BRIEF CITY NEWS

1909 NOVEMBER 1909

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30				

Have Root Print It.

Chambers' School of Dancing open.

R. F. Swoboda—Certified Accountant.

Rinehart, Photographer, 18th & Farnam.

Lighting Fixtures, Burgess Grandon Co.

Hayn, photo, removed to 16 h & Howard.

Bond salesman required for Iowa. Address Y 748, care Bee.

White Waiters at Schlitz Cafe—Quick service and courteous treatment.

J. A. Gentleman Co., Undertakers. New location 1614 Chicago St. Both phones.

Equitable Life—Policies sight drafts at maturity. H. D. Neely, manager, Omaha.

Rummage Sale—The women of All Saints' church will hold a rummage sale Tuesday at 2025 Vinton street.

Where can you start monthly deposits of $5 to $10, earning 6 per cent dividends? At the Nebraska Savings and Loan Ass'n, 108 Board of Trade building, Farnam St.

Invitations to Aldrich Dinner—Handsome invitations to the Aldrich dinner have been engraved for the Commercial club and any member desiring to get one may succeed by notifying the club by telephone. The invitations disclose what the Rhode Islander's middle name is, his appellations being in full "Nelson Wilmart Aldrich."

More Sights for Those Japanese—The Japanese commissioners who come here Saturday will be shown among other things a ten-ton electric truck operated by wireless at the Union Pacific shops. It is also planned to have one of the Stroud big excavating machines at work near the Missouri Pacific tracks. Both these will probably be novelties to the visitors.

Roy Burkhart Loses Four Fingers—Roy Burkhart, who lives at Twenty-seventh and Parker streets, suffered the loss of the four fingers on his left hand yesterday. He was employed by G. H. Lee in the manufacture of incubators and poultry supplies when his fingers were caught in a press and smashed to a pulp. He was taken to the office of Dr. Elmer R. Porter in the Brandeis building, where the doctor amputated the fingers at the knuckles next to the hand. The boy was taken to his home.

Implement and Vehicle Club—The November meeting of the Omaha Implement and Vehicle club will be held Monday evening at the Henshaw. The club will complete arrangement for entertaining visiting retail implement dealers from Nebraska and western Iowa, who will meet in Omaha December 14-16. S. A. Searle will be the guest of the club and will make an address.

A card.

This is to certify that all druggists are authorized to refund your money if Foley's Honey and Tar fails to cure your cough or cold. It stops the cough, heals the lungs and prevents serious results from a cold, prevents pneumonia and consumption. Contains no opiates. The genuine is in a yellow package. Refuse substitutes. Sold by all druggists.

SLABAUGH IS BOSS BUCKEYE

Elected President by the Ohio Society at Its Meeting Held Saturday.

The Ohio society met Saturday afternoon in the office of W. W. Slabaugh in the New York Life building, in annual session with M. R. Risdon as temporary chairman and elected as president, W. W. Slabaugh; secretary and treasurer, Franklin A. Shotwell.

Arrangements were completed for a meet and banquet of the society to be held during the National Corn exposition in this city. Mr. Risdon, Dr. Cuscaden and Mr. Shotwell were appointed as a committee on arrangements for the banquet.

The membership fee was fixed at $1 per annum.

President Slabaugh appointed these as the executive committee for the year: M. R. Risdon, Aaron Hoel, Dr. Cuscaden, Mrs. Porter, N. M. Howard, General Charles F. Manderson, General John C. Cowin, Charles A. Goss, General John L. Webster, S. A. Searle, Judge A. C. Troup, Judge William Sears, Judge Lee S. Estelle, C. L. DeLamatre, Judge Charles Dickinson, N. D. Mann, South Omaha; Dr. Sapp, South Omaha; Albert Noe, F. W. Shotwell, South Omaha; Roland Jones, Mel Uhl, S. S. Peters, John F. Stout, A. C. Page, John Burgner, Captain H. E. Palmer and the secretary.

MADE WELL AND STRONG

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Bardstown, Ky.—"I suffered from ulceration and other female troubles for a long time. Doctors had failed to help me. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended, and I decided to try it. It cured my trouble and made me well and strong, so that I can do all my own work." Mrs. Joseph Hall, Bardstown, Ky.

Another Woman Cured.

Christiana, Tenn.—"I suffered from the worst form of female trouble so that at times I thought I could not live, and my nerves were in a dreadful condition. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cured me, and made me feel like a different woman. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is worth its weight in gold to suffering women."—Mrs. Mary Wood, R.F.D. 3.

If you belong to that countless army of women who suffer from some form of female ills, don't hesitate to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs.

For thirty years this famous remedy has been the standard for all forms of female ills, and has cured thousands of women who have been troubled with such ailments as displacements, fibroid tumors, ulceration, inflammation, irregularities, backache, and nervous prostration.

If you want special advice write for it to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass. It is free and always helpful.

Single Package Service Factory Coming to Omaha

It Will Turn Out Sterilized Paper Bottles for the Milk Trade.

A new factory, of importance commercially but even more so from the standpoint of the city's health, has been secured for Omaha. This is the first branch factory of the Single Package Service corporation, which makes a sterilized paper package for use of dairymen and others.

The new factory has been brought here through the Commercial club, which has conducted correspondence to this end since April. The last week A. J. Pugh, a representative of the company, has been here and besides making contracts with a number of dairy firms to take his product has secured options on several sites for the factory. It is announced that manufacture will begin within thirty days.

Health Commissioner Connell has also been active in bringing the company here for he sees in the use of the "paper milk bottles" a great step in behalf of the public health.

The paper package is cylindrical in form, handy and convenient and absolutely sterile with respect to germs. It is made of paper fiber which is coated with paraffin put on at a temperature of 180 degrees. The vessel is made by automatic machinery and the human hand does not touch the materials until the finished product has been turned out and coated.

The Single Package Service corporation is located in New York and has a paid up capital of $2,225,000. It has plants in Chicago and New York and in the former city is now turning out 75,000 packages a day. The Omaha plant will begin with an output of 25,000 daily.

No package can be used twice by a dairyman for the good and sufficient reason that he will not expect it back, nor will he get the pint or quart size package which he has once left filled with milk. Another advantage is that these are all of an exact size and there is no such opportunity as in glass bottles for short measure. Nor can there be any legitimate raising of the price to the consumer for the cost to the dairyman is the same as the glass bottle, storage and washing machinery and other items being considered.

How Payton Brooks Got Swindled

Stranger No. 1 and Stranger No. 2, a Purse and Unlimited Confidence De Work.

While indulging in the game of something for nothing, Payton Brooks, a negro, of 3204 Pinckney street, trusted a stranger with $10 for which he got nothing. Brooks was on his way to the Auditorium to hear Booker T. Washington. Near Fourteenth and Harney streets he met a stranger and soon after a second stranger appeared. The latter pretended to pick a purse from the sidewalk. The former suggested that stranger No. 2 be requested to split the spoils. Brooks agreed and they broached the proposition and the latter consented. Upon looking in the purse the man found 75 cents, then he announced he had found a $50 bill and upon looking again he said there were two $100 bills.

Stranger No. 2, who had promised to split the spoils, pretended to carry out the agreement by going into the Krug theater box office to get the bills changed. He returned and announced that $20 was necessary to make the correct change. Stranger No. 1 had $10 and Brooks said he had the same amount.

The $20 was passed over to stranger No. 2, who discovered he needed $5 more. Brooks started for a pawnshop to borrow money on his watch and overcoat. The two strangers accompanied him to the door, but waited outside. Brooks got the money and came out expecting to turn it over to stranger No. 2 to get his share of the $350, but both were gone. Now he is out the ten and a little interest.

FAST TIME TO ST. LOUIS

New York Central and Pennsylvania Put on New Trains from New York.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—Important changes in the "fast mail" schedules between New York and St. Louis were announced today at the Postoffice department. Not only will those terminal points be benefitted but intermediate and points beyond—west and southwest—will enjoy the improved service.

Beginning tomorrow the New York Central will put on a train leaving New York at 2:45 p. m., which will arrive in St. Louis at 1:45 p. m., the next day. The Pennsylvania railroad also will have a new train leaving New York at 6:30 p. m., which will arrive at St. Louis at 5:25 p. m. the following day. The Pennsylvania is arranging for another fast mail train which will leave New York at 2:45 p. m., and arrive at St. Louis at 1:45 p. m. the following day.

The railway mail officials are now busily engaged in arranging the details of the postal service so as to secure the full benefit of these changes. This service

CLERKS AND POSTAL REFORMS

Memorial Requests Fumigation of Mails and Elimination of Transparent Envelopes.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—Several reforms are sought by the postoffice clerks throughout the country. The Postoffice department received a memorial adopted at the last annual convention of the National Association of Postoffice Clerks, presented by a delegation headed by President Frank Rogers.

What is chiefly sought is a strict enforcement of sanitary regulations and the fumigation of mail bags to prevent the spread of disease. A request also is made for the elimination of transparent envelopes and such envelopes as dim the typewritten address.

A. T. BELDEN ALLEGED FORGER

Arrested on Complaint of Endorsing Postoffice Money Order of $25 a Year Ago.

Arthur T. Belden was arrested Saturday afternoon in the Paxton block by Officer VanDusen on the complaint of forging and endorsing a $25 postoffice money order in this city in November, 1908. The order was sent from Chicago and the alleged forgery had been but recently discovered. Belden was turned over to the United States authorities and was arraigned before United States Commissioner Anderson later in the afternoon. He was placed under $1,000 for his preliminary hearing Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock.

Try Chamberlain's Cough Remedy when you have a cold and you will be pleased with the prompt relief afforded.

SCHOOL AND COLLEGE WORK

Cost of Education in Public Institutions in United States.

ACTIVITIES OF VARIOUS SCHOOLS

News Features of the Grind in Nearby Education Mills—New Departments Announced—Educational Notes.

The authorities of the University of Nebraska are again enforcing their rule that no girl student of the school may room at a home where there are young men roomers, or young men room at the same place where there are girl roomers.

During the last week a brother and sister had to move from a most comfortable home because there chanced to be a nephew of the woman who owned the house rooming there. The brother and this nephew roomed together, as a matter of economy, but the university authorities compelled them to move to another home in which there were no girl or boy students.

There is considerable feeling over the enforcement of this rule and it is the common talk that the regents or the university official have no right to enforce it.

The architect who drew the plans for the $1,000,000 university medical school to be erected in Omaha will be in Lincoln November 10, and will be given a banquet by the members of the faculty. At the supper the plans will be explained and pictures of the Harvard buildings will be shown the faculty.

NOTES FROM PERU NORMAL.

Movement Started for Erection of an Alumni Building.

A movement has been started for the erection of an alumni and Christian association building at Peru by the Normal alumni. Among those who are pushing the movement are: President C. M. Penny of the Alumni association, S. M. Logan of Grand Junction, Colo.; J. Harold Williams of Broken Bow and A. J. Woodard of Havelock.

Principal H. W. Cook of Alexandria has organized a track team and a debating class and is planning to organize a debating league in his part of the state. Three of his last year's graduates are in attendance at the Normal this year.

Henry Broderson, the junior president of the class of 1906, after his graduation from the state university last spring, was tendered the assistant professorship of chemistry in the University of Kansas, which he accepted.

The Normal Glee club, under the efficient management of Prof. House, is becoming a very popular organization and is receiving more invitations to sing than it can possibly accept. Last Monday evening the club was at Dunbar, Tuesday evening at Louisville and Wednesday evening at the Nebraska State Teachers' association. The club is the largest glee club in the state and is one of the strongest musical organizations of its kind in this section of the country.

The junior class gathered in the gymnasium last Monday evening and spent several hours in having a social good time and getting acquainted. Hallowe'en games and fortune telling by the witches were the special features of the evening. Refreshments consisting of ice cream and apples were served as a climax to the program.

The first foot ball game ever played between the two sister State Normal schools, Kearney and Peru, will be played at Peru next Saturday, November 13. Much enthusiasm is already being manifested over this game, it being one of the strongest games of the season.

Warren B. Catlin, 1909, graduate of the state university, 1903, completed his work at Columbia university last spring for his Ph. D. He was immediately tendered a position in the department of economics of Cornell university, which he accepted.

Miss Gertrude Van Driel, 1909, has charge of the mathematics and girls' athletics at Culbertson this year.

PUBLIC EDUCATION.

A Showing of Cost at Western State Institutions.

Vice Chancellor Carruth of the State University of Kansas makes public some interesting figures as to the cost of education per student at the state universities of the central western states. In this showing the cost per student at the Nebraska university is lowest, being $147; Kansas ranking next lowest, with $155 per student. The figures are for the school year of 1906-7. Michigan, Missouri, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa and Colorado show higher cost.

The average yearly expenditure a pupil in the public schools of this country is given as $28.25 in the recently published report of the commissioner of education. In 1870 it was only $15.65.

Nevada has the highest yearly expenditure, $72.15 a pupil, followed by New York with $51.50, Montana with $49.40 and California with $49.29. In the south the expenditures a pupil range from $6.37 for South Carolina to $20.36 for West Virginia. The new state of Oklahoma spends $15.79, New Mexico $19.46, while Arizona with $40.41 spends $5.16 a pupil a year more than Oklahoma and New Mexico combined.

One-third of the states spend from $25 to $40 a pupil. The fact that one-fourth spends less than $15 and one-fourth spend more than $35 is an indication, says the commissioner, "of the great variety in support of public education, and, I believe, in the opportunity afforded for school training in our various commonwealths."

UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS.

Appoints a Professor of Electrical Engineering.

Dr. Ernest J. Berg of Schenectady, N. Y., has been appointed professor of electrical engineering in charge of the department at the University of Illinois, an appointment which secures leadership of the highest quality for one of the more important departments of the college of engineering.

Dr. Berg was born in Sweden in January, 1871. He graduated from the Royal Polytechnical institute, Stockholm, in mechanical engineering in 1892, and he came to the United States in 1893. For the last seventeen years he has been associated with the General Electric company, which company he now leaves for the work of the university. As a representative of the General Electrical company, Dr. Berg designed and personally supervised the installation of the first rotary transformers which were installed in the city of Chicago a dozen or more years ago, and he has since had his part in the development of the various forms of electrical machines which have made up the product of this company. In his capacity as an expert adviser for this company, he has been concerned with the great works at Schenectady and also with those at Lynn, Mass. His business has many times taken him abroad for consultation upon technical matters with various foreign representatives of the company. During the last three years, as a diversion from his more formal duties, he has served as a special lecturer of Union university of Schenectady, and he received from that institution in 1908 the honorary degree of doctor of science. As a linguist Dr. Berg understands English, German, French, Swedish, Norwegian and Danish. His scientific contributions are numerous and of high value.

Dr. Berg, as head of the department of electrical engineering, succeeds Prof. Morgan Brooks, who is now absent on leave for foreign study. It is announced, however, that the coming of Dr. Berg will not deprive the university of the services of Prof. Brooks, who at the expiration of his leave will continue as a professor in the department.

INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION.

Plans for Coming Convention at Milwaukee.

The third annual convention of the National Society for the Promotion of Industrial Education will take place at Milwaukee, December 2, 3 and 4, 1909. The meeting will open with a banquet on the evening of Thursday, December 2.

The topics for discussion at this year's convention will be as follows: The Economic Value of Industrial Education; Evening and Corporation Schools; Intermediate Industrial Schools, and Industrial Education at Home and Abroad.

Speakers who will address the meetings are: Dr. Alexander C. Humphreys, Dr. Charles Van Hise, Dr. George Martin, Messrs. Frederick W. Sivyer, C. N. Perry, L. Gustafson, J. Golden, A. D. Dean, G. F. Carman, L. J. Shearer, L. Rouillion, C. F. Warner, H. W. Alexander, C. R. Dooley, J. J. Eaton, C. S. Howe, C. R. Allen, Superintendents Pearse and Elson, Mrs. A. G. Spencer, Dr. Edgar S. Barney, Dr. J. D. Burks and others.

The Exhibit of Trade school work, which is being arranged under the direction of Mr. L. Rouillion, Mechanics' institute, New York, promises to be one of the most interesting features of the convention. Some of the best technical and industrial schools will participate in the exhibit.

Delegates have been appointed by nearly all the governors of the states, and a large representation from the various state branches and state committees of the National Society for the Promotion of Industrial Education are expected to be present.

APPEALS FROM COLLEGES.

Suggestive Letter Calling for Contributions.

College authorities are prone to remind the public that their institutions spend much more on each student a year than the student pays in. Treasurer McClung of Yale reports these figures: Cost per student, $396; received per student, $121. The poorer colleges are inclined to grumble a little because their alumni do not give alma mater more money in view of the fact that no college student ever paid in full for his education. An editorial appeal in an alumni publication printed by one of the eastern colleges states the case rather sharply, in saying:

"See here, you —— man, what are you doing for the college? Do you realize that the gross cost per student for a year's education in the school of liberal arts during 1908-1909 was $268, of which only $125 was paid in tuition, and that the net cost was $143? Have you stopped to think that it takes $291 per annum to teach an engineer, and that he pays only $150 for his instruction, leaving $141.45 as his net cost? These figures are official; they come from prex himself. It cost the college nearly as much for a single year of your four. Now a one-eyed man could see that —— college needs money more than it needs cheers. Isn't it about time for you to find some, either in your own pocket, or in someone else's? Never mind what the next fellow is up to; what are you doing for —— college?"

UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN.

Retirement of President Angell Closes an Era.

President Angell's official retirement from the presidency of the University of Michigan marks the close of an era, not alone in the history of the university, but in the history of American education as well. His years of service have bridged the gap between the old and the new in the middle west. He came to his life work at Michigan in his prime, when the success or failure of the revolutionary idea of education by the state was still unsettled and Michigan was almost the only effective representative of the "Prussian" idea.

Harry Burns Hutchins, dean of the law department, was made acting president of the University of Michigan at the meeting of the regents held September 28. His appointment at this time was a mere formality, as the committee of the regents charged with choosing a successor to the presidency had made their choice public in August.

Mr. Hutchins was born at Lisbon, N. H., April 8, 1847. He came to Michigan with his parents in 1867 and entered the university, from which he was graduated with the class of 1871. For the year following he was in charge of the public schools at Owosso, returning in 1872 as instructor in history and rhetoric. In 1873 he became an assistant professor, which position he held for three years. In the meantime he had been preparing for the law, and he resigned to become a partner with his father-in-law, under the firm name of Crocker & Hutchins of Mt. Clemens and Detroit.

Eight years later he was recalled from his practice to fill the chair of Jay professor of law, which position he held for four years, and then relinquished to organize a law department at Cornell university. He was recalled to the University of Michigan in 1895 as dean of the law department. This is not his first term as acting president, for he served in a similar capacity with great success in the absence of President Angell as United States minister to Turkey in 1897-99.

Educational Notes.

Prof. James A. Blaisdell of Beloit, Wis., will probably go to Pomona college in Claremont, Cal., as president at the beginning of the next semester, in February.

By the terms of the will of the late Dr. Levi I. Shoemaker, of Wilkes-Barre, which was filed for probate, Yale university is given a bequest of over $500,000, to be used in the medical department of the institution.

Blind, but able to take the difficult course of medicine without study, through telepathy, is the astonishing physical and psychological condition of J. W. Bolotin, a student in the Chicago College of Medicine and Surgery.

A trade school for young women, endowed with $1,000,000, will soon be available to residents in Boston, as provided in the will of Frank B. Cotton of Brookline. An inventory of Mr. Cotton's estate shows an aggregate of $742,732. This is so invested that it will soon increase to $1,000,000.

Afflicted with total blindness a Boston boy has been able to surmount every educational difficulty placed in his path, and in the short space of four years after the Roxbury Latin school as a second year student, after being the first blind boy to be graduated from the public grammar schools of the city of Boston. This feat has been performed by William Clement Plunkett, son of Lieutenant Commander Plunkett, of the United States navy, now stationed at Boston. Although only 13 years old, his learning and ability far exceed that of boys of 16 or 17, according to all the teachers under whom he has studied, and they confidently predict that his powers of concentration and assimilation will some day place his name at the head of one of the great professions.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

LINCOLN BUSINESS COLLEGE

Established 25 years. 900 students last year. Wide awake, practical, thorough. Equips for modern business. Hold the highest salaried positions. Advantages unsurpassed elsewhere. No solicitors in Lincoln. Write for free prospectus to LINCOLN BUSINESS COLLEGE, 20 North 12th St., Lincoln, Neb.

GRAND ISLAND COLLEGE

Regular college preparatory courses. Music, Art, and Commercial courses offered. Healthful location. Expenses moderate. Catalogue sent on request. Ask us about the school. Address, Dr. George Sutherland, President.

GRAND ISLAND, NEBRASKA

FINLAY ENGINEERING COLLEGE

Teaches all branches engineering; students enroll any time; machinery in operation; day and night sessions; no vacation. Finlay bldg., 10th and Indiana ave., Kansas City, Mo.

Alsop Claim to Be Arbitrated

Bill of Million and Half of American Corporation Against Chile Goes to The Hague.

SANTIAGO, Chile, Nov. 7.—An agreement was reached today between the United States and Chile to submit the Alsop claim to The Hague tribunal for arbitration.

The Alsop claim, which amounts to upwards of $1,500,000 arose over the advance of money by the Alsop company to the Bolivian government in 1874 in exchange for rights to valuable guano deposits. The republic also contracted to settle the debt by the payment of customs receipts at the porth of Arica, and by granting leases on silver mines.

War between Bolivia, Peru and Chile was declared before these arrangements could be carried out and when hostilities were ended Chile was in possession of the section of Bolivia around Arica and the contract between the company and Bolivia therefore could not be fulfilled. In 1885, on representations being made by the American government, Chile agreed to settle the claim, but no payment has yet been made, various pretexts having been furnished for the delay.

SHOOTS HIS THREE CHILDREN

Prominent Pennsylvanian Then Commits Suicide During Fit of Insanity.

GREENSBURG, Pa., Nov. 7.—Seized with an insane impulse to kill, Edward J. Perry, a former mayor of this city, today shot three of his children, killing one, and then committed suicide by firing a bullet into his heart.

The shooting occurred in Perry's bedroom while the three children were gathered around a crib in which lay their infant sister, 15 months old. The baby was not injured.

Elizabeth, 4 years old, was shot in the left breast and died a few hours later. Kenneth, 6 years, and Richard, 8 years, were both shot in the side, but it is believed they will recover. Mrs. Perry died a year ago.

A short time before the shooting Perry talked with two other sons and seemed to be entirely rational.

Perry was well known throughout western Pennsylvania. He served as mayor of this city from 1903 to 1906.

If you desire a clear complexion take Foley's Orino Laxative for constipation and liver trouble, as it will stimulate these organs and thoroughly cleanse your system, which is what everyone needs in order to feel well. Sold by all druggists.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Health Talks

No man is stronger than his stomach. Make your stomach strong and you thereby fortify your system against the attacks of a long list of diseases which originate in the stomach and must be reached, if at all through the stomach. Thus torpid, or lazy liver, biliousness, dyspepsia, impure blood and various skin affections originate in weak stomach and consequent poor nutrition. The same is true of certain bronchial, throat and lung affections.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

Strengthens the stomach, invigorates the liver, purifies the blood making it rich, red and vitalizing and thereby curing the above and kindred affections.

It's foolish and often dangerous to experiment with new or but slightly tested medicines—sometimes urged upon the afflicted as "just as good" or better than "Golden Medical Discovery." The dishonest dealer sometimes *insist* that *he* knows what the proffered substitute is made of, but *you* don't and it is decidedly for *your* interest that *you* should know what *you* are taking into *your* stomach and system expecting it to act as a curative. To *him* its only a difference of profit. Therefore, *insist* on having Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. If not promptly supplied trade elsewhere.

Behind Dr. Pierce's Medicines stands the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, thoroughly equipped and with a Staff of Skilled Specialists to treat the more difficult cases of Chronic diseases whether requiring Medical or Surgical skill for their cure. Write for free INVALIDS' GUIDE BOOK.

Send 31 one-cent stamps to pay cost of mailing *only* on a free copy of Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, 1008 pages, cloth-bound. Address: World's Dispensary Medical Association, R. V. Pierce, M. D., Pres., Buffalo, N.Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and strengthen Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

Our Letter Box

Contributions on Timely Subjects, Not Exceeding Two Hundred Words, Are Invited from Our Readers.

Appreciation.

SOUTH OMAHA, Nov. 6.—To the Editor of The Bee: At the solicitation of a number of the sons and daughters of the Emerald isle who read that patriotic editorial of yours that appeared in your great paper November 4, headed, "An Ever Green Hope," I am requested to express their appreciation of the valuable services you have rendered in explanation of the mission of the Irish envoy, Hon. T. P. O'Connor, M. P., in America.

It is unnecessary for me to add anything to what you have already said in your editorial, any more than to say that the righteousness of the Irish cause deserves the sympathy and assistance of every citizen who loves liberty.

The Irish in Ireland, as well as those of us in America, are fortunate in having such practical and sincere leaders as we have today at the head of affairs, John E. Redmond and the parliamentary party in Ireland, Michael J. Ryan in Philadelphia, John O'Callaghan in Boston and the United Irish league in America. From the waves of the Missouri to the spires of Newery no greater Irishmen can be found. They are worthy successors to the martyrs and patriots of 1798, 1847 and 1861, and they have the loyal support of all those who were ever and always faithful and true to the old cause.

The news transmitted from the old land is encouraging to every friend of freedom. Words may avail of it, swords if they fail in it;
What matter is the weapon, if ony we are free.

DIARMUID HOWARD.

Acquire the habit of keeping on hand a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and save anxiety. There is nothing better for croup.

Next War Will Be Decided in the Air

Aviator Says Dirigible Balloon Equipped with Machine Guns Will Be Used.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 7.—"The next war will be decided in the air," said M. B. Herring, who took a prominent part in the aviation contests last summer in France, tonight in an address before the Engineers' club of this city.

No body of men, he declared, within range of a dirigible war balloon could possibly help being wiped out. Some of the German war dirigibles have carried three rapid fire machine guns, said Mr. Herring, and have been able to keep up a continuous fire for two hours.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—Orville Wright left New York tonight for Dayton, O., where he expects on Monday to buckle down to hard work in the Wright factory.

"People seem to have the conviction that the aeroplane is merely a fair weather machine," he said. "They are wrong. It is a fair weather machine only in its experimental stages. Once we have learned its capabilities we shall find that it can be controlled during a storm as easily as a ship."

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
NEW YORK		Themistocles.
NEW YORK		St. Paul.
NEW YORK		Cretic.
NEW YORK		Carmania.
NEW YORK		Verona.
NEW YORK		Amerika.
NEW YORK		Minnehaha.
NEW YORK		Baltic.
NEW YORK		Montevideo.
NEW YORK		Gallia.
LIVERPOOL	Virginian	Celtic.
LIVERPOOL	Winnifredian	
GLASGOW		Ionian.
CHRISTIANSFD		United States.
SOUTHAMPTON	Philadelphia	St. Louis.
QUEENSTOWN	Cedric	
MOVILLE	Columbia	

Milk-white floors—spotless and wholesome enough to "eat off"—is the quick result when GOLD DUST is added to your scrubbing water

Floors and doors and woodwork are hard to clean thoroughly because the dirt gets ground into every crack and crevice.

Soap and mop all you will, the job at best will be only partly done.

A heaping tablespoonful of GOLD DUST added to your scrubbing water will make it search out dirt, grease, germs and impurities from every cranny, and cleanse and purify wherever it touches.

GOLD DUST also relieves you of that weary, torturing grind of bending and scrubbing, because it does all the hard part of the work without your help. Soap makes housework hard work. Let GOLD DUST ease the burden.

"Let the GOLD DUST Twins do your work"

Made by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY
Makers of FAIRY SOAP, the oval cake

Auction Sale
Japanese Art Goods

Starting Today—Daily at 10:30 a. m., 2:30 p. m., and 7.30 p. m.

Owing to the over importation of goods, our Chicago house orders us to conduct a public auction in order to secure ready cash to meet approaching obligations. We must, therefore, sacrifice our entire stock display in the store, also the goods stored at the custom house.

The Toyo Co. is a reputable house in Chicago, carrying high class Japanese art goods of direct importation. This is the assurance that patrons will receive the best in the line, and will have an opportunity of securing Christmas remembrances at small cost.

Reserved Seats for Ladies.

THE TOYO CO.

Cor. 16th and Jackson Streets