GRAIN AND PRODUCE MARKET

Receipts of Wheat Continue Much Heavier Than Last Year.

CASH PRICES GRADUALLY SINK

If Movement of Grain Continues and Winter Wheat Prospects Are Favorable Much Lower Values Will Result.

OMAHA, Nov. 2, 1909.

Receipts of wheat at primary points continue greatly in excess of last year. The cash prices are gradually declining to a lower level at all markets.

Should the heavy movement continue, which is likely, and the prospects for the present winter wheat crop continue favorable, very much lower values are predicted for the more distant futures.

Bearish reports are numerous concerning the returns on this year's corn crop and the market tone is decidedly weak at this time.

Wheat was easy and lower on weak cables and a slump in cash prices. Receipts are heavy and stocks are accumulating rapidly with the present movement. There is a poor demand for all grades and offerings tend to favor further declines.

Corn was soft and dullness characterized all the trades. Receipts are very moderate, but the demand is very slack; buyers are taking only small lots for local consumption, and decided weakness followed all offerings.

Primary wheat receipts were 1,681,000 bu. and shipments were 571,000 bu. against holiday last year.

Primary corn receipts were 464,000 bu. and shipments were 247,000 bu., against holiday last year.

Liverpool closed ⅝@¾d lower on wheat and ⅝d lower on corn.

Local range of options:

Articles.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Yes'y.
Wheat—					
Dec....	98¾	98¾	98	98	98¾
May....	98⅝	98⅝	97⅝	97⅝	98⅝
Corn—					
Dec....	55⅛	55⅞	55⅝	55⅝	55⅞
May....	57⅝	57⅝	57⅜	57⅜	57⅝
Oats—					
Dec....	37⅝	37⅝	37⅛	37⅛	37⅝
May....	40	40	39⅝	39⅝	40

Omaha Cash Prices.

WHEAT—No. 2 hard, $1.00@1.01½; No. 3 hard, 96@97½c; No. 4 hard, 92@94c; No. 2 spring, $1.00@1.01; No. 3 spring, 93@97c; No. 4 spring, 90@92c.

CORN—No. 2, 55¾c; No. 3, 55½@55¾c; No. 4, 55c; No. 2 yellow, 55¾@56c; No. 3 yellow, 55¾c; No. 2 white, 59½c; No. 3 white, 59½c.

OATS—No. 3 mixed, 37c; No. 3 yellow, 37¼@37½c; No. 3 white, 37¾@38c; No. 4 white, 37@37¼c; standard, 38@38¼c.

RYE—No. 2, 68@69c; No. 3, 67½@68c.

Car Lot Receipts.

	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.
Chicago	86	214	224
Minneapolis	350	...	...
Omaha	50	17	41
Duluth	487	...	...

CHICAGO GRAIN AND PROVISIONS

Features of the Trading and Closing Prices on Board of Trade.

CHICAGO, Nov. 2.—Lower cables, liberal primary receipts and a favorable outlook for the new crop caused heaviness in wheat today. At the close prices were ⅜c to ⅝@¾c below yesterday. Corn, oats and provisions also closed at moderate declines.

Little activity was manifested in wheat. December sold between $1.03⅞@1.04 and $1.04⅝@1.04¾. The market closed weak at almost the bottom, with December at $1.04@1.04⅛. Selling at the start was inspired by a ½d decline at Liverpool. As the session advanced the selling pressure was augmented by the domestic situation, including heavy receipts at all primary points, declines in cash prices and optimistic reports on the new crop in the United States.

Clear weather over the greater portion of the corn belt prompted persistent hammering of the corn market by leading bears, which resulted in a weak market nearly all day. Prices at the close were ⅛@¼c lower.

Weakness of wheat and corn had a depressing effect on oats, which ruled easy much of the time. The close was easy with prices a shade to ⅛@⅜c lower.

Provisions were subjected to considerable selling pressure by packers who were prompted by a liberal run of live hogs in the west. Prices at the close were a shade to 10c lower.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Yes'y.
*Wheat					
Dec.	1 04⅝½	1 04⅝¾	1 03⅞-4	1 04@⅛	1 05¼
May	1 04⅛¼	1 04⅜	1 03⅝	1 03⅝	1 04⅜
July	97@97⅛	97⅛	96⅛	96⅜	97¼
*Corn—					
Dec.	58⅜@7⅝	59⅛	58⅝	58⅝	58⅞
May	60⅝@⅞	61	60⅝	60⅝	60⅞
July	60⅝	60⅝	60⅛@⅜	60⅜	60⅝
*Oats—					
Dec.	39⅜	39⅜	39⅛	39⅜@½	39⅝
May	42⅛@¼	42¼	41⅞@42	41⅞@42	42
July	39⅝	39⅝	39⅜@⅝	39⅜@⅝	...
Pork—					
Jan.	19 60	19 65	19 50	19 62½	19 67½
May	19 25	19 32½	19 20	19 22½	19 32½
Lard—					
Nov.	12 00	12 02½	11 95	12 02½	12 02½
Jan.	11 42½	11 45	11 37½	11 42½	11 47½
May	11 12½	11 15	11 07½	11 12½	11 15
Ribs—					
Jan.	10 17½	10 17½	10 10	10 12½	10 20
May	10 10	10 10	10 05	10 07½	10 15

*No. 2.

Cash quotations were as follows:

FLOUR—Steady; winter patents, $5.35@5.90; winter straights, $4.70@5.60; spring straights, $4.75@4.90; bakers, $3.40@5.30.

RYE—No. 2, 73@74c.

BARLEY—Feed or mixing, 52@54c; fair to choice malting, 56@63c.

SEEDS—Flax, No. 1 southwestern, $1.58; No. 1 northwestern, $1.68. Timothy, $2.50@3.50.

PROVISIONS—Pork, mess, per bbl., $23.75@24.00. Lard, per 100 lbs., $12.15@12.17½. Short ribs, sides (loose), $10.50@10.75. Short clear sides (boxed), $11.00@11.25.

Primary receipts were 1,681,000 bu., compared with a holiday the corresponding day a year ago.

Estimated receipts for tomorrow: Wheat, 55 cars; corn, 136 cars; oats, 193 cars; hogs, 23,000 head.

St. Louis General Market.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 2.—WHEAT—Lower; track, No. 2 red cash, $1.18@1.24; No. 2 hard, $1.05@1.09; December, $1.05⅛; May, $1.05⅜@1.05½.

CORN—Lower; track, No. 2 cash, 61c; No. 2 white, 62@62½c; December, 57¼c; May, 60¼@60⅜c.

OATS—Weak; track, No. 2 cash, 39½@40c; No. 2 white, 42½c; December, 39⅜@39½c; May, 41⅝c.

RYE—75c.

FLOUR—Lower; red winter patents, $5.50@5.80; extra fancy and straights, $4.95@5.40; hard winter clears, $4.95@5.10.

SEED—Timothy, $2.75@3.50.

CORNMEAL—$3.10.

BRAN—Dull; sacked, east tracks, $1.02@1.04.

HAY—Steady; timothy, $12.00@16.00; prairie, $10.00@12.00.

IRON COTTON TIES—8c.

BAGGING—6¾c.

HEMP TWINE—7c.

PROVISIONS—Pork, unchanged; jobbing, $25.00. Lard, unchanged; prime steam, $11.90@12.02½. Dry salt meats, unchanged; boxed extra shorts, $11.87½; clear ribs, $11.87½; short clears, $12.12½. Bacon, unchanged; boxed extra shorts, $12.87½; clear ribs, $12.87½; short clears, $12.12½.

POULTRY—Steady; chickens, 9c; springs, 11c; turkeys, 15c; ducks, 11c; geese, 7½c.

BUTTER—Firm; creamery, 25@31c.

EGGS—Higher at 24c.

Receipts and shipments of flour and grain were as follows:

	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, bbls	13,100	13,300
Wheat, bu	57,600	95,400
Corn, bu	36,300	24,400
Oats, bu	54,400	74,500

Liverpool Grain Market.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 2.—WHEAT—Closing spot quiet; No. 2 red western winter nominally, 7s 10½d; futures quiet, December, 7s 10d; March, 7s 7⅝d; May, 7s 6⅜d.

CORN—Spot quiet; new American mixed, (via Galveston), 6s, futures dull; December, 5s 4¼d.

Peoria Market.

PEORIA, Nov. 2.—CORN—Steady; No. 2 white, 61½c; No. 2 yellow, 61c; No. 3 yellow, 61c; No. 2, 61c; No. 3, 61c; No. 4, new, ...c; no grade, new, 49@51c.

OATS—Steady; No. 3 white, 40c; No. 4 white, 39½c.

Philadelphia Produce Market.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 2.—BUTTER—Firm; extra western creamery, 33½c; nearby prints, 36c.

EGGS—Firm, good demand; Pennsylvania and other nearby firsts, free cases, 31c at mark; current receipts, in returnable cases, 29c at mark; western firsts, free cases, 31c at mark; current receipts, free cases, 26@27c at mark.

CHEESE—Firm, good demand; New York full creams, choice, 16¾c; fair to good, 15½@16¼c.

WEATHER IN THE GRAIN BELT

Fair Wednesday and Warmer, Says the Man Who Knows.

OMAHA, Nov. 2, 1909.

The disturbance that caused the rainy and unsettled weather over the central valleys Sunday night and Monday has moved over the upper valleys and lake region within the last twenty-four hours and is now central over the St. Lawrence valley. Rains were general since the last report from the Missouri river east over the upper Mississippi and Ohio valleys, the lake region, and east to the Atlantic coast, and rain is falling in the Ohio valley this morning, with generally cloudy weather prevailing over the eastern states. The wave of cooler weather has continued eastward and has spread over the upper Mississippi valley and upper lake region. Another area of low pressure has appeared in the extreme northwest and generally unsettled weather prevails in that section. An area of high pressure overlies the mountain districts and southwest. The temperature is much higher in the northwest, and generally higher everywhere west of the Mississippi river. The weather will be warmer in this vicinity Wednesday, with continued fair tonight and Wednesday.

Record of temperature and precipitation compared with the corresponding day of the last three years:

	1909.	1908.	1907.	1906.
Minimum temperature	45	33	37	40
Precipitation	.00	.00	.00	T

Normal temperature for today, 44 degrees.

Deficiency in precipitation since March 1, 1.25 inches.

Deficiency corresponding period in 1908, 3.43 inches.

Deficiency corresponding period in 1907, 6.22 inches.

L. A. WELSH, Local Forecaster.

Kansas City Grain and Provisions.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 2.—WHEAT—Cash, unchanged; No. 2 hard, $1.02½@1.08; No. 3, 99c; No. 2 red, $1.14@1.17; No. 3, $1.10@1.14.

CORN—¼@½c lower; No. 2 mixed, 57@57½c; No. 3, 56⅞@57c; No. 2 white, 60¾@61c; No. 3, 60½c.

OATS—No. 2 white, 40@41c; No. 2 mixed, 39@40c.

HAY—Unchanged; choice timothy, $12.00@12.50; choice prairie, $9.50@9.75; choice alfalfa, $15.75@16.75.

BUTTER—Creamery extras, 30c; firsts, 28c; seconds, 26c; packing stock, 22c.

EGGS—Extras, 27c; firsts, 25½c; seconds and dirties, 20c; current receipts, 24½c; southerns, loss off, 14c.

	Receipts.	Shipments.
Wheat, bu.	168,000	82,000
Corn, bu.	70,000	43,000
Oats, bu	21,000	23,000

Options at Kansas City.

Articles.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
December	1 00⅝	1 00⅝	1 00¼	1 00¼A
May	1 01¼	1 01⅜	1 00⅝	1 00⅝B
Corn—				
December	57¼	57¼	56⅝	56⅝
May	60¼	60¼	59⅞	59⅞A

Minneapolis Grain Market.

MINNEAPOLIS, Nov. 2.—WHEAT—December, $1.01½@1.01⅝; May, $1.03⅛. Cash: No. 1 hard, $1.04@1.04½; No. 1 northern, $1.03½@1.04; No. 2 northern, $1.01½@1.02; No. 3 northern, $1.00⅛@1.01.

FLAXSEED—Closed at $1.64¾.

CORN—No. 3 yellow, 58½c.

OATS—No. 3 white, 37⅝@37⅞c.

RYE—No. 2, 68⅞@69⅜c.

BRAN—In 100-lb. sacks, $19.50.

FLOUR—First patents, $5.30@5.40; second patents, $5.10@5.20; first clears, $4.45@4.65; second clears, $3.30@3.40.

Milwaukee Grain Market.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 2.—WHEAT—No. 1 northern, $1.08½; No. 2 northern, $1.06@1.06½; December, $1.04 bid.

OATS—42½c.

BARLEY—Samples, 53½@67c.

Toledo Seed Market.

TOLEDO, O., Nov. 2.—SEEDS—Clover, cash, $8.95; November, $8.95; December, $9.05; March, $9.25; timothy, prime, $18.55; alsike, prime, $8.10; December, $8.10; March, $8.15.

Duluth Grain Market.

DULUTH, Nov. 2.—WHEAT—December, $1.00¾; May, $1.03½; No. 1 northern, $1.03¼; No. 2 northern, $1.01¼.

OATS—37@38c.

Wool Market.

BOSTON, Nov. 2.—WOOL—With the stock of domestic wool becoming still smaller in the local market, interest increases in the new clips in the southern hemisphere. A fair business in domestic, however, is maintained, with values very firm. Leading domestic quotations range as follows: Ohio and Pennsylvania fleeces: XX, 37c; No. 1 washed, 40@41c; No. 2 washed, 40c; fine unwashed, 27@28c; half blood combing, 37c; three-eighths blood combing, 36@37c; quarter blood combing, 34@35c; delaine washed, 40@41c; delaine unwashed, 33@34c. Michigan, Wisconsin and New York fleeces: Fine unwashed, 25@26c; delaine unwashed, 31@32c; half blood unwashed, 34@35c; three-eighths blood unwashed, 34@35c; quarter blood unwashed, 33@34c. Kentucky, Indiana and Missouri three-eighths blood, 34c; quarter blood, 32@33c. Scoured values: Texas fine 12 months, 75@78c; fine 6 to 8 months, 68@70c; fine fall, 58@60c. Territory: Fine staple, 75@80c; fine medium staple, 70@72c; fine clothing, 70@72c; fine medium clothing, 66@68c; half blood, 75@78c; three-eighths blood, 68@70c; quarter blood, 67@68c. Pulled, extra, 72@75c; fine A, 68@70c; A supers, 60@64c.

BOSTON, Nov. 2.—Although the stock of domestic wool held by local dealers is becoming very small, a fair business is being done, especially in territory and fleece wools. The buyers are said to be mostly smaller mills, as the large consumers are fairly well stocked up. Values remain very firm and local merchants are looking forward to a continuation of the high prices. Bids of anything below 35c for Ohio quarter-blood are refused, while Wyoming in original bags are moving on a basis of 25c to 27c. Montana shows 27c to 28c, with 73c to 76c for territory quarter-blood, cleaned. Pulled wool is quiet, but the foreign product is steadily coming to the front.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 2.—WOOL—Unchanged; territory and western mediums, 24@29c; fine mediums, 23@26c; fine, 14@20c.

London Stock Market.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—Closing stocks:

Consols, money	82 9-16	Louisville & N.	157½
do account	82⅝	M., K. & T.	49⅜
Amal. Copper	88⅝	N. Y. Central	139¾
Anaconda	9⅝	Norfolk & W.	98
Atchison	127⅛	do pfd	92
do pfd	107⅛	Ontario & W.	48
Baltimore & Ohio	117⅝	Pennsylvania	76
Canadian Pacific	189⅜	Rand Mines	9
Chesapeake & O.	91⅝	Reading	83¼
Chicago G. W.	20⅛	Southern Ry.	33⅛
Chi., Mil. & St. P.	161⅜	do pfd	71¼
De Beers	19	Southern Pacific	133
Denver & Rio G.	49⅝	Union Pacific	207⅛
do pfd	87	do pfd	106¾
Erie	35	U. S. Steel	93⅛
do 1st pfd	49½	do pfd	131½
do 2d pfd	41	Wabash	21
Grand Trunk	20⅞	do pfd	53¾
Illinois Central	151⅝	Spanish 4s	96

SILVER—Bar, steady at 23¼d per ounce.

MONEY—4½@5 per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 4⅞@5 per cent; for three months' bills, 4⅝ per cent.

Local Securities.

Quotations furnished by Samuel Burns, Jr., 614 New York Life building:

	Bid.	Asked.
City of Omaha 4½s, 1927	106⅝	106⅞
Cudahy Packing Co.	99⅝	100⅛
Columbus, Neb., E. L. 5s, 1925	94½	95
Citizens' G. & E., Waterloo, Ia.	92½	95
Independent Tel. 5s, Omaha	20	25
International Con. Co.	62	65
Laclede G. L. Co. 5s, 1934	101	102
Nebraska Tel. Stock, 6 per cent	99½	100¼
Omaha Gas, 1914, 6 per cent	104	104½
Omaha Gas 5s, 1917	98	99
Omaha E. L. & P. 5s 1933	99½	100⅛
Omaha E. L. & P. pfd	82	84
Omaha & C. B. St. Ry. 5s, 1928	99½	100
Omaha & C. B. St. Ry. 5, 1914	100	101
Omaha & C. B. St. Ry. pfd 5 per cent	83	83½
Omaha & C. B. St. Ry. com. 4 per c.	72	74
Omaha Water Co. 5s, 1946	94	96
Omaha Water Co. 5s, 1916	99½	100½
Omaha Water Co. 1st pfd	30	32½
South Omaha Sewer 4½s, 1924	100½	101
Sioux City Stock Yards pfd 6 per c.	85	90
Swift & Co.	108	108⅛
Union Stock Yards, Omaha, 6 per c.	97½	98½
Western Pacific 5s, 1933	98	98½

Treasury Statement.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—The condition of the treasury at the beginning of business today was as follows:

Trust Funds—Gold coin, $8,756,468.69; silver dollars, $4,877,330; silver dollars of 1890, $4,034,000; silver certificates outstanding, $4,877,330.

General Fund—Standard silver dollars in general fund, $2,135,467; current liabilities, $112,071,181; working balance in treasury office, $29,043,969; in banks to credit of treasurer of the United States, $36,675,030; subsidiary silver coin, $17,368,449; minor coin, $1,514,609. Total balance in general fund, $87,816,964.

Bank Clearings.

OMAHA, Nov. 2.—Bank clearings for today were $2,641,025.62 and for the corresponding date last year $2,659,301.73.

OMAHA LIVE STOCK MARKET

Receipts of Cattle Very Small for a Tuesday.

HOGS SLOW, FIVE TO TEN LOWER

Fat Sheep Strong to Ten Cents Higher and Fairly Active, with Feeders Free Sellers at Steady Prices.

SOUTH OMAHA, Nov. 2, 1909.

Receipts were:	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Official Monday	10,877	2,754	23,889
Estimate Tuesday	5,900	3,000	15,800
Two days this week	16,777	5,754	39,689
Same days last week	16,173	6,354	32,079
Same days 2 weeks ago	19,731	6,676	60,385
Same days 3 weeks ago	17,895	4,568	56,081
Same days 4 weeks ago	22,073	7,137	77,418
Same days last year	5,054	6,646	24,880

The following table shows the receipts of cattle, hogs and sheep at South Omaha for the year to date, compared with last year:

	1909.	1908.	Inc.	Dec.
Cattle	925,647	857,087	68,560	......
Hogs	1,900,430	2,054,944	......	154,514
Sheep	1,879,292	1,792,205	87,087	......

The following table shows the average price of hogs at South Omaha for the last several days, with comparisons:

Date.	1909.	1908.	1907.	1906.	1905.	1904.	1903.
Oct. 22...	7 52½	5 43	5 37	6 16	*	5 18	5 16
Oct. 23...	7 52½	5 42	5 70	6 12	5 14	*	5 41
Oct. 24...	*	5 41	5 47	6 12	5 10	5 22	5 14
Oct. 25...	7 56¾	*	5 39	6 13	5 01	5 20	*
Oct. 26...	7 59	5 54	5 45	6 16	4 94	5 08	5 25
Oct. 27...	7 54½	5 60	*	6 13	4 88	5 01	5 13
Oct. 28...	7 62½	5 57	5 55	*	4 92	4 92	5 05
Oct. 29...	7 65½	5 60	5 48	6 15	*	4 98	4 97
Oct. 30...	7 69¾	5 60	5 50	6 05	4 91	*	4 93
Oct. 31...	*	5 63	5 59	6 02	4 92	4 92	4 98
Nov. 1...	7 72	*	5 61	6 06	4 84	4 84	*
Nov. 2...	......	5 72	5 68	6 10	4 90	4 84	5 00

*Sunday.

Receipts and disposition of live stock at the Union Stock yards, South Omaha, Neb., for twenty-four hours ending at 3 o'clock p. m., November 2:

RECEIPTS.

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep	H'r's.
C., M. & St. P. Ry.	23	2	..	..
Wabash R. R.	1	2	..	..
Missouri Pacific	1	..	..	..
Union Pacific	23	11	36	..
C. & N. W., East	5	..	1	..
C. & N. W., West	74	13	8	1
C., St. P., M. & O.	4	2	..	..
C., B. & Q., East	6	2	..	..
C., B. & Q., West	87	10	17	1
C., R. I. & P., East	3	1	..	2
C., R. I. & P., West	1	..	..	..
Illinois Central	1	1	..	..
Total receipts	232	44	62	4

DISPOSITION.

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Omaha Packing Co	595	571	2,195
Swift & Co.	1,461	811	1,984
Cudahy Packing Co.	2,114	906	3,251
Armour & Co.	1,687	594	1,610
W. B. Vansant Co.	62	.....	.....
Benton Vans't & Lush	168	.....	.....
Stephens Bros.	198	.....	.....
Hill & Son	397	.....	.....
F. B. Lewis	246	.....	.....
Huston & Co.	23	.....	.....
J. B. Root & Co.	58	.....	.....
J. H. Bulla	131	.....	.....
L. F. Huss	41	.....	.....
L. Wolf	240	.....	.....
McCreary & Carey	270	.....	.....
S. Wertheimer	160	.....	.....
H. F. Hamilton	49	.....	.....
H. Hagerty	29	.....	.....
Sullivan Bros.	55	.....	.....
Smith & Polsley	64	.....	.....
Mo. & Kans.-Calf. Co.	39	.....	.....
Christy, Kline & Smith	58	.....	.....
Other buyers	1,092	.....	13,325
Total	9,277	2,882	22,365

CATTLE—Receipts of cattle this morning were the smallest that they have been in a long time for a Tuesday, only 236 cars being reported in. The quality of the receipts were also decidedly on the common order, there being a large proportion of trash.

The market as regards beef steers showed comparatively little change. At first the trade was a little backward in opening, but when once under way there was a fair movement so far as desirable kinds of cattle were concerned at prices no more than a shade lower. Inferior and trashy kinds are never very free sellers.

Cows and heifers moved off quite freely and salesmen as a general thing were quoting it as a good steady market at least. The bulk of the offerings changed hands in good season in the forenoon.

The better grades of feeders were in demand and were free sellers at steady prices. The supply was small and what few cattle there were of that description changed hands in good season. Inferior kinds, as a matter of course, did not move so readily, but still the market as a whole was in very satisfactory condition.

Quotations on cattle: Good to choice cornfed steers, $7.00@8.00; fair to good cornfed steers, $6.00@7.00; common to fair cornfed steers, $4.50@6.00; good to choice range steers, $5.25@6.25; fair to good range steers, $4.50@6.00; common to fair range steers, $3.50@4.40; good to choice cornfed cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; fair to good cornfed cows and heifers, $3.25@4.00; common to fair cornfed cows and heifers, $2.00@3.25; good to choice range cows and heifers, $3.80@4.30; fair to good range cows and heifers, $3.25@3.85; common to fair range cows and heifers, $2.25@3.20; good to choice stockers and feeders, $4.75@5.25; fair to good stockers and feeders, $4.00@4.50; common to fair stockers and feeders, $2.75@3.75; stock heifers, $2.85@3.75; veal calves, $3.50@7.00; bulls, stags, etc., $2.75@4.50.

Representative sales:

WESTERNS—NEBRASKA.

No.	Av.	Pr.	No.	Av.	Pr.
47 feeders	1226	4 80	5 cows	836	2 70
6 cows	930	3 15	6 feeders	783	3 15
11 cows	948	3 20	5 heifers	728	3 25
4 feeders	860	4 00			
Richter Bros.—Neb.					
12 heifers	630	3 45	157 steers	781	4 25
W. R. Lonr—Neb.					
8 heifers	681	3 30	8 heifers	963	3 40
A. W. Lotspiech—Neb.					
107 heifers	894	3 60	29 cows	855	2 75
SOUTH DAKOTA.					
6 feeders	908	4 25	5 feeders	614	4 25
16 calves	350	3 90	12 calves	363	4 50
5 feeders	852	4 25	23 cows	853	3 10
34 feeders	1102	4 50	12 feeders	341	4 20
13 cows	738	3 00	10 cows	740	3 00
16 cs. & hs.	868	3 45	41 feeders	915	4 35
22 feeders	916	4 50	38 feeders	927	4 00
13 feeders	933	3 70	5 feeders	1220	5 00
10 cows	1046	3 65	6 cows	1056	3 65
11 feeders	1172	4 50	6 feeders	1141	4 50
6 feeders	1138	4 50	11 feeders	881	4 50
12 cows	831	3 15	18 cows	965	3 75
M. W. Draper—S. D.					
25 steers	983	4 40	14 cows	986	3 00
28 heifers	550	3 90	20 heifers	628	3 40
18 cows	1028	3 35	27 steers	1294	4 80
20 feeders	667	4 40	9 calves	396	3 65
8 calves	300	3 35			
Justin Brewer—S. D.					
1 feeder	970	4 00	1 feeder	900	4 00
1 steer	1000	4 50	4 feeders	835	3 25
19 feeders	890	4 00			
M. Everly—S. D.					
2 feeders	1200	4 25	23 cows	985	3 55
M. F. Monton—S. D.					
3 heifers	400	2 50	12 cows	885	3 40
13 mixed	712	2 70			
A. E. Longpree—S. D.					
9 cows	872	3 00			
S. Mitchell—Wyo.					
24 feeders	1059	4 50	7 cows	949	3 20
W. E. Morse—Wyo.					
24 steers	1280	5 15	38 steers	1129	4 80
J. J. Grant—Wyo.					
41 steers	1048	4 40	9 cows	1068	3 65
30 steers	1115	4 35	16 steers	1153	4 75
Spear Bros. Cattle Co.—Wyo.					
121 steers	1211	4 80	55 steers	1208	4 80
130 cows	1024	3 80	33 cows	936	3 80
6 cows	1000	2 80			
J. N. Enochs—Wyo.					
8 cows	1062	3 70	21 steers	1285	4 85
8 cows	978	4 20	3 cows	960	2 75
Lee Moore Live Stock Co.—Wyo.					
84 steers	1234	4 70			
Allen & M.—Wyo.					
27 cows	942	3 15	29 steers	945	4 70
36 steers	1023	4 70			
D. T. Irwin—Wyo.					
9 cows	992	3 65	7 cows	1165	3 65
6 steers	1128	4 50			
H. Richard—Wyo.					
24 cows	1035	3 80	15 steers	1166	5 25
H. Petzs—Wyo.					
14 steers	1307	5 35	17 steers	1324	4 80
19 feeders	650	4 05			
Antlers Cattle Co.—Wyo.					
68 steers	1055	4 20	62 steers	1043	4 15
59 steers	1035	4 15	52 steers	1040	4 15
S. H. Shirley—Wyo.					
13 heifers	718	4 50	28 cows	969	3 35
22 cows	928	3 70			
W. J. Hampton—Wyo.					
14 cows	1057	3 80	13 cows	1122	3 60
28 steers	1262	5 55			
W. Goodill—Wyo.					
65 cows	1036	3 60	12 cows	1000	3 25
G. C. Green—Wyo.					
19 steers	1227	5 25			
J. E. Garner—Wyo.					
20 steers	1250	4 90	18 steers	1080	4 40
J. M. Bonder—Wyo.					
28 steers	1081	4 85	18 feeders	867	4 50
J. Brewer—Wyo.					
23 calves	297	4 25	28 cows	827	2 90
15 cows	926	3 55	63 heifers	866	3 40
J. A. Lavett—Wyo.					
15 steers	1133	4 85	16 steers	856	4 15
8 steers	991	4 10	74 steers	989	4 00
46 cows	998	3 35	29 cows	983	3 50
7 bulls	1347	3 15	34 heifers	844	3 35

HOGS—Supplies were by no means liberal this morning, about 2,800 in all, but in spite of the rather moderate run, both packers and shippers openly declared at the start that they were out of the market at yesterday's figures. Outside advices were extremely bearish and early bids at this point were about a dime lower than yesterday's best time or easily a nickel lower than the close. In fact, it was generally a $7.65 market so far as bulk of bids was concerned, but very few sales were made early to accurately reflect the actual situation.

The movement was naturally very slow and it was well along in the morning before salesmen and buyers finally agreed upon a trading basis.

Representative sales:

No.	Av.	Sh.	Pr.	No.	Av.	Sh.	Pr.
61	147	...	7 55	82	219	...	7 65
74	227	40	7 60	7	224	...	7 65
63	237	40	7 60	24	201	80	7 65
59	236	40	7 60	74	204	...	7 65
63	272	220	7 65	69	255	160	7 65
63	252	200	7 65	65	259	200	7 65
65	240	40	7 65	72	230	40	7 65
62	248	80	7 65	51	268	120	7 65
5	280	...	7 65	76	218	80	7 66
42	260	160	7 65	60	280	100	7 67½
77	240	40	7 65	61	284	280	7 67½
82	239	40	7 65	79	215	80	7 67½
70	261	80	7 65	60	273	120	7 70
65	242	40	7 65	72	259	120	7 70
73	250	...	7 65	6	277	80	7 70
59	238	40	7 65	65	275	200	7 70
48	255	...	7 65	59	256	80	7 70
49	266	160	7 65	29	280	...	7 70

SHEEP—With only a limited proportion of really good killing stock included in this morning's run, packers made no attempt to follow up yesterday's bearish grooves and bought freely from the opening at prices that were strong to a dime higher, and, in spite of advance, was possibly even greater. Total receipts today were fully normal for a Tuesday at this time of the year, about 16,000 head being reported in, but the character of the offerings was none too good and plainly indicated that the short season of range "clean-ups" is at hand.

It will be remembered that the fat stock market was dull and draggy yesterday, with prices decidedly weak. Closing rounds found most sales quotable at weak to right around a dime lower, so that today's advance has restored quotations to last Friday's level and put the general trade on a good strong basis. Movement was active this morning and anything at all desirable sold readily.

Feeder buyers were plentiful, as usual, this morning, and the demand for suitable thin and half-fat classes was fully proportionate to receipts. There was little change of consequence as far as prices were concerned, most strings realizing not far from steady money. It might be well to mention in this connection, that, while the demand for feeding stock has been brisk on all days lately, the poorer grades are somewhat neglected and occasional dull spots in the market do not indicate that the outlet is narrowing, but that rural talent is not kindly disposed toward common and trashy kinds. This feature is perhaps more evident at present since rangemen are dumping into the market hopper the season's "clean-up" of odds and ends.

Quotations on fat sheep and lambs: Good to choice lambs, $6.40@6.75; fair to good lambs, $6.10@6.40; good light yearlings, $5.00@5.25; good heavy yearlings, $4.85@5.00; good to choice wethers, $4.25@4.50; fair to good wethers, $4.00@4.25; good to choice ewes, $4.00@4.25; fair to good ewes, $3.80@4.00; old canner ewes, $1.00@2.00.

Quotations on feeder stock: Good to choice lambs, $6.00@6.40; fair to good lambs, $5.40@6.00; light yearlings, $5.00@5.25; heavy yearlings, $4.50@5.00; old wethers, $4.15@4.40; good to choice ewes, $3.00@3.75; breeding ewes, $3.75@5.50; yearling breeding ewes, $5.50@6.00.

Representative sales:

No.	Av.	Pr.
240 Wyoming ewes, feeders	105	3 55
63 Wyoming lambs, feeders	59	6 00
216 Wyoming lambs	68	6 35
442 Wyoming ewes, feeders	104	3 40
110 Wyoming lambs, feeders	61	6 15
440 Idaho lambs	71	6 50
208 Idaho lambs, feeders	59	6 25
114 Idaho lambs, feeders	59	6 25
496 Idaho lambs, feeders	59	6 25
75 Idaho lambs, feeders	71	6 00
493 Wyoming lambs	79	6 50
294 Wyoming lambs, feeders	68	6 15
215 Idaho lambs, feeders	63	6 10
258 Idaho lambs, feeders	61	6 10
200 South Dakota wethers	108	4 30
126 South Dakota wethers & ylgs.	97	4 25
270 South Dakota ewes, feeders	81	3 00
67 Wyoming ewes, feeders	106	3 40
300 Wyoming lambs, feeders	71	6 30
90 Wyoming ewes	114	3 95

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET

Cattle Weak—Hogs Five to Ten Cents Lower—Sheep Higher.

CHICAGO, Nov. 2.—CATTLE—Receipts, 12,000 head; market weak; steers, $5.60@9.10; cows, $3.50@5.00; heifers, $3.25@6.00; bulls, $3.00@4.75; calves, $3.00@8.50; stockers and feeders, $3.75@5.50.

HOGS—Receipts, estimated at 18,000 head; market 5@10c lower; choice heavy, $7.90@8.00; butchers, $7.80@8.00; light mixed, $7.10@7.70; choice light, $7.65@7.80; packing, $7.65@7.95; pigs, $5.00@7.30; bulk of sales, $7.65@7.85.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts, estimated at 20,000 head; market 10@25c higher; sheep, $3.00@5.25; lambs, $6.00@7.25; yearlings, $4.50@5.50.

Kansas City Live Stock Market.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 2.—CATTLE—Receipts, 17,000 head, including 600 southerns. Market steady to weak. Choice export and dressed beef steers, $6.35@8.50; fair to good, $4.80@6.25; western steers, $3.75@5.50; stockers and feeders, $3.10@4.80; southern steers, $3.60@4.75; southern cows, $2.50@4.00; native cows, $2.25@4.50; native heifers, $3.40@6.25; bulls, $2.40@3.75; calves, $3.50@6.25.

HOGS—Receipts, 17,000 head. Market 5c to 10c lower; top, $7.77½; bulk of sales, $7.40@7.70. Heavy, $7.70@7.77½; packers and butchers, $7.50@7.75; light, $7.25@7.60; pigs, $6.50@7.00.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts, 2,000 head. Market steady to strong. Lambs, $5.80@7.00; yearlings, $4.50@5.15; wethers, $4.00@4.60; ewes, $3.80@4.35; stockers and feeders, $3.00@4.75.

St. Louis Live Stock Market.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 2.—CATTLE—Receipts, 5,700 head, including 700 Texans; market steady to 10c lower; native shipping and export steers, $6.65@7.50; dressed beef and butcher steers, $5.25@6.35; steers under 1,000 lbs., $1.75@5.25; stockers and feeders, $3.50@5.25; cows and heifers, $3.25@7.90; canners, $2.25@2.50; bulls, $2.75@4.00; calves, $5.00@7.00; Texas and Indian steers, $3.50@6.40; cows and heifers, $2.25@4.25.

HOGS—Receipts, 15,200 head; market 10c lower; pigs and lights, $5.25@7.50; packers, $7.3@7.60; butchers and best heavy, $7.70@7.85.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts, 2,200 head; market 5c higher; native, $3.00@4.25; lambs, $5.75@7.25; culls and bucks, $2.50@4.75; stockers, $3.25@4.00.

St. Joseph Live Stock Market.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Nov. 2.—CATTLE—Receipts, 4,000 head; market slow; steers, $4.50@7.00; cows and heifers, $2.50@6.00; calves, $3.00@7.50.

HOGS—Receipts 5,000 head; market 5@10c lower; top, $7.75; bulk of sales, $7.45@7.70.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts, 1,000 head; market steady; lambs, $4.50@6.80.

Sioux City Live Stock Market.

SIOUX CITY, Ia., Nov. 2.—(Special Telegram.)—CATTLE—Receipts, 1,000 head. Market steady to strong.

HOGS—Receipts, 1,100 head. Market weak; range of prices, $7.55@7.65; bulk of sales, $7.60@7.65.

Stock in Sight.

Receipts of livestock at the five principal western markets yesterday:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
South Omaha	5,900	3,000	15,800
Sioux City	1,000	1,100	......
St. Joseph	4,000	5,000	1,000
Kansas City	17,000	17,000	2,000
St. Louis	5,700	15,200	2,200
Chicago	12,000	18,000	20,000
Totals	46,600	59,300	41,000

OMAHA GENERAL MARKET.

Staple and Fancy Produce Prices Furnished by Buyers and Wholesalers.

BUTTER—Creamery, No. 1, delivered to the retail trade in 1-lb. cartons, 32c; No. 1, in 60-lb. tubs, 31½c; No. 2, in 1-lb. cartons, 30c; in 60-lb. tubs, 29½c; packing stock, 22½c; fancy dairy, tubs, 24c. Market changes every Tuesday.

EGGS—Fresh selling stock, candled, 23c.

POULTRY—Dressed broilers, 23c; springs, 14c; hens 14c; cocks, 10c; ducks, 15c; geese, 14c; turkeys, 25c; pigeons, per doz., $1.25. Alive, broilers under 2 pounds, 15c; over 2 pounds, 10½c; hens, 10½c; cocks, 6½c; ducks, full feathered, 10c; geese, full feathered, 7c; turkeys, under 10 pounds, 15c; over 10 pounds, 18c; guina fowls, $2.50 per doz., pigeons, 60c per doz.

OYSTERS—Selects, small cans, 35c; large 40c; gallons, $1.90; New York counts, small, 33c; large, 45c; gallon, $2.00; Baltimore, standards, small, 22c; large, 35c; gallon, $1.40.

FISH—Fresh caught, almost all are dressed; Halibut, 12@13c; buffalo, 8c; trout, 15c; bullheads, 14c; catfish, 17c; crappies, sunfish, 9@18c; black bass, 25c; whitefish, 18c; pike, 12c; salmon, 1..c; pickerel, 11c; frog legs, 45c. Fresh frozen whitefish, No. 1, 11c; pickerel, dressed and headless, 9; pike, dressed, 12c; redsnappers, 13c; Spanish mackerel, 18c; native mackerel, 25c.

BEEF CUTS—No. 1 ribs, 19c; No. 2 ribs, 12c; No. 3 ribs, 7½c; No. 1 loin, 20c; No. 2 loin, 13½c; No. 3 loin, 8½c; No. 1 chuck, 6½c; No. 2 chuck, 4½c; No. 3 chuck, 4½c; No. 1 round, 9½c; No. 2 round, 6½c; No. 3 6c; No. 1 plate, 5½c; No. 2 plate, 3½c; No. 3 plate, 3½c.

FRUITS—Oranges, Valencia seedless, 96 to 288 sizes, $3.75; Florida, all sizes, $3.25; Lemons, California fancy, per box, $5.50; California, extra fancy, $6.00; extra fancy pears, fall variety, $2.50; peaches, Colorado freestones, extras, per box, 90c; grapes, Tokays, $1.50; New York, extra fancy pears, fall varieties, $2.50; peaches, Colorado freestones, extras, per box, 90c; grapes, Tokays, $1.50; New York, per 7-lb. basket, 21c; prunes, Italian, per crate, $1.25; cantaloupes, Colorado Rockyford, standard sizes, 45 melons, $2.25; pony size, 54 melons, $1.75; apples, home grown cooking, per bu. basket, 75c; per market basket, 45c; Jonathans and snows, in bbls., $5.00; California bellflowers, per box, $1.65; Colorado box Jonathans, extra choice, $2.50; extra fancy, $3.00; western Ben Davis, in bbls., $3.50; Winesaps, in bbls., $4.00; quinces California, per box, $1.85; grape fruit, Florida, 54 to 64 sizes, $5.50; California, 48, 54 and 64 sizes, $4.50 to $5.00; cranberries, Cape Cod, per bbl., $7.00; per box, $2.60, dates, Anchor brand, 30-lb. pkgs. in box, per box, $2.00; Hallowe'en dates, due about November 1, per lb., 7c; figs, California, 50 pkgs, 5c size, in box, $1.85; cider, Nehawka, per keg, $2.90.

VEGETABLES—Irish potatoes, per bu., 75@80c; Virginia sweets, per bbl., $2.50@2.75; Wisconsin cabbage, per lb., 1¼c; radishes, hot house, per doz. bunches, 35c; extra fancy letuce per doz., 45c; fancy home grown parsley, per doz. bunches, 35c; onions, red and yellow, in sacks, per lb., 1¼c; Spanish onions, per crate, $1.50; fancy Florida egg plant, doz., $1.25; tomatoes, fancy home grown, per market basket, 60c; string and wax beans, per market basket, $1.00; celery, Michigan, per doz. bunches, 35c; Colorado, per 12-lb. bunch, 75c; mammoth western, per doz. bunches, 65c; cucumbers, hot house, per doz., $1.25@1.50; rutabagas, Canada, per lb., 1¼c; horseradish, 2 doz. in case, $1.90; walnuts, b'ack, per lb., 2¼c; California No. 1, per lb., 13½c; California No. 2, 10c; garlic, extra fancy white, per lb., 10c; red, per lb., 12c.

HIDES—No. 1 green, 10c; No. 1 cured, 11c.

Cotton Market.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 2.—COTTON—Higher, middling, 15c. Sales, none; receipts, 6,558 bales; shipments, 5,084 bales; stock, 21@22c.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 2.—COTTON—Spot firm, ¼c up, mediums, 14 11-16. Sales on the spot, 1,200 bales; to arrive, 1,000 bales.

GALVESTON, Nov. 2.—COTTON—Steady at 14 7-16c.

Falls Thirty Feet; Never a Scratch

A swirling blackness and void swallowed R. J. Fahey. Mighty potency, liquor, was the only impression that fleeted through his consciousness when the all-obliterating crash came. There was a swish in interstellar space, a shower of the constellations, and then swift oblivion.

The night's long silence was broken to the wondering Fahey when he heard the crisp voice of the police judge:

"One dollar and costs."

Fahey, imbued with an exceedingly efficient inebriation, had fallen from the viaduct at Union station, and tumbled softly on the pavement thirty feet below—without a scratch.

Dame Hebe cares for her own.

JUDGE WAKELEY'S TRIBUTE TO MRS. JOSEPH BARKER

Woman of Marked Individuality and Wrought Much Good for Other People.

Judge E. Wakeley, one of the pioneer citizens of Omaha and Nebraska, pays this tribute to the memory and deeds of Mrs. Joseph Barker, who died Sunday and was buried Monday:

The death of Mrs. Joseph Barker, after a lingering illness, has removed from us a member of one of the pioneer families who came to Omaha in its early uncertain years to abide its fortunes and its future to the end.

She was a daughter of Colonel John Patrick of Uniontown, Pa., whose three sons and two daughters came from there in 1856, locating in the young city and establishing a commodious and substantial family home at Seventeenth and Davenport streets. The father afterward joined them and was a resident of Omaha until his death. The sons, J. N. H., M. T. and A. S. Patrick—the only survivors of the family—identified themselves permanently and successfully with the business life and interests of Nebraska and the new west.

Eliza E., the elder sister, married Joseph Barker, also of a pioneer family, and who continued to take an active and influential part in the business enterprises of Omaha until his death, a few years since.

Mrs. Barker was a woman of marked individuality, of keen perception, wit, adaptability, cheerfulness and generosity of nature. During her residence here of a half century she was noted in domestic life for her strong family attachments and unreserved devotion to family duties, and in social life for her cordial friendships, her kindly amenities and the gracious, informal hospitality which helps to make social intercourse delightful. These secured to her the large circle of loving friends, represented by those who followed her to the last and left her beside her husband at Forest Lawn.

Her charities, quiet and constant, were bestowed, not to be seen or for display, but from the impulses which prompt to kind deeds. She was long a loyal and faithful member of the Protestant Episcopal church, in the faith of which and as a communicant of St. Mathias' church she died. It may be well said of her—and there need be no higher praise—that in a long life and by her example as a member of the community, as a daughter, a sister, a wife and a Christian mother, she illustrated the best type of American womanhood.

E. WAKELEY.

FATHERS' MEET AT Y. M. C. A.

Such an Event is Planned, When Dr. Dr. Charles Fordyce Will Speak.

Director Dennison of the boys' department of the Young Men's Christian association is arranging for a fathers' meeting to be held Sunday, November 14, which he anticipates will be quite a large and successful gathering.

The meeting will be addressed by Dean Charles Fordyce of the Teachers' college, University of Nebraska, who will emphasize upon the fathers the importance of giving their boys instruction and training along the lines as carried out by the Young Men's Christian association.

A series of talks pertaining to and being a discussion of efficient living and being what is more properly known as training groups for men will be given at the Young Men's Christian association during the week of November 8 to 15. The program is now being arranged and will include talks by secretaries of the different departments, as well as outsiders who are interested in the work.

There will be a contest and entertainment by the swimming club of the association Thursday evening at 7:30, followed at 8 o'clock by an entertainment. These events will be free to association members, with a nominal charge to nonmembers.

If you desire a clear complexion take Foley's Orino Laxative for constipation and liver trouble, as it will stimulate these organs and thoroughly cleanse your system, which is what everyone needs in order to feel well. Sold by all druggists.

Some Things You Want to Know

The Thirteenth Census—Gathering the Data

On the 15th day of next April, 65,000 men will start out to gather the information upon which the Thirteenth Census will be based. Never before has such careful preparation been made to secure honest, accurate, and complete returns. The director of census realizes the difficulty of securing good, competent and faithful enumerators, because the period is too short to justify employed men to leave their regular work, and the pay is too small to attract the best men. It will take fifteen days to make the city enumerations and thirty days for the country districts. The pay will amount to about $3 a day in the country and a trifle more in the cities.

It was suggested that the position of enumerator be made one of honor, and that the men serve without pay, as is done in some European countries, a medal of honor being given to those who serve well and faithfully. Director Durand thinks that such an arrangement might be made at some future time, but that it would not be expedient under present conditions. He does hope, however, to get many men who will serve more because of interest in the work than for the compensation involved. He expects to make use of many of the crop reports correspondents of the Department of Agriculture, many of the students of colleges and universities, and as many school teachers as he can get.

The population schedule will be carried by every one of the 65,000 people who will constitute the army of enumeration, but only 45,000 of them will carry the agricultural schedules. The statistics of mines and quarries and manufactures will be taken by a corps of chief and assistant special agents, 2,000 strong. They will be the cavalry of the census army and their work may continue for fifteen months.

It is realized that aside from the actual enumeration of the population the most important inquiry appertains to the farm. With all the progress America has made as a manufacturing nation, the fixed capital in manufacturing industries is less than half as much as that invested in agriculture. A special effort is to be made to secure accuracy in farm returns. To that end the director has caused to be issued a long statement, which he hopes will reach every farmer in the country, impressing upon the farmer the importance of keeping an accurate record of all his farm operations, sales, etc., for the calendar year 1909, that he may be ready for the enumerator. The director points out that while the Department of Agriculture has a wonderfully efficient corps of crop estimators and reporters, the industry is so vast and many of its elements and conditions so intangible to superficial observation, that all its figures would become practically valueless were they not regularly revised in the light of actual census returns. In the statement sent out to the farmers is an outline of the agricultural schedule, and each farmer is requested to make a note of each particular bit of information called for as soon as he gets it, which will have a peculiar interest at this time when conservation is uppermost in so This is an innovation which augurs well for the accuracy of the returns. One inquiry many minds, is that which relates to the number of acres of wooded and cleared land on the farms of the country. The farm operations will cover the calendar year 1909, while the stock on hand, practically an inventory of farm wealth, will be as of April 15, 1910.

There probably will be some women enumerators, more especially in those states where women have the right of suffrage. It is hardly probable, however, that the number of women enumerators will amount to as much as one per cent of the whole. In the Oklahoma census a few women were employed, and they made a good record of their sex. Of course it is only the exceptional woman that stands any show of appointment, so that it is little wonder that those who were appointed made fine records.

Careful tab will be kept on every enumerator's work all the time he is in the field. He will be supplied with two cards for every day's work. Each night he will fill them out, forward one to the supervisor of his district and the other to the census office in Washington. He must give a list of the places he has visited, the number of people he has enumerated—in short, a general history of his day's work. Each office will carefully check his cards, and if there is the slightest reason to suspect that he is not doing his work properly and exactly, he will be asked to explain. His final report must balance exactly with the sum of his daily reports.

Up to the census of 1880 it was required that all the returns of population be posted at some conspicuous place in the enumeration district so that every person interested could make sure that there was no padding of lists and no omissions. Since that time the daily report system has been in vogue, and has largely served the same purpose, at the same time greatly reducing the expense of the work.

In the past there have been many attempts at padding the lists. In one census a Mississississippi enumerator, a negro, made the returns for all the farms in his district, and then duplicated these returns for every member of the family on each farm. This padding was for the sole purpose of increasing his pay. Usually padding has been more marked in the cities, and has been done more for the purpose of "boosting" population totals than anything else. In the 1890 census two cities in a north central state undertook to pad their population returns. Each was watching the other. The one went at it in a coarse, crude way, and was soon caught in the act. The other handled the situation with a finer hand, and might have escaped detection but for the watchfulness of the rival city. In one city there were several hundred people returned as permanent dwellers in the union station. A prominent newspaper building was reported to have sixty-five permanent residents. When the census bureau decided upon a re-enumeration, a committee was sent to Washington to protest against it. Among the members of the committee was the owner of the big newspaper building. When he had spoken at some length supporting the accuracy of the first returns, the record for his own building was produced. He was forced to join in the laugh that followed at his own expense.

It remained for a man under the very shadow of the dome of the national capitol to discover the most unique way of padding his returns at the last census. He was a Maryland enumerator, and he visited the cemeteries in his district and returned the names on the tombstones. But he was not able to cover up his tracks and was very soon overtaken by the lynx-eyed census office detectives.

Bitter disappointment is in store for many cities next year. For instance, Los Angeles and Seattle are each determined to be written down by the thirteenth census as the second city on the Pacific coast, and they have been booming themselves for all they are worth. Their race is only one of dozens that are now going on. Buffalo is working hard in advance, and Houston and San Antonio are having a great race for primacy in Texas. It is the common experience of census authorities that when the showdown comes very few cities are able to live up to their claims of population. Some of them, however, recognizing the danger of exaggerated claims, have stopped setting their figures above the census mark.

It is estimated that the actual cost of enumeration or gathering the data will be in the neighborhood of $4,000,000. At the last census the average pay for each enumerators was about $60. It is expected that fully 90 per cent of this will be paid out within three months of the date of beginning the enumeration. As stated before the returns of manufacturing, mining and quarrying will be secured by special agents. These men will be appointed because of their especial fitness for the work and there will be several assistants under each chief special agent. It is hoped that a highly competent corps of agents equipped with simplified schedules will make this census of manufactures a notable one.

If the country continues to grow in the next twenty years as it has grown in the last double decade, the fifteenth census will require an army of men as large as Grant commanded at Appomattox to carry out the work. At least $20,000,000 will be required to execute the task. Some experts think that the census will soon become such an extensive thing as to topple over of its own weight, but the majority of those who have followed the development of census taking from the beginning to the present, unhesitatingly declare that every recurring period produces more accurate returns and drives the business of census taking nearer to the hoped-for goal of an exact science.

By Frederic J. Haskin.

Tomorrow—The Thirteenth Census. III—Tabulating the Returns.

PROBLEMS DUE TO NEGLECT

Prof. C. F. Kent Asserts Civic, Political and Social Questions Are Caused by Ignoring Heart.

"In our haste to develop the head and hand we have neglected the heart," said Prof. Charles F. Kent of the chair of history and old testament literature at Yale university, in the course of a message extended to the people of Omaha. Dr. Kent came here to deliver two lectures at the Young Women's Christian association building and took occasion prior to his lecture to express a few sentiments with reference to neglected idealism of education.

"Education," said Prof. Kent, "is a unit that when one-sided or incomplete results disastrously in many cases. Our chief political, civic and social problems in America are traceable to neglect. The most significant movement in the church and educational world today is the rapidly growing recognition that the all-around idea of the individual is the only sure way of solving our greatest problem.

Some seventeen years ago Prof. Kent first visited Omaha and he expressed himself as agreeably surprised at the advancement made. His visit here at this time, he said, likened him to Rip Van Winkle after his long sleep in the Catskill mountains.

While in Omaha Prof. Kent is the guest of Rev. L. O. Baird, pastor of St. Mary's Avenue Congregational church.

SYMPATHY IS ALL WASTED

Several Men Pity Old Gentleman with Bruised Eye—He Fell Out of Bed.

He sat in the lobby of the Paxton hotel. Gray and few were the locks upon his head. Refinement and dignity shown in every feature. His age might be guessed at 52 years and his occupation one of responsibility. As he sat there in one of the comfortable rockers attention was drawn to him because of a horribly colored right optic. Sympathy went out to him from all sides, and while no one one had the termerity or desire to convey personally his feelings, there were many expressions of solicitude.

"What scoundrel blackened that old gentleman's eye?" "The man who did that ought to be horsewhipped." "Show me the man who beat up that old gent and I'll give him a taste of his own medicine." These, and other expressions were overheard by the clerk.

"Shh!" whispered that dignitary. "The old gentleman had a bad attack of coughing last night and became so weak he fell out of bed. In falling he struck his eye against the edge of the bed, which gave him that black eye."

AUSTRALIA THE TEA TOPER

That Country Drinks More of It Per Capita Than Any Other in the World.

Black tea is gradually taking the place of the green leaf beverage, according to Henry O. Wootten of London, England, a prominent tea merchant, stopping at the Loyal, on his first visit to Omaha.

Mr. Wootten is director and export manager of Ridgways, Ltd. tea merchants of London, and during the last six years has made frequent trips to this country.

Mr. Wootten vouched the information that Australia leads the world in the amount of tea consumed per capita, with eight and one-half pounds. Canada is second with seven and one-half, while England, which claims the distinction of being the great tea drinking country in the world, excepting, of course, China, has a ratio of seven pounds per capita. Here in America it is but one and a half pounds, but the ratio is slowly increasing. England consumes 400,000,000 pounds per annum, Canada 35,000,000, Australia 18,000,000 and the United States about 12,000,000 pounds. The Chinese drink more tea than the rest of the world together, the annual consumption by the Orientals being estimated at 3,000,000,000 pounds.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

R. W. Lundahl of Fremont, Neb., is at the Merchants today.

Mrs. Charles Waegele of Sheridan, Wyo., is registered at the Paxton.

Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Weaver of Lincoln are registered at the Henshaw.

J. B. Whitmore, agent for "Three Weeks" company, is registered at the Loyal.

Miss Sophia Lunderholm of Newman Grove, Neb., is stopping at the Loyal.

E. D. Clark and wife of Hudson, Mich., are staying at the Murray for a few days.

C. J. Claassen has been appointed assistant secretary and trust officer of the Peters Trust company.

G. E. Evans and wife, Lincoln; Sanford B. Belden and wife, Columbus, are stopping at the Rome.

Steve Milton and wife of Minneapolis are guests at the Iler Grand hotel. W. M. Wood of Lincoln is also registered there.

Special Assistant Attorney General S. R. Rush has returned from Ardmore, Okl., where he submitted arguments against the demurrer filed by Governor Haskell and others indicted by the federal grand jury of the Oklahoma federal district in the alleged Muskogee town lot frauds. The arguments lasted two days. Judge Marshall has reserved his decision on the demurrer to the indictment. The defendants had a host of the ablest attorneys of Oklahoma to present arguments to sustain the demurrer.