SNAPS HERE

Every department in this busy store has a number of excellent snaps to offer in some line or other. Here are a few

Children's Underwear, in 2-piece garments or union suits; 2-piece garments at **19c** and **39c**, union suits at **69c**

Children's Fur Sets at 33⅓% discount; $3.75 sets now **$2.50**, $5.00 sets now **$3.34**, $7.50 sets now **$5.00**

Girls' Coats, 2 to 6 years, reduced to **$3.95** from $5.00 and $6.00; $7.50 coats now **$4.75**

Girls' Coats, 8 to 14 years, now **$4.75**, that were $6.50 and $7.50; the $10.00 and $12.00 kinds now..... **$6.75**

Boys' Suits, that were $5.00, now **$3.75**; $7.50 suits, now **$5.00**

Many Snaps to be had here in Children's Shoes.

THE YOUNG PEOPLE'S OWN STORE

BENSON AND THORNE CO.

1518-1520 Farnam Street

sion examining surgeon at Knoxville, Ia., vice Dr. E. P. Bell, resigned.

Former Congressman Boyd, wife and daughter and M. B. Huffman and wife and Mrs. Seymour, all of Neligh, Neb., arrived in Washington last night and will leave tomorrow for Jacksonville, Fla.

Chief Justice Fuller in supreme court today dismissed for want of jurisdiction the case of Maria Berger, plaintiff in error, against Will Tracy, Frank Heister, John Streets, trustees for Brandon township, Jackson county, Iowa, defendants.

J. L. Paxton and Henry T. Clarke of Omaha are in the city for the purpose of urging upon the rivers and harbors committee of the house and General Marshall, chief of engineers, the adoption of their scheme for the control of the Missouri river. Mr. Paxton, who is chief spokesman, said that if the government would appropriate enough money to put down a cable or wire rope to which trees could be attached, limiting the amount of money to be used on some section of the river, he was firmly convinced that the river could be controlled in its encroachment along its banks.

"We want to demonstrate this and we are here to ask the government to undertake the work. It means, in my judgment, the solution of the question, 'How is the Missouri to be harnessed?'"

Senators Burkett and Brown were at the White House today to urge upon President Taft the detail of Captain Will Cowin, son of General John C. Cowin, as judge advocate in the Philippines.

ONE-FOURTH OF FRANCE FLOODED

(Continued from First Page.)

tice is full of water and the first floor of the Central Police station is untenable.

Water Famine Threatened.

The partial crippling of the water supply threatens the capital with a water famine. The police are making a house-to-house canvass, notifying the inhabitants to boil all water used for drinking purposes and thereby avoid the danger of a typhoid epidemic.

The surface and underground railways, which are barely sufficient under normal conditions to cope with the traffic, remain partially suspended, although no worse today than yesterday. Railroad traffic, however, now is utterly demoralized and completely suspended to the southward of Paris.

The situation at suburban places, up and down the river, is deplorable. The lower quarters of all the towns on the river below Paris are under water, the streets of Auteuil resembling those of Venice.

A dyke near St. Germain broke today, flooding the valley as far as Malmaison.

The lower portion of Bois De Boulogne is a blanket of water reaching to Bagatelle. Judging from the reports received here today from the provinces, a quarter of France is under water.

Valleys Filled with Water.

The eastern, central and southeastern districts of France are terribly affected. The valleys and plains are inundated and the cities and towns are in darkness. Troops everywhere have been ordered to the work of rescue, but often they encounter the greatest difficulty in driving the peasants to places of safety.

The cities of Montargis, Macon, Chalons-Sur-Saone and Epernay and the entire Champagne country is experiencing the most disastrous floods since 1856. The water in many of the villages along the Saone and the Marne reaches to the roofs of the dwellings.

At Verdun-S-Le-Doubs, a small town eleven miles from Chalons-Sur-Saone, the protecting dyke is breaking and the town is threatened with destruction.

The factories and mills have stopped work at Mezieres, Sedan and other places in the Meuse valley. Great damage has been done to the beautiful French automobile roads which have been washed out in many places.

The Garonne river is rising rapidly. The village of Carnac is surrounded by a lake.

The rivers Rhone and Loire are falling in the lower reaches. The situation is greatly improved at Lyons, Limoges, Tropes, Annecy and Auxerre.

It is impossible to estimate the property loss, but is will run into millions of francs. Fortunately the loss of life has been small.

The government authorities have ordered the prefects and military commanders everywhere to aid in the rescue work and to provide food and shelter for the suffering.

Dyke Breaks, Villages Submerged.

CHALONG-SUR-SAEONE, Jan. 24.—The dyke at Sacone au Doubs broke this afternoon, inundating ten villages. The streets of Chalons are under water and two persons have been drowned. Hundreds of persons are on the roofs of their nearly submerged homes, crying for help. Boats are being used by rescuing parties.

MEMBERS OF FAMILY TO FURNISH OWN GROCERIES

This is the Family Rule Laid Down by Albert H. Starkey that Later Causes Trouble.

Albert H. Starkey has devised an entirely novel domestic regime, according to Mrs. Ellen Starkey, who is plaintiff in an action for divorce.

According to her complaint, Mr. Starkey laid down a rule that no one in the household, which included a daughter, could eat unless each either brought in his or her own groceries and meats, or else paid Mr. Starkey for edibles brought in by him.

Plaintiff and her daughter, continues the petition, were made to suffer in other ways and finally left the home. The couple were married in Sioux City in 1881.

CONFER OVER WAGE DEMANDS

W. L. Park of Union Pacific Attends Conference in Chicago of Western Railway Officials.

Western railroad officials were in conference in Chicago Monday over the demands of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen for increased pay. W. L. Park of Omaha represents the Union Pacific railroad and W. C. Nixon, general manager of the 'Frisco system, is chairman of the committee.

The demand of the brotherhood for an increase of 5 cents an hour for its switchmen was made before that of the Switchmen's union for a 6-cent increase. The latter body was given the first conference and agreed upon mediation. The officials of the brotherhood are now urging immediate action.

GRAHAM FOR LLOYD'S PLACE

House Accepts Action of Democratic Caucus for Ballinger Committee.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Accepting the action of the democratic caucus, the house today elected Representative Graham of Illinois as a member of the Ballinger-Pinchot investigating committee in place of Representative Lloyd of Missouri. The choice of Mr. Graham was ratified by the house without debate and by a viva voce vote.

CHINESE LOAN IS SETTLED

Four Groups Will Share Alike in Large Contracts for Material.

PARIS, Jan. 24.—The settlement of the financial side of the Hankow-Sze-Chuen railroad loan of $30,000,000 is now confirmed here. The four groups, which include the United States and Germany, will share alike in the contracts for materials.

Low Fare Hearing Postponed.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Jan. 24.—(Special.)—The hearing in the matter of litigation between the various railroad companies having lines in South Dakota and the South Dakota Board of Railroad Commissioners, with the reduction of passenger fares in the state as the bone of contention, which commenced in Chicago several weeks ago, has been postponed until February 3 next. The postponement was due to the recent action of the express companies doing business in South Dakota commencing injunction proceedings in the federal court in Sioux Falls to restrain the railroad commissioners from putting into effect a new and reduced schedule of freight express rates, and the necessity of P. W. Dougherty, assistant attorney general and counsel of the railroad commission, appearing as the representative of the commission at the hearing in the express suits, which will be held before Judge Garland of the federal court on January 25, at which time it will be determined whether or not the temporary injunction shall be issued.

Persistent Advertising is the road to Big Returns.

KONDON'S CATARRHAL JELLY

Soothes and Heals Raw Spots and Cures All Catarrhal Troubles

Do not apply violent snuffs, sprays, douches—to irritate, smart and burn the inflamed mucous membrane. Remove the cause—the catarrh germs, which cannot live when Kondon's Catarrhal Jelly has been applied to the raw, affected surfaces. Soothes, heals, prevents abnormal discharges—cures. Kondon's (in sanitary tubes) brings instant relief from every catarrhal complication—Hay Fever, Asthma, Catarrhal Headache, Sore Throat, Deafness, Stomach Trouble, etc. It has cured millions. It will cure you. Write today for free sample or

Ask Your Druggist or Doctor

and procure a 25c or 50c tube for constant, handy use at home or in pocket; a speedy, permanent and safe cure. 35,000 druggists sell it and recommend it because it cures and contains no harmful drug. If your dealer hasn't it, write for 25c or 50c tube or sample, postpaid, from

Kondon Mfg. Company
Minneapolis, Minn.

EYES ON HURON CONFERENCE

South Dakota Politicians Watching Meeting of Stalwarts.

TWO ELEMENTS IN FIGHT

Radicals Want to Renew Old Factional Row, While Conservatives Would Heal Wounds—Richards for Vessey's Opponent.

PIERRE, S. D., Jan. 24.—(Special.)—The question which just at present is agitating the minds political in this state is what is to be the outcome of the stalwart conference at Huron February 1. It is a well-known secret that the radicals among the stalwarts desire to repeat the bitter fight of two years ago in the primaries, while the conservatives among that faction have no such a desire, but want a campaign devoid of the bitterness and factionalism of two years ago. The outcome of the Huron meeting will no doubt depend largely upon which element is in control.

The situation at present seems to revolve around the governorship. While other official positions are occasionally brought out in the discussions the situation invariably centers on that one position. Just at the present time it looks like a case of Vessey against the field, with the backers of the field hunting for what looks like a winner to put in the race. While this feeling is largely among the old line stalwarts, it also exists among some of the disappointed progressives, who have not been satisfied with all Governor Vessey has so far done in his first term. The indication at the present appears to be that the stalwart conference will settle upon either E. L. Abel of Huron or Ex-Governor Elrod of Clark as their choice, with the indications looking toward the selection of Abel. On the other hand there is a rumor that the radicals in the stalwart ranks will ask for the endorsement of R. O. Richards at the Huron conference, under the belief that Richards will bring over a number of the votes of the opposition faction through the workings of his primary league.

Richards Appears Willing.

The position of Richards himself up to the present is one of Barkis, if his papers are to be considered in any way reflecting his personal views. He has neither announced himself as a candidate nor denied that he will ask for the place, his position so far being that Governor Vessey has not made good as a "candidate of the people," and that someone should be selected who will do the will of the people in the governor's chair. If he really gets into the fight it is possible that he will cut into the Vessey strength to some extent, but the governor will probably draw to himself enough of the stalwart vote of two years ago to offset any loss he would suffer in that direction.

The only other "republican" candidate is George W. Egan of Sioux Falls, who is a spectacular platform orator, and who has started to warm up the people for the June campaign, making his first talk in his campaign at Mitchell a few days ago, and whose strength is as much of a problem now as it was last summer, although it appears to be somewhat on the wane.

The democrats are talking E. S. Johnson of Rapid City or P. F. Wickham of Alexandria as possible standard bearers of their party for the governorship, but when they come to gather around the board they may find some one else who will be either more likely or more "willing."

Second Place Candidates.

For lieutenant governor, F. M. Byrne of Faulk county is looked upon as the most probable candidate of the progressives, and J. W. Parmley of Edmunds is being boosted as a candidate of the stalwarts for that place.

The congressional situation is yet much in the air, and with Martin and Burke asking for the renomination, it is a question who the progressives will put in opposition. The only issue which has been raised against either of them as yet is "Cannonism," and it looks as if Uncle Joe intends to eliminate himself as an issue, and in such case the issue which has been raised will lose its force before the campaign comes on.

No one has as yet announced himself in opposition to either George Johnson, the stalwart treasurer, nor to C. S. Polley, the progressive secretary of state. This may be "remedied" before the days get much longer.

For the state land department, J. E. Truran, the present deputy in that department, and F. F. Brinker of Lake county have so far announced their candidacy, neither allying himself as a factional candidate, but only as republican.

The situation so far as superintendent of instruction is concerned appears to be settling down between C. H. Lugg of Hutchinson, who is classed with the stalwart faction, and C. G. Lawrence of Lincoln, who is classed as an insurgent and being boomed as a counter-irritant to the candidacy of George Johnson, stalwart treasurer, from that county.

So far the "Johnson" element in the campaign appears to be confined to the candidacy of George Johnson of Lincoln for treasurer, Royal C. Johnson of Hyde for attorney general, and John M. Johnson of Lyman, who wants to be state auditor.

Economy Sole Issue.

About the only state issue which appears to have made itself apparent in the campaign so far is one of expense of operation of the state. The stalwarts claim they turned over the state affairs to the insurgents three years ago practically out of debt and that the extravagance of the administrations of Governors Crawford and Vessey have run up a debt of practically $1,000,000. This, they claim, is unwarranted, and that if they had been left in control of affairs such a condition would not have existed. They lay the increase to the creation of a lot of new offices. The progressives' answer to this is that out of the increase in indebtedness over $600,000 is in improvements and buildings at the different state institutions, which must be kept up to meet the growth of the state; that any new offices created are fee offices and have no bearing on state indebtedness; that there is bound to be an increase in state expenditures as the state grows, and that the increase in this line has been but a little over $45,000 in the time since they took control of affairs, and that such increase would have been inevitable under any management. Some of the "minor prophets" of the progressive wing of the party attempt to excuse increased expenditures through the cost of the new capitol, but they can not stand upon this, as that building is not being constructed from money secured by taxation, but by the sale of lands donated to the state by the general government, and that is not a cause of increase.

Old Fight may Bob Up.

While conservatives in both factions have been hoping for a primary campaign with the bitterness of two years ago eliminated, the situation just at present looks like a strong attempt to renew the old fight. But in this the leaders who would like to see the fight under way will find that it will be hard to work up among the voters such an enthusiasm as was in the air two years ago. The people want "reform" in chunks, and after their ardor in that direction has cooled down they are more than likely to begin to throw the same "chunks" back as missiles at the men who they whooped up for but a short time ago. They want a chance to rest after their strenuosity and propose to have it even if they have to fight for it.

While the primary is not liked by the old-time politicians, regardless of which faction they are allied with, it has come to stay in this state. It will probably be changed in some of its provisions, but the people generally are satisfied with it, and the man who would seek its overthrow will find himself outside the breastworks of any political camp before he half finishes his campaign.

Taft Will Push Sherman Act Cases

Attitude Toward Federal Incorporation Will Not Stop Prosecutions in Court.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Callers at the White House who have sounded the president recently as to his attitude toward the prosecution of the so-called trusts, report that regardless of whether the proposed voluntary federal corporation law is passed or not, the administration is preparing to put into effect a vigorous policy of dealing with the big combinations so as to bring them within the provisions of the anti-trust laws.

The president has let it be known that he is at this time merely awaiting the decision of the supreme court in the Standard Oil and tobacco trust cases before directing the attorney general to take up an inquiry into the more notorious of the other trusts.

The president is further reported as having said that both he and the party of which he is the titular head are pledged to a vigorous enforcement of the Sherman act and that he intends to keep the pledge, but does not consider it necessary to climb upon the housetop every morning and shout about it.

The president is said to be well pleased with the activity and earnestness of Attorney General Wickersham in the cases already in hand.

No Money for Immigration Board

House Cuts Out Appropriation for Commission—Charged With Junketing.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—The $125,000 appropriation for the immigration commission was stricken out of the urgent deficiency bill in the house today on a point of order by Representative Macon (Ark.), leaving the commission without an appropriation. Mr. Macon, in a speech, declared that the commission had made its recent foreign trip a "junket" and he said he would do all in his power to "strangle" the commission.

"How the immigration commission could work on an investigation for two years and spend $657,993 is beyond the comprehension of an humble member of congress," declared Representative Butler (Pa.). Mr. Sabath (Ill.) declared the commission's work so far "for this large sum is not worth that many pennies."

Howell's Name Goes to Senate

Nomination for United States District Attorney Sent In by the President.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 24.—(Special Telegram.)—The nomination of Frank S. Howell of Omaha to be United States district attorney for the district of Nebraska, to succeed Charles A. Goss, was sent to the senate today by President Taft. It is expected that the senate will promptly confirm the nomination.

President Taft sent to the senate the nomination of General James Allen of the army to be chief signal officer (reappointment).

To be a brigadier general, Lieutenant Colonel Hiram M. Chittenden, corps of engineers.

Mr. Howell is in Arizona at present trying a case before the territorial supreme court. He is expected in Omaha Sunday.

Many Exhibits for Chicken Show.

MITCHELL, S. D., Jan. 24.—(Special.)—The eleventh annual exhibition of the South Dakota Poultry association will take place January 31 to February 4, in this city in the large auditorium of the city hall, which affords an ideal place for the show, accomodating over 1,500, birds with plenty of room for visitors. Owing to the death of the president, E. T. Losey of Huron, William Drabbs of Yankton is the acting president, with L. S. Vickers of Mitchell, secretary. E. P. Sand is the superintendent of the exhibition and will attend to the arrival of the birds when they come. A. B. Shaner of Illinois has been secured to score the birds this year. The premiums are the most liberal that have been offered by the association in years, while the special premiums and those of the special breed of chickens are superior to anything yet offered. The indications point to the fact that the entries are going to be large, and if the weather holds good an unusually large number will be sent here from outside the state as has been the case in former years.

Fireman is Held Up.

BOONE, Ia., Jan. 24.—(Special.)—Saturday night at midnight Frank Richmond, a Northwestern fireman, was held up by bandits on the East Eighth street hill, half a block from home, and robbed of $62. He then escaped. Richmond had on a watch, but this was not touched.

Consumption Panic

The fright is often worse than the disease; don't lose your head, cheerful courage is half the battle. Rest, plain nourishing food, out-door life and

Scott's Emulsion

is the other half. Take the Emulsion regularly; it's the most strengthening and flesh-producing food-medicine in the world.

ALL DRUGGISTS

Send 10c., name of paper, and this ad. for our beautiful Savings Bank and Child's Sketch-Book. Each bank contains a Good Luck Penny.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., N. Y.

RIVERS NOT FOR RATE WAR

Commission Against Improvements Merely to Hit Railroads.

FROWNS ON TOLL SYSTEM

Report Holds that Federal Government Has no Proprietary Right in Navigable Streams.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Almost every section of the country will find subjects of local as well as general interest in the preliminary report of the National Waterways commission submitted to congress today. The report is based upon a comprehensive investigation in this country and abroad and will be followed by a subsequent report with further recommendations.

This preliminary report recommends, among other things, a general plan of conservation of water power, with the shaping of projects in the light of future needs of streams; resort to federal and state legislation rather than to unnecessary channel improvement merely to enforce reduction of railroad freight rates, with inhibition, on the other hand, of manipulation of such rates to freeze out water competition; a uniform system of distribution of cost of waterway improvement between federal, state and local governments; avoidance of multiplication of ports; restriction of dam construction permits, inauguration of such waterway projects only as can be completed within a reasonable time; a federal tax on power furnished to consumers; reservation by the government of power to alter or repeal power rights.

Frowns on Toll Charges.

The commission holds that the federal government has no proprietary right or interest in navigable waters, which would authorize the collection of tolls. It believes that each consent to construct a dam should provide that the grantee whenever necessary to subserve navigation interests must construct and furnish power for a lock suited to the locality and to probable traffic development. Such requirements are claimed to be free from legal objections which might be maintained against a system of tolls.

Power developed at government dams for navigation or irrigation purposes should be utilized and adequately charged for. The commission recommends that before the granting of rights to construct dams in any navigable stream, the whole stream, or at least such parts as will be affected by the proposed construction should be carefully surveyed, that if constitutional authority therefore exists these grants should authorize the secretary of war or other official to regulate the charge for the power furnished consumers and should expressly reserve to congress the right to alter, amend or repeal.

Rates Not Primary Object.

While not denying the tendency of river improvements to lower railroad rates, the commission holds it undesirable to expend money upon river channels solely for this effect upon such rates. The fundamental criterion, it says, should be whether a railway or a waterway, when constructed or improved, will be a profitable investment. Pointing out that the railways have temporarily reduced rates and continued them upon a lower basis until competing water lines have been driven out of business the commission recommends that when a rate is once thus reduced by a railroad it should not be permitted to raise again unless after a hearing by the Interstate Commerce commission or other competent body it should be found that such proposed increase rests upon changed conditions other than the elimination or decrease of water competition.

Railways and Water Lines.

The most essential requirement for the rehabilitation of water traffic is asserted to be the establishment of harmonious relations between railways and water lines. In practically every case of water routes the boats are operated, the report says, in connection, and in harmony with railway lines. The commission believes the transportation facilities will be still further promoted by compelling joint rates and pro-rating agreements, through bills of lading and physical connection between rail and water agencies, separate warehouses and terminal systems for railroads and waterways being often a waste of capital. Terminal and wharfage charges should be reasonable regardless of the ownership of these facilities.

The commission cannot see its way clear to recommend a general power to fix minimum rates, but a majority of the commission would recommend empowering the Interstate Commerce commission to prescribe minimum railroad rates whenever in its opinion the object of a railroad in reducing rates is to decrease waterway competition.

Communities Must Co-Operate.

Referring to criticisms upon the delay of congress in the development of water routes, the commission points to the fact that the use of the improved channels in many instances has not been commensurate with the expense incurred and to a lack of progressiveness in providing suitable freight-carrying facilities and to failure to provide modern terminal equipment. No federal improvement will suffice, the commission insists, without co-operation of communities and business interests and between rail and water routes.

A uniform system is recommended, applicable to all waterways, under which statistics may be collected, showing the volume and different kinds of traffic carried on the rivers and inland channels. This country is declared to be far behind several European countries in the accuracy of inland navigation statistics and the commission wants to see more extensive information regarding high and low water and average discharge of the streams in order to frame and effect plans for improvements.

Decrease in Water Traffic.

The most striking instance cited of decrease in water-borne traffic is that of the Erie canal, though the commission regards as "quite as striking" the decrease in traffic on the Mississippi river and its tributaries.

The report says, on the other hand, that the traffic on the great lakes has increased enormously.

Improvements not essential to navigation should not be undertaken by the federal government, the commission thinks, and improvements in rivers and harbors should not be made, unless sufficient assurance is given that proper wharves, terminals, etc., shall be furnished, on reasonable charges, by municipal or private enterprises.

Summarizing conditions abroad, the commission says that the average European freight rates on railways paralleling water routes, especially for short distances, are higher than in the United States. The European rates for water-borne carriage are as high, or higher than railways in the United States, where the traffic is likewise large. The general policy of most European countries is towards waterways improvement.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

May Extend Date of Corporation Tax Now Pending

If Decision in Supreme Court is Not Returned by March 1 Congress May Act.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—In event of the failure of the attempt to obtain a decision from the supreme court of the United States as to the constitutionality of the corporation tax provisions of the Payne tariff act before March 1, the date by which the return on the income of corporations must be filed, congress may be asked to extend the date for the law becoming operative.

The suit in which the point arises is that of Stella P. Flint, as general guardian of the property of Samuel N. Stone, jr., a minor, against the Stone-Tracy company of Windsor, Vt.

BOSTON, Jan. 24.—John E. Gay of Jaffray, N. H., a stockholder in the Baltic

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY IS FORGING AHEAD FAST

Has Now More Regular Students on the Roster Than Michigan or Harvard.

"For the first time in its history Columbia university has more regular students registered for the term from September to June than either Michigan or Harvard," said Frederick T. Keppell, secretary of Columbia, who was in Omaha Monday visiting with the alumni of the university. He has been making a trip through the west and has visited the Universities of Minnesota, Wisconsin and will go from Omaha to Missouri and Illinois. He will also visit the alumni in Kansas City and St. Louis.

"We have a total attendance of 6,190, of whom over 1,000 are students in the non-professional graduate departments. We have over 2,000 students who hold their first degree.

"Columbia is striving as much as possible to take advantage of its location in the metropolis of this country and at the same time is striving to be a public servant to New York. We have many students who do outside work and are still attending Columbia. Many of the leders in engineering and architectural work in New York are assisting the university and students often secure work in these offices."

Mr. Keppell was a guest of Hailey G. Moorhead at noon lunch at the Rome and last evening was entertained by the local alumni of Columbia at the Omaha club.

He addressed the senior class of the Omaha High school yesterday afternoon. Mr. Keppell spoke of the work of Columbia and other eastern colleges and advised the Omaha students as to the best ways of obtaining a college education. He also spoke of the by-products of a college besides the mere studies. Mr. Keppell is traveling west in the interests of the University of Columbia.

Peavey Case is Heard on Appeal

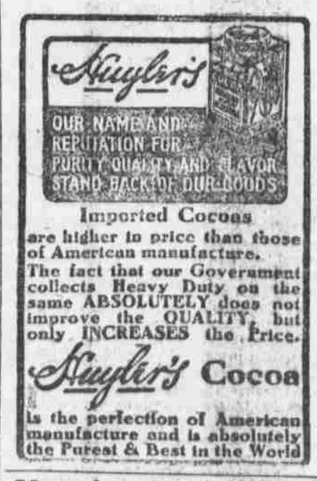
ST. LOUIS, Jan. 24.—Arguments on a restraining order against the Interstate Commerce commission obtained by the Peavey Elevator company of Omaha through the railroads, began here today in the United States circuit court.

At present the commission is restrained from abolishing the elevator allowance of 1¼ cents per 100 pounds, which the railroads have granted to the Peavey company. Judges Sanborn, Hook and Adams are sitting in the case.

The Interstate Commerce commission is represented by P. F. Farrell and the railroads by Frank Hagerman of Kansas City, John Barton Payne of Chicago, M. B. Koon of Indianapolis and N. H. Loomis of Omaha.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS

	Arrived.	Sailed.
Queenstown	Laurentic	
Queenstown	Umbria	
Southampton		Amerika
Gibraltar	Cedric	Pannonia
Alexandria	Campania	
New York	La Touraine	
New York	San Giorgio	
New York	Re Italia	
New York	Athinai	
New York		California



Imported Cocoas are higher in price than those of American manufacture. The fact that our Government collects Heavy Duty on the same ABSOLUTELY does not improve the QUALITY, but only INCREASES the Price.

Huyler's Cocoa

is the perfection of American manufacture and is absolutely the Purest & Best in the World

Not in any Milk Trust

The Original and Genuine

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK

The Food Drink for All Ages.

For Infants, Invalids, and Growing children. Pure Nutrition, upbuilding the whole body. Invigorates the nursing mother and the aged. Rich milk, malted grain, in powder form. A quick lunch prepared in a minute. Take no substitute. Ask for HORLICK'S. *Others are imitations.*

Calumet Baking Powder

The only high-class Baking Powder sold at a moderate price.

HAIR GROWTH

Promoted by

CUTICURA SOAP

Assisted by Cuticura

Depots: London, 27, Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 10, Rue de la Chaussee d'Antin; Australia, R. Towns & Co., Sydney; India, B. K. Paul, Calcutta; China, Hong Kong Drug Co.; Japan, Z. P. Maruya, Ltd., Tokio; So. Africa, Lennon, Ltd., Cape Town, etc.; U.S.A., Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., 135 Columbus Ave., Boston. Post-free, 32-page Cuticura Book, as Authority on the Care and Treatment of Skin and Hair.

Updike Milling Co.

Please find enclosed a piece of poetry. I would like to have the honor of winning a sack of your celebrated flour. I have used it all the time since I have been in Omaha, and I have nothing but words of praise for it.

The Ancient Order of Old Maids held a meeting which lasted several hours.
They drifted from how to catch a husband to several brands of flours.
Some bemoaned their measly luck on the raising of the dough,
And they gave a thousand reasons, until Miss O'Tool said, "Bo!"
If you use just a little bit more sense and a little less of jaw,
You will never have these troubles, if you use the 'Pride of Omaha.'"

MRS. DAN O'BRIEN,
3013 Ames Avenue.

FREE! FREE!

An Order on Her Grocer for a

24 lb. Sack of Pride of Omaha Flour to Every Woman

who mails us a verse of four to six lines (which we use for advertising) about Pride of Omaha Flour.

Updike Milling Co.

1513 Sherman Ave., Omaha, Neb.

John Says:

"I kin kwit meat, but I'm jiggered if I kin kwit smokin'.

"It's me for another pocket full of all Havana 'TRUST BUSTER' cigars. So each won't break us."

Central Cigar Store

321 South 16th Street.

AMUSEMENTS.

AUDITORIUM

Matinee and Night Only

Wednesday, Jan. 26

Wm. Morris (Inc.) Presents the World-Famous Scotch Comedian and Entertainer,

Harry Lauder

With a Company of Celebrated Associate Players and

JULIAN ELTINGE

And Special Lauder Orchestra.

Seats on sale Monday, Jan. 24, 9 a. m. Prices 50c, $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00. Can be reserved by telegraph from out of town with money order or check.

BOYD'S | TONIGHT

and WEDNESDAY—MAT. WEDNESDAY
I'm the Wireless Message of Laughter"

The Traveling Salesman

by James Forbes, author of the "Chorus Lady."

Thursday—Henry Woodruff. Seats today.

KRUG THEATER

—PRICES—
15c, 25c, 50c, 75c.

Tonight, all week—Matinee Wednesday—Henry B. Harris presents

The Lion and the Mouse

By Charles Klein.

Sunday—Norman Hackett, in Classmates.

Orpheum PHONES DOUG. 494 INDA. 495

ADVANCED VAUDEVILLE

Matinee Every Day, 2:15. Evening Performances, 8:15. This Week: "Our Boys in Blue," Edwin Holt & Co., Mildred Grover, Avery & Hart, "General" Edward Lavine, The Picquays, Rosa Roma, the Kinodrome and the Orpheum Concert Orchestra.

Prices— 10c, 25c and 50c.

GAYETY | Evngs., 15-25-50-75c. Daily Mat., 15-25-50c.

Twice daily all week, closing Friday night

THE

TROCADEROS

EXTRAVAGANZA AND VAUDEVILLE including "OUR GIRLS IN BLUE."

Ladies' dime matinee daily at 2:15.

Sat. mat. and night: Wm. Grew Stock Co.