

Spring Suits and Coats For Girls



IS there anything in all humanity so full of budding hopes and ambitions as the young girl in her early teens; her wardrobe though is often quite a problem, but a visit to our misses' department will be found both helpful and delightful.

Strongest possible values: Misses' Suits, \$17.50, \$20, \$22.50. Misses' Coats, \$5.00 to \$15.00

THE YOUNG PEOPLE'S OWN STORE BLINSON AND THORNE CO. 1518-1520 Farnam Street

from this territory in an economical, expeditious and satisfactory manner; and,

Law Against Them.

Whereas, The Interstate Commerce Commission took cognizance of the actions of railroad companies, which would have had the above-mentioned effect, in the case of the Chicago Live Stock Exchange against the Chicago & Great Western railroad et al., the report of which can be found in volume 10, Interstate Commerce Commission Reports, wherein the commission said: 'Live stock and its products are in sharp competition with each other in the different markets and some of the defendant railroads are more interested in the Chicago Live Stock Exchange than in the latter, and vice versa. Those whose lines reach Chicago and also run through live stock districts in states west, northwest and southwest of the Missouri river desire the long haul that will obtain if the live stock is shipped to Chicago, while those whose lines terminate at the river wish the live stock to be slaughtered there because this will give them an opportunity to participate in handling the products, and this conflict of interests appears to be largely responsible for the adjustment of rates complained of; and,

Whereas, If the railroads first above mentioned are allowed to raise the rates upon packing house products, the effect upon the stock raisers will be to deprive him of the market at Omaha, which has been of so great benefit to him in the past, by tending to muzzle that competition in the sale of his live stock, which has made Omaha the market it is today, and, further, by forcing him to market his live stock further east, at the expense of increased shrinkage and freight, and the risk of loss by death and injury incidental to the increased haul. This action will also be very injurious to Nebraska by depriving its citizens of employment and a living in the immense manufacturing establishments at the Omaha market, and will also lose to the wholesale and jobbing trade of Omaha a large proportion of the money paid them by the packers. The stock yards company and allied interests for supplies and material used in enlarging and in the up-keep of the several establishments. The state of Nebraska will also lose largely in the matter of taxes paid by these institutions, and the ultimate result will be that Omaha will be deprived of the advantages it should have in keeping with the increased population in the territory tributary to this market. We will go backward to the time when the expenses and losses incidental in shipping live stock long distances curtailed, to a large extent, the entire live stock business of the west. A reversion to the old times would result in a condition of stagnation, and the immense amount of money and energy expended in making Omaha the market it now is would all have been of little avail.

Now, therefore, be it resolved, That the railroads first mentioned be requested to refrain from putting into effect this unjust and discriminating rate against the Omaha market and to carry in their tariffs rates on packing house products equally low with those in effect from the lower river markets, thus meriting the co-operation of all interests in this section, and discrediting the commonly held opinion that there is a well-defined effort being made to raise the price of live stock, and the freight rates of the country every cent the traffic will bear.

Shippers Are United.

Heavy shippers of Omaha are determined to resist the attempt of the railroads to raise the rates on commodities between Omaha and Chicago. They do not propose to stand for an increase at this time without a fight. The live stock rate has been adjusted so that Omaha has the same rate to the east as all other Missouri river cities, but this will not relieve the situation if the railroads persist in their efforts to increase the dressed meat rates. The traffic in the Missouri river markets will be destroyed if the increase is put into effect as announced by the railroads. It will force the western farmers to send their stock to eastern buyers, where they will be compelled to accept what the eastern buyers offer. With the rate on dressed meat raised, this market is still discriminated against, for the farmers will be compelled to ship on east. This forces them to accept a shrinkage which taps their pocket books. When the animals are shipped to Omaha, Kansas City or St. Louis, they are received in better condition than is possible after the additional 600-mile haul to Chicago.

What the Farmer Loses.

When a shipment is made to Chicago the Nebraska farmer is forced to take these losses: From \$16 to \$25 in extra freight charges to eastern markets on each car of live stock. From \$5 to \$25 per car because of shrinkage and sometimes more because of the loss of live animals. About \$5 or \$6 extra for feed. The extra time accompanying shipments to eastern markets. Decrease in price sure to follow the destruction of competition of such a market as is afforded by Omaha. The entire state will lose considerable as a general proposition. South Omaha loses annually about \$700,000 in traffic by diverting Nebraska live stock into

the finished product. This money is spent in Nebraska.

Nebraska Has Been Working for Over Twenty Years to Create a "Near" Market at South Omaha for the Nebraska Live Stock.

No one will deny this market has been a great boon to the state. This is shown in the statement that 5,658,125 head of live stock were sold at South Omaha last year. Not a car of this would have been sold in South Omaha if the farmer and stock grower could have received more for his live stock elsewhere.

DOUGLAS COUNTY GROWING FAST

(Continued from First Page.)

let with \$2,500; Dundee, \$75.49; Florence, \$2,292.41; Elkhorn, \$1,173.75; Valley, \$967.75; Waterloo, \$622.39; Millard, \$452.47. Poll tax, \$3,955; in addition to which Valley had a labor tax of \$94. Total of all taxes in county for 1909, \$306,439.16; for county purposes, \$536,532.64. In 1909 the total amount raised for county purposes, on 363 mill levy, was but \$265,493. The highest rate was in 1907, 37 mills, which produced \$273,041.75.

The distribution of assessment by classes of property is as follows, for the whole county: Ordinary personal, \$5,615,228; Real estate, \$1,191,185; Railroads, \$1,191,185; Telegraph companies, \$24,000; Telephone companies, \$24,000; Private car companies, \$5,000; Express companies, \$4,223; Street railway companies, \$1,250,000; Gas companies, \$700,000; Water companies, \$700,000; Electric light companies, \$1,250,000; Publican companies, \$450.

Omaha's portion of total assessment is: Personal property, \$8,405,687; lands, \$965,223; lots, \$16,045,757. Total assessment, \$23,106,727. School district tax, an index. A good example of the growth of the county is to be found in the school district tax. In 1899 it amounted to \$23,738.98, and last year it had grown to \$127,120. In the same time the school district bond tax increased from \$6,008.01 to \$13,223.62.

Something of an anomaly is presented in this connection by the decrease in the amount of apportionment of school money from the state to this county. In 1899 the amount of apportionment was \$71,994.90 and in 1909 the apportionment was \$78,701.94, the highest in the ten-year period. Last year the apportionment was but \$60,022.77.

The village tax has grown from \$5,022.10 in 1899 to \$24,524.42 in 1909. In contrast with this is a marked falling off in the poll tax, which was \$5,040 in 1899 and but \$3,955 in 1909. The high mark of the poll tax during the ten years was in 1907, when it totaled \$5,238.

Cost of Administration.

With the growth of the city and county the cost of administration has kept full pace. The total cost of administration during 1909, including money paid out on account of the new court house, \$172,663.30, was \$661,478.28, divided as follows: Commissioners, \$12,560.14; County clerk, \$16,920.10; County auditor, \$16,920.10; Assessor, \$16,920.10; Judge, \$16,920.10; Clerk of courts, \$16,920.10; District court, \$16,920.10; Insanity commission, \$16,920.10; Sheriff, \$16,920.10; Assessor, \$16,920.10; Register of deeds, \$16,920.10; Treasurer, \$16,920.10; Superintendent public instruction, \$16,920.10; Attorney, \$16,920.10; Probation officers and juvenile, \$16,920.10; Detention home, \$16,920.10; Surveyor, \$16,920.10; Health officer, \$16,920.10; Physician, \$16,920.10; Hospital, \$16,920.10; County engineer, \$16,920.10; Elections, \$16,920.10; County store, \$16,920.10; County engineer, \$16,920.10; Indigent poor, \$16,920.10; Soldiers relief, \$16,920.10; Veterans relief, \$16,920.10; Roads and road overseers, \$16,920.10; Permanent roads, \$16,920.10; Assessors and collectors, \$16,920.10; New court house, \$16,920.10; Fees of county officers, \$16,920.10; Miscellaneous expense, \$16,920.10.

Horse's Kick Proves Fatal.

BOONE, Ia., Feb. 26.—(Special Telegram.)—Leo Sargent, the county lad who was killed by a kick of his horse a few days ago, died this morning. After the injury the boy was rushed to a Des Moines hospital, where he died.

When you want what you want when you want it, say so through The Bee Want Ad columns.

MRS. VAUGHN BREAKS DOWN

Woman Weeps When Charged with Murder of Husband.

NEW WARRANT FOR DR. HULL

Physician Charged with Substituting Medicine of Dead Professor Will Be Taken on Another Indictment.

KIRKSVILLE, Mo., Feb. 26.—Mrs. Alma Proctor Vaughn was arrested on a warrant charging her with the murder of her husband, Professor John T. Vaughn, this morning. She was released on \$3,000 bond. Mrs. Vaughn went to the office of Sheriff Williams and surrendered at 2:30 o'clock. During a twenty-minute wait, while her attorneys were consulting, she sat in the sheriff's office and at 3 o'clock she went into the circuit court room. Judge Sheldon told her she was charged with first degree murder. She replied with a nod of her head. She was calm until she was told to stand up and swear she would appear in court when summoned. Then she broke down and wept and after taking the oath she sank into her chair. James E. Scott, her uncle; J. M. Proctor, Jr., her brother, and E. K. Yowell of Monroe City qualified as bondsmen, swearing their aggregate wealth was in excess of \$150,000. Dr. J. R. Hull, of Monroe City, was arrested Thursday morning on a charge of murdering Prof. Vaughn and is out under \$7,500 bond.

New Warrant for Dr. Hull.

Her attorney, William T. Gagliand, asked the court to set the hearing, but Judge Sheldon said it could not be before the May term of court. The report of the grand jury was not made public this morning. The warrant was issued soon after the grand jury reported late yesterday afternoon. Prosecuting Attorney Rieger announced in court he had issued a warrant for the re-arrest of Dr. G. R. Hull of Monroe City. As Dr. Hull is on bail at Liberty on a bond of \$7,500 Sheriff Williams will go to Monroe City to serve it immediately. The reading of the warrant was waived in court at the request of Mrs. Vaughn's attorneys. Mrs. Vaughn was led from the court room to a hotel. Mrs. Vaughn arrived here last night from Monroe City at the request of her attorneys. They had anticipated a warrant would be served on her today. She did not want her aged parents to see the warrant served.

Doctor Re-arrested.

MONROE CITY, Mo., Feb. 26.—Deputy Sheriff Barnes of Adair county re-arrested Dr. J. R. Hull here this afternoon on a warrant charging him with the murder of Prof. J. T. Vaughn at Kirksville. He will be taken to Kirksville tomorrow. Dr. Hull will be under guard at his home here until he is taken to the train tomorrow. Mrs. Vaughn on her arrival here showed no trace of her breakdown in the court room at Kirksville. She smiled and she greeted her friends with a smile.

RIOTING IN PHILADELPHIA

(Continued from First Page.)

with inciting to riot, was arraigned today and held in \$3,000 bail. The warrant for Murphy's arrest was issued by the direction of Director of Public Safety Clay, following the publication in the afternoon papers of the following statement, made to have been made by the head of the Central Labor Union: "You can depend upon it that by Sunday's meeting a general strike will be called. If one man is shot in Kensington there will follow a carnival of riot and bloodshed which will startle the entire country. I should not care to be responsible for such a school market. I am sure you are helpless; I want it understood that there are men in the northeast who can shoot as straight as any trooper who ever drew breath. Just wait a little while for developments and you will see something which will open your eyes."

ONE WOUNDED IN STRIKE RIOT

State Police of South Bethlehem Fire on Mob of Foreigners.

SOUTH BETHLEHEM, Pa., Feb. 26.—State police had several clashes today with the foreign mob involved in the Bethlehem Steel company strike. One of the foreigners were shot, one fatally, while several were injured by riot tactics. The police declared they fired into the air to scatter the crowd and that unfortunately one of the troopers aimed too low. The bullet struck Joseph Sambo, 39 years of age, in the head. Sambo was removed to St. Luke's hospital, where he afterwards died. Prior to the shooting a striker tripped a trooper's horse by throwing an obstruction in front of the animal. The horse fell on the sidewalk. Leaving the animal on the ground the trooper got his man and marched him to the police station. The riotous actions of the foreigners is discontinued by strike leaders, and committees from every organized craft have been appointed to hold the foreigners in check. The entire plant of the Bethlehem Steel company, which employs about 8,000 men, was shut down today until Monday. It is expected to resume then under the protection of the state police. The strike at the Bethlehem Steel works started February 4.

Second Drainage Project.

YANKTON, S. D., Feb. 26.—(Special.)—This county will again go in with Clay county on ditch construction, the last ditch, completed last year, having proved practically worthless. The ditch cost \$120,000 and final payment on it was made at a joint session of the county commissioners here today.

Don't Wait

For Spring to come, but begin to build up your system now by cleansing your blood of those impurities that have accumulated in it during the winter. To build up the system now will help you through the summer and extreme changes of weather. This season and very likely save you from serious sickness later. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the medicine to take. It purifies the blood and gives strength and vigor. Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolate tablets call Sarsaparilla. 100 Doses 41.

SAYS BALLINGER DECEIVED TAFT

(Continued from First Page.)

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The reserve was created over his protest, however, and includes most of the Cunningham coal claims. Mr. Pinchot's statement followed: "What I desire to lay before the committee is a consecutive story of my experience with Mr. Ballinger in relation to the conservation of natural resources. Among several other matters there are three of principal importance to be called to your attention. The first concerns the policy devised and inaugurated by the last administration of protecting against monopolistic control the water power sites owned by the people. I shall show you that Secretary Ballinger entered his office with the clear determination to make short work of that policy; that he reversed it so far as he was allowed to do so; that he restored power sites to entry without the remotest idea of re-withdrawing them, and that finally, when I charged him last autumn to the president with being an enemy of the policy of conservation, he capped the climax by giving to the president himself an explanation of his conduct that was especially false. Call Ballinger Unfaithful. The second has to do with my connection as government officer with the Cunningham coal cases, and with the Glavis charges. I shall show you how the forest service became involved in these cases and how Glavis' submitted his facts to me. I believed, then, as I believe now, that he told the truth. I am convinced now, as I was when he came to me, that Glavis was a faithful public servant and that the facts which he presented prove that Mr. Ballinger has been unfaithful to his trust as a servant of the people and as the guardian of public property of enormous value. I shall show you that since I learned the facts you and people and Glavis and others, which I am about to lay before you, I have acted steadily in the light of them, as was my duty both as a public officer and as a citizen to do. I shall show you that in pursuance of that duty I laid before the president, both by word of mouth and in a letter of November 4, a statement of my conviction that Secretary Ballinger had been a dangerous enemy to conservation. Falsehood Direct Charge. I shall show you that this letter was submitted by the president to Mr. Ballinger and that as part of his reply he laid before the president a statement concerning the Cunningham coal cases, which statement is stated by undisputed documentary evidence to be absolutely false in three essential particulars. It will then appear that Mr. Ballinger willfully deceived the president and was disloyal to him. The third principal matter is concerned with the attitude of this government in law and administrative practice toward the conservation of the natural resources belonging to the people. I desire to show you that the story of Glavis' courageous and successful fight to protect the property of the people, which ended in his dismissal without a hearing, is but a single chapter in the history of the public lands, and that under our present law and practice the more difficult task falls on those who would protect the public property and not on those who would despoil it and that under the present system the betrayal into monopolistic control of what belongs to all of us is made easy and, often in practice, inevitable. The imperative duty before this country is not merely to get rid of an unfaithful public servant. A far more important duty is to bring about a fundamental change in the law and the practice toward conservation, to prevent for the future what has been in the past the almost inevitable sacrifice of the public property and to make possible hereafter the utilization of the natural resources and the natural advantages for the benefit of all the people instead of merely for the profit of a few. When this story has been told and the witnesses whom I shall ask you to call have been heard, you will realize that the integrity of the people and not as in Mr. Ballinger's hands, and that the country will demand of this committee a verdict in harmony with the general conviction that the secretary of the interior has been unfaithful both to the public whose property he has endangered and to the president whom he has deceived." Further Examination of Barr. The forester was then directed by the committee to examine W. W. Barr of Seattle, as to the agreement now in effect between him and L. R. Glavis as to securing timber lands in Washington. Barr said Glavis was able to give him information as to the location of available lands, which he had never been able to procure before, and the effort of the committee was clearly directed toward bringing out the fact that Glavis within two months after he had left the government service was engaged in making use of knowledge gained as a public servant for the benefit of private parties, just as he charged Secretary Ballinger with being after retiring from office as commissioner of the general land office. It was stated by Barr that if the deal he and Glavis had entered into was carried through Glavis' share in the profits would amount to \$10,000. DAVOS MECCA OF THOUSANDS

Application of Havelock Residents for Low Fare Resisted Before State Railway Board.

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The total passenger earnings of the company for the five months ending June 31, 1909, according to the report on file with the railway commission, were \$17,878.57. Revenues from all sources during this same period were \$300,491.81. After all operating expenses and fixed charges were paid a surplus of \$4,008.95 remained. This does not include a depreciation charge. During this same period 1,964,810 revenue passengers and 49,718 non-revenue passengers were carried.

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ROAD EMPLOYEES GET TAFT

President Promises to Attend International Gathering of Four Brotherhoods.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—The president today agreed to attend a big international gathering of the four brotherhoods of railroad employes at Worcester, Mass., April 2 to 4.

HYMENEAL

Walker-Culp.

STREILA, Neb., Feb. 26.—(Special.)—Miss Florence Culp and Herbert Walker were married this week at the home of A. F. McMullen. About forty relatives and friends were present to witness the ceremony. The bride grew to womanhood in this vicinity, and the groom came here from Missouri a couple of years ago. They will make their home on a farm south of town.

Huron Odd Fellows to Build.

HURON, S. D., Feb. 26.—(Special.)—A library building, which is to be erected by the Odd Fellows' fraternity of this city. This was decided upon at a largely attended meeting and of members of the order last night. The structure will be one of the finest of its kind in this part of the country and will cost about \$30,000.

Governor at Geneva.

GENEVA, Neb., Feb. 26.—(Special.)—Last night Governor Shallenbeger spoke at the Methodist Episcopal church on "Patriotic Citizenship" to a well-filled house. He was introduced by F. L. Barr, the governor. It is expected, will visit the girls reform school tomorrow.

A. A. U. Wrestlers at Chicago.

CHICAGO, Feb. 26.—The National Amateur Athletic union, wrestling championships will open at the Illinois Athletic club tonight. Stars from many cities arrived here today. Among the two star entries are George Taylor of New York, Max Himmelfoch, Detroit; Gustaf Hankanson, Boston; F. E. Linn, Chicago; Harry Duncan, San Francisco, and Fred Narganes, New York Athletic club. The preliminaries will be decided tonight and the finals tomorrow.

The Weather

For Nebraska—Fair.

For Iowa—Fair; colder in east portion. Temperature at Omaha yesterday: Hour. Deg. 5 a. m. 24 6 a. m. 24 7 a. m. 24 8 a. m. 24 9 a. m. 24 10 a. m. 24 11 a. m. 24 12 m. 24 1 p. m. 24 2 p. m. 24 3 p. m. 24 4 p. m. 24 5 p. m. 24 6 p. m. 24 7 p. m. 24 8 p. m. 24 9 p. m. 24 10 p. m. 24 11 p. m. 24 12 m. 24

Legal Record.

OFFICE OF THE WEATHER BUREAU, OMAHA, Feb. 26.—Official record of temperature and precipitation compared with the corresponding period of the last three years: Maximum temperature, 1910 1909 1908 1907. Minimum temperature, 22 23 14 15. Mean temperature, 31 31 24 24. Precipitation, 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00.

Switzerland Resort Visited by Pleasure Seekers from Many Countries.

DAVOS, Switzerland, Feb. 26.—There are now nearly 8,000 visitors here, the English and Americans being already 300 in excess of last season. Among the latest arrivals is Mr. A. Santos-Dumont, the popular aviator. All present are bent on having a good time, which they are doing. There has favored and the carnival of winter sports has been in full swing. The contestants are encouraged by the trophies offered for competition, and the social opportunities these gatherings create. Some of the most important of these events are being held, and indicate a highly successful season. The indoor festivities have

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ROAD EMPLOYEES GET TAFT

President Promises to Attend International Gathering of Four Brotherhoods.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—The president today agreed to attend a big international gathering of the four brotherhoods of railroad employes at Worcester, Mass., April 2 to 4.

HYMENEAL

Walker-Culp.

STREILA, Neb., Feb. 26.—(Special.)—Miss Florence Culp and Herbert Walker were married this week at the home of A. F. McMullen. About forty relatives and friends were present to witness the ceremony. The bride grew to womanhood in this vicinity, and the groom came here from Missouri a couple of years ago. They will make their home on a farm south of town.

Huron Odd Fellows to Build.

HURON, S. D., Feb. 26.—(Special.)—A library building, which is to be erected by the Odd Fellows' fraternity of this city. This was decided upon at a largely attended meeting and of members of the order last night. The structure will be one of the finest of its kind in this part of the country and will cost about \$30,000.

Governor at Geneva.

GENEVA, Neb., Feb. 26.—(Special.)—Last night Governor Shallenbeger spoke at the Methodist Episcopal church on "Patriotic Citizenship" to a well-filled house. He was introduced by F. L. Barr, the governor. It is expected, will visit the girls reform school tomorrow.

A. A. U. Wrestlers at Chicago.

CHICAGO, Feb. 26.—The National Amateur Athletic union, wrestling championships will open at the Illinois Athletic club tonight. Stars from many cities arrived here today. Among the two star entries are George Taylor of New York, Max Himmelfoch, Detroit; Gustaf Hankanson, Boston; F. E. Linn, Chicago; Harry Duncan, San Francisco, and Fred Narganes, New York Athletic club