Overcoats at $20

How can we offer you more in Clothing than our competitors for the same money?

Because we are manufacturing retailers and our retail stores are the direct outlets for our wholesale merchandise. They are conducted for your convenience and to pay, not a retail profit, but a wholesale profit only. The Ordinary Retailer has to add his percentage to the wholesale cost for his retail profit. **We don't.**

Why does our merchandies lead in style?

Because our retail stores are all in the larger cities where style is absolutely demanded. The great majority of our competitors—the wholesalers—sell their clothing in small country towns where style and fit are not always considered so essential.

Why do we know we make the best $20.00 Overcoats in this country?

Because all of our garments are made under one roof, in our own factory and by the same hands; we sell more Overcoats at $40.00 than we do at $20.00. The workmanship is the same on both, and the difference is a matter of fabrics.

And yet we guarantee all our fabrics.
Do your Christmas shopping NOW.

Browning, King & Co

B&K CLOTHING, FURNISHINGS AND HATS,
FIFTEENTH AND DOUGLAS STREETS,
OMAHA.
R. S. WILCOX, Manager.

aged in having his share in the great success of the whole."

Eugene D. Funk, president of the National Corn association, spoke of the aims and purposes of the show and told of what his association was doing and hoped to do.

In the course of the program greetings and felicitations from President Diaz of Mexico were read by C. C. Rosewater.

Manderson Compliments Wilson.

President Wattles called upon General Charles F. Manderson, an old friend of James Wilson, secretary of agriculture, to say a few words in his behalf.

"He is of our sister state and he knows our wants. He has shown his ability in many spheres of activity until he is finally secretary of agriculture, a position he fills so admirably. No man was ever better fitted for the position," said General Manderson.

"We seem to be the pioneers, for we are of a pioneer race. We pioneered with a magnificent exposition ten years ago and now we are pioneering with an exposition of broad educational lines. Last year the products of our state were $610,000,000 and this year I look to see them go over $750,000,000.

The opening of the program was delayed for a short time because of the failure of the instruments of the Mexican National band to arrive.

Not being familiar with the ways of railroad companies in the United States, the band left Chicago on their way to Omaha with their instruments reposing on a truck on the station platform. As soon as the oversight was discovered, the instruments were hurried after the band and arrived in time for the afternoon concert at the corn show.

The executive committee of the National Corn exposition will give a complimentary dinner at 7 o'clock Friday evening at the Rome to Eugene D. Funk, president of the National Corn exposition, and to the various vice presidents.

MOVING "BACK TO THE LAND"

President Wattles Talks of Agricultural Movement at Exposition.

In a speech touching upon the importance of modern agricultural science in solving economic problems Gurdon W. Wattles, president, opened the formal program of the first day of the National Corn exposition.

Mr. Wattles said in part:

The movement "back to the land" is world-wide. On a recent journey around the world in Japan, where a population of 50,000,000 occupies an area about the size of the state of California, we found an overwhelming sentiment for more land and greater opportunity. The Japanese were looking with longing eyes toward Korea and Manchuria, and, with hope and expectation that by conquest of these territories, they might secure an outlet for the islands of their empire. In China, the more intelligent men were longing for the time to come when the weak arm of their government might be so strengthened as to guarantee protection on the rich unoccupied frontier in Mongolia and Manchuria to the millions who were starving in crowded cities, but as yet this hope has not materialized, for the Chinese are still clinging to the old superstitions of an absolute monarchy, which has been weakened by centuries of misrule and corruption. In Siberia, which we had been led to believe was a barren land of snow and ice, we crossed a territory larger than the United States, and apparently equally as rich in soil and all the elements of promise to the farmer and the ranchman. Into this rich and beautiful territory are now immigrating thousands of the poorer classes from Russia. We met hundreds of cars loaded with these immigrants, on their way to find new homes on the rich lands of Siberia, which, in the past, have only been used as prisons for convicts and exiles. In Germany, England, France, Italy and Scandinavia this movement is on in great force. From these latter countries annually come to the United States and Canada a great army, seeking homes and fortunes, either in the cities or on the farms of the western hemisphere. This movement to our country for some years past has brought us an average of 1,000,000 inhabitants per annum.

In the great eastern cities and thickly populated districts of the United States the desire for land is almost irresistible. The rich valleys of the Mississippi and Missouri have become thickly populated, and in recent years the "Great American Desert" has been invaded, only to find that it could be made to blossom like the rose when irrigated by the water from the mountain streams.

That indefinite term "The West," which formerly was applied to all that part of the United States lying west of Buffalo, has moved toward the setting sun rapidly during the last few years, until today the Mississippi and Missouri valleys are no longer in the frontier. Very little of the once vacant rich land remains unoccupied and a new problem has come to the fortunate inhabitants who have found homes in this the richest agricultural section of the world. The problem today before this country is how to obtain greater returns from these lands, by better means of cultivation and by more scientific methods in the selection of seed and preparation of the soil.

It is true that the returns per capita to those engaged in farming pursuits in the state of Nebraska during the last ten years have been greater than the profits per capita to workingmen in any other line of employment among any other people in the world. But how can these returns be increased? How can the same land be made to yield one-half or even double more in crops without greatly adding to the expense of production? This is a problem of dollars and cents which, if solved, will add to the incomes of the producing classes and will double in value their lands and increase the commerce of the cities, all of which depend on the prosperity of the farms for the success of their enterprises. To assist in solving this problem is one of the purposes of the National Corn exposition.

In farming, the oldest business of which we have any record, perhaps less progress has been made than in any other industry. It is true we have improved machinery, and the wooden plow and sickle and the flail have been cast aside for more modern implements, but in applying well known principles of science in the preparation of the soil, in the breeding of better seed and by cross-breeding new and better varieties we have hardly begun in the great march of advancement which lies ahead. A wizard in California has by simple but scientific methods brought into existence many new and valuable varieties of fruits, flowers and plants. In the animal kingdom by selection our more progressive ranchmen are raising cattle and hogs worth double per head the cattle and hogs that were produced on the same ranches but a few years ago. But there are many problems which perplex the farmer and ranchman yet unsolved.

The scourge of hog cholera, which in many sections annually destroys the income of the farmer and brings loss and trouble like a black cloud over all his household, should be absolutely eliminated. The germ prevalent in the husks and stalks in the newly husked cornfields, which often kills whole herds of cattle in the early fall, should be destroyed by another germ yet to be discovered. The blight which often comes in the oat and wheat fields when the grain is nearly ripe, and which kills the leaves and shrivels the grain, the chinch bug and other insects which annually destroy the crops, and each and every insect or germ which prevents the full fruition of the farmer's hopes can one and all be eliminated by the discovery and application of the simple but proper scientific means of prevention.

To know these means and how and when to apply them is the measure of successful farming. The farmer, with his often too limited education in the science of his business, is helpless. He must look with confidence to the expert, who, by years of study and experiment, can guide him in paths he knows not of. The time has long since passed when the ways of the fathers are good enough for the sons to follow. This rule, if applied, would blot out every great advance which has wrought revolution in every industry in the world in the past century, (except farming.

"This National Corn exposition is intended to be a short college course for farmers and those intending to engage in any of the pursuits of agriculture. We have gathered here from all parts of the country men well qualified by experience and learning to impart valuable information and ideas that can be coined into cash by those who will receive them with an open mind and adopt those means which have been found to produce the best results in agriculture. We call it the "Corn show," because corn is the principal product of the middle states of the west, but it might appropriately be called the "College of Agricultural Industries," for here may be found not only exhibits of the best products of the farms and ranches of the west, but object lessons that tell the story of the advantages of applying scientific methods in all departments of agriculture.

FUNK EXPLAINS EXPOSITION

President of National Corn Association Summarizes Aims.

The "why" of the National Corn exposition and the National Corn association were set forth most concisely in a speech delivered by Eugene Funk, president of the association. He expressed felicitations for the high degree of co-operation reached by the men who have made the corn show what it is.

Mr. Funk said:

The National Corn association gladly returns for the second time to the city of Omaha for the purpose of installing agricultural exhibits and to assist in perfecting this greatest of all educational expositions. The growth and success of this association has been most remarkable. At the National Corn exposition in Chicago in 1907 there was just one state represented with an agricultural educational exhibit. Last year we had twelve; this year twenty-four.

Besides these practical demonstrations of agricultural research and experiments states and foreign countries are this year represented by the products of their soils.

This is an exposition founded along the lines of agricultural education. To this exposition we propose to invite our brother farmers and all those who are directly or indirectly dependent upon agriculture, and that means all of you, to come here during the next two weeks and learn if you will many of the problems that the experiment stations as well as various individual members of our association have solved for your benefit.

In order that this demonstrative agricultural work may continue to live and be carried out, not only in a broad and open manner, but along business and progressive lines, the National Corn association has been incorporated.

Article 3 of the constitution reads: "To encourage and improve agricultural methods.

To hold and assist other organizations in holding fairs or exhibitions of products of the soil and other items pertaining to agriculture.

To collect and cause to be collected facts and other matters that may be of interest and benefit to farmers and to publish and cause the same to be published.

To hold, at times and places to be designated by the board of directors, national and other farmers' convention, for the discussion of matters pertaining to agriculture.

Mr. Chairman, I take pleasure in announcing to you that our department of this exposition is all installed and ready for the opening day of this exposition. We have been on the ground for a little over a week, our men have come from their homes and their business, from almost every state in the union, have gladly given their time and most faithful work to the installing of these educational exhibits, judging the thousands of samples of corn, wheat, oats, barley, rye, the various samples of grasses and forage crops, as well as the country and county school exhibits.

As a matter of pride due to our men and to our organization, I wish also to announce that there has not been one spark of friction within our ranks. Measure if you will the tremendous amount of good such a body of men may do toward "The Betterment of Agriculture" to our country.

You can give Chamberlain's Cough Remedy as confidently to a babe as to an adult.

Clocks—FRENZER—15th and Dodge.

Diamonds—FRENZER—15th and Dodge.

The Weather.

For Nebraska—Snow.
For Iowa—Snow, slightly warmer.
Temperature at Omaha yesterday:

Hour.	Deg.
5 a. m.	8
6 a. m.	9
7 a. m.	10
8 a. m.	10
9 a. m.	10
10 a. m.	10
11 a. m.	10
12 m.	10
1 p. m.	10
2 p. m.	10
3 p. m.	9
4 p. m.	8
5 p. m.	8
6 p. m.	7
7 p. m.	6
8 p. m.	5
9 p. m.	4

Even Pure Enough to Eat — **In Sanitary 25c & 50c Tubes**

KONDON'S CATARRHAL JELLY

Write or Ask Druggists For this Free Sample

There is enough Kondon's Catarrhal Jelly in this free sample—sent for a penny postal—for several days' treatment—enough to give instant relief from cold in the head or nasal catarrh, etc.

This wonderful, pure remedy (in sanitary tubes) is applied direct to the raw surfaces. It is so soothing and healing that it gives instant relief, and its continued use will cure permanently all forms of catarrh. Over 35,000 druggists sell it in 25c and 50c tubes. Doctors, nurses, druggists recommend it. The sample proves. Ask your druggist or write today for free sample.

Kondon Manufacturing Co. Minneapolis, Minn.

KONDON'S CATARRHAL JELLY

John Says:
"You cannot buy a mans' gift at a woman's store. This is a MAN'S store and I've got it fairly stuffed with Christmas gift goods that tickle MEN."

Men Like These Christmas Gifts

Meershaum, Turkish, Peterson Patent and "3 B" pipes; cigar and cigarette cases; cigar and tobacco jars; snuff boxes; smoking sets; cutlery in cases; leather bill books; card cases; pipe racks or boxed cigars.

Central Cigar Store
321 South 16th Street.

Exclusive Omaha selling on
Mark Cross' Gloves for Men and Women

London made, hand sewed—the glove standard for the entire world.

$1.50 a Pair.

BENSON & THORNE CO.
1513-1520 Farnam
89 Regent St.

Any Woman Can Have Beautiful Hair

(From French Beauty Monthly.)

"No woman should use water upon her hair oftener than once in two months," says M. Fournier, the noted French scientist. "Dry powder only should be used. Moisture causes the hair to lose its color and in time become thin.

"Any woman desiring abundant, lustrous hair should use a dry shampoo every two or three days. Mix four ounces of powdered orris root with four ounces of therox. Sprinkle about a tablespoonful of this mixture upon the head; then brush the powder thoroughly through the hair. This will keep it light and fluffy, and beautifully lustrous. You will soon see new hair starting to grow. This treatment is the only thing that I am sure will produce a growth of hair.

"While plain orris root is used as a dry shampoo by many women, still, no such results can be obtained as by using the formula I have given."—Adv.

DR. DOXEY ACCEPTS SERVICE

Physician Will Appear at Erder Inquest Today.

HIS TESTIMONY NOT WANTED

State's Attorney Says He Is Not a "Competent Witness in Case Involving His Wife—Money in Columbus Bank.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 6.—Dr. Loren B. Doxey of Columbus, Neb., late today accepted service to appear before the coroner's jury at the inquest of W. J. Erder, tomorrow. Mrs. Doxey, alleged wife of Erder and whom she was accused of murdering by giving him arsenic, was reported by the jail physician tonight as being really ill. Her condition was such that the jailer refused to allow her attorney to see her.

A formal statement issued by Doxey today denied his wife married Erder. The statement admitted Mrs. Doxey was in St. Louis at the time she is charged with being Erder's wife.

Circuit Attorney Jones, who will present the Erder death to the jury tomorrow, does not want Dr. Doxey to appear before the grand jury or the coroner's jury.

Dr. Doxey is free to go where and when he pleases, said Attorney Jones. "We do not want him. He is not a competent witness against his wife for the grand jury, the coroner, or the court. If he went before the grand jury it might vitiate any bill that body might find in the case of his wife."

Dr. Warren's report states that in eleven analyses of portions of Erder's body he found 31 grains of white arsenic. The material from which this poison was recovered weighed 10.29 pounds. In his first report Dr. Warren swore that the embalming fluid used by Erder's undertaker contained no trace of arsenic.

Insurance Money in Bank?

Mrs. Kate Erder, sister of the dead man, furnished the prosecuting attorney's office today with what may become important evidence. She turned over a letter from a firm of attorneys in Columbus, Neb., in which it was stated that the records of a bank there show that a draft for $2,700, drawn by Mrs. Dora E. Erder was received shortly after Erder's death in July. This corresponds with the amount of insurance collected on Erder's life policy.

Dr. Doxey broke silence today and gave an extended statement in defense of his wife. In it he declared she was never married to Erder, but that in May of 1909 she was in a hospital in St. Louis. He described many operations and illnesses to which she had been subjected and asserted that the drugs given her at those times are responsible for the fact that she is a neurasthenic.

FIRE INSURANCE PRESIDENT OUT

(Continued From First Page.)

an increase in the examining force in order that all insurance corporations other than life companies may be examined at least once every five years. Mr. Hotchkiss, says the Phenix company, which is a fire concern had not been examined for nearly twenty-two years or since Mr. Sheldon became president.

The insurance department alleges that it finds that the questionable securities originally sold to the company by Mr. Sheldon have, year after year, passed through "wash sales" and by this method have been concealed in the annual reports.

Speculative accounts have been maintained by President Sheldon according to Mr. Hotchkiss, in at least one brokerage house, and the assets of the company have been put up as collateral to cover his operations. It is charged also that for several years the president's salary account has been overdrafn and now is paid up in full to October 1, 1910. During the last seventeen years it is alleged that members of the state insurance department whose duty it was to supervise the company have accepted collateral loans for it, made to them by President Sheldon, in amounts varying from $40,000 to $100,000. The Phoenix Insurance company of Brooklyn does a fire risk business, is incorporated for $1,500,000 and is credited with a surplus of $1,010,453.

Sterling Ware—FRENZER—15 and Dodge

Stout Case on Trial.

GRAND ISLAND, Neb., Dec. 6.—(Special Telegram.)—The case of the state against Ernest Stout, alleging murder in the first degree of Joseph Richeson in September last, was taken up in the district court this morning and the entire day was spent in the work of selecting a jury, with the prospect ahead that at least the morning session tomorrow will be occupied in that task. Judge Paul this afternoon ordered a special venire of fifty talesmen. Most of the jurors, excused today for cause, were dismissed because they had fixed opinions in the case or because of conscientious scruples against capital punishment.

Stout's mother, Mrs. Huber, is here from Oklahoma, and Stout's wife and infant daughter were in court this afternoon, as also a brother of the accused man. Stout is a young man while the victim of the alleged murder was in the 50s. The defendant is alleged to have beaten Richeson to death with the butt end of a buggy whip.

Milkmen Boost Prices.

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., Dec. 6.—(Special.)—The milkmen have given notice that they will raise the price of their milk from 7 to 10 cents per quart and cream from 15 to 20 cents per pint. The price of feed is very high and they give this as an excuse for the raise. Two milkmen have sold their cows and gone out of business lately because, they claim, there is no money in the business.

The palate is almost tickled with Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil. The stomach knows nothing about it, it does not trouble you there. You feel it first in the strength it brings; it shows in the color of cheek and smoothing out of wrinkles.

It was a beautiful thing to do, to cover the odious taste of Cod Liver Oil, evade the tax on the stomach, and take health by surprise.

It warms, soothes, strengthens and invigorates.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

Send 10c., name of paper and this ad. for our beautiful Savings Bank and Child's Sketch Book. Each bank contains a Good Luck Penny.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York

HOME FURNITURE CO.

24TH and L STS., SOUTH OMAHA

SELLS FURNITURE 20% BELOW OMAHA PRICES

GET OUR PRICES on CARPETS and RUGS

9x12 Brussels Rug	$8.75
9x12 Velvet Rug	$14.50
9x12 Axminster Rug	$17.50

$4.00 Oak Stand
$2.75

Well made, full sized Steel Couch $2.90

Combination Bookcase and Desk—Empire Finish With Mirror

$6.75

High grade Steel Range, 4-hole ... $22.50
6-hole $24.50

STOVES SOLD ON PAYMENTS.

Lowest Prices on Useful Holiday Presents

MYSTERY IN AN EXPLOSION

Occupants of Lower Floor of Karbach Block Are Shocked.

WINDOWS BROKEN, ONE HURT

Explosion Occurred at 5:30 Monday Evening and Those Near by Insist it Was Some Sort of Bomb.

An explosion, entirely mysterious in its cause and source damaged several stores and a saloon in the Karbach block, Fifteenth and Douglas streets, at 5:30 o'clock last night. Charles Fox, a shoe salesman for the Sorosis Shoe company, received a severe wound in his right leg from flying glass. The occupants of the building declared their belief that the explosion was caused by a bomb, but they are utterly at a loss to explain a motive for the perpetration of such an attempt on their lives and property.

The building about for a radius of two blocks felt the concussion of the explosion. The detonation seems to have been centered directly behind Foley & Ryan's saloon. Men sitting at a table in the back room of this place saw a flash of light across the top sash of a rear window. The glass shattered and came rattling to the floor. Almost before they could make a move the report came, blinding them with a flash of light. The report was sharp, indicating the discharge of a powerful explosive.

The effects of the explosion were felt the entire length of the areaway, which separates the Karbach block from the buildings adjoining on Douglas street. Windows were broken and sash blown out in the Regent Shoe store. In this establishment the force of the explosion seems to have been particularly strong. An interior window in the front show window was blown in.

Charles Fox Seriously Cut.

The windows and doors in the rear of the Sorosis Shoe store were broken in. Charles Fox was standing near one of those windows when a sheet of the shattered glass struck him on the right leg below the knee, cutting through to the bone. Dr. P. T. Conlan, who was in the store, buried the injured man to his office in the Brown building and dressed his wounds.

"I smelled power very distinctly," said Mr. Fox after he returned from the physician's office. Dr. Conlan also say he found stains in the wound which look like powder marks. "I am positive that it was a powder explosion of some kind."

James Ish, a fire reporter, was leaving the Brandeis building, Sixteenth and Douglas streets, when he heard the crash of the explosion. One of the first men to reach the scene of the occurrence, he found a collection of smoldering rags and bits of broken metal, apparently iron, lying in the areaway above which the explosion occurred.

"I thought that it smelled like acid fumes about there," said Mr. Ish.

Detectives Van Dusen and Maloney were detailed by Chief Savage to make an investigation of the case. Last night they had not reached a definite conclusion even as to the cause of the explosion and officials declare that they have no idea as to a motive that might have caused the throwing of a bomb.

A vigorous investigation has been started by both the fire and police departments.

PUBLIC WORK IN FOUR STATES

(Continued From First Page.)

delegation from the state and visiting Nebraskans. Mr. Rosewater will speak on "Nebraska Newspaper Men." Franklin W. Collins on "Nebraska Statesmen" and F. H. Abbott, assistant commissioner of Indian affairs on "Nebraska Schools." There will be music and refreshments.

Mr. Hitchcock reintroduced his postal savings bank bill with some modifications as to books of deposit. He was "joshed" good naturedly today about his abandonment of the bank deposit guaranty bill by a number of westerners with whom he lunched, including Judge Walter I. Smith of Council Bluffs, Representative Frank Mondell of Wyoming and Victor Rosewater of The Bee.

TRAINMASTERS CALLED OUT

(Continued From First Page.)

the fact that the men are being taken back where vacancies exist.

"We have ordered the lines from the northwest to discontinue employment of men and the railroads view the situation as substantially normal. The shops of the Great Northern will again be opened the first of the week, reinstating about 2,000 men laid off on account of the strike.

Normal Conditions on Coast.

SEATTLE, Wash., Dec. 5.—According to statements given out by railroad officials tonight, normal conditions have almost been restored in the Pacific northwest on the lines affected by the switchmen's strike.

In Seattle the Great Northern and Northern Pacific claim to have the situation well in hand and say that freight will be moving regularly tomorrow. All restrictions placed upon the receipt of freight then will be removed. The striking switchmen continue confident and today stationed pickets around the yards.

The situation in Tacoma began to resume normal conditions today. Freight offices will open tomorrow to receive all classes of goods.

Three trainloads of coal are expected to reach Helena, Mont., tomorrow, thus removing the immediate danger of a fuel famine.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Vapo-Cresolene

(Established 1879)

An Inhalation for **Whooping-Cough, Croup, Bronchitis, Coughs, Diphtheria, Catarrh.**

Cresolene is a Boon to Asthmatics.

Does it not seem more effective to breathe in a remedy for diseases of the breathing organs than to take the remedy into the stomach?

Cresolene cures because the air, rendered strongly antiseptic, is carried over the diseased surface with every breath, giving prolonged and constant treatment. It is invaluable to mothers with small children.

Those of a **Consumptive Tendency** will find immediate relief from Coughs or inflamed Condition of the throat.

ALL DRUGGISTS.

Send postal for descriptive Booklet.

Vapo-Cresolene Co.
180 Fulton Street,
New York.

Pure in the can—Pure in the baking. Never Fails. Try it.

We Make All We Sell
Omaha Trunk Factory
We also carry a fine line of Leather goods. Dodge, 1058—1209 Farnam St.—Ind. A-1058

IF YOU'RE DEAF

Or Suffering From Catarrh, Asthma, Head Noises or Bronchitis.

One month's treatment free to all who apply during December. Decide to start treatment at once. Do it now.

Our services and treatment are highly praised by thousands of well known Nebraska and Iowa people as the best and surest cure for these diseases. Our specialists have made this their life study and are acquainted with every phase of these diseases. Watch for the word that Mr. Larson of Ralston, Neb., sends to all deaf people. He was cured of deafness in three months. No stronger words can be given any specialist than the praise from a cured patient. We use honest and fair methods. Fifteen years of successful work along these lines puts our reputation as every case. No charges for examination or consultation. No incurable cases accepted. No charge until cured. Come in today and learn more of the Dr. Branaman Co.'s methods.

Home treatment as effective as office treatment. Write for Home Treatment Symptom Blanks, testimonials and literature, explaining the Branaman treatment.

DR. BRANAMAN CO.
305 N. Y. LIFE BLDG., OMAHA, Neb.

SKYROK Table Water

From the Rockies to your home. Five gallon bottles 50c. Tel. Douglas 50.

AMUSEMENTS.

BOYD'S SEATS ON SALE
Thursday, Friday and Saturday—Matinee Saturday.
BLANCHE BATES
In "THE FIGHTING HOPE"
Sunday—Cohan's "The American Idea"

KRUG THEATER
—PRICES—
15c, 25c, 50c, 75c
To-Night, Matinee Wednesday,
COHAN & HARRIS OFFER
"50 MILES FROM BOSTON"
By GEORGE M. COHAN.
Thursday—"MONTANA."

GAYETY Evgs., 15c to 75c Daily Mat. 15 to 50
(Formerly the Burwood)
THE GREAT BEHMAN SHOW 60 PEOPLE
EXTRAVAGANZA AND VAUDEVILLE
7 Belfords—George Armstrong—Courtney Sisters.
Nothing Greater in town, excepting the Corn Show.
Ladies' Dime Matinee Daily at 2:15.

Orpheum PHONES DOUG. 494 IND. 1494
ADVANCED VAUDEVILLE
Matinee Every Day 2:15 Every Night 8:15
This Week: "At the Country Club," Rosario Guerrero, Cunningham and Marion, Sig. Luciano Lucca, Sansone and Delila, Les Myosotis, Eddie G. Ross, Kinodrome and the Orpheum Concert Orchestra. Prices—10c, 25c and 50c.

RESORTS.

HAMPTON TERRACE WINTER HOTEL RESORT
AUGUSTA, GEORGIA.
18 HOLE GOLF COURSE AUTOMOBILE ROADS