THE OMAHA BEE
a clean, reliable newspaper that is admitted to each and every home.

THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

WEATHER FORECAST.
For Nebraska—Generally fair.
For Iowa—Generally fair.
For weather report see page 3.

VOL. XXXIX—NO. 110. OMAHA, FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 22, 1909—TWELVE PAGES. SINGLE COPY TWO CENTS.

LOVETT HEADS UNION PACIFIC

New York Lawyer Succeeds Late Edward H. Harriman as Chief of Great System.

DIRECTORS MAKE HIM PRESIDENT

Vice Presidents and Members of the Directorate Are Also Named.

OREGON SHORT LINE ELECTION

Officers and Executive Committee Are Chosen for Subordinate Company.

ANNUAL REPORT IS SUBMITTED

Total Surplus Revenue for the Year Just Closed [illegible] and Three-Quarter M[illegible] over the Yea[illegible].

NEW YORK, Oc[illegible] [illegible]rt S. Lovett was elected preside[illegible] [illegible] Union Pacific railway to succeed [illegible] H. Harriman at a meeting of [illegible] of directors today. The executi[illegible] [illegible]ee was re-elected with Judge L[illegible] [illegible]airman, to which place he was [illegible] Mr. Harriman's successor a fe[illegible] ago.

The other members of the executive committe are:

Henry C. Frick, Marvin Hughitt, Frank A. Vanderlip, William Rockefeller and Jacob H. Schiff.

A. L. Mohler, J. C. Stubbs, Julius Kruttschnitt and William Mahl were appointed vice-presidents.

Messrs Stubbs, Kruttschnitt and Mahl were also elected vice-presidents of the Oregon Short Line Railway company, which is a subordinate company of the Union Pacific in addition to William H. Bancroft, who was re-elected to the same office. All four are made members of the executive committee of the Oregon Short Line Railroad company.

The annual report of the Union Pacific Railroad company for the year ending June 30 last, shows:

Gross revenue from transportation operations $73,750,461, an increase of $2,711,236; net revenue from transportation after payment of operating expenses and taxes, $38,224,814, an increase of $3,023,113; income other than from transportation operations, including interest on bonds and stocks owned, $17,736,593, an increase of $1,716,701.

After payment of the dividends of 4 per cent on the preferred stock and 10 per cent on the common stock, the total surplus from transportation operations and from other incomes for the year was $17,938,250, an increase of $5,749,498.

Securities, Stocks Sold.

The report sets forth that since the close of the fiscal year, the remaining shares of Great Northern Iron Ore properties have been sold, and $2,933,334 realized from the sale. With the exception of 7,349 shares (par value $100 each) of Northern Securities comany "stubs," the company has sold all the stock of the Northern Securities company, of the Great Northern Railway company and of the Northern Pacific Railway company, received in the distribution of assets of the Northern Securities company and the stock subsequently acquired by subscription rights. The sum realized from these sales amounted to $147,377,341.

There was appropriated during the year for additions, betterments, equipment, terminal properties and for the construction or acquisition of new lines the sum of $48,178,881. The expenditures for account of these appropriations amounted to $22,637,280, leaving $25,541,501 unexpended, which amount has been brought over into the current fiscal year.

The report shows that during the year the Union Pacific sold Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul common stock amounting to $4,612,500 par value; all of its Great Northern stock, par value $3,575,600, and all its Northern Pacific stock, par value $1,914,400. The company acquired 23,769 shares of Illinois Central during the year.

JUDGE LOVETT NOT OLD MAN

Forty-Nine, but He Has Had Busy and Eventful Career.

The election of Judge Lovett is hailed with satisfaction by the local officers of the Union Pacific. It is taken to mean practically a continuation of the policies of Mr. Harriman, as Judge Lovett was entirely familiar with the policies and plans of Mr. Harriman.

Judge Lovett has not long been widely known to the railroad world, although for some years he has been vice president and general counsel for the Harriman lines.

He is 49 years old, began life as a Texas plowboy, became clerk in a store, next a station agent, then clerk in a freight office, studied law at night, admitted to the bar at the age of 22 years, was a railroad attorney almost from the beginning and has gone up step by step until he is now one of the big figures in the railroad world. In appearance he is rather tall and large of frame, is brusque in manner, smooth shaven, with a typical southern face that is rather austere in its lines, but can break into a smile on occasion. His title of "judge" is merely one of courtesy, as he never occupied the bench. His main characteristics are will power, tireless energy and ability as an organizer. He it was who handled the legal end of the Harriman consolidations. He has been credited with a most intimate knowledge of the dead railroad king's methods and purposes and was virtually chosen for the succession by Mr. Harriman himself.

While a country agent, Lovett had managed to study law and kept up his reading at Houston. In 1882 he was admitted to the bar and returned to his home county to practice. When the Houston East & West Texas railway went into the hands of a receiver he became an attorney of the road and later general counsel. From this time forward his advancement was rapid. In 1889 he was made assistant attorney of the Texas & Pacific and two years later became general counsel.

He was soon known as one of the foremost railroad lawyers in Texas, joined the firm of Baker, Botts, Baker & Lovett and in time attracted the attention of Harriman, through his connection with litigation of the Southern Pacific and his work in organizing the Houston & Texas Central. Of this road Harriman made Lovett president and in 1904 chose him general counsel of the Southern Pacific interests in the state.

One of the secrets of E. H. Harriman's power was his ability in picking lieutenants. He differed in methods from James J. Hill, who looks after every detail of his properties. The master of the Pacific

(Continued on Second Page.)

Mine Explosion Sniffs Out Lives of Ten Workmen

Victims Pass "Dead Line" of Oklahoma Workings with Their Lamps Lighted.

HARTSHORNE, Okl., Oct. 21.—Ten men are dead, two are injured and one is missing as a result of an explosion in mine No. 10 of the Rock Island Coal Mining company early today. Nine bodies were recovered. The dead:

JOSEPH SAVAGE.
DAN HUGHES.
JOS SOLIS.
JOHN DOMDROSKI.
JOE ZETTO.
JAMES TOTTS.
ERO DRESDO.
JACK JACOBIA.
TWO UNIDENTIFIED.

The injured:

William Framson, probably fatally.
James Johnson, a trapper boy.
Anthony Orlando is missing.

The men are believed to have gone beyond a "dead line" with lighted lamps in entering the mine, the lamps igniting escaping gas. The fact that Dan Hughes, a substitute boss, was with the other men suggests the theory that the men were arranging the air courses to carry out the gas when one or more of the men passed over the "dead line." Hughes was alive when taken from the mine, but never regained consciousness.

Peter Hanratty, state mine inspector, visited the mine, but made no statement as to the cause of the disaster. No damage was done to the mine by fire.

Omaha General Supply Depot

Quartermaster in Charge to Be Under Direct Supervision of Quartermaster General.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—(Special Telegram.)—The War department has announced that the quartermaster's depot at Omaha has been made a general depot of the quartermaster's department. The officer in charge will report to and act under the direct supervision of the quartermaster general of the army in all matters pertaining to his duties as depot quartermaster.

James Ovens has been appointed postmaster at Somerset, Lincoln county, Nebraska, vice F. Griffith, resigned.

Rural carriers appointed for Iowa routes: Bristow, route No. 1, Paul H. Jones, carrier, William Truex, substitute; Ida Grove, route No. 3, Will J. Nimerocks, carrier, no substitute; Keokuk, route No. 1, Arthur J. Reynolds, carrier, Charles J. Reynolds, substitute; Letts, route No. 1, William S. Denham, carrier, Hubert C. Hafner, substitute; Red Oak, route No. 6, Lindser B. Pike, carrier, no substitute; What Cheer, route No. 1, Tom C. Phillips, carrier, no substitute; Winterset, route No. 2, Rex McClintoc, carrier, James M. White, substitute.

Civil service examinations will be held November 20 at Berwin and Litchfield, Neb., for rural letter carriers.

The secretary of the interior has affirmed the decision of the commissioners of the general land office in the case of Charles E. Myers against Almon H. Keach upon an appeal by the latter in holding for cancellation his homestead entry located in the Valentine, (Neb.), land district.

Welcome for Mrs. Pankhurst

Women Escort English Woman to Suffrage Headquarters on Arrival in Boston.

BOSTON, Oct. 21.—An enthusiastic welcome was given Mrs. Emelin Gould Pankhurst of Manchester, England, who begins an American campaign for woman suffrage here tomorrow evening, by the Massachusetes leaders of the movement, when she arrived from New York. A hundred automobiles displaying flags and banners bearing the motto, "Votes for Women," escorted the visitor to the suffragette headquarters.

CRUDE OIL LOWER IN PRICE

Standard Company Makes Substantial Cut in All Grades of Products Save One.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 24.—Announcement was made today by the Standard Oil company of a cut in prices of all grades of crude oil except Ragland. The Pennsylvania brand was reduced 5c and other grades from 2 cents to 8 cents. The new quotations follow: Pennsylvania, $1.53; black, $1.00; Newcastle, 97c; Corning, 89c; Cabell, $1.07; North Lima, 84c; South Lima, 79c; Indiana, 79c; Somerset, 73c; Ragland (unchanged.)

DIVINE HEALER BELIEVED DEAD

Corpse Found at Hastings, Neb., Thought that of Widely Known Francis Schlatter.

VISITED IN OMAHA LAST MONTH

"Healer" Undertook Cures in Several Towns of State During Summer.

REAL NAME WAS CHARLES M'LEAN

Told No One of Identity at Hastings, but Officials Feel Sure of Man.

WAS ARRESTED AT DES MOINES

Although in Rags at the Time, Large Sum of Money and Valuable Diamonds Were Found in His Clothes.

HASTINGS, Neb., Oct. 21.—(Special Telegram.)—A man whose personal effects indicate that he was "Rev. Dr. Charles McLean," who as the divine healer Schlatter, was one of the most talked of men in the country fifteen years ago, died a pauper here this morning. He came here a month ago and was made a county charge last week. Personal letters, some written in 1871, addressed to Charles McLean, were found among his belongings with press clippings and testimonials.

Numerous persons who went to Denver in 1894 to see Schlatter when he was at the height of his fame said today that they were confident the body here is that of the "divine healer."

In one of his advertisements he claimed to be a cousin of John R. McLean, the Cincinnati millionaire and published of the Cincinnati Enquirer and Washington Post, but to the county physician here he said he had no relatives. The man spoke to no one here of being a healer and nothing of his identity was learned until his effects were examined today.

Among his papers was a certificate by the Massachusetts Medical Board of Registration showing that Charles McLean graduated from the Bennett Electic School of Medicine in Chicago in 1873.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 21.—According to local records the man who was found dead in Hastings, Neb., today was Charles McLean, who has posed in various places as Francis Schlatter, the original Schlatter of "divine healing" fame, who succeeded about twenty years ago to the reputation of Francis Schrader, the first "divine healer" of wide repute. Schrader, after gaining a great reputation as a healer in Denver and other cities, was found dead in the Colorado desert about fifteen years ago.

McLean was arrested in Des Moines, Ia., last June on a charge preferred by a citizen of Clinton, Ia., that he had taken away a large sum of money intrusted to him for use in his healing work. He had posed in Clinton as Schlatter. In his ragged clothing when arrested he had $755 and three diamonds valued at $200 each.

Schlatter was in Omaha during the last month, but made only a brief stay, as his story was an old one and the faith of the public he once aroused could not be restored.

He undertook to cure by "divine healing" in several Nebraska towns last summer.

RATE GOES HIGHEST SINCE RECENT FLURRY

Bank of England Raises Discount to Five Per Cent on Gold Demands.

LONDON, Oct. 21.—The Bank of England today raised its maximum rate of discount another full point to 5 per cent, the highest it has stood since the American flury of 1907. This is the third consecutive week that the directors have considered it necessary to strengthen the barriers against a further leakage of gold reserve.

The international monetary position shows no material improvement during the week and the bank's reserve, which is now nearing $110,000,000, was threatened with a further depletion this week by the South American and Egyptian requirements estimated at $7,500,000.

Foreign exchanges have been engaging London, particularly Berlin, where gold is badly needed and where the next arrival of the metal probably would have gone, but from the imposition of the 5 per cent rate. It is known that requirements from other centers would soon have reduced the reserve to below $100,000,000 unless the new rate attracted gold.

The market sees in today's movement a general warning against speculative operations and the announcement was followed by a dropping in prices. British securities and Kafffirs recovered almost immediately, but American shares, which earlier in the day were above parity, fell away, United States Steel and Union Pacific drooping ⅝ and several others ½, with the tone generally weak.

From the Cleveland Leader.
The Annual Struggle With That Narrow-Minded Furnace.

MASONS CONFER DEGREES

Dr. A. A. Edginton and George West Named Knights Commander.

WILL HONOR PATRON SAINT

Scottish Rite Members in General Session to Hold Memorial Services for Albert Pike—Supreme Council Exercises.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—At the fourth day's session of the supreme council of Scottish Rite Masons for the southern jurisdiction, which convened today in executive session, nominations for knights commander of the Court of Honor were considered.

About 300 thirty-second-degree Masons were advanced to this honorary degree, a stepping stone to the highest degree in Scottish Rite Masonry, that of the thirty-third degree. Among those elected were:

Nebraska—Omaha, A. A. Edington and G. F. West; Lincoln, P. F. Clark and H. A. Vaughn; South Omaha, G. W. Green; Hastings, G. W. James.

Iowa—Des Moines, G. E. Hamilton, H. K. Horning and W. H. Stoner; Davenport, W. F. Wernentin, jr., and S. T. White; Clinton, F. Fellows, F. J. Item and H. S. Wilson; Cedar Rapids, M. Evans and C. D. Houston; Sioux City, A. L. Fribourg, J. E. Carver, G. Jepson and A. E. McManus; Anamosa, G. L. Schoonover.

South Dakota—Aberdeen, A. C. Fossum and G. F. Hopkins; Sioux Falls, S. A. Brown and E. S. Knowles; Yankton, I. Piles and F. L. Van Tassel; Deadwood, G. M. Reeves and S. [illegible]; Fort Pierre, G. Phillips; Dell Rapids, J. E. Irwin.

Kansas—Kansas City, A. D. Cozad, P. E. Dean, R. J. McFarland, W. T. Southerland, A. L. Swearingen and W. J. Right, jr.; Topeka, W. A. S. Bird, J. M. Cleveland, F. S. Crane, S. S. Esty, G. W. Hart, T. C. Kirkpatrick, F. E. McFarland, L. M. Penwell, C. Smith and T. S. Young; Wichita, A. J. Applegate, A. W. Bitting, G. M. Booth, C. W. Carey, B. F. Dunkin, W. J. Frazier, J. B. House, J. E. Luiling, J. F. McCoy, W. W. Pearce, J. H. Reynolds, F. Ross, W. T. Rouse and T. C. Wilson; Salina, M. D. Bird, F. D. Blundon, E. A. Hiller and C. D. Horter; Fort Scott, E. H. Blakeley, D. C. Congdon and W. R. Reid; Iola, J. B. Kirk; Lawrence, W. H. Pendleton; Olathe, J. A. Evans; Osawatomie, J. F. Nicely.

Missouri—St. Louis, V. H. Falkenhainer, R. H. Fuhrmann, A. D. Grant, W. B. Ittner, J. T. Quarles, G. W. Taylor and W. R. Vickroy; Kansas City, J. R. Lossen, O. H. Swearingen, L. Thalman and D. M. F. Weeks; Joplin, W. T. Branham, T. L. Brown and J. W. Barson; St. Joseph, G. M. Burbank, S. F. Kessler and W. A. Weir.

Montana—Butte, A. Van Corey, A. Gray and G. W. Mikel; Livingston, E. H. Payne.

Colorado—Denver, J. Chase, C. Reese, G. W. Vallery, E. J. Noldo and H. B. Teller; Sterling, H. P. Burke; Creede, A. L. Moses.

Idaho, Utah and Wyoming—Salt Lake City, L. Cohn and R. L. Conley; Rock Springs, Wyo., J. W. Hay; Laramie, F. A. Holliday; Cheyenne, C. T. Johnston; Newiston, Ida., O. A. Kjos; Boise, J. W. Robinson.

A resolution was adopted providing for memorial services in commemoration of the 100th anniversary of the bitrth of Albert Pike, the Scottish rites "patron saint," on December 29 next. On that day celebrations will be held by the fraternities all over the world. A committee was appointed to arrange the program and order of exercises to be held by the supreme council.

George F. West is local general agent for the Chicago & Northwestern railway. Dr. A. A. Edgington is a well-known Omaha physician.

FIGHT ON TUBERCULOSIS MAKES GREAT HEADWAY

Statistician C. L. Wilbur Says Figures Show Decrease in Death Rate Generally Over Country.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—The great fight against tuberculosis is being won, according to Chief Statisticnn Cressy L. Wilbur of the United States census bureau. In a bulletin issued today based on the annual returns of deaths from the death registration area of the United States, he says:

"It is probable that the great attention that has been given to this disease through the congress on tuberculosis held at Washington in 1908 and the organization of many states and local societies has already begun to have its effect upon mortality from this disease, and a continued decline in the death rate from it from year to year may be expected.

"The total number of deaths from all forms of tuberculosis returned in 1908 was 73,289, excessing those of any previous year, but the death rate per 100,000 for 1908 is considerably less than that for 1907. In all registration states the death from tuberculosis showed a decline except in Colorado, Rhode Island and Vermont."

Last Chance To
Register
Saturday, Oct. 23
Last Year's Registration Does Not Hold Good This Year

Mount Vesuvius Spurts Lava and Earth Trembles

Serious Eruption Takes Place—Houses Wrecked by Series of Quake Shocks.

NAPLES, Oct. 21.—Mount Vesuvius is again very active. Quantities of stones were thrown up today, falling inside the crater. The ejection was preceded and accompanied by detonations. This is considered the most serious eruption of Mount Vesuvius since 1906.

CATANIA, Sicily, Oct. 21.—Several strong earthquake shocks were felt today. They were more pronounced at Acireale, on the slope of Mount Etna.

The people at this place, alarmed by the first shocks, rushed out of their houses and camped in the open air. Ten houses fell in the outskirts of Acireale, but only one person was killed. The victim was a veterinary surgeon who refused to abandon his house. It was among those thrown down by the later and heavier shocks and he was buried in the wreckage. The walls of many houses were cracked. The whole Mount Etna region was severely shaken.

Addition to the White House

New Circular Private Office Constructed for the President—New Cabinet Room.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—After three months the new addition to the executive offices of the White House is almost completed and in another week the building will be turned over to Secretary Fred Carpenter and the executive staff of the president, who during the alterations have used the basement of the White House proper as their offices.

The new offices will be in shape for the president when he gets back from his tour early in November. He will find his new chamber fitted out to a large extent with woods from the Philippines. His new private office is a circular room, plain in appearance, but light and attractive. A new room for cabinet meetings and a new office for the private secretary have been provided. The building has cost $50,000.

POLICE SEEKING KIDNAPERS

Nine Already in Toils for Abduction of New York Girl—P. Mule Arrested.

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.—Eight men and a woman were rounded up by the police today in connection with the kidnaping of 4-year-old Jennie Lopez, who was found on the street last Monday night after being absent from home since September 7.

The nine were arraigned in police court and held in $1,000 bail each. Among them is Pellegrino Mule, an alleged Italian bandit, who sought refuge in America several years ago, and whom Lieutenant Petrosino, later murdered in Sicily, attempted to deport. The attempt failed owing to a lack of proof from Italy.

SPANISH THRONE TROUBLED

Entire Maura Cabinet Resigns Owing to Attacks Heaped Upon It.

STORMY SESSION AT MADRID

King Alfonso Forms New Body of Advisers, Headed by Moret Pendergast—Vatican Expresses Surprise.

MADRID, Oct. 21.—The Spanish cabinet, which was formed June 25, 1907, under the premiership of Antonio Maura, resigned today as a result of the bitter attacks made against the government by the former premier, Moret Pendergast, representing a powerful opposition.

At a conference with King Alfonso, Premier Maura told the king that in the face of Senor Moret's statement that the opposition would refuse to discuss even the most urgent measures, he had no option but to resign.

Upon the receipts of the resignation, Moret Pendergast formed a new ministry, himself assuming the post of premier and of the interior. The new ministery took the oath of office tonight and is as follows:

Premier and minister of the interior, Moret Pendergast; minister of foreign affairs, Perez Caballero, minister of finance, Senor Alvarado; minister of war, Lieutenant General De Luque; minister of marine, Rear Admiral Concas; minister of public works, Senor Gasset; minister of public instruction, Senor Barroso; minister of justice, Martinez Del Campo.

When the president of the chamber of deputies announced the cabinet's resignation it was received with such an ear-splitting uproar that he was forced to adjourn the sitting.

ROME, Oct. 21.—The vatican did not expect the fall of Premier Maura, believing that the energy he displayed in re-establishing order at Barcelona and other affected points would bring him sufficient strength to retain the premiership and complete the work which he had undertaken.

ARGUMENTS HEARD IN CATTLE RATE CASES

Fifty-Two Western Lines Still Protesting Against Cut Made by Commerce Commission.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 21.—Arguments were heard today in the suit of forty-two western and southern railroads against the Interstate Commerce commission brought over a year ago and known as the cattle rate case. The filing of the suit followed an order from the commission reducing the rates on cattle, the roads claiming that their loss as a result of the reductions approximated $500,000 annually.

A year ago the United States circuit court, Judge Adams, Hook and Van Devanter sitting en banc, refused the roads a temporary injunction forbidding the Interstate Commerce commission from enforcing its order. Since then numerous witnesses have been heard and more than 9,000 pages of testimony taken.

The arguments were heard today by former Judge James A. Seddon, special commissioner. The railroads were represented by W. D. McHugh, Omaha; J. W. Terry, Galveston; James Peabody, Chicago, and J. J. Morrisey, Galveston. The attorneys for the commission are S. H. Cowan, Fort Worth, Tex., and J. P. Farrell, Washington, D. C.

EARTHQUAKE SHOCK RECORD

Prolonged Tremors Shown by Seismograph at St. Ignatius College at Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, O., Oct. 21.—Announcement was made at St. Igantius college today that a prolonged and somewhat severe earthquake shock was recorded by the seismograph last night. The disturbance began at 6:31 and lasted until 7 o'clock, but was the most noticeable between 6:44 and 6:50. It was estimated the shock was about 5,000 miles from here.

W. C. T. U. FOLKS HERE IN FORCE

Auditorium Quickly Transformed from Skating Rink Into Hall for Temperance Workers.

CARPENTERS WORK ALL NIGHT

New Stage Built for W. C. T. U. Convention's Morning Session.

PRAISE SERVICE EARLY TODAY

Program Will Begin with Session of Prayer at 8:30.

DELEGATES ARE POURING IN

Large Numbers Are Coming from All Parts of Land to Take Part—Prayer Meetings at First Methodist.

When several hundred delegates to the National Women's Christian Temperance union convention pressed into the Auditorium late Thursday afternoon and found no preparation whatever for their great meeting, which opens at 9 o'clock this morning, they all but fell into a panic. There was not even a suggestion of the big rostrum that the program requires and the floor, instead of being equipped with seats and these all marked off with standards according to state delegations, was cleared for a roller skating rink. To their demands for an explanation Manager Gillan calmly assured them that everything would be in readiness by morning.

During the night a force of workmen was put to work to transform the hall, reducing its space by shutting off the stage and extending a new stage thirty-two feet forward. Boxes were built at the sides and the new seats that were gotten at the request of the women, were all in place. Back behind the big drop curtain on the stage proper, a number of large, well lighted, well heated committee rooms had been constructed with canvas partitions, while up in the corridors rugs, couches and easy chairs were arranged, forming little rest rooms. The decorators had also been at work and the national colors, flags, banners and bunting were brought into effective use. It was necessary, however, for the seating committee to convene early and before the majority of the delegates have breakfasted they will be at the Auditorium arranging space and placing the state standards.

Devotional Services Thursday.

The devotional services and school of methods conducted at First Methodist church held most of the delegates there Thursday, while the executive committee considered the roster of evangelists, organizers and lecturers to be nominated for election by the convention next week. The school of methods was conducted by the department superintendents, who demonstrated their respective work aided by an exhibit of charts, literature, pledge cards and essays. Mrs. Edith Smith Davis, superintendent of scientific temperance instruction, was one of the principal speakers. The outline of instruction for teachers has recently been placed in the Chicago Training school, and last summer was used by the Summer School of the South, conducted by the University of Tennessee. Modified courses have also been adopted by the University of Wisconsin and the the Normal schools of Massachusetts. The course prepares teachers for the instruction of children in the nature and effects of alcohol and other narcotics, and was recommended by the world's anti-alcoholic conference held at London in July, at which Mrs. Davis represented the United States government. Mrs. Davis is to be retained in Nebraska for a week after the convention closes to speak in the colleges and high schools. Today she addressed the Council Bluffs schools and will speak in the Omaha schools during the convention.

It was estimated by the reception committee that at least 500 women came in Thursday, in addition to the members of the executive board and several delegations from the west and north will arrive this morning.

Mrs. Boole and Mrs. Armor.

Among the most prominent organizers who have come are Mrs. Ella A. Boole, president of the New York state union and a member of the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions. Mrs. A. C. Zehner of Dallas, Tex., and Mrs. Mary Harris Armor of Georgia are among the foremost southern women lecturers. Mrs. Armor, then president of the Georgia organization, had a conspicuous part in the campaign that gained prohibition for Georgia and is recognized as one of the best speakers among the national lecturers. She has been chosen to preach the convention sermon at the Auditorium Sunday afternoon. Mrs. Armor is not a stranger to Omaha audiences. Her debate of the liquor question with Mayor Dahlman attracted a record breaking crowd at the Bellevue chautauqua last year, while her story, "How Georgia Went Dry," was told in several of the churches.

The Women's Christian Temperance Union Press association, composed of the editors of the national and state papers of the organization, held a meeting last evening at the Young Women's Christian association, Mrs. Cornelia Jewett of Evanston, Ill., managing editor of the Union Signal, presiding. About forty papers are represented in the organization.

Today's Program.

The program for today is as follows:

MORNING.

8:30—Service of praise and prayer in the Auditorium; leader Madame Layyah A. Barakat, national evangelist.

9:30—Convention called to order in the Auditorium by the president, Mrs. Lillian M. N. Stevens of Maine.

Singing, led by Mrs. Frances W. Graham of New York, national musical director, accompanied by Miss Ruth Fonville of Missouri and Miss Rose Bower of South Dakota, cornetists.

Reading of the Crusade Psalm, responsively, led by the national general officers.

Singing of the Crusade Hymn, "Give to the Wind Thy Fears."

Prayer—Miss Frances H. Ensign of Ohio (the crusade state), state president.

Music, "We March to Victory."

Roll call by the recording secretary, Mrs. Elizabeth Preston Anderson of North Dakota.

Report of the executive committee.

Appointment of Committees—On credentials, publication, courtesies, telegrams, finance, subscriptions to the Union Signal and the Crusader Monthly.

President's Address—Mrs. Lillian M. N. Stevens.

Devotional Service—Conducted by Miss Elizabeth W. Greenwood of New York, national evangelistic superintendent.

12—Noon tide prayer. Miscellaneous business. Announcements.

AFTERNOON.

1:45—Song service in the Auditorium, led by Mrs. Graham.

2:00—Convention called to order in the

Wolfe's Office Taken for Bakery by Dough Seekers

"This is the bakery. Come and get your dough!" was the wording of a sign that some one had placed above the door of the office of City Boiler Inspector Wolfe. The democratic compaign manager found the sign there when he went to his office and it is understood that he laid it to one side, with its face to the wall.

"To early for that," was Mr. Wolfe's comment.

Later the sign painter or some of his friends tacked the sign up at the entrance to the lobby of Street Commissioner Flynn's office and soon the big boss of the local democracy had cause to wonder at the number and the character of his callers.

"I'm not handling the funds any more," said Flynn to one persistent worker, who wanted a "hundred" to line the boys up in the railroad districts next Saturday.

"Who is handling it, then?" asked the worker.

"Why, I understand Bob Wolfe is chairman of the campaign committee now. You had better see him," said Flynn, putting on his coat to make a getaway.

"Oh, that's too thin, Tom," spoke another waiting patriot. "What's the use of passing us around to this one and that. Wolfe says he hasn't got any money yet, and don't know just when he will have it. We don't want to be strung along like a lot of suckers."

"Well, then go down to headquarters and inquire. You'll find that what I'm telling you is true. Maybe Wolfe hasn't got things shaped up yet, but he'll take care of the boys in due time, I guess."

And so the seekers after the wherewithal to conquer success for the democracy were kept chasing around. Wolfe and Flynn are both busy men, according to the city charter, but Wolfe is by far the best natured. Because of his suave manners and nice way of handling men he is looked to by Chairman Reagan and the executive committee to make the funds go as far as any man can, but he claims the funds are slow in coming in and that those who want to work for the ticket must have patience.

"We'll be doing business in due time," says one of the boiler inspector's cronies, "but Bob must be given a chance to get his feet under him. When the moneyed backers of the campaign come through, the right people will be taken care off. We will not be able to take care of everybody, but certain men with influence in the various sections will get a slice of the cush. Who these will be is not yet decided."

Last Chance To
Register
Saturday, Oct. 23
Last Year's Registration Does Not Hold Good This Year

England's Unemployed Cause of Great Uneasiness

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—The army of unemployed in Great Britain has grown steadily and has now reached proportions that cause the government great uneasiness. In a special report John L. Griffiths, United States consul general at London, gives extracts from a special statement just issued by the royal commission on the poor law and relief of distress.

The commission declares that during the fiscal year ending March 31 last, the number of those without work who sought government aid totalled thirty-one persons in ever 1,000 of the population, while in the fiscal year preceding only fourteen out of each 1,000, made application for assistance. The number of men who applied for relief in the last fiscal year constitutes 4 1-10 per cent of the working men of England and Wales, while during the year ending March 31, 1908, they constituted 2 1-10 per cent and the year preceding only 1 9-10 per cent.

The destitution and absence of work is not confined to London, but is general in practically all of the manufacturing cities and towns in the United Kingdom. Consul Benjamin F. Chase of Leeds, reports that in that city the registration last month during the first two days, the books were opened broke all records since the unemployed act was put in force.

A striking feature of the situation is that the men seeking work are for the most part in the prime of life, only 9 per cent being either under 20 years or more than 60 years of age.