

ALL FOOD PRICES ARE MUCH HIGHER

Department of Commerce and Labor Replies to Senator Crawford's Resolution.

COMPARISON WITH DECADE AGO

Creamery Butter Nearly Thirty Per Cent Higher Than in 1909.

BIG INCREASE IN LARD

Wholesale Prices Have Advanced Over Sixty Per Cent.

WORK OF CHEMISTRY BUREAU

Superintendent Wiley Says It Has Saved Government \$100 for Every Dollar It Has Spent.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—That there has been a very general increase in wholesale and retail prices of food between the years 1899 and 1909 is indicated by a report sent to the senate today by the department of commerce and labor in response to a resolution introduced by Senator Crawford of South Dakota calling for the trend of prices.

For purposes of comparison the prices in 1899 are used as normal and the percentages of increases were about as follows: Bread—Wholesale, 25.1; retail, 4.9. Butter—Wholesale, 18.1; retail, 23.8. Eggs, extra, 27.5; dairy, 24.6; retail, 29.9, no quality indicated.

Cheese—Wholesale, 24.9; retail, 29.3. Coffee—Wholesale, 1.9; retail, 5. Eggs, New Lard—Wholesale, 33.8; retail, 33.2. Wheat Flour—Wholesale, spring, 43.6; winter, 28.8; retail, 24.4, no quality indicated. Lard—Wholesale, 63.1; retail, 33.2. Beef—Wholesale, fresh, 11.8; salt, 41.9; retail, fresh, 14.9; salt, 10.6. Dressed Mutton—Wholesale, 21.4; retail, 25.8. Bacon—Wholesale, 54.5; retail, 52.9. Ham—Wholesale, 21.8; retail, 21.8. Milk—Wholesale, 9.1; retail, 13.2. Potatoes—Wholesale, 70.6; retail, 55.6.

Wiley Saves Big Sums.

"Every dollar we have spent in our laboratory has saved Uncle Sam \$100. The work of the chemistry bureau has saved the government a vast deal of money. In the twelve years that I had charge of the microscopic tests of sugar at the various ports, under an arrangement between the secretary of agriculture and the secretary of the treasury, I think I can say without boasting that I have saved the United States government \$100,000,000."

POSTAL BILL IN SENATE

Mr. Heyburn Continues His Attack on the Measure.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—Senator Heyburn today completed his criticism of the postal savings bank bill in the senate, but aside from his speech, but little progress was made in the consideration of the measure. However, it will be before the senate again tomorrow and Senator Carter in charge of the measure, expects a vote on it not later than next Thursday.

Mr. Heyburn declared the bill had been drawn so loosely that if enacted into law it must inevitably result in scandal. It should, he said, be safeguarded more carefully than some past legislation, and he instanced the corporation tax law, which he said had already proved unsatisfactory.

Detailing his objections to the bill, he said there was no provision for securing deposits, that in providing for secrecy regarding deposits it would prove a shield to dishonesty and that in the end it would be found to be impossible to find investment for the postal savings fund.

He contended that it was the duty of the committee on post offices to bring in a safe and proper bill and said he would not support the measure so long as it placed the government in the banking business, as he contended the pending measure did. The bill, he declared, was merely a skeleton and he advised the committee to take it back and put some "meat and flesh upon it."

Mr. Heyburn spoke at length regarding the possible scandal that might grow out of the secret method provided in connection with deposits.

Mr. Carter protested against this line of reasoning, saying that no legislation proceeded upon the theory that the average man was "a crook."

"Would the senators have the names of all depositors publicly announced?" he asked.

"I want an open and candid conduct of the business," Mr. Heyburn responded. "Would you advise the posting of the names of depositors?" asked Mr. Carter. The Idaho senator responded that he had not yet reached that point, and Mr. Carter said in reply:

"You soon will reach it if you keep on." Another interesting colloquy between senators was as follows:

Mr. Heyburn—Out of what fund would the interest be paid?

Mr. Carter—The bill contemplates the turning over of all surplus earnings for that purpose.

Mr. Heyburn—Suppose there are none?

Mr. Carter—Then it will develop upon the board of trustees to devise means.

Mr. Heyburn—The bill devolves too many things upon the uncertainties of the future.

In conclusion, Mr. Heyburn pronounced the bill to be utterly vicious and predicted that in the end it would be necessary to pay the deposits by appropriation out of the national treasury.

During the discussion Mr. Smith of Michigan made the prediction that if the bill

Farmers' Share in High Prices Insufficient

Senator McCumber Asserts They Do Not Receive Their Proportion of Selling Charge.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—Declaring the farmer to be the last person considered in any conflict in which the agriculturist is involved, Senator McCumber of North Dakota today delivered a speech in the senate to demonstrate that the farmers were not receiving a fair share of the high prices which food products commanded.

He said that bills such as had been presented in the house for the removal of duties on farm articles were equivalent to an effort to establish a legislative boycott against the tiller of the soil.

"This boycott was always to be expected when food prices increased, he said. But the discrimination would not always continue, for the time was rapidly approaching when the farmer would receive proper compensation for his labor. This prediction was made by Mr. McCumber upon the theory that the day of over-production was rapidly passing, which would insure still better prices than were now paid to the producer.

Contrasting the prices received by the farmer with those paid by the consumer, he said that a 4-year-old steer which in North Dakota would bring \$20, would sell for \$25.00 when retained at senate restaurant steak prices—enough to buy half a farm.

Peary's Helpers to South Pole

Proposed Party May Include Several Who Were on Famous Trip Northward.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—Should the proposed attempt at discovery of the pole be undertaken by American explorers as proposed by Commander Peary, several members of the Peary party probably will be selected as members of the expedition.

Dr. Herman C. Bumpus of the American Museum of Natural History is authority today for the statement that Captain Bartolomeo de la Aretic ship Roosevelt, Dr. McMillan and George Boerup, who were with the commander, will be selected.

REBELS TAKE OUTPOST OF NICARAGUAN CAPITAL CITY

Battle Lasts Two Hours and Insurgent Army Is Pressing On to Managua.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Feb. 4.—Three hundred insurgents under command of General Masís, captured Boaco, a town sixty miles east of Managua, yesterday. The fighting lasted two hours, but the casualties are not known here. The town was defended by seventy-five government soldiers led by Colonel Barquero. The latter were surrounded, but fought their way through the insurgent lines. The survivors reaching the main body of the government army at Toustepe.

The insurgents are advancing in three columns with an aggregate force of 1,000 men. President Madriz is confident that the advance will be checked at Tripticas, twenty miles east of the capital. Five hundred additional men and a Maxim gun have been dispatched to that point by the government.

General Medina declares that the originals of Zelaya's programs, including the bill to cause the execution of Groce and Canon, the Americans, were surrendered to the former president before his departure for Mexico. Medina is corroborated by the telegraph operator, who says that the originals were turned over to him at the request of Zelaya.

SOUTH DAKOTA POULTRY SHOW AT MITCHELL AGAIN

Location of Exhibition Will Not Be Changed Next Year—Election of Officers.

MITCHELL, S. D., Feb. 4.—(Special Telegram.)—The State Poultry show is meeting with unusual success, the attendance being large and the exhibits include the largest number of birds displayed for several years. Last night the annual election of officers was held with the following results: President, William Drubbe, Yankton; vice president, P. E. Sutton, Clark; secretary, L. S. Vickers, Mitchell; executive committee, William Scallin, A. J. Keith, Sioux Falls, Q. H. Washburn, Watertown; L. W. Foote, Linwood, Ia. Mitchell and Sioux Falls were candidates for the next show, which was awarded to Mitchell again. The show will come to a close this evening.

FIRE ROUTS HUNDRED GUESTS

Employe of Reno Hotel Is Burned to Death in Early Morning Blaze.

RENO, Nev., Feb. 4.—Fire in the McKessick hotel early today routed 100 guests from their rooms in great disorder. August Schorer, treasurer of the hotel, was burned to death. The guests, many of whom were from the east, scrambled down the fire escapes and none was injured. The property loss was nominal.

Two Farmers Will Fatten Fish Instead of Cattle

Bluff county, said Mr. Young, "and all they're used for is to carry water. Fish could thrive in these streams, and once they are stocked the waters will teem with good water food."

"This idea of paying 90 cents a bushel for corn sort of hurts us fellows. We don't get enough for beef and pork to pay for the work of fattening live stock. A steer fed on high priced corn or sheep fed on prize alfalfa brings no correspondingly higher price to us."

Both Mr. Young and Mr. Johnson have plans to build ponds on their farms, stock them with bass, pickerel, pike, sunfish and perch and let them spawn.

"It's sort of an experiment, I'll admit," said Mr. Young, "but anyway I believe it's worth while trying. The fish ought to thrive in those ponds and we wouldn't have no difficulty in disposing of them."

"We have lots of ditches in Scott's

COAL PRODUCERS ARE IN DEADLOCK

Miners and Operators at Toledo Conference Strike Snag Early in Proceedings.

STATUS OF ILLINOIS MINERS

Workmen Insist that They Shall Be Admitted to Meeting.

POSITION OF THE OPERATORS

Object Because Illinois Mine Owners Are Not Party to Agreement.

SITUATION IS SERIOUS

Prospect of Break in Negotiations and Suspension of Mining When Contract Expires, April One.

TOLEDO, O., Feb. 4.—With the deadline of an adjournment and the possible result of a general suspension of work when present contracts in the bituminous districts expire April 1, the miners and operators struggled all day unsuccessfully to reach an organization for the wage conference of the Ohio, Indiana and Pennsylvania districts.

A night session was held tonight in the hope of getting together. The deadlock hinges on the admission of the miners from Illinois, in the absence of the operators of the state.

The situation is admittedly serious. When the convention, this afternoon, reached the point where it was able to organize, President Lewis of the miners' temporary presiding officer, said that there appeared to be nothing to do but adjourn, but the convention continued in session without apparent object in view, neither side appearing as willing to take the initiative of adjournment.

Finally regular proceedings were dropped and the operators and delegates began talking matters over among themselves, until the recess.

The deadlock was brought about by a division on all points between the miners and operators, voting by states. The miners refused to admit the delegates from other states unless the Illinois miners were included. The rules require an unanimous vote on every proposition. The operators stood firm on the ground that the Illinois operators had notified both parties that they would not be bound by an agreement reached here.

STEEL MEN ARE ON STRIKE

Six Thousand Walk Out Because Retained Extras for Overtime.

SOUTH BETHLEHEM, Pa., Feb. 4.—Between 600 and 800 machinists of the Bethlehem Steel company went on strike today when their demands for time and a half for overtime was refused. The strikers selected a committee which called on President Schwab today.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., Feb. 4.—Coopers working in the potteries and stave mills here went on a strike today because some men working at the trade refused to join the union.

This came because of the religious views of the latter, who are either Free Methodists or are "Holy Rollers." The international union ordered that all union coopers to walk out. The order was obeyed.

Probably 250 coopers are idle, but the religious ones are still at work.

CHICAGO, Feb. 4.—The arbitrators in the controversy between the Illinois Central railroad and its telegraphers met today, conferred and adjourned until Monday, when a decision is promised.

John A. Scott Critically Ill

Newly Elected County Commissioner May Not Recover from Attack of Heart Disease.

John A. Scott, elected county commissioner at the fall election, is in a critical condition from heart trouble at the Omaha General hospital. Physicians express little hope for his recovery.

Mr. Scott has been suffering with heart affliction for some time. Thursday afternoon, while at the Millard hotel, he was seized with an acute attack and was taken to the hospital. Dr. Pinto is caring for him.

GRAIN COMMISSION HOUSES ARE TO BE INVESTIGATED

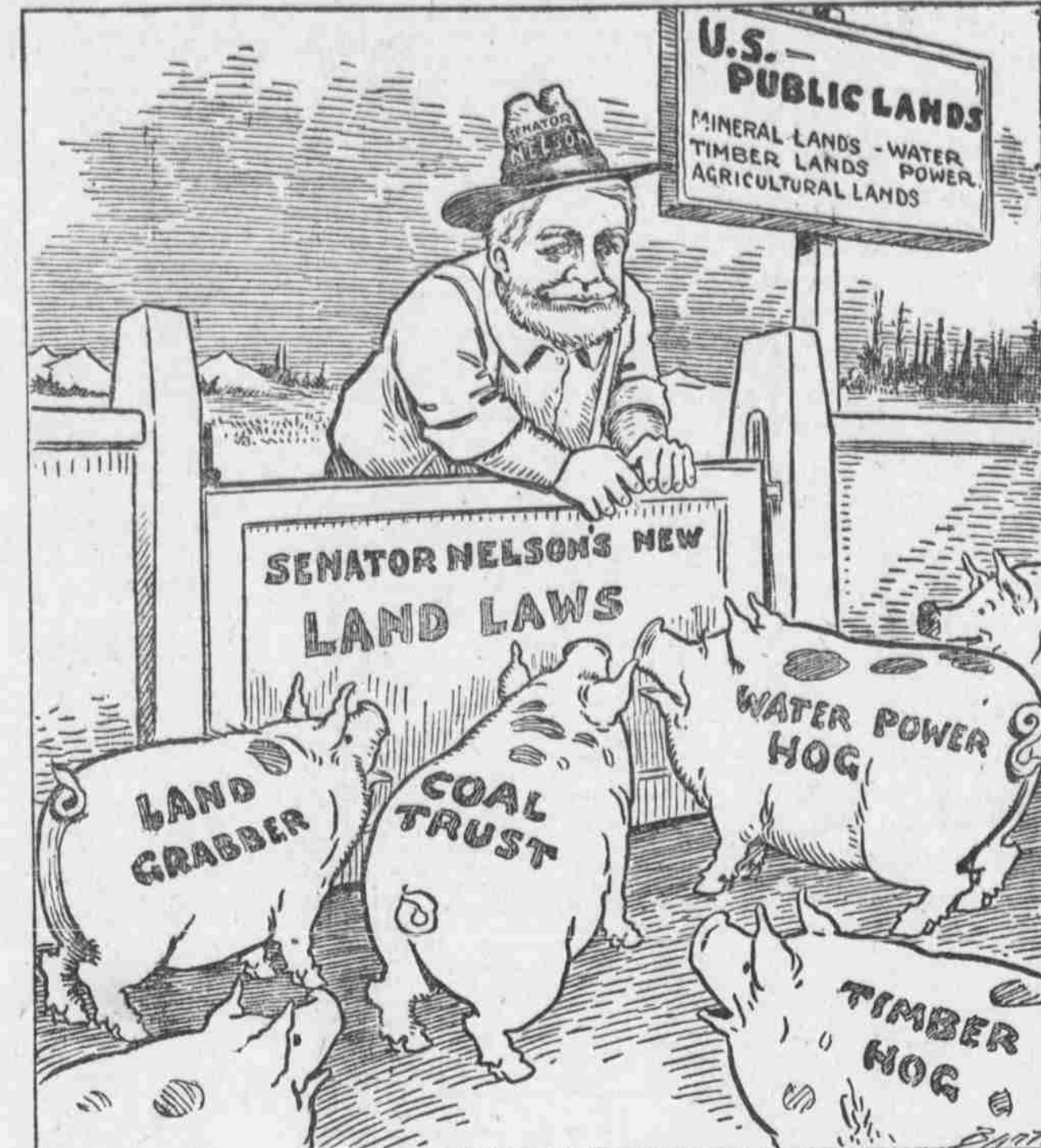
Kansas Attorney General Asks Probe Under the Bucket Shop Law.

WICHITA, Kan., Feb. 4.—The attorney general of Kansas has asked an investigation of the grain commission houses in this city. The county attorney of this county has been asked to institute the inquiry. E. J. Sniley of Topeka of the Kansas Grain Dealers' association has complained of violations of the "bucket shop" law in Wichita and other Kansas cities.

It was said there had been a pretty lively discussion in the executive session over the question of postponement, some of the members of the committee opposing any delay at this time. The majority sentiment prevailed, however, and Louis R. Glavis, the star witness for the "prosecution" will be held in the city until Secretary Ballinger's attorney shall have had opportunity to cross examine him.

Attorney Brandeis, representing Glavis, made a somewhat heated complaint to the committee over the delay of the Interior

(Continued on Second Page.)



An Ounce of Prevention is Worth a Pound of Cure. From the Minneapolis Journal.

GLAVIS OFF UNTIL MONDAY

Ballinger Hearing Adjourns to Await Secretary's Lawyers.

COMMITTEE WANTS OTHER SIDE

Decision of Ballinger to Employ Attorney Came Only After Much Urging—Members Oppose Delay in Case.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—In order to permit the arrival in the city of counsel for Secretary Ballinger and to allow counsel to become familiar with the case, the Ballinger-Pinchot investigating committee adjourned its hearings today until next Friday, February 11.

John J. Ventres of Nashville, Tenn., and Carl Rasch, formerly United States district attorney for Montana, have been selected to represent Secretary Ballinger. Land Commissioner Dennett and Field Agent Schwartz in the controversy.

Mr. Glavis is to stay in the city until full opportunity for cross-examination is given. Members of the committee have questioned him in desultory fashion, but such evidence as would be material to the subject they have been considerably limited in their quest other than that Glavis has given voluntarily in response to questions framed by the counsel representing himself and his backers.

Glavis has concluded all of his original testimony and was cross-examined briefly last Monday afternoon, at which time an adjournment was taken until this morning.

It developed at the brief public session of the committee today that under date of February 2 Secretary Nelson, chairman of the committee, wrote to Secretary Ballinger saying he had been directed by the members to suggest to him the importance of being represented by counsel to examine and cross-examine witnesses and to present to the committee in orderly fashion such evidence as would be material to "the other side."

Replying to this letter under date of February 3, Mr. Ballinger said he had followed the suggestion of the committee, but that it would require several days for his attorney to reach Washington, and some additional time to familiarize himself with the case.

Mr. Ballinger said he had been of the opinion that by not having counsel present he would not be hampering it in asking a full inquiry of its own.

In view of the suggestion by the chairman, however, he could do nothing but follow the recommendation of the committee. He asked that the further hearings be postponed until Monday, February 14.

Following an executive session, which lasted nearly an hour, the letters were read to the public and the adjournment until February 11 endorsed.

Members Oppose Delay. It was said there had been a pretty lively discussion in the executive session over the question of postponement, some of the members of the committee opposing any delay at this time. The majority sentiment prevailed, however, and Louis R. Glavis, the star witness for the "prosecution" will be held in the city until Secretary Ballinger's attorney shall have had opportunity to cross examine him.

Attorney Brandeis, representing Glavis, made a somewhat heated complaint to the committee over the delay of the Interior

(Continued on Second Page.)

Paris Cleaner Since the Flood Than Ever Before

Work of Disinfection Will Be Pushed to Thoroughness—Foreign Contributions \$700,000.

PARIS, Feb. 4.—The fall of the River Seine was more rapid today. The appearance of the city is approaching the normal, but the subway system is still inoperative. Water still remains in the tubes, which, after they have been emptied, must be cleaned and disinfected. The progress toward the restoration of the lighting, telephone and telegraph lines is slow, but noticeable.

The work of disinfection and other precautions against epidemic of typhoid has been so thorough that some of the newspapers predict Paris will not only escape contagion, but will emerge from the flood cleaners than ever before in its history.

The superintendent of sewers reports that from the examinations which he has been able to make it is evident that few of the sewer mains burst, the ruptures occurring in the branch pipes leading into buildings.

Despite the attempts of some of the opposition papers to make it appear that dissensions are rampant among the various relief organizations, investigation indicates that all are co-operating with zeal and devotion to a common purpose.

Foreign contributions to the relief fund totalled today about \$700,000.

MARRYING COUNT DENIES HE KNOWS WOMEN WHO CLAIM HIM

Dr. Karl Von Miller Faces Nineteen Charges of Bigamy in New York Court.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—Dr. Karl Emil Von Miller or Mueller, the "marrying count" stood siege today in the Hudson county jail in Jersey City, where he is quartered, by a small army of women, who claim him as a husband. Miller was brought to Jersey City yesterday from Los Angeles.

He is said to be so plentifully married that a trial for bigamy on some nineteen or twenty counts probably awaits him.

HERO OF AGUINALDO RAID

First Lieutenant Burton of Mitchell Sends Resignation to President Taft.

PORT LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Feb. 4.—First Lieutenant Burton J. Mitchell, Twelfth Infantry, aide-de-camp on the staff of Brigadier General Frederick Funston, forwarded his resignation from the army to President Taft today.

Lieutenant Mitchell distinguished himself as a soldier in the Twentieth Kansas Infantry and participated with General Funston in the capture of Aguinaldo.

(Continued on Second Page.)

FORD DEFENSE RESTS CASE

Attorneys for Alleged Blackmailer Submit No Testimony.

WOMAN IS HUMAN VULTURE

Attorney for State Makes This Charge in His Argument—Defense Says Warriner's Evidence Should Not Be Believed.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 4.—With the probable close of the trial of Mrs. Jeannette Stewart Ford for blackmail coming tomorrow, the curtain will fall on the second act in the drama of the gigantic defalcation of Charles L. Warriner, former local treasurer of the Big Four railway.

The state today concluded its case with a terrible indictment of the woman as a human vulture, whose life had been spent in preying upon men.

In the face of overwhelming evidence the defense has been unable to attempt a vindication of Mrs. Ford's moral character, and contented itself with a bitter attack upon Charles L. Warriner and Edgar S. Cooke, the two other principal figures in the extraordinary story of \$645,000 shortage.

The defendant's attorneys will conclude their plea for the woman's acquittal tomorrow and probably the case will go to the jury late in the day. Only two witnesses were examined today by the state and not one by the defense. They had summoned four railway officials, but only two of these, General Counsel L. J. Hackney and former Auditor P. A. Hewitt, were subpoenaed. None of the four appeared in court and the defense waived its right to obtain writs of attachment for them.

The trial ended with abruptness. After the court had refused the admission of certain letters of Mrs. Ford the state rested and the defense, when the names of their four witnesses had been called and remained unanswered, also rested.

Only Two Witnesses Examined. Mrs. Annie E. Jackson, colored, a dressmaker, was called as second witness for the state when the morning session opened. She first knew Mrs. Ford in 1901, she said. She had written several letters she said to the defendant because of the latter's eyes were under treatment, and identified two missives addressed to Mrs. Stewart.

The defense objected to the admission of the letters as evidence and they were withdrawn as immaterial.

Under cross-examination she stated she had heard Mrs. Ford speak of Pop and of "Pop's wife." She did not know who "Pop" was.

Ida L. Brockway then appeared. She did not glance in the direction of Mrs. Ford, but the defendant watched the witness sharply.

Miss Brockway was asked about Mrs. Ford's financial circumstances.

"She seemed to be able to get about

(Continued on Second Page.)

WIRELESS CALL SOON BRINGS AID

New International Signal Quickly Starts Several Vessels Toward Sinking Steamer Kentucky.

SHIP DISABLED IN STORM

Hurry Up Call Comes from Point Off Cape Hatteras.

ALAMO TAKES OFF CREW

Seventy-Five Men Will Be Taken to Key West.

SHIP ENROUTE TO SEATTLE

It Was Recently Purchased for Alaska Trade and Had Been Fitted with Wireless Apparatus at New York.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Feb. 4.—Alamo has taken off the crew of the Kentucky and is proceeding to Key West.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Feb. 4.—At 3:50 o'clock the steamship Alamo reached the side of the sinking steamer Kentucky, latitude 32:46, longitude 76:42 and began to take off its crew. Sea is going down. The revenue cutters Yamacraw and Seminole are on the way to destroy the Kentucky if necessary. Nearly a dozen vessels at sea caught the Kentucky's call for aid.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—The steamer Kentucky, of the Alaska-Pacific Steamship company, is sinking, while struggling through heavy seas 240 miles southeast of Cape Hatteras today, its captain and the seventy-five men of its crew meanwhile struggling to keep the vessel afloat until aid can reach it.

News of the Kentucky's desperate plight was received here in a dispatch from the United wireless telegraph station at Cape Hatteras.

The first distress call from the Kentucky was received by the Mallory line steamer Alamo, which immediately proceeded to the rescue heading for latitude 32:18, longitude 76:42, where the Kentucky reported its position.

The message was the new international distress "S. O. S." signal, the most urgent call that can be sent for aid to a disabled craft.

The Kentucky was recently bought by the Alaska Pacific Steamship company from the Eastern Steamship company for the passenger trade between San Francisco, Seattle and Alaskan ports. It was fitted out here for its trip to the Pacific and just before its sailing wireless apparatus was installed.

The Kentucky is somewhat over 200 feet in length, is commanded by Captain Moore and for its trip around the Horn shipped a crew of seventy-five men. It sailed from New York to Seattle on January 23. Six hours after it passed Sandy Hook, a wireless dispatch was received from it saying it was leaking badly. Before it reached Newport News, where it put in for repairs, it nearly turned turtle during a heavy storm. Repairs were effected at the Virginia seaport and it sailed on February 2 in continuation of its long voyage.

Since its departure from Newport News the Kentucky found itself buffeted by seas which battered its sides and opened its seams. The weather off Hatteras has been very heavy recently and fears were expressed that the steamer might not successfully make the trip.

T. A. MacLarny, according to wireless reports, the man who manipulates the key on the Kentucky between here and Newport News, declined to continue with the steamer further, his place being taken by W. G. Maginnis, who sent out the distress call today. On board the ship when it left here was the superintendent engineer of the Alaska-Pacific line, E. J. H. Kettle of Seattle, who superintended the refitting of the steamer at this port.

The Kentucky was built in 1907 at Bath, Me., and christened the Lincoln. It ran between Boston, Bath and Booth Bay for the Kennebec Steamship company, which sold it to the Florida interest in service in Florida. The steamer's name was changed to the Martinique, and after some service between the ports of Miami and Key West, the Martinique was sold to the Eastern Steamship company for service between New York and Boston. It was then christened the Kentucky.

CHILMARKTON, N. C., Feb. 4.—The wireless station here today intercepted a message from the steamer Kentucky, of the Alaska-Pacific line on its maiden voyage from New York to Pacific ports, saying that it is sinking in latitude 32:18, longitude 76:42. The Mallory line, Alamo, is proceeding with full haste to its assistance.

Navy Department Acts Quickly. WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—Within five minutes after the first word of the Kentucky's peril was received in Washington the machinery of the revenue cutter service and the Navy department was set in motion to send aid to it.

Rear Admiral William P. Potter immediately dispatched orders by wireless to the battleship Louisiana, cruising off the coast on speed trial to proceed to the Kentucky.

The revenue cutter service rushed wireless orders to the cutter Yamacraw, which was within fifty miles of the imperiled ship on a hunt for a dory and also ordered out the Seminole in Charleston.

The revenue cutter service, informed of the condition of the Kentucky by the Associated Press, immediately gave orders to the wireless stations at Savannah and Charleston to pick up the Yamacraw and order it to the vessel's assistance.

The Yamacraw left Savannah yesterday afternoon to hunt for a dory and also reported in just about the latitude and longitude at which the Kentucky is sinking.

Officers of the revenue cutter service have figured out the location of the Kentucky as being 200 miles from Charles on and they estimate the position of the revenue cutter Yamacraw as being within fifty miles of the sinking steamer.

The Yamacraw, if it has not only leaped through its wireless apparatus of the Kentucky's plight, will receive notification immediately through the coast wireless stations. It should cover the fifty miles under forced draughts within three or four hours.

In addition to ordering the Yamacraw to proceed forthwith to the Kentucky's as-

Roosevelt Party Leaves the Congo and Heads for Nile

NIMULE, Uganda Protectorate, Feb. 4.—The Smithsonian African scientific expedition arrived here today on scheduled time. All the members are in excellent health. Before leaving Rhino camp in Belgian Congo, the hunters shot three more white rhinos, a bull buffalo and other game not before reported. Kermit Roosevelt obtained some splendid photographs of a living rhinoceros. All were delighted with their visit in the Congo.

It is expected that no more game will be shot until Gondokoro is reached. The distance to that place from here over what is known as the Upper road, the one which the party will traverse, is about 108 miles.

Colonel Roosevelt's mail has brought him a number of requests to speak in European cities, but he will be unable to arrange

for addresses aside from those already promised. He expects to speak in Paris April 15, at the University of Berlin May 1, and soon afterwards before the Nobel prize committee at Christiania. Colonel Roosevelt was the recipient of the Nobel peace prize of 1906.