

HYDE MAY HEAR THUD OF TRAP

Man to Be Hanged Next Friday in Room Across Corridor from Court Chamber.

MISS HOULIHAN ON STAND

Says Dr. Hyde Gave Margaret Swope Box of Candy.

ATTORNEY AND NURSE AGREE

Albert M. Ott Tells Story of Bleeding of James Moss Hunter.

MRS. HYDE SOBS IN COURT

Defendant's Wife Breaks Down When Witness Tells of Her Implying Husband to Close the Lecture.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 22

Just a week from today a hanging will take place in the county jail immediately across a corridor from the room in which Dr. Hyde is being tried. The man to be hanged is Robert Davis, colored.

The thud of the trap will probably be heard in the court room. The law provides that the execution be carried out between the hours of 9 a. m. and 3 p. m. The county marshal, Joel Mayer, said today that the hanging would probably take place between 10 a. m. and 11 a. m.

However, that active business would cease during the death march and the springing of the trap.

Davis killed another negro. This case was carried to the supreme court, which upheld the decision of the lower tribunal.

Witnesses Attorney John E. W. Wayman of Chicago was one of the spectators this afternoon. He is on his way to Excelsior Springs, Mo.

Miss Houlihan on Stand. Describing with striking detail and supplementing her story with a vivid illustration of the action of her patient, Miss Anna Houlihan, a nurse, today began, at the Hyde murder trial, the story of the death of Christian Swope. Dr. Hyde is indicted on the charge of murdering him.

It was Miss Houlihan who led the strike of the nurses against Dr. Hyde at the hospital house last December 13. She is a little black-haired woman of positive manner of speech.

"People are being murdered in this house," she is said to have declared to Dr. Hyde. And, after she had stated her position firmly, she put on her coat and hat and said she would leave the hospital. Dr. Hyde left and Mrs. Hyde went with him.

The description of the conviction suffered by Christian Swope, following the administration of a capsule by Dr. Hyde, was similar to that given by Miss Keller, nurse, at the trial of Colonel Swope under similar circumstances.

Miss Keller first witness. Cross-examination of Miss Keller, Colonel Swope's nurse, was resumed in the criminal court by Attorney Frank P. Walsh today. Mr. Walsh indicated before the opening of the case that his investigation would be somewhat extended. During the entire afternoon session yesterday Mr. Walsh questioned Miss Keller.

The examination of witness is necessarily long, as she has testified at four hearings. She has been before the grand jury, the municipal court, the grand jury, and the grand jury, and she has testified at four hearings.

Miss Keller is recognized as the state's premier witness in the hearing. Mrs. Hyde will be used by the defense in an attempt to refute Miss Keller's testimony. This will be done by calling down to a battle between the two women.

Mrs. Hyde is well versed with every angle of her husband's case and is landing much aid to his lawyers, especially in the examination of Miss Keller. She has had her chief moved forward in the court room so that she is at the elbow of her husband's counsel.

Faith to Confess Nurse. Little headway was made by Mr. Walsh yesterday when he attempted to impeach Miss Keller. The witness admitted on the stand that she had made a careful study of what her testimony in the case would be as soon as the case began. She referred to her own notes and to the history of the case and she has given references before she ever gave a word of testimony at any place, she said.

Asked if Colonel Swope took the strychnine two or three times a day, Miss Keller said she never testified that he did. Mr. Walsh then read from deposition of the nurse.

"I administered the tonic three times a day," she said. "I administered three times a day. I gave Colonel Swope his medicine as often as he would take it."

Mr. Walsh completed his examination of Miss Keller in less than an hour.

Chinese Rioters Burn Junks and Mission Stations

Number of Natives in Hunan Province Killed—Gunboats Protect Foreigners.

HANKOW, April 22.—The situation in Hunan province is reported as critical. Women and children are fleeing for their lives from Chang Sha, the capital. A number of villages near that city have been burned by natives. The country is plastered with threats to kill all foreigners.

This news was brought by missionary refugees who arrived here today from Chang Sha and nearby stations. Many of them had traveled thirty miles on foot and reached the Yangtze river in sight. Their houses had been burned and they lost all of their personal effects.

The missionaries stated that gunboats in the river have their guns trained upon Chang Sha and nearby points and have afforded a refuge for foreigners. Thousands of Chinese imperial soldiers are occupying the strategic points of the capital and detachments are being hurried to the outlying districts, where rioting is reported.

Many Chinese have been killed. In one instance a technical school was set on fire and thirty students were burned to death.

When vessels approached Chang Sha to rescue the imperiled ones the Chinese mob saturated junks with kerosene oil from footed stations of the Standard Oil company and, setting them afire, allowed them to float down stream in an attempt to destroy the incoming steamers.

The viceroys of Hunan province and the governor of Chang Sha assert they have the situation in hand and that order is practically restored, but the missionaries say they fear further outrages.

The telegraph wires to the westward of the disturbed districts have been cut. Many missionaries, American, French and Norwegian, remain at outlying posts.

The British consul at Chang Sha, who has arrived here, said today: "If one foreigner had been killed a massacre probably would have followed. The British consulate was burned because it employed laborers from another province in the construction of new buildings."

The monetary loss to foreign interests is believed not to have been great.

CHICAGO, April 22.—Six missionaries of the United Evangelical church from Chicago are believed to be in the heart of the uprising of Chinese at Changsha. They are Mr. and Mrs. C. Newton Dubs, Mr. and Mrs. Irving Dunlap, and Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Bahr.

Eighteen Coal Miners Caught by Explosion

Six Bodies Have Been Recovered from Shaft at Amsterdam, O., and Twelve Are Missing.

SEBASTIANVILLE, O., April 22.—Eighteen of a night force of twenty-five coal miners employed in the mine of the Washington and Ohio Coal company near Amsterdam, O., thought to be dead as a result of an explosion in the mine late last night.

So far six bodies have been recovered. Seven were taken from the shaft in an unconscious condition. Twelve men are missing.

It is thought that the explosion was caused by coal gas being ignited by the lights on the helmets of the miners.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., April 22.—Up to 5 o'clock today twenty-eight bodies of the forty-three victims of the Mulga mine explosion had been recovered. They were so badly burned and mangled by the explosion that the identification was difficult.

Express Train Strikes Bunk Car

Three Men Killed and Eight Badly Injured on Big Four Road Near Terre Haute, Ind.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., April 22.—Three men were killed and eight probably fatally injured when a train of empty express cars on the way from St. Louis to Indianapolis, on the Big Four railroad, struck a defective switch and struck the car of a construction crew on a siding at Sandfort, Ind., early today. The dead: ENGINEER R. E. ELY, Mattson, Ill. H. DRISCOLL, L. R. DUNNELL, Driscoll and Donnelly, who were killed, and all the men injured except Shipman, were members of the construction crew and were asleep in their car when it was crushed.

Peculiar Autograph Written by Mark Twain

It is the belief of Victor Rosewater, editor of The Bee, that he has a unique autograph of Mark Twain. "When I was serving as a page in the senate," he says, "I collected the autographs of many notable men. Mark Twain was in attendance on that session during the winter of 1882 quite frequently, being greatly interested in a bill pending for international copyright. I managed to accommodate his

MAKE HASTE ON BALLINGER CASE

Administration Wants Forestry Inquiry Closed Before Adjournment of Congress.

DUDELEY DENIES STATEMENT Denies Making Statement to Magazine About Money.

MR. KNOX IN CONFERENCE Meets Committee and Asks that Hearing Progress Faster.

ASSISTANT FINNEY ON THE STAND Witness Recounts Imputation that He is Trying to Believe Secretary of Responsibility for Certain Acts.

WASHINGTON, April 22.—While cross-examining Mr. Finney at the Ballinger-Pinchot examination this afternoon Attorney Brandeis intimated that the attorney general's summary for the president, although dated September 11, 1908, was really written several months subsequently, notwithstanding that President Taft's letter of September 12 exonerating Ballinger was supposed to be based upon it.

John W. Dudley, former register of the land office at Juneau, Alaska, testifying before the Ballinger-Pinchot investigation committee today, denied making a statement to H. E. Lovett, an agent of Collier's Weekly had intimated to him that there was \$2,000 or \$3,000 in it for him to come to Washington to testify. He said the offer was made for a review story of Glavin, article.

Hasten the End. An effort will be made by the administration to bring the Ballinger-Pinchot investigation speedily to a close. In this move the indication is that the friends of the secretary of the interior will meet with the ready acquiescence of all members of the congressional committee without regard to their views on the question of whether or not the charges against Mr. Ballinger have been sustained.

Secretary of State Knox visited the capitol yesterday and conferred with several members of the committee. He had no definite plan to present, but merely urged that the inquiry be expedited. He is said to have spoken for President Taft, and the inference was drawn that the manner in which the hearing was being had had been the subject of cabinet discussion.

When Chairman Nelson arrived at the capitol today, he said he would try to induce the members of the committee to give an additional day each week to the hearings. Under the present order the committee sits on Tuesday and Saturday.

A brief executive session was held prior to taking of testimony, but the attendance was so small to bring up the subject of extending the time that it is to be given to the proceedings.

It has been the understanding that the "defense" as the Ballinger side of the controversy has been commonly termed, would put on the stand a dozen or more witnesses in addition to Secretary Ballinger himself. However, each witness examined at the length that has characterized the examination hitherto, it is admitted the inquiry would drag not only beyond the probable period of the present session of congress, but well into the summer.

Senator Root is to sail for Europe May 2 and his colleagues are exceedingly anxious that the inquiry be closed so that he may give his assistance in the framing of a report.

It is also apparent that additional time must be given by the committee to the taking of testimony. While the committee has no intention of making any rules which would in any manner curtail the bringing out of facts, the attorneys on both sides will be asked to assist in conserving time.

After a brief session, the committee proceeded with the hearing. Attorney Pepper, counsel for Mr. Pinchot in the conservation controversy, proceeded with the cross-examination of E. C. Finney, assistant to the secretary of the interior. Mr. Pepper questioned the witness regarding certain letters of the secretary in which the "prosecution" charged misstatements in connection with the restoration of water power sites. Mr. Finney had testified that he had prepared the letters by order of the secretary, who signed them, but that he did not know whether Mr. Ballinger had actually read them.

"Is it not true that you are here trying to assume the responsibility for Secretary Ballinger?" asked Mr. Pepper.

"No, it is not true," replied the witness.

(Continued on Second Page.)

The Modern Omar



WHY SIT UNDERNEATH THAT PROSAIC BOUGH? ME FOR PEANUTS, A SCORE CARD—WITHOUT THE FROU A YELLIN' OUT THERE ON THE BLEACHERS FOR BLEACHERS—ARE PARADISE JUST NOW WITH PROFUSE APOLOGIES TO OMAR AND HIS PAL "MAC"

TWAIN BURIAL AT EUMIRA

Body Will Rest Beside Those of Wife and Daughter.

SIMPLE SERVICE HELD TODAY Public Memorial Will Be Held Later—Hager & Brothers in Charge of Last Rites.

NEW YORK, April 22.—A simple funeral service over the body of Samuel L. Clemens will be held in this city tomorrow afternoon. The body will then be taken to Eumira, N. Y., where it will be buried beside those of his wife and children.

F. A. Duneka of Harper & Brothers, Mr. Clemens' publishers, who is making the arrangements for the funeral, said it was the wish of the family that the services be as brief as possible. Later on a public memorial service will be held.

Dr. Henry Van Dyke of Princeton university, will preach the funeral sermon at the service tomorrow, which will be held at the Brick Presbyterian church, Thirty-seventh street and Fifth avenue, at 3 o'clock.

The funeral, Mr. Duneka said, would be of a semi-public nature, and would be attended only by relatives and close friends of the author. There will be no pall bearers, and although final arrangements have not been made, the service probably will consist of merely a short address by Dr. Van Dyke. There probably will be no music. Mr. Duneka said. The body will be brought to New York from Redding, Conn., tomorrow on a special car.

After the funeral the body will be taken to Eumira, another service as simple as the one here will be held. This service probably will be at the home of General Langdon, a relative of Mr. Clemens, and as far as possible will consist simply of a short address by Joseph Twichell of Hartford, Conn., who is one of Mr. Clemens' oldest friends. From the Langdon home the body will be removed to the cemetery to be laid to rest.

No arrangements have been made for the public memorial service.

ARRESTS IN SUGAR SCANDAL

Clerk of Former Deputy Surveyor and Two Weighers Charged with Conspiracy.

NEW YORK, April 22.—George E. Bell, who was chief clerk for James F. Vall, formerly deputy surveyor of the port, was arrested today on an indictment charging conspiracy to defraud the government of customs duties. This afternoon Charles Drew and Charles H. Washwell, former assistant customs weighers, were arrested. The prisoners were held in \$5,000 bail each to plead on Thursday.

You have from 7 o'clock today until 7 o'clock tonight to get an ad in the want ad columns of the Bee.

Write it now or call Douglas 238 and the ad taker will write it for you and tell you what it will cost to run it tomorrow.

People of Mullen, Fearing Violence, Ask for Deputies

Finding of Hamilton's Body and Cleaver's Confession Arouses Hooper County People.

(From a Staff Correspondent.) LINCOLN, April 22.—(Special.)—Backed by the legal department of state Governor Challenberger intends to see to it that the homesteaders around Mullen are no longer molested and that the laws of the state are enforced in that vicinity.

Reports continue to reach the office of the governor of the conditions out there and it has been decided that radical steps will be taken by the executive and the legal department to protect every citizen of that community.

Since the finding of the body of Hamilton and the confession of a man that he had been murdered, the feeling has become more intense and more frequent have been the demands on the governor to interfere.

The coming trial of the alleged murderers of Hamilton, which is set for the term of court commencing May 5 is looked forward to with much apprehension and the governor has been petitioned to appoint deputies or send out members of the National Guard to see to it there is no trouble or bloodshed. It is probable that deputies will be sworn in for that occasion.

Judge W. D. Hoffman of Kearney has been retained to assist in the prosecution of the men arrested and Judge Homer Sullivan has been employed by the defense.

PACKAGE COMPANY OUSTED

Illinois Company is Deceased—Complainant in Restraint of Trade by Minnesota Court.

ST. PAUL, Minn., April 22.—The Minnesota supreme court, in an opinion filed today, held that the Creamery Package company, incorporated in Illinois and doing business in Owatonna, Minn., was a combination in restraint of trade and ordered that its license to do business in Minnesota be forfeited. The Creamery Package company, according to the court orders, has branches in Minnesota, Wisconsin, Iowa, Illinois and Vermont.

How Big is Omaha?

What Some Peoples Think About It

125,000	Mrs. G. Post, 413 N. 28	140,000	W. J. Barber, 314 N. 22
125,728	Hilda Lundberg, Fremont	140,500	Mrs. W. M. Kainz, 2423 Valley
126,000	E. E. Clark, 1225 William	140,800	Mrs. W. A. Aakoff, 2423 Valley
126,500	C. L. Eaton, 252 St. Mary's	141,200	W. J. Hatten, 252 N. 22
126,800	E. W. Stalberg, B. T. Bide	141,500	Dwaine Powell, 1225 Locust
127,000	John Vanhook, 222 Cummins	141,800	E. G. Hoenes, 1225 Locust
127,200	Margaret Massey, Wichita	142,000	Mary M. Book, 1225 Locust
127,500	Edward Malloy, 25 Francis	142,200	Robert Plutzer, Nebraska City
127,800	Edwin Giesert, 222 Hopewell	142,500	C. C. Cunningham, Merchants N. B.
128,000	J. J. Donahue, Chief of Police	142,800	Louise Johnson, 217 N. 22
128,200	Ralph Buchtel, Riverbank	143,000	Edward Post, 413 N. 28
128,500	Frank O'Brien, Mason City	143,200	Blanche M. Cook, 361 Harvey
128,800	J. A. Frazier, Axtel	143,500	Mrs. C. H. Hinder, 215 N. 22
129,000	Edna J. Vanhook, 222 Cummins	143,800	Christine C. Barkley, 1225 Locust
129,200	Mrs. E. R. Britton, C. 21	144,000	Queen Stiles, 121 N. 22
129,500	C. L. Thurston, Omaha	144,200	Alma M. Siles, 1225 Locust
129,800	Edna J. Vanhook, 222 Cummins	144,500	David Bernstein, 1429 N. 22
130,000	Mrs. A. V. Daniels, Ord	144,800	William Payne, 206 Cass
130,200	C. W. Myers, 211 Ohio	145,000	Mrs. J. E. Anderson, 47 N. 22
130,500	Francis L. Olson, Grand Island	145,200	Tom Cook, Douglas, Wyo.
130,800	W. A. Brown, Fullerton	145,500	E. H. Bried, 222 N. 22
131,000	E. G. H. Meisner, Columbus	145,800	Gran Ross, Blair
131,200	Mrs. Frank Beaton, Columbus	146,000	Blanche M. Cook, 361 Harvey
131,500	J. T. Hillquist, U. S. Bank Bldg.	146,200	Mrs. E. T. Lohme, 1106 S. 22
131,800	Edna J. Vanhook, 222 Cummins	146,500	E. L. Brown, 1213 Chicago
132,000	Belle Appel, Rapid City	146,800	R. B. Frazee, 1213 Chicago
132,200	J. A. Carter, McCook	147,000	
132,500	E. H. Glasgow, 222 Ames	147,200	
132,800	Anna Jacob, 22 N. 12	147,500	
133,000	John Robinson, Norfolk	147,800	
133,200	T. W. Turner, 222 Burt	148,000	

ROOSEVELT AT EMPEROR'S TOMB

Former President Visits Mausoleum in Which Rests Body of Napoleon Bonaparte.

INSPECTS FLAGS AND RELICS Collection of Armor Proves of Marked Interest to Yankee.

CONTINUES SIGHTSEEING TOUR After Luncheon with Baron Couberlin Art Galleries Viewed.

ONE NOTE OF DISCORD HEARD Ultra-Clerical Paper Values Criticism of Colonel, Saying He is Arranging for Reappearance Stage.

PARIS, April 22.—Mr. Roosevelt began the day with a visit to the tomb of Napoleon. When Mr. Roosevelt, accompanied by Kermit, arrived at the tomb, he was welcomed by a great crowd as he entered the Court d'Honneur, where General Dalaun, military governor of Paris, and several aides awaited them.

Passing first into the chapel, where were seen the tattered battle flags captured in the Napoleonic campaigns, Mr. Roosevelt kept up a running fire of comment with General Dalaun concerning incidents of the various battles, but when the relics were reached and from which he looked down upon the red marble tomb of the conqueror, surrounded with the flags of Austria and other reminders of the great victories of Austerlitz, Friedland, the Pyramids, Jena, Marengo and Moscow, the former president grew strangely silent.

A few moments later the party descended to the crypt, through which they entered the tomb, over the floor of which Mr. Roosevelt read the words of Napoleon written at St. Helena and in which the great general expressed the desire that his ashes rest on the banks of the Seine, among the people whom he loved. Here in a niche was shown Napoleon's celebrated sword and black hat, contained in a glass case, and the unmarked stone slab which the English general placed over the grave at St. Helena, but upon which he refused to permit Napoleon's name to be inscribed.

Flags and Relics Inspected. From the tomb General Dalaun conducted the party to the Napoleon museum in another wing of the building, where Mr. Roosevelt manifested intense interest in some of the personal relics of the French general and in the old points of his military campaigns, especially that showing the stand of the old guard at Waterloo and Murat's cavalry charge at Eylau. A visit to this historic armor, which contains a splendid collection of mail and armor, constituted the inspection.

As General Dalaun pointed out a beautiful piece of mail that had been captured from the English general, Mr. Roosevelt, with a wave of the hand, observed: "That has no importance. It was used only for ceremony."

Before leaving, Mr. Roosevelt was shown by General Dalaun a book upon Mexico written by General Mox, in which the author quoted from one of the former president's speeches in which he had stated that the nation which would preserve warlike habits was doomed one day to fall, and that a strong army was necessary to preserve the national destiny.

Luncheon with Couberlin. Mr. Roosevelt had luncheon as the guest of Baron Pierre de Couberlin, whom he met in the United States when the baron was there in connection with the Olympic games.

This afternoon Mr. Roosevelt continued his sight-seeing tour, visiting the galleries of the Louvre. He returned to the American embassy at 5:30 o'clock, when he received a visit from former President Leobner. Subsequently he received the members of the American colony.

Tonight Mr. Roosevelt will be the guest of honor at a dinner and reception at the Elisee palace.

One Discontent Note. The only discontent note heard from the Paris press in its comment upon Mr. Roosevelt's visit comes from the ultra-clerical paper the Oil Mass, which openly derides the American general as "a charlatan."

Frederick Mason, who has been one of Mr. Roosevelt's colleagues in the French institute and noted for his ultra-Catholic and royalist views, writing under the heading, "Hail, Caesar," published a remarkable attack in which he paints Mr. Roosevelt as a demagogue who, with all the skill of a Barnum, is arranging for his reappearance upon the American stage.

After describing American democracy as marching between plutocracy and demagoguery the writer asks if it is possible that the former president intends to plunge again into the fight which has already provoked a crash of credit bankruptcy in the United States and in which anarchy, under cover of democracy, may precipitate bloodshed, pillage and arson in industrial centers. Mason adds:

"American democracy needs a conciliator. Whatever his title may be, whether it is president, professor or even emperor, it is only by an extra constitutional concentration of legislative and executive powers that such a conciliator can fulfill his mark."

"The American people, without exactly knowing what the trouble is or what the remedy is to be, will sustain the man who will plunge a red-hot iron into the wound. It will follow such a man. American imperialism will end sooner or later in Caesarism. The United States of America has found its Caesar. He may not please us today; it is enough that he please his people."

PAT CROWE IS HELD UP

Former Ohio Convict is Charged with Robbing Alleged Kidnaper at Newfield.

MANSFIELD, O., April 22.—Pat Crowe the alleged kidnaper of Eddie Collins and later ex-convict, was held up and robbed here last night. Today Crowe filed a complaint against John Burns, a convicted Ohio reformatory prisoner, who is held in \$5,000 bond.

State Jury is Blackboard

PETERSBURG, April 22.—The jury in the bribery case of former Congressman A. V. Simon was blackboarded today by Judge Robert A. Frazier, after failing to agree upon a verdict.

The Census Man is Counting Now.