Only 20 Shopping Days Till Christmas

THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

WEATHER FORECAST.
For Nebraska—Partly cloudy.
For Iowa—Rain.
For weather report see page 3.

VOL. XXXIX—NO. 127. OMAHA, THURSDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 2, 1909—TWELVE PAGES. SINGLE COPY TWO CENTS.

MANY CHANGES FOR THE ARMY

Secretary Dickinson in His Annual Report Recommends Concentration of Troops Near Cities.

MORE OFFICERS ARE NEEDED

System of Combining Regulars and Militia Into Brigades Advocated.

PHYSICAL TESTS FOR OFFICERS

Weekly Riding or Walking Stunts in Addition to Annual Requirement.

NINETY-FIVE MILLIONS WANTED

Estimate for Fiscal Year About Eight Millions Less Than Amount Appropriated Last Year.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—Many changes in the military establishment are suggested today by Secretary of War Dickinson in his annual report to the president.

The following are some of his recommendations:

A change in the Roosevelt physical tests, so as to require of officers, in addition to the annual, a weekly riding or walking test.

The division of the United States into territorial and tactical districts so that the organized militia of the states may be conveniently combined with the regular army stationed therein into permanent brigades, divisions and corps for instruction and tactical organization.

The location of troops in or near the principal cities of the United States instead of distributing them at remote forts, to meet the three requirements of economy, possibility of rapid movement and the training of the militia.

More officers for the army and promotion on the merit system.

Liberal appropriations for the completion of the fortification projects of the Philippines, Honolulu and Pearl Harbor.

Encouragement of rifle practice among the citizens and school boys. The establishment of a national park at Niagara Falls to preserve its scenic features.

Ninety-Five Millions Needed.

The secretary made public his estimates to congress for the coming fiscal year, amounting to $95,325,399 or about $8,000,000 less than was appropriated for the present fiscal year.

At the time of the last reports from the military departments, which were received in October, it was found that the regular army numbered 71,840 men with 4,209 officers, making a total force of 76,049, a net increase during the year of 3,421. The figures do not include the 3,485 men of the hospital corps.

Of the active officers of the army, the report calls attention to the fact that 739 are detailed to special duty, nearly half of these, or 345, being distributed among the various schools of instruction of the regular establishment or acting as instructors in state educational institutions where a feature is made of military training. While there were no serious breaches of military discipline during the year, Secretary Dickinson declares "that there can be no doubt that the discipline and efficiency of troops were lowered by the continued absence of so many company officers and the resulting frequent changes of company commanders."

Demand for More Officers.

The remedy for this condition, the report declares, may be found in increasing the number of officers and in the passage of legislation empowering the secretary of war, whenever the occasion demanded, to appoint retired officers to active duty temporarily. Under existing law a retired officer cannot be made subject to orders, but his return to active service is entirely voluntary. In putting forward the need for some such authorization, Secretary Dickinson says:

"While it is true that the duties performed by these officers are, in the main, of great importance to the army or of material benefit to the country, the number of officers so separated from their regular duties with troops has now reached a point where it is beyond question that the efficiency and discipline of the army are suffering therefrom. On June 30, 1909, more than a third of the captains of the mobile army were absent from their proper commands on detached service, of such a nature as to cause them to be absent for some time. Including those captains who were temporarily absent from their proper commands, on detached service or otherwise, it is believed that less than one-half of the companies of the mobile army were commanded by captains."

Regular Physical Exercise.

The report also advocates more strenuous physical tests. President Roosevelt inaugurated an annual test to determine the physical fitness of officers, compelling them to ride ninety miles in three days or to walk fifty miles within the same time. This, in the opinion of Secretary Dickinson, should be changed so as to compel officers to undertake a certain amount of prescribed exercise each week, the amount to be certified by the commanding officers in their monthly reports.

Co-operation of the regular army with the militia of the states is strongly urged. The secretary outlines a plan to accomplish this. He would have the country divided into a number of territorial and tactical districts, so that the militia may be conveniently combined with the regular troops stationed in those districts into permanent brigades, divisions and corps for instruction and tactical organization.

In conjunction with the headquarters of these combination divisions, the report advocates the establishment of supply depots, which can be drawn upon for the equipment of an army in time of need. At such depots supplies would be carried sufficient to outfit any additional volunteer force, up to a moderate number, that might be hastily recruited to complete the organization of an army corps.

Officers to Aid Militia.

Attached to the headquarters, also, the report declares there should be stationed a young and active officer of the regular army, whose duty it would be to instruct and direct the militia organizations in the corps district. Such an officer, it is pointed out, could issue no orders to the militia, but it is declared he should be given power to supervise the equipment and instruction of the volunteer troops of his district and

(Continued on Second Page.)

Revenue Makes Rapid Advance, Almost Record

Imports Jump to Front, Customs Millions Increase Five Months.

Neb. State Historical Society Box 82431

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—The public debt, exclusive of certificates and treasury notes, increased $1,715,757, which is a net increase of $571,325, an actual working balance in the treasury offices of $27,659,608, a total balance in the general fund, exclusive of reserve and trust funds of $81,935,135, a decrease of $7,167,963; this summarizes the showing made by today's treasury reports.

The national bank notes outstanding aggregate $707,433,457, a net increase of $3,492,761. Of these notes all but $36,438,190 in lawful money are secured by United States bonds.

Internal revenue leaped ahead in remarkable strides, recorded $24,109,491, an increase of $2,118,942 for the month which makes a total of $113,892,527 for the five months since the fiscal year began, an increase of $5,924,073, the largest increase for a long period.

Of the moneys in the general fund $54,932,742 represents the balance in the national bank depositories and the Philippine treasury. Customs receipts for November reached $25,637,429.

So far for the five months of this fiscal year the customs receipts run $27,148,732 ahead of the corresponding period last year. The aggregate inland noninterest bearing debt is $1,296,718,757, a net increase of $571,325, while this total is swelled by the $1,275,359,869 of certificates and treasury notes offset by an equal amount of cash in the treasury to an aggregate of $2,671,078,626, a total increase of $9,653,325 for the month.

Bigamy Charge Against Mrs. Doxey

Woman Held at Columbus Must Face Accusation Filed by Miss Erder.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 1.—A warrant charging bigamy was issued today against Mrs. L. B. Doxey of Columbus, Neb., by R. L. Shackleford. Mrs. Doxey and her husband are to appear in court in the Nebraska town, Friday, to answer statutory charges preferred by Kate Erder of St. Louis, sister of William J. Erder, who, the local authorities believe was married to Mrs. Doxey at Clayton, Mo., last April.

Through Miss Erder, who is seeking to recover $3,200 insurance paid to her brother's reported widow, Attorney Shackleford obtained a certified copy of a marriage certificate issued to Dr. and Mrs. Doxey at Burlington, Ia., in 1906. He has also been furnished with an affidavit by Rev. K. T. Parffer of Clayton that Mrs. Doxey is the woman to whom Erder was married at the clergyman's residence.

The warrant is based on this evidence. An application for Mrs. Doxey's extradition will follow.

Constable Charles G. Bode of Clayton, St. Louis county, left for Jefferson City tonight with the warrant charging bigamy. He carried an application to Governor Hadley for a requisition on the governor of Nebraska for the arrest of Mrs. Dora Elizabeth Fuller Doxey at Columbus, Neb. The warrant was issued by Justice Werremeyer on an affidavit made by Prosecuting Attorney Shackelford, in which he charges Mrs. Doxey with having married the late William J. Erder while she was still the wife of Dr. Loren B. Doxey. Dr. Doxey and his wife are to answer to a statutory charge at Columbus, Friday.

Miss Kate Erder, sister of the dead man, made an affidavit today that Mrs. Doxey is the woman who married her brother and obtained $3,200 insurance by administering on his estate as his widow.

HOW DOTH HIS EXCELLENCY PART HAIR OF HIS HEAD?

Alma Committee Would Know if Rumor Has it True it is in the Middle.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, Dec. 1.—(Special.)—If there was any doubt about the campaign of 1910 being opened that doubt has been removed by the receipt of the following letter by Governor Shallenberger:

"ALMA, Neb., Nov. 30.—Governor A. C. Shallenberger: At a meeting of the most influential citizens held in the back room of Sims' drug store the remark was made that you parted your hair in the middle. Please deny or affirm by return mail. We want to know where we are at."

The letter is signed "Committee, by B. M. Sims, chairman, and R. M. Liberty, secretary."

The governor was out of town when the letter came, but Secretary Furse, after carefully examining a photograph of his excellency, answered that the governor parted his hair a little "off of center." In fact, enough off to be noticeable.

Mitchell Succeeds Laffan.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.—Edward P. Mitchell, for many years on the editorial staff of the New York Sun, it was announced today has been elected president of the Sun Printing and Publishing association succeeding the late William Laffan.

DIPLOMATIC TIES ARE SEVERED

Secretary Knox Hands Passports to Felipe Rodriguez, Nicaraguan Charge d'Affaires.

ULTIMATUM ACCOMPANIES NOTE

Men Responsible for Torture of Americans Personally Responsible.

MUST OBSERVE AGREEMENT

Nation Must Obey Principles Laid Down in Washington Conference.

IRIAS MAY FOLLOW ZELAYA

Minister General May Be New President of Nicaragua—France Looks Into Report of Maltreatment of Its Citizens.

BULLETIN.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—Felipe Rodrigues, charge d'affaires of the Nicaraguan legation, was tonight tendered his passports by Secretary of State Knox, thereby severing the diplomatic relations of the two countries.

In delivering passports to the Nicaraguan charge d'affaires, Secretary of State Knox informed him by note that the United States would hold personally responsible the men responsible for the torture and execution of the two Americans, Groce and Cannon, who recently were killed in Nicaragua. Secretary Knox also informed him that Nicaragua would be held to an observance of the principles of the Washington conference of South American republics in the interest of general peace and harmony.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—Dispatches continue to be received at the State department saying that President Zelaya is contemplating retiring from the presidency of Nicaragua. The latest one stated that Zelaya in all probability would turn over the presidency to Irias, his minister general. Whether this is a play for time is not known here.

PARIS, Dec. 1.—The foreign office cabled today to the French consuls in Nicaragua, instructing them to furnish information regarding the published reports that citizens of France had been ill treated in Nicaragua. Upon the nature of the replies will depend the subsequent action of this government.

A recent dispatch from San Jose, Costa Rica, said that an official complaint had been lodged with the French consul general there by Fuastino Montel, a Frenchman who claimed to have been attacked and brutally treated by troopers who represented themselves to be members of the Nicaraguan army.

France has one minister to Central America. He is Jacquez De Casotte, who is located at Guatemala. The consular agents in Nicaragua are A. Gabinet at Grenada and Levy Fernand at Leon.

Arms for Insurgents.

BLUEFIELDS, NICARAGUA, Dec. 1.—The Norwegian steamer Stavangeren has arrived here from New York with arms and ammunition for the insurgents. The latter have been handicapped up to this time by a lack of ammunition, but are now well equipped and are also supplied with machine guns and small arms.

Accordingly it is announced at the insurgent camp that the plan of action will be changed.

General Estrada immediately assuming the aggressive.

General Chamorro has arrived here and reports that the situation at Greytown is unchanged. The troops of President Zelaya are making no effort to evacute the city or, so far as can be learned, makmarch on Bluefields.

The insurgents here claim to be confident of ultimate success. They state that recruits are arriving from many sources and daily strengthening Estrada's cause. The impression is general that the situation now existing will soon end despite President Zelaya's claims to the contrary.

It is reported that the Nicaraguan president has fewer than 5,000 troops at all points with which to attack the insurgents and regain the eastern coast, which has been lost to him. Many prominent liberals who are fugitives from Managua are joining the forces of General Chamorro.

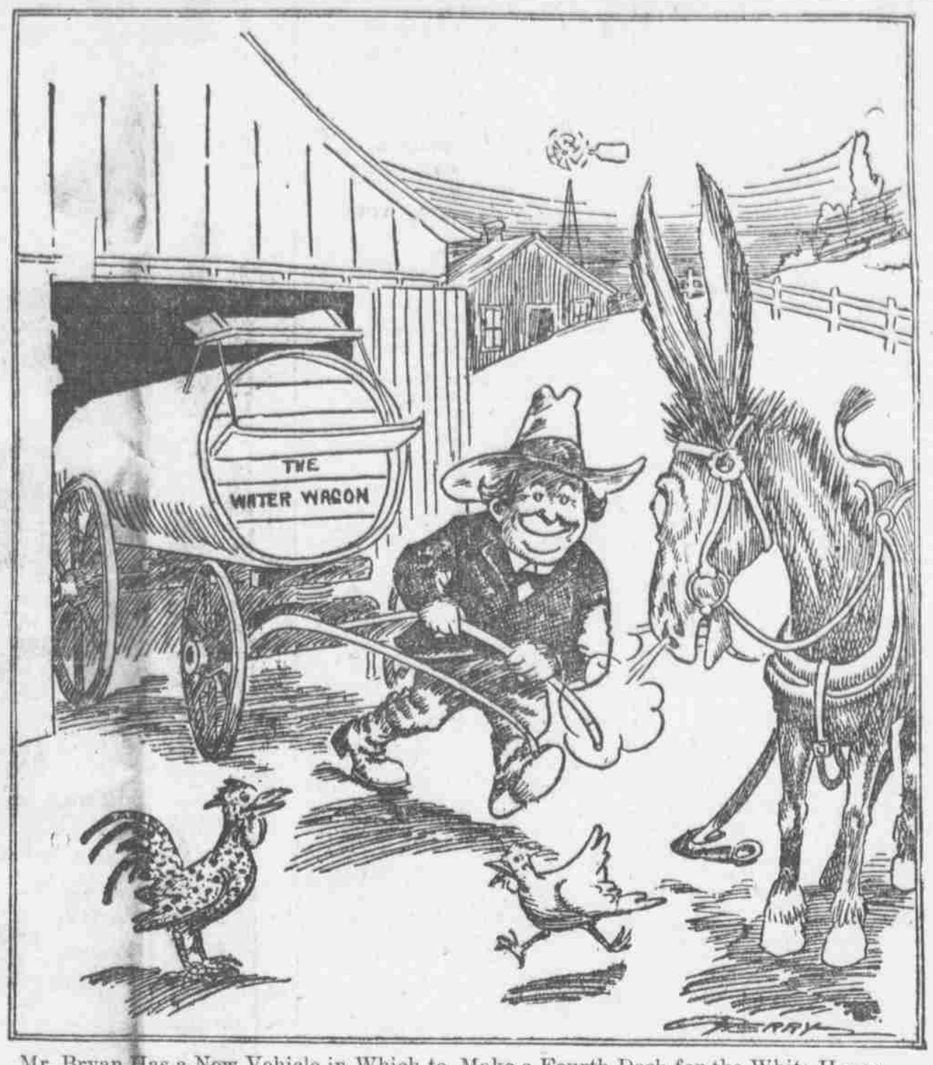
Reinforcements have been sent to General Matuty, who reported a decisive victory over the government troops near Rama on Monday.

HUGHES MAY REMOVE COLER

Charges Made by Commissioner of Accounts Against President of Brooklyn Borough.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.—Removal of Bird S. Coler from the presidency of the Borough of Brooklyn is expected of Governor Hughes by the commissioners of accounts in a communication accompanying the charges against President Coler, which were drawn up today for submission to the governor.

"Incompetency maladministration and misconduct in office and serious waste of the public funds," were the accusations in the report.



Mr. Bryan Has a New Vehicle in Which to Make a Fourth Dash for the White House.
From the Sioux City Journal.

FRISCO ROAD SOLD TO YOAKUM

Complete Separation from Rock Island System Announced.

LEGAL REASONS ARE GIVEN

Deal Made to Prevent Action on Grounds They Are Competing Lines—Mudge to Head the Rock Island.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.—Definite announcement was made this afternoon that B. F. Yoakum, B. L. Winchell and their associates have purchased the St. Louis & San Francisco railroad from the Rock Island company.

Separate operation of the roads has been decided, it is stated, and it is announced that Mr. Winchell is to become president of the St. Louis & San Francisco company.

H. U. Mudge has been elected president of the Rock Island road.

Benjamin F. Yoakum, chairman of the executive committee of the Chicago Rock Island & Pacific Railroad company, and his associates today resigned from the directorate of the Rock Island company and William H. Moore, Daniel G. Reid and Francis L. Hine also resigned as directors of the St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad company.

The following official statement was given out this afternoon:

"The Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad Company of Iowa today sold and delivered to B. F. Yoakum and others common stock of the St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad company representing the controlling interest and being all the shares of stock which the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad company has heretofore owned in that company.

"A meeting of the board of directors of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad company was held this morning, proper authority was given and the transaction was later in the day closed.

"One of the reasons for the sale was the legal advantage of a separation of the Rock Island and 'Frisco properties, a question having been raised both by the federal and certain state governments as to the two roads being parallel and competing.

Operation to Be Separate.

"The Rock Island and 'Frisco railroads will henceforth be operated as separate properties, there having been a complete legal severance of all relations heretofore existing between them. Notwithstanding this, the friendliest feelings exist between those in control of the two roads, and it is intended that they shall be operated to the mutual advantage of both, wherever it may properly be done.

"At a meeting of the board of directors

(Continued on Second Page.)

"Oh, Pshaw," Says Oil King When Told About Plot

John D. Rockefeller Declares There is Nothing in Story of Plan to Kidnap Him.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.—"Oh, pshaw," said John D. Rockefeller smilingly, today as he alighted from a train from Cleveland and was told that he had been marked for kidnaping or perhaps killing in his home city. The president of the Standard Oil company was accompanied by his wife, who is quite ill.

"Why, there's nothing to that story at all," added Mr. Rockefeller. "It all seems to have started because I did not make a speech I had promised at the Euclid Avenue Baptist church in Cleveland. The condition of my wife's health prevented that, that's all.

"My wife is very sick and I came here at this time instead of earlier because of her health. I am not worried about this story."

Mr. and Mrs. Rockefeller were met at the station by their son, John D. Rockefeller, Jr., and their daughter, Mrs. Harold McCormick, and her husband. Mrs. Rockefeller was wheeled to an automobile and then taken to the winter home of the Rockefellers on West Fifty-fourth street.

Harold S. Smith of Minerva, O., told the Cleveland police yesterday that he had overheard a plot in Alliance, O., to kidnap or kill Mr. Rockefeller.

BOOM FOR G. C. JUNKIN AGAINST G. W. NORRIS

Secretary of State is Being Urged as Candidate Against Present Congressman in Fifth.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, Dec. 1.—(Special.)—Word has reached the state house from the Fifth district that a number of republicans out there want George C. Junkin, secretary of state, to make the race for the republican nomination for congress against Congressman George Norris. Mr. Junkin himself has received a number of letters urging him to permit the use of his name in this connection.

Mr. Junkin would not say he would be a candidate, but on the other hand intimated that he would prefer to go back to the farm and attend to his private business when his term of office as secretary of state expires.

Mr. Junkin's term as secretary of state will not expire until a year from January and for that reason and for the further reason that he is anxious to get back to his private business, he may not make the race.

Orlando Tefft to Europe.

BOSTON, Dec. 1.—(Special Telegram.)—Orlando Tefft of Avoca, Neb., ex-chairman of the Nebraska republican state committee, sailed today from here for a European tour.

GOVERNOR HALTS OVER CALL

Initiative and Referendum Ditched Once by Democrats.

BRYAN THERE TO LOBBY FOR IT

In Face of Record, and After Showing Opposition to Peerless One, Executive in No Mood to Yield.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, Dec. 1.—(Special.)—Before Governor Shallenberger calls that extra session which Mr. Bryan wants him to call to pass an initiative and referendum law, a great deal more pressure will have to be made upon him. Without committing himself either way before leaving for Chicago Governor Shallenberger left the impression that he did not think well of the extra session.

The legislature which would be called in extra session last winter defeated an initiative and referendum bill which Mr. Bryan himself lobbied for and the presidential candidate was within earshot. In fact, in the lobby of the house when the vote was taken in there.

Mr. Bryan followed the bill to the senate and kept up the fight, even going so far as to write letters to some of the members, particularly the Douglas county members, in which he denounced them emphatically, saying in substance that the only reason he could see for their attitude toward the bill was their subserviency to the brewers.

Senator Ransom at that time prepared an answer to the Bryan letter, which, it was told, was hot enough to raise blisters, but whether it was ever sent the records of the time do not show.

Parties close to the governor doubt very much that he will bow his will to Mr. Bryan and attempt the passage of the initiative and referendum bill by the same bunch of people who killed the bill last winter over the Bryan protest.

Governor Shallenberger will seriously consider the matter before he takes any action, for the reason that some of his advisers, no doubt, would like to see the governor get so badly mixed up that he could not be a senatorial possibility.

NATIONAL BANK FOR MORRILL

Comptroller of Currency Approves Application Made by Business Men of that City.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—(Special Telegram.)—The application of H. O. Eastman of Mitchell, Neb.; H. S. Clarke, jr.; W. L. Minor, C. W. Scoville and L. M. Eastman to organize the First National bank of Morrill, Neb., with $25,000 capital has been approved by the comptroller of the currency.

Jerome F. Leuthold has been appointed rural carrier and Arthur C. Barton substitute on route No. 4 at Plankinton, S. D.

INDUSTRY FEELS EFFECT OF STRIKE

Twelve Thousand Men Idle in Twin Cities and Duluth Because of Switchmen's Walkout.

LITTLE FREIGHT IS MOVING

Continuance of Blockade Will Throw Thousands More Out of Work.

OFFICE MEN AS SWITCHMEN

Little Impression is Made on Yards Full of Stalled Freight Trains.

MAY TIE UP BIG SMELTERS

Butte Plants, Which Employ Ten Thousand Men, Will Soon Run Out of Coke if Service is Not Resumed.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Dec. 1.—Every line of industry in the Twin Cities, Duluth and Superior and all cities of the northwest dependent on the movement of supplies is seriously affected by the strike of the railroad switchmen, which began at 6 o'clock last evening.

It is estimated about 12,000 men are idle tonight on account of the strike order, thousands of freight handlers and teamsters are losing time by reason of the freight blockade in the terminal towns, while a continuance of the strike for several days will throw additional thousands out of work.

The railroad yards are filled with stalled freight trains, and an attempt to move a few by the aid of the office men drafted as switchmen is making no impression.

The railroad managers announced today that they were bringing to St. Paul new switchmen to take the places of the strikers.

To this President Hawley of the Switchmen's Union of North America said:

"All right; let them come, we will not object."

Business men are beginning to feel the result of the strike.

Information is given out from the switchmen's headquarters that if the railroads attempt to use nonunion switchmen the locomotive firemen may refuse to handle cars and it is understood from one member of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen that the chief of that organization has instructed his men to decline to work with nonunion men. It is said the firemen have had a grievance for some time.

Both Sides Make Claims.

Both sides in the controversy claimed to have the situation well in hand this morning. Passenger traffic was maintained in the Twin Cities last night and this morning, though with considerable delay, but very little freight was handled anywhere between the great lakes and the Pacific coast.

The switchmen are firm in their determination to hold out for an increase of 5 cents an hour in wages, with double time for overtime, Sundays and holidays, together with other concessions, while the railroads claim that things will adjust themselves to their normal condition within a few days despite the walkout.

National Association in Fight.

It is said that the moral and financial support of the National Railway association is being given to the railways of the northwest in this effort to overcome union rule.

An indication of the far-reaching effect of the strike, should it be protracted, is shown in a dispatch from Butte, Mont., where immense copper mines and smelters are located. These are wholly dependent on the railroads directly concerned in the strike. Inability to ship coke to the smelters will cause a suspension of operations and fully 10,000 men there will become idle.

A summary of the switchmen on strike in Montana shows 30 out at Livingston, 12 at Glendive, 7 at Billings, 10 at Helena, 8 at Butte, 35 at Deer Lodge, Avery and Alberton; 80 at Missoula, Garrison, Saltese, St. Regis, Paradise and Wallace, Idaho; 50 at Great Falls and 50 at Havre.

One Train Leaves Minneapolis.

No freight was handled out of St. Paul last night or this morning and only one train left Minneapolis, that soon after the strike was declared. Railroad officials, train dispatchers and members of train crews did the switching in the Twin City yards. The freight handlers at the Minnesota transfer, the freight gateway of the northwest, followig instructions, did not report for work this morning.

All freight trains at Duluth and Superior were at a standstill this morning. It is said should the strike last, fully 10,000 men will be thrown out of work at the head of the lakes.

The strike order was generally followed between here and the Pacific coast, and where traffic was not entirely tied up it was seriously delayed.

In most places freight trains were sidetracked, as at Missoula, Great Falls, Livingston, Grand Forks, Fargo, Mandan, Jamestown and Havre, and agents refused to accept freight for shipment. At some points in Minnesota, as Helena and Billings, all switchmen did not strike, some of them belonging to the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen. Reports from Wallace, Butte, Forsythe and Paradise are that the men refused to strike and the freight is being handled.

It was reported this morning that the members of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen would also strike today, but this could not be confirmed.

Coast Cities Tied Up.

SEATTLE, Dec. 1.—Freight service on the transcontinental lines in the Pacific northwest is practically at a standstill, because of the walkout of the switchmen last night following orders from the head office at St. Paul.

In the northwest the Northern Pacific and the Great Northern railways are the greatest sufferers, as they are the only northern transcontinental lines that employ numbers of switchmen.

In the northwest 700 switchmen obeyed the strike order. In Seattle 200 men are affected. Tacoma has 100 strikers, Spokane 180, Pascoe fifty, Ellensburg forty and Everett thirty. The strike was not felt at Portland, Ore., and Vancouver, where the switching crews are made up of members of the railway trainmen's union.

In Seattle no effort was made to handle freight trains, other than those carrying live stock, last night. Through passenger trains were enabled to leave on time only because the terminal superintendents and yard masters made up the trains.

Ten Thousand Out of Work.

DULUTH, Minn., Dec. 1.—Only two switch engines are working today at the

Twenty Years Rambling, Discovers Brother Here

"Yes, I'm E. T. Miller. What can I do for you?"

It was with this greeting that a traveling man stopping at the Henshaw stepped across his room to meet a stranger who rapped at the door.

"Guess you don't remember Brother Charlie," the stranger answered. "It's been about twenty years or more, Ed."

Then the recognition came. Way back in the later '80s this older brother Charlie left the Miller family home at Tower Hill, Ill. That was the last heard from him. Little brother Edwin, now the traveling man, had all but forgotten, and the family thought the wanderer dead years ago.

Tuesday afternoon this wandering Charles, now employed in the railway yards here as a switchman, saw a tiny mention of his brother's name in a daily paper. It was just a chance, he thought, that this man might be his brother. His reflections led to the investigation and the meeting.

Through the many years intervening Charles Miller has been rambling about along the western coast from Mexico to Canada, always railroading.

"Always meant to write, then something would come up and I'd forget," he explained.

Sunday will be a bright day in the Miller family at Fremont, Neb., when Edwin leads his long lost brother back into the fold. The parents, Mr. and Mrs. V. G. Miller, are both past 70 years old.

"I wrote a letter home telling them about it," said Edwin Miller. "I don't want the surprise of the meeting up there Sunday to be too great. But the folks will certainly be happy.

"Charlie and I talked till after midnight last night. There has been a lot happened in that twenty years that we both wanted to know about."

Charles Miller has been in Omaha for two months. He rooms at 217½ South Thirteenth street.

What shall I buy them for Christmas? You will find the answer on the Want Ad pages, under the head of "Christmas Hints."

This classification is a fine thing for both our readers and our advertisers. It gives scores of things, that you would not think of, that will probably be more pleasing than anything else. It tells you where to buy them and in most cases what they will cost.

Look over the Christmas Hints column beore starting on your shopping trip. Do not wait until the last day.

Have you read the want ads yet today?

New Corporation Tax Will Raise Twenty-Five Millions

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—"It is estimated that there will have been collected from the special corporation excise tax by July 1, 1910, $15,000,000 and that an additional $10,000,000 collectable for the calendar year from January 1, 1910, to December 31, 1910, will be collected subsequent to July 1, 1910, making the estimate for the total amount of the collection for the fiscal year, 1910, $25,000,000."

In this way Commissioner of Internal Revenue Cabell in his annual report, made public today, discusses the corporation tax law.

The internal revenue receipts for the fiscal year were $246,212,719, a decrease of $5,453,336 from last year, but the receipts for the first three months of the current years, $65,176,628, increased $3,955,657 over the same period a year ago.

"It is estimated," says the commissioner, "that receipts from corporations in 1910, will amount to $15,000,000 and from all other sources to $253,000,000 making a total of $268,000,000. It also is estimated that the receipts from corporations in 1911 will amount to $25,000,000, and from all other sources to $255,000,000, making a total of $280,000,000.

"During the last year there was collected on distilled spirits $128,315,181; on fermented liquors, $36,303,496, and on tobacco $51,857,178."

Beer production has decreased and tobacco and snuff manufacture has increased. There were 139,391,631 gallons of distilled spirits produced during the year, $6,000,000 more than the previous year.

The total estimated expenses of service for the fiscal year, ending 1911, is $5,302,640, including $100,000 for the corporation tax.