Wilson, while in a bathroom adjoining the room occupied by Wilson in the hotel.

Michael S. Link, who was a representative in the legislature that elected Lorimer, admitted at his first interview with the Tribune investigator, according to the Tribune, that he had been at the Southern hotel with Wilson and that he had talked with Wilson alone in the bathroom. When asked if he had received any money from Wilson, he replied:

"It is nobody's business if I received money or did not."

In a subsequent interview Link said he desired to withdraw that statement, as receiving money under such circumstances would be accepting a bribe.

The St. Louis meeting. In all the St. Louis meetings with Representative Clarke, he declared that he was unable to remember the St. Louis meeting

CANNON ON HOUSE RULES

Objections Due to Desire of Minority to Dictate.

Speaks at Grant Celebration

He Likens Attack Upon Taft Administration to Abuse Heaped Upon Grant During First Term.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—"When we have had to change the rules of the house to please the minority to dictate legislation in behalf of special interests we will be confronted with the necessity of changing our constitution and all our conceptions of a people's government where the majority shall legislate and accept responsibility for the legislation."

Speaker Joseph G. Cannon of the house of representatives made the foregoing declaration tonight in addressing the Middlesex club on the occasion of a celebration of the eighty-ninth anniversary of the birth of General Grant.

Speaker Cannon after delivering a eulogy upon the life of the great American general and former president, announced that he had been asked to say a word about the rules of the house "after the ocean of words that have been hurled at the rules in the last two years."

"Thomas B. Reed once said," the speaker declared, "that the noise made by a small but loud minority in the wrong is too often taken for the voice of the people and the voice of God." That remark applies to the discussion of the rules.

The speaker stated that the rules were the development of twelve years, that they were substantially as they had been for a generation; that a campaign against the rules made twenty years ago brought out the denunciation now within the last two years, and that on the former occasion it was the "loud minority" trying to dictate legislation.

Minority Tries to Dictate. "The democrats were in the minority in the fifty-first congress," he said, "but they tried to dictate legislation. Speaker Reed and the majority who were responsible for legislation refused to be dictated to. Reed counted a quorum of those who were present for mischief but declared they were not present for business. That action of Reed was denounced as 'czarism.' The discussion became international, but the supreme court sustained Reed and so did the democratic party when it came into power. It adopted what it had denounced as the Reed rules."

"Why this fuss and fury?" the old cause, the effort of the minority to rule. On the eve of the last presidential election the democratic leaders sought to dictate legislation. The majority would not accept dictation. The minority began a filibuster which continued to the end of the session, frankly stating on the floor that the minority would resist and embarrass in every way possible all legislation unless certain measures demanded by the minority should be brought forward.

"History repeated itself. The democratic platform denounced the czarism of the speaker, just as the democratic platform did in 1890. The minority had demanded legislation for special interests; not for the general interest. There are other special interests demanding that the speaker use arbitrary power in their behalf. When he refused to violate the rules and traditions of the house he was denounced as a czar."

Criticism of Grant Cited. In discussing the criticism of General Grant during his administration as president, Speaker Cannon found a parallel in the attacks on the present administration and in former ones. He said that the administration would overcome all attacks as triumphantly as did Grant.

"In his memoirs," the speaker reminded, "Grant tells of an incident in his campaign in Texas, where one night the camp was disturbed by an unearthly noise that had a panicky effect on the soldiers and caused some uneasiness among the officers. A squad was detailed to make a reconnaissance. They stealthily moved in the direction from which the sounds came and as the men rounded a butte they discovered two copies on little hillocks engaged in a serenade."

"The noise made by the liberal and democratic press against Grant was a fitting parallel to that episode in his early life. It did not frighten him nor the rank and file who marched to the polls with the same determination that had four years before and 69,000 more of them dropped republican ballots into the boxes."

Liquor Licenses Are Tied Up by Appeal. Hearings Are Held Before Hastings Judge on Appeal from City Council's Action.

HASTINGS, Neb., May 1.—(Special Telegram.)—The various liquor license cases appealed to the district court from the city council were tried before Judge Dungen in special term yesterday. The cases were taken under advisement.

In the case of the Hastings Brewing company, whose license was cited up by the appeal, the only issue was whether sales of beer to consumers was in violation of the provision of the Gibson act prohibiting breweries from engaging in retail business.

In all but one of the saloon cases the only question at issue was whether the applicants had violated the liquor law in the last license year. In another case the remonstrator made the further objection that the petition was not signed by the requisite number of freeholders.

Three saloons are now operated here, but licenses for seven others were stayed by the appeals.

WRIGHT DENIES ACCUSATION. Says Did Not Copy Afloat from the Inventions of Bolus or Anybody Else.

NEW YORK, May 1.—(Special Telegram.)—Wilbur Wright, the American aviator, who is in this city on business, denied the accusation that he and his brother had copied their airplanes from inventions of a European named Bolus.

"I never heard of Bolus, and I don't think my brother ever did, either," said Mr. Wright. "His name, who says that Bolus copied from him, is an English experimenter, who spent \$100,000 and failed. A comparison of our machines will show the absurdity of this accusation."

MOUNTAIN CLIMBERS SAIL. Bellmore-Brown Expedition Leaves Friday to Ascend Heights of Mount McKinley.

TACOMA, Wash., May 1.—The Bellmore-Brown expedition to Mount McKinley, consisting of five men backed by the American Geographical society, will sail next Friday. The purpose of the expedition is to climb Mount McKinley and search for records which Dr. Cook asserts he left at the top.

A Horrible Death results from decaying lungs. Cure coughs and weak, sore lungs with Dr. King's New Discovery. 50c and \$1.00. For sale by Beaton Drug Co.

Miss Ried of Rome Identifies Body of Her Cousin

Sends for New York Detectives, but Has No Hope of Discovering the Murderers.

Manipulation of May Corn Makes Money for Patten

At Head of Bull Clique, Chicago Operator Now Buying July Option.

NEW YORK, May 1.—(Special Telegram.)—Prof. May very nearly \$100,000 was shown today by careful calculation of the work of James A. Patten of Chicago, and his associates in the great bull clique, which has manipulated May cotton almost to the exclusion of everyone else, and victorious in deals for 200,000 bales, in turning the attention to buying all of the July cotton that is offered.

Mr. Patten is believed to have carried in his own name about one-half of the May cotton, handled by the bull crowd, and his individual profits were estimated at approximately \$150,000 today. The cotton was taken over at \$14.50 and today the price had risen to \$14.82, the closing price for May on the exchange.

Alton Railroad in Rate Tangle. Line Charged with Selling Second-Class Tickets with First-Class Privileges.

KANSAS CITY, May 1.—Eight indictments were returned against the Chicago & Alton railroad by a federal grand jury today on charges of having sold second class tickets for the city to Chicago with first class ticket privileges. Two indictments are returned on each of the four offenses alleged. The indictments are based on sections of the interstate commerce laws.

On April 2, 1908, 1910 tickets that the road sold thirty-three round trip tickets from Kansas City to Chicago for \$12.50 each. This is a second class rate, and it is alleged that the passengers were allowed the privilege of the sleeping car and the parlor car. Over the Chicago & Alton the rate for the one way trip is \$2.30. If persons were sold second class tickets and allowed first class ticket privileges on November 2, 1908, it is alleged.

At later dates sixteen more persons were sold second class tickets and were given more than they were entitled to under the law. It is alleged.

Plan on Foot to Buy Twain Home. Rich Men of East to Furnish Money with Which to Make the Purchase.

NEW YORK, May 1.—(Special Telegram.)—Sentiment among the rich men in the east who were friends of the late Samuel L. Clemens, to furnish the bulk of the funds necessary to purchase the humorist's old home in Missouri, rehabilitating it into a museum, will soon take tangible form.

Among those who were admirers of Mark Twain and who will contribute to the fund are Henry H. Rogers, Jr.; Andrew Carnegie and J. Pierpont Morgan, Jr. The movement to buy Twain's old home in Missouri was really started by here before the people of Montgomery, Mo., started a subscription. The idea is to purchase either the house at Florida, Mo., where Clemens was born, or at Hannibal, where he spent his boyhood. Both houses are still standing, although the cottage at Florida is not in a very good state of preservation.

NEW IN THE WAY OF COURTS. Place Where Matrimonial Matters and Domestic Troubles May Be Taken for Airing.

NEW YORK, May 1.—(Special Telegram.)—New York is to have a domestic relations court, the first of the kind ever established. The bill providing for the court has passed the common stage at Albany and friends are confident it will soon become a law.

The domestic relations court will be a court where matrimonial matters and domestic troubles will be dealt with exclusively and where they will receive calm and earnest consideration.

In this court the preservation of the family as a unit will be the first consideration. It will take in and cover the whole subject of domestic troubles, with their adjustment and conciliation as its groundwork. The proposed court is heartily approved by leading members of the bar and by sociological students. The latter believe it will have a marked effect in decreasing the number of divorces.

TREE NAMED FOR PINCHOT. Big Giant in California Woods to Be Dedicated by Secret Club.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 1.—One of the giant trees in the Muir woods will be dedicated and named tomorrow in honor of Gifford Pinchot by the Secret club, the members of which will make a special excursion to the grove. Addresses will be delivered by Alexander McAdie, vice president of the club; former Governor George C. Pardee, William Kent and Vanderlyn Stow.

WILL SUPPRESS WHITE SLAVERY

(Continued from First Page.)

MISSING GIRLS ARE FOUND

Milwaukee Young Women Located in Wisconsin as Prisoners.

APPLETON, Wis., May 1.—Judy Grimes and Mary Newmann, who disappeared in Milwaukee about ten days ago, were located today at International Falls, Minn., where they were held as prisoners by a man and a woman, alleged to be white slave operators, who were taking the two girls into Canada. The girls left here to go to Milwaukee about two weeks ago in reply to a letter offering them lucrative employment. One letter was received here after they reached Milwaukee and the girls then disappeared.

The police of many cities were asked to assist in the search and the police finally found that they had been taken through there to the Canadian frontier. Their captors escaped. Authorities at International Falls tonight were notified to hold the girls until relatives arrived from Appleton to take them home.

ALL LONDON GETTING READY TO HURRAH FOR ROOSEVELT. Fifty Per Cent More Americans in Old Town Than Ever Before. Known and Retailers Happy.

LONDON, May 1.—(Special Cable to The Bee.)—It seems odd that the visit of Theodore Roosevelt should have an effect on British politics, but it does. It became known today that King Edward has insisted that some compromise shall be made between the commons and the lords which will prevent a general election in the immediate future. In reaching his decision advice to an election in June or July, it is said he was moved principally by the flood of protests received indirectly from the London shopkeepers, dismayed at the idea of an electoral upset of their best trading season, and this, too, during the height of the excitement over the Roosevelt visit.

It is not too much to say that the appearance of Mr. Roosevelt will cut a far larger figure in the fashionable life of London than would that of any crowned head, and on this account the influx of Americans is expected to be 50 per cent greater than ever before.

Commander Julius A. Pratt Post No. 143, Dept. Ill., G. A. R.

Mr. Isaac Cook, commander of above post, Keokuk, Ill., writes: "For a long time I was bothered with backache and pains across my kidneys. About two months ago I started taking Foley Kidney Pills and soon saw that they were doing just as claimed. I kept on taking them and now I am free from backache and the painful bladder misery in all ways. I like Foley Kidney Pills so well that I have told many of my friends and comrades about them and shall recommend them to every opportunity." For sale by all druggists.



"Housekeeperitis"

Poor tired soul, she is the victim of "housekeeperitis"—a disease common to women who haven't learned to take advantage of the Gold Dust way of easy house-cleaning and house-caring.

Why fuss and fret, work and worry, when Gold Dust will relieve you of at least half the labor of cleaning everything and anything about the house? Whether for washing clothes or dishes, cleaning pots, pans and woodwork, scrubbing floors, doors or bathroom, you will find Gold Dust more economical, more convenient and better than soap or any other cleanser.

The Golden Rule of Housework is "Use Gold Dust."

Do not use Soap, Naphtha, Borax, Soda, Ammonia or Kerosene with Gold Dust. Gold Dust has all desirable cleaning qualities in a perfectly harmless and lasting form. The Gold Dust Twins need no outside help.

Made by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, CHICAGO Makers of Fairy Soap (the oval cake)

"Let the Gold Dust Twins do your work"

ALL DEPENDS UPON THE MAN

J. P. Morgan, Jr., Talks of Present Opportunities.

BOYS WHO ARE SURE TO SUCCEED

No Place in Business for the Workers Who Watch the Hands of the Clock as They Move Around.

NEW YORK, May 1.—(Special Telegram.)—"I think the young man of today has as many opportunities as those of the previous generation?" J. P. Morgan, Jr., slowly repeated after the visitor who sought to interview him yesterday.

"Why, of course, I do. But it depends upon the young man. By studying his employer's interests he is at an exact replica of his father. When the time comes for him to step into his father's shoes he will fit them for already he has shown the same giant stride with which the older Morgan marches to the achievement of whatever coup he plans. Mr. Morgan had nothing to tell his visitor that he alone was the hidden force which has recently been conducting such a magnificent bull campaign in steel.

What Everybody Wants. Everybody desires good health, which is impossible unless the kidneys are sound and healthy. Foley's Kidney Remedy should be taken at the first indication of any irregularity, and a serious illness may be averted. Foley's Kidney Remedy will restore your kidneys and bladder to their normal state and activity. For sale by all druggists.

ADS HEPATIC SALTS

This is a preparation which contains all of the medicinal properties of the famous European mineral springs of Welsbaden, Pullna, Marienbad and Carlsbad, where so many Americans go every year to have their systems overhauled.

With a glass of clear, cold water and a spoonful of A. D. S. Hepatic Salts you can prepare a drink which in every way—in taste, action and result—is like those springs. It is very pleasant to take and its medicinal properties are very pronounced.

If you have a torpid liver or sluggish bowels, if you have indigestion arising from constipation, or if you have gout or rheumatism, or if your blood or nerves need stimulating, this is the preparation to use for quick results—if you cannot see a good doctor.

It is almost a specific for gravel. It supplies the normal constituents of the body when they have been wasted by tuberculosis, scrofula or other maladies. It rebuilds the wasted cell tissue and supplies phosphorus to the brain and nervous system. It cleanses the kidneys and eases their burden by devoting a portion of their functions to the skin and bowels.

Probably no remedy was ever made which was more widely beneficial to the demands of the human anatomy than A. D. S. Hepatic Salts, and it is one of the few preparations that can be safely given to children as well as to adults.

The great American Druggists' Syndicate of 12,000 druggists makes it and guarantees it in every way, and if not entirely satisfactory your money will be promptly refunded.

It has been a real pleasure for me to sell A. D. S. Hepatic Salts, because the customer has always been so well satisfied." Says Mr. D. Westheimer, a prominent druggist at 322 Central Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"This preparation has a very large sale here, and as far as we can tell, it produces just as good results as though a person should go to Europe and partake of the healing spring waters in Germany. I know of nothing its equal for getting the system running smoothly again when a person feels all out of sorts, and as it makes a pleasant drink when mixed with water, it is being given preference over all other preparations for cleansing, invigorating and righting the system."

Get it at any A. D. S. drug store.

Look for this Sign in the Druggist's Window

- Member of the Association of Druggists. Soleter's Cut Price Drug Stores, 15th and Douglas; Schwager's Cut Price Drug Stores, 324 North 16th Street; Schwager's Cut Price Drug Stores, 403 North 24th Street, South Omaha; Schwager's Cut Price Drug Stores, 3421 N. Street, South Omaha; Boston Drug Co., 15th and Farnam; H. S. King, 24th and Farnam; Haines Drug Co., 1610 Farnam; Walnut Hill Pharmacy, 49th and Cumine; Saratoga Drug Co., 34th and Ames Ave.; J. H. Merchant, 16th and Howard; Zan, J. Freytag, 214 North 24th Street; The Crissey Pharmacy, 24th and Lake; Johnson Drug Co., 24th and Scavalling; R. A. Beranek, 142 South 44th Street; Chas. E. Lohr, 124 North 24th Street; H. L. Philberrow, 124 North 24th Street; Forest & Fenton Drug Co., 56th and Q. Streets, South Omaha; Bell Drug Co., Florence, Neb.

There are corn flakes and corn flakes but the toasted corn flakes that are better than any other flaked food you ever ate are the Improved Corn Flakes Toasted.

"The Taste Tells"

The Big Blue Package at Your Grocer 10c



DRINK AND OPIUM. Habits cured by a thorough and scientific course of treatment, which removes the craving or necessity for liquor or drugs, imparts new strength to every organ, and builds up the general health. Proven efficacious by 29 years' use and the cure of more than 350,000 patients. Beware of imitations. The genuine Keeley treatment is administered in this state only at THE KEELEY INSTITUTE, 9th and Cass Streets, OMAHA, NEB.

TWENTIETH CENTURY FARMER Best in the West.