

### SERIOUS CHARGE FACES COLLIER'S

Accusation Made in Pinchot-Ballinger Inquiry by Mr. Love Against Well Known Weekly Paper.

### SECRETARY TO SUE FOR LIBEL

Declares He Will Go to Law Because of Articles About Him.

### LOVE SPRINGS BIG SENSATION

Witness in Ballinger Case Says Paper Offered Bribe to J. W. Dudley.

### HE TELLS OF CONVERSATION

Says Attempt Was Made to Pay Former Register of Land Office to Testify—Committee Issues Subpoena.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The activity of Collier's Weekly on behalf of former Chief Forester Clifford Pinchot was brought forcibly to the attention of the Ballinger-Pinchot congressional committee today when Mr. Love testified that John W. Dudley, former register of the land office at Juneau, Alaska, told him last February in Juneau that Collier's had intimated to him that "it would be worth from \$5,000 to \$10,000 to him to go to Washington to testify."

Incidental to the hearing today it may be stated that Secretary Ballinger has announced that he will institute proceedings in law against Collier's Weekly as an aftermath of the publications in that paper concerning him.

Although Mr. Love told the committee today he had not previously mentioned the conversation to anybody, because he feared Dudley might have misconstrued what Collier's agent had said to him, the committee was unanimous in the opinion that "the incident was of such importance that Dudley should come here from Alaska to tell about it. A subpoena will be issued for him at once."

"Did you understand Collier's was trying to bribe Dudley to testify?" inquired Representative Madison.

"No," he replied, "I understood they wanted him to come here to tell the truth," he answered, explaining that Dudley had been "let out" as register of the land office, and that he had declared his intention of going to Washington to clear his record. He said Dudley had told him he wanted to go to Washington to testify for "the other side," meaning for Ballinger, and he had asked Love to convey that information to the secretary.

Love said he did not comply with this request.

Frank Spaulding called.

Attorney Brandeis concluded his cross-examination of Mr. Love and Attorney Vertrees called Frank L. Spaulding, former disbursing officer in Glavis' office at Seattle, by whom he tried to show that Glavis made an effort to get him to cut a \$10,000 bill out of Glavis' account on his trip east to Beverly last summer. This was for typewriting done in Chicago on a report to the president. Spaulding said Glavis had asked him to cut the item out and make it appear as an error in addition.

Later, on cross-examination by Mr. Brandeis, the witness said Glavis had explained his intention of reimbursing the government for the full amount in order that he might keep for himself two of the three copies of the report he had made against Secretary Ballinger.

He also admitted Glavis had made no attempt to have other items incident to his trip to Beverly cut out and said he did not believe Glavis had intended to cheat the government.

When the committee met H. K. Love, now a United States marshal in Alaska, but formerly special agent of the land office, continued on the stand on cross-examination by Attorney Brandeis, representing Louis R. Glavis and others.

A new sensation was sprung soon after the inquiry was resumed this morning. Attorney Brandeis at once launched into the cross-examination of Mr. Love, who told of meeting John W. Dudley, former register of the land office at Juneau, Alaska, last February in a Juneau hotel. Dudley, testified Mr. Love, said he was "let out" of his office and that Collier's Weekly had intimated to him that "it would be worth from \$5,000 to \$10,000" for him to go to Washington to testify.

Dr. Love's Distinction.

"Do you mean that the weekly meant to bribe him?" asked Mr. Madison of the committee.

"No, not to bribe him, but to pay him," replied the witness.

"You draw a whole lot finer distinctions than I have been able to do," retorted Mr. Madison.

The committee betrayed great interest and pressed Mr. Love for details of the meeting. The witness said he saw Mr. Dudley for not more than three minutes, and Dudley had said he wanted to go to Washington to testify for "the other side."

He said Dudley wanted him to tell Mr. Ballinger of this offer and that he had not accepted it, but that he desired to testify for "the other side."

Mr. Love said he did not tell Mr. Ballinger because he thought perhaps Mr. Dudley had put the wrong construction on the remark of Collier's agent. He said Mr. Dudley did not tell him the name of the agent.

Subpoena for Dudley.

"Do you think the weekly wanted Dudley to come here to tell the truth?" asked Mr. Graham (democrat).

"Most assuredly," replied the witness.

Mr. Love said Dudley had expressed the intention of going to Washington to clear his record with the department since he had been dismissed. The committee decided by unanimous vote to subpoena Mr. Dudley, who, the witness said, was employed in business at Juneau.

Love said he did not think he had followed the conversation with Mr. Dudley anybody. He denied that Dudley had urged to try and influence Mr. Ballinger, and he mentioned the incident soon after the close of the interior definitions.

### New Tariff Law Does the Work, Says Official

Treasury Balance Increases Seven Million Dollars First Ten Days in March.

### WASHINGTON, April 2.—Assistant Secretary Norton of the Treasury department, calling attention today to the increase in the treasury balance of about \$7,000,000 during the last ten days of March, says it is evident that the Payne-Aldrich tariff law is an excellent producer of revenue, but he adds, certain considerations should be borne in mind.

Mr. Norton says:

"It is more than probable that customs revenue for the first part of this fiscal year were largely affected by anti-tariff importations and by considerations which grew out of the maximum and minimum feature of the Payne-Aldrich law.

"Furthermore, the fact must not be overlooked that the legislation which resulted in giving to the 'free-trade' Indian tribes a payment of approximately \$5,000,000 has now passed through the court of claims, and this payment must be made before the close of the year."

### Maryland House Passes Digges Bill

Measure Which Disfranchises Negroes Will Soon Become a Law.

ANNAPOLIS, April 2.—The so-called Digges bill for the disfranchisement of the negro in all states and municipal elections in Maryland were passed by the senate at a late hour last night, following their introduction earlier at the night session. They now go to the house, where their passage is assured because of the large democratic majorities.

It is not proposed to attempt to prevent negroes voting at congressional or presidential elections, the restriction applying only to state and municipal balloting.

The original draft of the bill was amended by the insertion of a clause by which negroes owning property assessed at \$500 may vote, provided they were possessed of property thus valued two years in advance of their registration.

It is proposed to amend the present registration laws; to have a new general registration next year refusing registration to negroes and to abolish spring elections in Baltimore, carrying forward those elections until the state election in the November following. Being refused registration if the bills are enacted, the negro will not be able to vote on the measures when they come before the electors in November, 1911, in the form of a constitutional amendment.

The consideration of the bill for the qualification in the registration bill because, they say, they will conduct the election under the state constitution, from which they claim, the word "white" has never been expunged by any act of the state.

### UNION STATION FOR CHEYENNE

Litigation Over Right-of-Way Results in Agreement Among Three Roads for New Structure.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., April 2.—(Special.)—The consideration of the Colorado & Southern Railway company against Timothy Dyer, Henry C. Becker and the Coors Brewing company were heard in the district court today and Judge Matson will appoint a board of appraisers to appraise the value of each other's tracks in the city, and which property is in the line of the proposed right-of-way of the Colorado & Southern across the city from Capitol avenue to Bent street to a connection with its Cheyenne & Northern tracks. All other property holders settled today on Wednesday and many of the buildings have been removed.

It is in state on good authority that the Union Pacific, Colorado & Southern and Burlington roads have an agreement for the joint use of each other's tracks in the city, and that a new union station is to be built in the near future, probably on the site of the present Burlington station. This would be much more convenient for all roads and would do away with the necessity of the traveling public crossing the tracks of the Burlington and the Colorado & Southern to reach the Union Pacific trains.

### EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY BILL BECOMES A LAW

House Agrees to Senate Amendments and Measure is Sent to President for Signature.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The senate amendments to the bill to amend the employers liability law were agreed to by the house today. The measure will be engrossed and sent to the president for his signature.

### Girl Held by Kidnappers

NEW YORK, April 2.—Kidnappers are believed to be holding Mildred Ridd, the 11-year-old daughter of George Ridd, a wealthy merchant, strangely missing from her Bronx home since last Thursday. Mr. Ridd received a letter today saying his daughter was being detained pending his offer to pay a ransom for her return.

### Carrier Pigeon in Mid ocean.

NEW YORK, April 2.—A carrier pigeon fell exhausted to the rigging of the liner Campania, which reached here today, when the ship was 500 miles from New Foundland, on its return to New York from a voyage. A ring on the pigeon's foot bears the words "Lafayette, Bordeaux."

### Balloons Will Sail Over Fort Omaha Again in May

There is a strong prospect that the military ballooning experiments will be resumed at Fort Omaha early in May, and continue for a greater part of the summer.

The Baldwin dirigible, known as United States army dirigible No. 1, has been thoroughly overhauled and repaired since its return from Los Angeles, and will be in good shape for experimental flights.

Spherical ballooning will be another feature during the season. The signal service has received a duplicate of the balloon from France that was destroyed early last

### RAIDS MADE ON BUCKET SHOPS

Federal Officials Pounce Upon Brokers of Six Cities and Make Twenty-Nine Arrests.

### CONSPIRACY INDICTMENTS MADE

Federal Grand Jury Makes Returns Involving Wealthy Men.

### ATTACK CAREFULLY PLANNED

Secret Plans Carried Out to Visit Offices at Same Time.

### GAMBLING IN STOCKS ALLEGED

Indictments Handed Down by Washington Grand Jury Charge Conspiracy to Relieve People of Their Money.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Armed with bench warrants issued by the supreme court of the District of Columbia, special agents of the Department of Justice this morning at 11 o'clock (eastern time) simultaneously raided brokers' offices in New York, Philadelphia, Jersey City, Baltimore, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

Conspiracy indictments in which twenty-nine persons are named, five of them said to be millionaires and all intensely in brokers' offices in large cities of the United States, were returned late yesterday by the federal grand jury of the District of Columbia on evidence which agents of the Department of Justice have been gathering for more than a year.

The indictments were withheld yesterday on the request of Attorney General Wickersham, so that the Department of Justice detectives might make the raids simultaneously on the places suspected of being "bucket shops."

List of Accused Men.

The men indicted are said to be those financially interested in the corporations known as E. S. Boggs & Co., which has offices in New York and Philadelphia; Price & Co., which has offices in Baltimore and New York, and the Standard Stock and Grain Dealers, which have offices in Jersey City, Philadelphia, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

As being interested in Boggs & Co. the following are indicted: Richard E. Prusser, Lee Mayer, George Turner, William M. Tills, Oliver J. Robinson, Edward S. Boggs, Harry Owens, Robert A. Guy, all of New York, and Al Ford and Marshall F. Parrish, of Philadelphia. Named in connection with them as alleged co-conspirators are Edward Everett West of Washington, D. C., and his telegraph operator, Harry Johnson.

In the indictments against Price & Co. the following are named: William B. Price, Virgil P. Randolph, Harry M. Randolph, Charles T. Morehead, Edward Welton, Joseph Gaskins and James A. Anderson, all of Baltimore; Thomas H. Campbell and Edward R. Taylor of Philadelphia.

In the Standard Stock and Grain Dealers are named: Edward Altemus, Daniel Raymond, Oscar J. Raphael and Robert Hall of Jersey City, N. J.; Louis Cella of St. Louis, Henry C. Stump of Philadelphia and Henry R. Dwyer and his telegraph operator, Charles R. Allen.

Plan Carefully Prepared.

This, the United States government's first attack on stock gambling, has been prepared with the greatest secrecy. Its scope principally covering the United States from the Missouri river to the Atlantic. The three concerns indicted maintain more than 200 offices and branch offices located from New England to Oklahoma.

With the aid of the State Attorney Baker of the District of Columbia, Special Assistant Attorney General A. Bruce R. Claski and Chief Pinch of Attorney General Wickersham's bureau of investigation, have been presenting the evidence to the grand jury for several days. District Attorney General Wickersham did not comment on the raids today further than to issue a statement of which the following is the substance:

"In the first indictment against Prusser, Mayer, Turner, etc., the defendants are charged with conspiracy to commit an offense against the United States in violation of section 546 of the revised statutes, which makes unlawful the keeping of bucket shops in the District of Columbia. Edward E. Taylor, mentioned in the indictment maintained two offices in Washington, and was correspondent for Boggs & Co. of 47 Broadway, New York.

"This firm, the attorney general's statement continues, 'as well as those involved in the other two indictments, alleges that it buys and sells securities through the Consolidated Stock Exchange of Philadelphia and that Ford & Parrish are their representatives on that exchange."

"The evidence before the grand jury tended to show that this exchange was simply a cover maintained to enable operators of bucket shops to conceal the real nature of their operations.

"Prusser is reported to be a notorious gambler, who was convicted of murder of the Miles McDonald some years ago, as

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THE ANNUAL SURPRISE  
From the Philadelphia Inquirer.

### PUZZLE OVER CONSERVATION

How to Conserve Nature's Gifts, is Problem Before Congress.

### HARMONY ABSENT FROM MEETING

Members Agree that Steps Should be Taken to Preserve Coal, Oil and Water Power, But Disagree on Method.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Members of both the house and the senate are struggling with the question of framing laws to further the case of conservation. During the last two or three days, however, both houses of congress have been so occupied that little attention has been paid to the subject. Since Friday efforts have been made to get some of the administration measures, dealing with conservation, into shape for presentation.

The public lands committee of the house has gone to pieces on the proposed law to authorize the president to make withdrawals and classifications of public lands and the members are now divided into several groups, each pulling in a different direction.

The chief questions which the legislature have to deal with in connection with conservation are embodied in bills on the following subjects:

Withdrawal and classification of public lands.  
Conservation of coal lands.  
Conservation of water power.  
Conservation of oil lands.  
Conservation of phosphate lands.

Are Serious Questions.

The first four will receive serious and earnest consideration. The bills on the last named one are likely to be lost in the general fight on the others. There are any number of bills pending in congress upon all of these subjects and how best to harmonize them and arrive at some mutual basis in the question. President Taft will be drawn into the fight and today he informed some of the members of the committee he desired to talk with them next week in the interests of harmony.

In the committee the republican members are split upon the question of whether to validate all past withdrawals of public lands, about which there is a doubt of legality, or to vote that to a future determination by the courts.

Representatives Pickett of Iowa, Parsons of New York and Gronna of North Dakota, all republicans, are standing firm for a validation of all past withdrawals. Chairman Mondell of the committee and Representatives Smith of California, Morgan of Oklahoma and Pray of Montana are opposing the effort to validate past withdrawals.

Their objection, they say, is that thousands of people have taken up coal and oil lands and expended large sums in development in the belief that the government withdrawals were illegal. Unless these claimants are cared for they will oppose a validation of the withdrawals. The democratic members of the committee say the republican members who want to qualify the validation are not for real conservation at all, but are merely aiming at a "white-washing" of

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### Operators and Miners Renew Negotiations

Debate in Three States Will Be Prolonged, but in Others Adjustments Will Be Made Speedily.

### INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 2.—Operators and miners in the bituminous coal fields of the United States began with renewed activity today their negotiations looking to signing a new two-year wage contract that will bring a resumption of work in the mines.

Similar conferences have been appointed for next week in the districts of Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, western Pennsylvania and through the west.

Debate in Illinois, central Pennsylvania and the southwest probably will be prolonged, but in the other districts the miners expect their demands will be granted with little delay.

Thomas L. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers, was expected to return today to this city from his visit to the Illinois mining centers. He is to leave here tonight to confer with the miners, district officials in Ohio, Pennsylvania and West Virginia.

PITTSBURGH, April 2.—According to reliable authority, the iron and steel industry is in a state of serious disturbance from the suspension of coal mining in the central competitive districts, as it has accumulated some stock, depends largely upon non-union districts and has the other fields to fall back on in a pinch.

The Pittsburg Coal Operators association, in its meeting with President Francis Feehan of District No. 5, United Mine Workers of America, is reported today to have stated flatly that it would resist any increase in the cost of mining, but would grant the miners the demanded 5.5 per cent wage increase at once.

It is reported that the operators have tentatively agreed to furnish the new explosives in mines where it is required at the same cost as black powder, but will not agree to a run of mine hauls. A formal joint wage scale conference has been called for Monday.

### TAFT TO SOUND KEY NOTE

President Will Open Congressional Campaign at Washington, April 9.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The president is expected to announce the keynote for the congressional campaign next fall at the banquet to be given here at the Arlington on April 9 by the League of Republican Clubs.

### Wants LaFollette's Seat.

MILWAUKEE, April 2.—Samuel E. Cook of Nebraska, former congressman, today announced himself a candidate for the United States senate to succeed Robert M. La Follette.

### Bain for Kansas and Missouri.

KANSAS CITY, April 2.—A group of several weeks' duration in western Missouri and Kansas was broken today when a steady rain began falling.

### Body of Justice Brewer Laid to Rest in Leavenworth

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., April 2.—With simple services the body of Justice David J. Brewer of the supreme court was buried in Mount Muncie cemetery here this afternoon. Previously hundreds of persons had viewed the features of the dead jurist in the First Congregational church, where the body lay in state for four hours. Business generally was suspended in response to a proclamation of the mayor. Many houses were draped in mourning, while all flags were at half mast.

Just prior to the beginning of the services the members of the Leavenworth County Bar association, of which the deceased was a member, assembled in the court house and marched to the church in a body.

Services in the church were conducted by Rev. Brewer Eddy of Boston, Mass., assisted by Rev. William P. Harding, pastor of the Congregational church. Rev. Eddy is a son of one of the dead jurist's early friends.

A choir rendered some of Justice Brewer's favorite hymns and Revs. Eddy and Harding paid tributes to his memory. Justice Brewer was one of the founders of the church.

At the conclusion of the church services the body was taken to Mount Muncie and laid to rest. On his last visit to Leavenworth Justice Brewer went to the cemetery and with the sexton, visited the graves of his loved ones. After a few moments contemplation he turned to the sexton and pointing to a spot by the side of his wife, said:

"Sexton, lay me there"; and it was in this spot that the grave was dug.

The men selected for active pallbearers were Judge William C. Hook, Judge William Dill, Mayor Omar Abernathy, Lee Bond, Hon. Edward Carroll and William Reed.

The honorary pallbearers were Paul Hansen, Judge M. W. Ida, Arthur Simmons, William Booth, O. B. Taylor, W. N. Todd, A. B. Havens, George Sharritt, Dr. W. W. Walter, Edgar Hopkins, Thomas P. Fenlon, Eugene Lysle and W. T. Hewitt.

When the funeral party arrived from the east the relatives of Justice Brewer requested that no display be attempted and the plan to escort the body to the church was abandoned.

The relatives also requested that the services at the grave be private.

### NAPLES SMILES ON ROOSEVELT

Italian City, Gay with American Flags and National Colors, Welcomes Yankee to Europe.

### HARBOR FLECKED WITH VESSELS

Cruising Parties of Tourists Shout Greetings from Steamers.

### RECEIVING PARTY BOARDS SHIP

Former President Welcomed by Local and American Officials.

### BANQUET AT ROME WEDNESDAY

Accepts Invitation to Become Guest of the Municipality—Refuses to Talk to the Reporters.

NAPLES, April 2.—The blue bay of Naples never was more beautiful than when the steamer Prinz Heinrich, with the Roosevelt family aboard, steamed into the harbor at 5:20 o'clock this morning.

Notwithstanding the early hour the water front was lined with thousands who wished to share in the welcome to Mr. Roosevelt. Only American Ambassador Leishman with the other members of the embassy, American consular officials, Marquis de Soto, the perfect of Naples, official representatives of the municipality; the commander of the fort and a group of foreign correspondents were admitted to the ship where the vessel docked, but outside the gates, a surging mass of excited persons, including hundreds of Americans, craned their necks to get an early glimpse of the distinguished American.

As soon as the gangplank had been lowered the official party of welcome boarded the steamer and was conducted aloft to the bridge, where the Roosevelts were bidding goodbye to the captain.

Cordial greetings were exchanged. Mr. Roosevelt, attired in a grey sack suit and wearing a soft black hat, appeared in splendid health and spirits. He spoke with pleasure of setting his foot again upon European soil and of feeling that at last he was homeward bound.

Mr. Roosevelt said that the voyage from Alexandria had been without special incident and had been accomplished in perfect weather. A few moments later he descended the gangplank and the crowd catching sight of him, greeted him with cheers. Many Americans had provided themselves with flags and these were waived frantically.

The Roosevelts, with those who had come to formally receive them, were soon whisked away in automobiles to the Excelsior hotel. As the motor cars made their way through the crowd, Mr. Roosevelt raised his hat and, smiling, bowed right and left in acknowledgment of repeated cheers.

Refuses to Talk to Reporters.

No sooner had he reached his hotel than the former president was besieged by the newspaper men. Promptly and firmly he reiterated his refusal to discuss any phases of American politics or other affairs, adding that he would stick to his announced policy throughout his European tour.

A statement purporting to have come from him would be unauthorized, he said. The expected arrival of Mr. Roosevelt had created considerable excitement among Neapolitans, who, since his brief sojourn here in April of last year, had promised to give him a hearty welcome on his return.

The Prinz Heinrich arrived earlier than its usual hour, but the crowds had discounted this possibility and were not taken by surprise.

At his hotel, Mr. Roosevelt found awaiting him a message from Mayor Nathan of Rome, bearing an invitation from the municipal authorities, who wished to give a dinner and reception in his honor.

The former president accepted the invitation and fixed the date for Wednesday evening. As the municipal authorities will leave for Spezia. Otherwise there will be no change in the program arranged for his visit at Rome.

Great Crowd on Docks.

When the Prinz Heinrich was sighted this morning the docks of San Vincenzo and the harbor of Capri were crowded. The promenade Chiala, along the Via Caracciolo, were crowded, and on many houses the Italian colors waved alongside the Stars and Stripes. A large number of boats, flying the American and Italian flags and carrying citizens of both countries, went out to meet the steamer.

The morning was matchless and Mr. Roosevelt had a splendid view of the bay as the vessel drew in between the promontories of Posilippo and the Sorrento peninsula. In the afternoon the city of Capri, Ischia and Procida, while Vesuvius, threatening and majestic, loomed over all.

As was the case when the former president stopped here on his way to Africa, the police took extraordinary measures not only to protect his person, but to avoid any unpleasant incident during his stay in the city.

American Colors Everywhere.

As the steamer moved slowly into the harbor the crowds on shore burst into cries of "Long live Roosevelt!"

The excitement was when the steamer could be distinguished on deck. From all sides came salutes and cheers, while hats and handkerchiefs and flags were waved. It must have seemed like a homcoming to Mr. Roosevelt, for the American colors could be seen from the bay of Santa Lucia to the heights of the Vomero.

The formal reception was carried out as planned. Mr. Roosevelt receiving first his municipality, then representatives of the consular corps of Naples, after which he acknowledged the popular welcome. The landing and drive to the Excelsior hotel, where apartments for the family had been reserved by Mrs. Roosevelt during her earlier visit to Naples, were achieved without any untoward happening.

### NEWSPAPERS REPORT EXECUTIVE SESSIONS

Mississippi Senate is Making Effort to Ascertain Sources of Information.

JACKSON, Miss., April 2.—Several subscriptions were served on local newspaper men today in upper before the senate and explain where they have been getting their reports of the testimony given in executive session in the Ribbo-Percy bribery investigation. The newspaper men held a conference and agreed they would decline to answer. Word came from the senate chamber that some of the members would demand that the newspaper men be sent to jail if they refused to testify.