Nebraska

GUARANTY NOT IN CAMPAIGN

Decision of the Court Has Vindicated Position of Republicans.

NO ACTION ON LIQUOR BILL

American Surety Company Will Fight Case to Bar It from State Because it Failed to File Its Annual Reports.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, Oct. 17.—(Special.)—Leading republicans and democrats alike are of the opinion the decision in the bank guaranty law case will cut no ice in the present campaign. Chairman Hayward is of the opinion the decision was in line with what the republicans talked in the last campaign and therefore the decision is a vindication of the position of the republicans. That the leading democratic members of the legislature are opposed to a guaranty law there never has been any doubt and the fact that Senator Allen was one of the attorneys who argued the case against the law will, it is said, make it rather embarrassing for the democrats to try to work the case into the campaign.

The fact that Governor Shallenberger now says he will not call a special session of the legislature to pass a new act is believed by a good many people to vindicate the charge often made that the democrats just used the guaranty of bank deposits as a catch during the last campaign to snare votes.

Governor Not Surprised.

Commenting upon the decision in the guaranty of deposits case, Governor Shallenberger said:

"The decision is not wholly a surprise. It is exactly what those who for partisan or selfish reason are opposed to any effective guaranty of deposits law desired. It goes to the very heart of the question and denies the right of the state to require the banks, which exist by virtue of their charters, to pay a certain tax to create a guaranty fund, or to prescribe a form and manner under which the banking business shall be conducted. It appears to leave banking no more of a matter for public legislation or limitation than the grocery or butcher business. Indeed, the 'slaughter house' case, quoted as precedent by the court, seems peculiarly appropriate here. In the face of this sweeping decision there is apparently nothing to do except to await the judgment of the highest tribunal in the land, the United States supreme court, and hope for a reversal of this verdict.

"The Oklahoma banking law is now before the supreme court of the United States, and the case appealed from that state supreme court involves the same fundamental question as the Nebraska law, and a decision is hoped for soon in the Oklahoma case, which would carry with it a practical settlement of the points involved in the Nebraska law. The supreme court of Oklahoma declared constitutional the same features of their law which our federal judges have declared invalid."

No Action on Liquor Bill.

The State Board of Public Lands and Buildings has taken no further action in Superintendent Baxter's $300 wine and whisky bill, but will likely hold a meeting the first of the week for that purpose. The board gave the superintendent the authority to make the purchase, but when the contract was finally filed it was for more wet goods than is usually asked for by a soldiers' home, so it has been held up.

Working on City Charter.

The city of Lincoln is already preparing to bombard the next legislature for a new charter which will provide for the commission plan of government. Committees have been appointed from the Commercial club and city officials to draft the bill and before the legislature convenes it is hoped to have the measure in such shape that at least a portion of the citizens can agree upon it.

Several Lincoln people went before the legislature with a charter and many valuable days of the session were taken up listening to arguments for and against the measure, the legislature finally killing the bill, though the Lancaster delegation was unanimously for it.

Those who are favorable to a commission plan of government are hoping this time to get in on the ground floor and so work is being done now on the bill.

Surety Company Will Fight.

The American Surety company, against which the attorney general has filed a suit to prevent it doing business in Nebraska because it has failed to file its annual reports with the legal department of the state, as provided in the Junkin anti-trust law, intends to fight the case.

Matthew S. Hall, attorney for the company, has filed a brief in the case in the district court in which he contends that the Junkin anti-trust act does not apply to insurance companies, but to combinations in restraint of trade. He calls attention to the fact that no insurance company, or any other corporation doing business in the state, has filed such reports with the attorney general, and not one business concern has therefore interpreted the law as has the legal department of the state.

The suit of the attorney general was filed after the surety company had asked for an injunction to prevent the enforcement of rates to be charged by bonding companies, as fixed by the State Bonding board.

Difference Between Judges.

The student paper at the State university has recently published two items which will be of interest to the people of the state. The one told of the fact that three sons of Judge John B. Barnes were graduates of the State university and were all doing well in their several professions. Judge Barnes, the article said, was a republican candidate for supreme judge. The other item was to the effect that Judge B. F. Good had sent his son to Amherst and his daughter to Smith college. Judge Good is a candidate for supreme judge and was for a time a lecturer in the State university.

LEEDOM LIBEL SUIT ENDED

Judge Welch Takes it from Jury and Enters Dismissal.

PIERCE, Neb., Oct. 17.—(Special.)—The libel suit of the State of Nebraska against B. S. Leedom occupied the attention of district court last week. Judge Welch took the case out of the hands of the jury and dismissed it.

Herman Steinkraus, who was serving as county commissioner of Pierce county brought suit against R. S. Leedom, editor of the Osmond Republican for articles which had been written about him. It was not questioned but that the articles were libelous. When the case came up for trial, a surprise was sprung. Joe Leedom, a son of Editor Leedom was the first witness to take the stand. In reply to questions from attorneys, he declared that he was the author of the article or articles in question. A brief lull occurred in the court room, after which Judge Welch dismissed the case for the reason that the son and not the father was the author of the article.

CHURCH OBSERVES ANNIVERSARY

Fremont German Lutherans Hold a Reunion.

FREMONT, Neb., Oct. 17.—(Special.)—Trinity German Lutheran church celebrated its twenty-fifth anniversary today. There were a great many former members and visitors present, filling the building at all the services. This morning Rev. John Hilgendorf of Cheyenne, Wyo., who organized the church, preached in German and this afternoon there were special services in both German and English.

The church has been quite prosperous since its organization. Its first services were held in the old court house. The present building was erected soon after. The German Lutheran Orphans' home in this city is under the control of the local church and the general synod.

SUNDAY SERVICES AT THE SYNOD

Dr. Jenks of Omaha Preaches the Morning Sermon.

MINDEN, Neb., Oct. 17.—(Special Telegram.)—The Sabbath day with the Presbyterian synod proved to be as interesting as any of its business days. Dr. Jenks of Omaha delivered the morning sermon to a crowded house, although services were held in nearly all the other churches. The afternoon and evening were taken up by discussions on Christian Endeavor and Sunday school work. Mrs. Carrie Hapeman led the Christian Endeavor meeting. The evening meeting listened to a lecture by Dr. Humble of Chicago on "Applied Psychology in the Sunday School." The double male quartet, composed entirely of ministers, has been a great source of enjoyment to all present.

AGREEMENT ON POSTMASTERSHIP

Henry A. Schneider to Have Plattsmouth Place.

PLATTSMOUTH, Neb., Oct. 17.—(Special.)—Henry A. Schneider has been agreed upon for postmaster to succeed Chester H. Smith in this city. There has been a spirited contest for the place.

Last week Senator Burkett sent Mr. Clapp of Elmwood to this city to ascertain whom the republicans desired for postmaster. When his report was received by Senator Burkett he at once secured the agreement of Senator Brown.

Mr. Schneider has been register of deed in this city for two terms, but did not ask for another term. He is and has been for some time republican state committeeman from this district.

Grain Growers Interested.

HASTINGS, Neb., Oct. 17.—(Special.)—President Nelson of the grain growers' department of the American Society of Equity, who recently issued a call for a national conference of grain growers in Indianapolis on November 15, said this morning that letters he has received from many points in the western states indicate that the attendance will be large. The proposition to enlist farmers and co-operative elevators in a concerted movement has attracted much attention in the local unions, and definite proposals to bring the institutions together are expected to be advanced at the national conference.

Union Station for Hastings.

HASTINGS, Neb., Oct. 17.—(Special.)—The Northwestern and St. Joseph & Grand Island railroads are understood to be figuring on the purchase of a site here for a union station. The Grand Island railroad has an antiquated station that is lighted with oil lamps and has solid earth for a floor. The Northwestern's station is a little better, but both roads want new depots, and as their trackage is parallel they can united in a union station with but little expense aside from the building.

City Water Shut Off.

FREMONT, Neb., Oct. 17.—(Special.)—For about two hours after midnight last night the business section of Fremont was without water. A bad leak caused by a broken valve in the main at the corner of Fifth and Main streets made this necessary. The repairs were finished and the water turned on again about 2 o'clock.

Soldiers Camp at Beatrice.

BEATRICE, Neb., Oct. 17.—(Special Telegram.)—A detachment of the Seventh cavalry, under command of Captain Bumpkin, and a battery of the Seventh artillery, enroute to Fort Riley, arrived here at noon today and went into camp at the driving park. They will proceed south tomorrow.

Change in Papers.

TECUMSEH, Neb., Oct. 17.—(Special.)—L. E. Ovenden, junior member of the firm of Ovenden Bros., publishers of the Pawnee Chief at Pawnee City, has sold his interests to his brother, A. E. Ovenden, and will seek a location elsewhere.

Nebraska News Notes.

PERU—John Lewis, who for several years has been the Burlington agent at Brownville, was transferred to Peru this week.

ALBION—County Superintendent Hoffman is still short four teachers in this county. One of these position is in a five-room school.

WYMORE—The women of the Christian church gave a dinner at the armory this noon, which was well patronized. A bazar is being held this afternoon and a supper will be served at 6.

KEARNEY—Mrs. W. J. Bryan, mother of Mrs. R. E. Hays, died at the Hays home Saturday afternoon at 2:30. Mrs. Bryan had been suffering from cancer for some time. The body will be shipped to Ashland for burial.

WYMORE—A bridge is being built across Indian creek, south of town, to replace one washed out by high waters two years ago. This bridge gives the city an entrance from the south and it is especially important, as it leads directly to the stock yards. Without the bridge it is a shorter haul for farmers to go to Blue Springs than to follow a circuitous route through town and railroad yards to get to the Wymore stock yards.

TILDEN—The marriage of Hayes Shane to Miss Retta Means was solemnized at Neligh Wednesday evening. They were married secretly and their friends were greatly surprised. Miss Means is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Lauren Means, who is a real estate man. Mr. Shane is a son of Mrs. Gertrude Shane of Oakdale.

PERU—Clifford E. Blankenship and Miss Evelyn Lytle were united in marriage at Ashland, Tuesday, October 12. The groom is the son of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Blankenship of this place and grew to manhood in Peru. His bride is the daughter of one of Ashland's most prominent merchants.

PERU—News has reached the normal that J. Grant Heseltine and Miss Elizabeth Henderson have been married at Alliance, Neb. These two young people are very well known here, both being graduates of the normal, class of 1908. The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Henderson, who live near Alliance. The groom is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Heseltine of Peru.

WYMORE—E. H. Chaffin was awarded $4.50 by a jury in Judge Crawford's court this afternoon in a suit brought by him to recover wages from Frank Crate for carpenter work done some time ago. Mr. Crate claimed damages had been sustained by him by reason of inability on Chaffin's part, but the jury did not take this into consideration. Mr. Crate talks of bringing suit for damages. Chaffin sued for $5.

WYMORE—Corn huskers want 5 cents a bushel for picking corn in this vicinity, and they claim it will be hard work making living wages at that. The yield in this vicinity will run about fifteen to eighteen bushels per acre. Some fields will average much higher than that, but they are exceptions. The crop this year is composed for a greater part of nubbins and ears that run about six inches long, being undersized on account of the long dry spell.

WYMORE—The Burlington is still short of engine crews on this division. Business has been picking up steadily. Officials are figuring out a new time card to go into effect October 31. One of the features being considered is the installation of a train to run from here to Lincoln, leaving at 10 a. m., in addition to trains now being operated. Business on the Lincoln branch has increased to such an extent that regular trains are delayed nearly every day in handling traffic.

KEARNEY—Among the many attractions at the street fair in this city are a large number of immense snakes. Thursday night these snakes escaped and upon discovery of their absence a merry chase took place. Three of them were found south of the railroad track, a distance of three blocks from their tent, and one was shot by a southside livesmen, who did not know but it was a wild one. The others were all caught in the imediate vicinity of their tent. The one that was shot measured seven feet long.

ALBION—The Western Seed Irrigation company of Fremont has 2,000 pounds of cucumber seeds harvested from 152 acres in this vicinity. The company contracts with the farmers and pays 22 cents per pound harvested, or 10 cents per pound just for the growing. In the fall boys are hired to pick them up at $1.75 a day. They are then hulled in a grinder, after which they are placed in large vats for about seven days until they start to ferment, then they are taken out and washed and are ready for the eastern market.

WYMORE—Will Garfitt succeeds L. E. Taylor as chief clerk of the division superintendent of the Burlington at this place. He has been in that office for some time, being promoted from payroll clerk. Charles Hansen, now stenographer in the superintendent's office, will probably get Mr. Garfitt's place. Mr. Taylor resigned after several years of service to accept a position in Spokane. C. M. Bailey of McCook has succeeded Gus Johnson as master mechanic here. Mr. Johnson has been promoted to assistant superintendent of motive power on Burlington lines west of the Missouri river. His headquarters are in Lincoln.

PERU—J. D. Graves, director of the farmers' institute, which is to be held here next week, reports that one of the best programs ever given at an institute has been prepared. The program is as follows: Friday, October 22—Address of welcome, President Redfern; "Soil Fertility," E. S. Canady; "Rotation of Crops," O. Hull of Alma, Neb.; "Fruit Growing," C. G. Marshall, secretary of State Horticultural society; "Economic Park Production," O. Hull; "The Farmer's Lawn and Barnyard," C. G. Marshall. Saturday, October 23—Milk and butter contest C. R. Weeks; corn judging contest, Prof. C. W. Pugsley of the state university; "Farm Poultry," O. Hull; bread and canned fruit contest, conducted by Prof. Allingham of the normal.

KEARNEY—Late Friday afternoon while an officer at the industrial school had a force of boys at work in the orchard, one of them made a run for his freedom. He was traced south to the Platte river, where all trace was lost. The boy was Elmer Miller, the lad who stole a horse, bicycle and another horse in trying to make his escape from his home in Minden and was caught at North Loup and sent to the reform school. Friday evening a fine gray mare disappeared from the home of Holt Easterling, who lives just north of the river. Two officers of the school were stationed at the north end of the river bridge. Young Miller shortly rode along and chatted with the officers a while and then rode on across the river. The officers had his description, but he eluded them completely. Sheriff Sammons found the horse Saturday at a place south of the river, but the boy had evidently taken himself to more distant quarters.

BOMB EXPLOSIONS ALARMING

Barcelona Faces Violent Outbreaks—Five Persons Killed and Many Wounded During Strife.

LISBON, Oct. 17.—Cable dispatches from Barcelona state that outbreaks there are increasing rapidly. Twenty-seven bombs have been thrown in the last four days, five persons being killed and twenty-one wounded.

Saturday an attempt was made to rush the fortress of Montjuich to release the prisoners. A bomb was thrown against the door, but it failed to explode and the attacking party fled on approach of the guards.

Both Boys Saved.

Louis Boon, a leading merchant of Norway, Mich., writes: "Three bottles of Foley's Honey and Tar absolutely cured my boy of a severe cough, and a neighbor's boy, who was so ill with a cold that the doctors gave him up, was cured by taking Foley's Honey and Tar." Nothing else is as safe and certain in results. Sold by all druggists.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
LIVERPOOL		Celtic.
MOVILLE		Columbia.
LONDON		Minnewaska.
FISHGUARD	Carmania	
QUEENSTOWN	Carmania	
PLYMOUTH	St. Paul	
NEW YORK	Germanic	Cleveland.
NEW YORK	Caronia	K. A. Victoria.
NEW YORK		Caledonia.
NEW YORK		Vaderland.
NEW YORK		Minneapolis.
NEW YORK		Arabic.
NEW YORK		Duca d' Genova.
NEW YORK		La Gascogne.
CHERBOURG	G. Kurfurst	
HAVRE	Amerikaner	La Provence.
HAVRE	Florida	
MANCHESTER		Caledonian.
LIVERPOOL		Virginia.
SOUTHAMPTON		Philadelphia.
HONG KONG	Chinese Mars	
MARSEILLES		Ameriki Glory.
SAVONA		Angelo Clampa.
ANTWERP		Kroonland.
ROTTERDAM		N. Amsterdam.

STRIKERS CLAIM RECRUITS

Forty-Three Men Said to Have Quit and Rejoined Those Out.

LEUSSLER DENIES THE CLAIM

Picketing of Car Barns Resumed Saturday Night—Two Men Are Injured by Flying Missiles.

A meeting of the striking car men, who assembled at midnight Saturday, was held at Labor temple for the purpose of receiving reports from delegations sent to the car barns to meet with employes who were expected to join the strikers' ranks. This meeting adjourned about 4 o'clock Sunday morning.

A meeting of the strikers was also held Sunday afternoon at Labor temple. The strike leaders announced that at this meeting forty-three of the men who had once deserted the strike had come back into the fold and would be put on strike pay. The same terms, said C. O. Pratt, were open to the men yet with the company.

"We were approached several days ago by a committee from the men who went back, asking how they might come out and be reinstated in the union," said Pratt. "The matter has been under consideration and we have decided to take them back. This committee said that 150 men had decided to rejoin the strikers and thus far we have taken back forty-three.

"The company put some of the men in the barns Saturday night in the cots used by the strikebreakers, to keep our pickets from reaching them. Hans Holberg, a conductor, who decided to come out, was sent into the Harney street barn to find out why the others didn't come. He didn't come back, so I guess they put him to bed, too."

Pratt to Leave Shortly.

Pratt says he will probably leave shortly to take up troubles in other cities. Ben Commons will remain here with the strikers. W. D. Mahon of Detroit, president of the International Street Car Men's union, is expected to arrive Tuesday to spend a few days with the Omaha strikers. Plans are made for a mass meeting at Washington hall to be addressed by President Mahon Tuesday night.

R. A. Leussler, assistant general manager of the street railway company, denied Sunday night that the strikers had taken out forty-three of the men working for the company.

"About twelve of the men failed to show up for work," he said, "and they may have legitimate excuses for their absence."

Mr. Leussler said that the company would be prepared for any emergency in the event of further trouble at the barns. The strikers have declared that they will continue their picket system.

Flying Missiles Hurt Two.

Two street car men were hurt, though not seriously, in attacks with bricks early Sunday morning. Shortly after midnight groups of men gathered around the Harney and Vinton street car barns and established picket lines.

At the Harney barn as the first car was run out it was met by a fusillade of bricks. The motorman was struck in the chest and the breath knocked out of him. He was carried into the barn and recovered in a few minutes and went back on his run.

Motorman Barr was struck by a brick thrown from behind a billboard as he was going to the Vinton street barn and his leg painfully hurt. He returned home, but reported he would be able to go to work later in the day.

Sergeant Cook, with a detachment of police, dispersed the men around the barns and ordered them to withdraw their pickets under pain of arrest.

SOUTHLAND WINS PRESIDENT TAFT

(Continued from First Page.)

and the needs of the people. I am not here, either, as a republican or democrat. I am glad to find that in Texas, as in other states I have visited, that sort of welcome that comes to the head of a nation which I am certain from your looks you are all proud. Everywhere I have been I have found that American determination to meet the problems and difficulties that present themselves and to make the particular community in which the people live a little better than other communities.

"We have not any particular nationality from which we are descended. We are a mixture of races and stocks of men, and I doubt not there are more here that will understand what I mean by saying that we are breeding to a certain type and that type is the American type. It is not English, German, Mexican, Spanish or French. It is the American.

"I suppose you are interested in irrigation. All I say about this is that this western trip of mine has impressed me deeply with the importance of irrigation, with a view to making all the western country productive. The truth is we are exhausting the land of the east, and the high price of farm products and everything of that kind is explained by the fact that we are using up most of the land and unless we can extend our territory by making that which has heretofore been a desert useful we are up against it.

"You were going to have a kind of a joint debate among your brother democrats down here, but I understand this is given up.

"I thank you for your very cordial reception and I wish you every kind of prosperity."

Speaks of Irrigation.

At Sanderson the president said:

"As I look about I see scenes that have become quite familiar to me during the last three weeks—land upon which it would seem impossible to produce anything. But I know you can. I know that there are animals that can live on that dust. I have breathed the alkali dust myself, so I know it is palatable.

"My friends, this trip has taught me the enormous energy of the Americans who have come west determined to build up this country and the successful results that have attended their energy and enterprise are most encouraging. While the government has not been as prompt perhaps as it might have been in offering its aid to reclaim much of the land of the country, it is now engaged in that business in order that it may furnish an example and model for those who are willing to put in further capital in order to supply water to the land and make it produce."

CLARKSON HOSPITAL OPEN

Throngs of Visitors Inspect New Institution to Be Dedicated Today.

The new Clarkson hospital, 3120 Howard street, was thronged with visitors at the opening reception held Sunday afternoon from 2 to 5 o'clock. The visitors inspected the new institution throughout under the guidance of members of the board and the house committee. The hospital is ready for occupancy and will receive patients Tuesday, after the dedicatory exercises are held on Monday, St. Luke's day. Bishop Millespaugh of Topeka, Kan., will make an address at the dedication. The bishop is a son-in-law of the late Bishop Clarkson.

TRIBUTE PAID MR. GOMPERS

(Continued from First Page.)

disadvantages can be overcome by constructing factories in such a manner as to provide proper control of temperature, humidity and ventilation.

The home of the Camembert cheese is in France, especially in the northwestern section—the province of Normandy—and here are found the ideal natural conditions for its production. Most of the companies undertaking the manufacture of this cheese in America established plants with the object of reproducing as nearly as possible the buildings and equipment successfully used in France, and employed experienced cheesemakers from that country. At one time the product of these American factories made up fully one-fourth of the total amount of Camembert consumed here. The production and sale of this cheese was, however, attended with uncertainties as to market and by numerous losses in the factory. So much difficulty and discouragement have attended these enterprises that some of them have been entirely abandoned, and the product from all has been greatly reduced.

French Conditions Perfect.

The demands of the process of ripening of Camembert cheese are such that to insure success both temperature and relative humidity must be kept within certain recognized limits. Nature has furnished the French factory a set of working conditions which require only the opening and closing of windows, with at times a moderate amount of artificial heat. A comparison of meteorological records of cities in northern France and certain American cities in dairy regions shows that in American mean temperatures are either too high or too low for Camembert cheese ripening, except during the months of September, October and November, while the mean relative humidity is too low in nearly every month of the year. San Francisco alone of the American cities studied has a climatic condition closely similar to those of northern France. Factories built in the United States for French conditions have actually produced fine results a few weeks of each year and have experienced difficulties and losses at other seasons. The successful Camembert season in the eastern states is about six weeks, from October 15 to December 1.

Since French factory construction has failed in America in the hands of experienced Camembert makers from France, some changes are necessary. Either the location of the factory must be determined by the presence of the required climatic conditions, or the construction of the factory itself must make possible the production of those conditions when necessary. There is reason to believe that the Pacific coast affords favorable climatic conditions. Factories to succeed in the eastern states must provide control of temperature and relative humidity within closer limits than those obtainable with the French plans hitherto used. This may be obtained by better insulation of the rooms already built or by the construction of new rooms which may be partly or entirely below the surface of the ground. In either case the building must provide means for thorough, but controlled, ventilation sufficient to carry off moisture as fast as required.

Guides' Labor Union.

The Guides' Labor union of the capitol is the newest organization in trade unionism. For many years the guides, a dozen in number, have flourished in and about the halls of legislation. They are an exclusive bunch of men, their appointment coming from the speaker of the house, the vice president or the sergeant-at-arms of the two legislative bodies. Lately these guides, who are permitted to charge a certain fixed price for "guiding," have formed an organization, having an absolute monopoly of the business. No other guides than the twelve mentioned are allowed in the building and these twelve guides hold their offices during life or good behavior. Millions of people have been shown the treasures of art and architecture which are displayed in the corridors of the massive building. They have seen presidents come and go, administrations change, but, like the brook, "they go on forever." Ben Cady, one of the old-timers, is the general manager of the Guides' guild, his business being to keep an accurate account of the tourists who are escorted through the structure. At the closing hour—4 o'clock—each guide pays into his hands the sum of money he may have collected during the day, which he divides pro rata among his associates. One guide is stationed at the senate entrance and there tackles everybody having the looks of tourists and offers to guide them through the building. If this is accepted the tourist or tourists are conducted to the rotunda of the building, where they are turned over to some one of the other guides, while the sentinel returns to his post at the senate entrance. It has become one of the fixed institutions of the capitol, this matter of guides, and is conducted in an orderly and dignified manner befitting the structure, whose glories of statuary, art and architecture are admired by every visitor.

Children like Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and it is prompt in effect as well as pleasant to take.

DEATH RECORD.

Mrs. Matilda Detwiler.

Mrs. Matilda Detwiler, a resident of Omaha since 1866 and the widow of one of the city's earliest leading merchants, died yesterday morning at her home, 304 North Twenty-second street, where she had resided for twenty-six years.

Mrs. Detwiler had ben ill five weeks and death was not unexpected.

Mrs. Detwiler, who, until recently, had ben a prominent worker in the First Presbyterian church and the Old People's Home, was born in Wheeling, then in Virginia, April 14, 1845. Her maiden name was Zimmer when she married the late John B. Detwiler, shortly before they came to Omaha in 1866. Her husband, who died in 1883, had for many years, the largest carpet and rug house in the city.

Their children are Dr. Augustus K. Detwiler, the physician and surgeon, Mrs. Frank N. Clarke and Mrs. Paul W. Kuhns, all of Omaha. Mrs. Clarke was Miss Carrie Detwiler and Mrs. Kuhns Miss Grace Detwiler.

Besides being of a pioneer family, Mrs. Detwiler was known for her church and philanthropic activity. She was a loyal worker for many years for the First Presbyterian church and was a life member of the Women's Christian association, which conducts the Old People's Home. More than the ordinary number of friends will grieve at the news of her death.

The funeral will be held Wednesday at an hour to be announced.

Mrs. Minnie DeSelva.

Mrs. Minnie DeSelva, 24 years old, wife of C. D. DeSelva of Ainsworth, Neb., died from Typhoid fever at St. Joseph's hospital Sunday. She leaves two children. Mr. DeSelva is a professional ball player and well known in the west. The body will be taken to the home at Ainsworth for burial.

Max Bass.

CHICAGO, Oct. 17.—Max Bass, general immigration agent of the Great Northern railway, died today at his home in this city. Mr. Bass had been in the employ of the Great Northern for more than twenty years.

Ruth Brown.

Ruth Brown, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Brown, 1016 South Eleventh street, died Suntay morning. The funeral is to be held from the home at 2:30 o'clock Monday afternoon. Burial will be in Forest Lawn cemetery.

George Ayres.

George Ayres, 11 years old, son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Ayres, died at the family home, 2225 Dodge street, Sunday. The body will be sent to Dakota City, Neb., for burial.

Mrs. I. S. Hunter.

Mrs. I. S. Hunter, 58 years old, died Sunday morning at Immanuel hospital. The body will be sent to Dallas Center, Ia., for burial, Tuesday.

A medicine need not be disagreeable to be effective. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is pleasant to take and always cures.

BOY MINER SUPREME JUDGE

(Continued on Second Page.)

bit of history:

In the spring of '63 the regiment was stationed at Providence, La. Young Fawcett and two of his comrades were sent outside the lines to guard the property of Colonel Sellers, a gentleman who professed no sympathy with the union cause, but who had, with true southern hospitality, opened his house to such union soldiers as came to his door. One night Fawcett and his companions were awakened to find themselves prisoners in the custody of a company of confederate cavalry.

The horrors of Andersonville prison stared them in the face. The two older prisoners accepted the situation and at once resigned themselves to their fate. The boy, Fawcett, proposed to argue the question with his captors.

"You have no right to take us," he said to the cavalry officers. "We are serving your cause by protecting one of your citizens. To punish us would be against the laws and usages of civilized warfare. Besides," continued the young man, "you wrong Colonel Sellers and put him and his family in jeopardy."

A council among the confederate officers decided that it was illegal to take these prisoners. They were allowed to remain as guards of Colonel Sellers' premises.

Wounded a Second Time.

At the charge on Bald hill in front of Atlanta on July 21, 1864, Fawcett was one of the first to mount the rebel works, but when the sun went down he again lay bleeding on the battlefield. Before his wounds had fully healed he again took his place in the ranks, participated in the closing campaign of the war, carried a musket in the grand review in Washington, and was mustered out with his regiment on July 12, 1865.

A few weeks later, having returned home, and being still a mere beardless boy, he started to learn the blacksmith's trade. At 20 he had become proficient in his work as a blacksmith and had a shop of his own. Working at the anvil six days in the week, he was able to save up some money, while his night study gave him a start toward the ambition of his life.

After being admitted to the bar in 1873 Fawcett started as a lawyer at Galena, Ill., where he practiced until he became a judge there, serving two terms.

Successful Through Merit.

A little later, removing to Omaha, he was appointed one of the lecturers in the College of Law in the state university. He held this position for nine years. In 1896 he was elected to the district bench in Douglas county, where his work attracted statewide attention.

Judge Fawcett is now 62 years of age, but is as healthy and vigorous in both mind and body as the average man of 40. The personal qualities that brought him respect and warm friendship from his companions when he was a boy worker in the mines of Wisconsin and that endeared him to his soldier comrades of the war, and the sturdy working capacity that brought him the success as a young blacksmith, brings him now as a widely known jurist and judge of the supreme court the confidence and love of all who know him personally. He moves among his fellow workers in the law with a manly dignity that marks him as an honest, kindly, manly man.

Frightened Into Fits

by fear of appendicitis, take Dr. King's New Life Pills, and away goes bowel trouble. Guaranteed. 25c. Sold by Beaton Drug Co.

ST. LOUIS MAN THE LOSER IN BIG ALIENATION SUIT

William J. Stewart Ordered to Pay $17,500 for Winning Affections of New York Woman.

KINGSTON, N. Y., Oct. 17.—Supreme Court Justice Betts has rendered a judgment for $17,500 in favor of Charles H. Fulton of White Lake, Sullivan county, New York, in a suit brought by Fulton against William J. Stewart of St. Louis, alleging the alienating of his wife's affections by the defendant. Fulton sued for $50,000.

Mrs. Fulton is 45 years old, and Stewart, who is 60, is said to have an income from stock which he holds in a St. Louis newspaper bequeathed him by Ellen J. McKee, who also left him $25,000 in money. Fulton formerly conducted the Fulton house at White Lake.

Acquire the habit of keeping on hand a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and save anxiety. There is nothing better for croup.

Great Religious Gathering.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 17.—The greatest religious gathering ever held in this city and perhaps in the country occurred at Forbes field here today, when about 5,000 persons assembled at the sacrament of the Lord's supper, the event being the principal feature of today's session of the convention of the Disciples of Christ.

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Good Quality and Cheapness—Both are combined in
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the renowned Silver Polish. Unequalled for Cleaning and Polishing SILVERWARE, other fine metals and cut glass. By its use much time, labor and expense are saved. Absolutely harmless. In household use over 40 years. Refuse substitutes.
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ECHOES OF THE ANTE-ROOM

A social meeting of the resident members of the grand council of the Royal Arcanum was held at the office of Grand Secretary George S. Powell in the Paxton block at noon Sunday. Those present were Grand Regent Paul B. Harm, Grand Secretary George S. Powell, Grand Treasurer E. A. Parmelee, Grand Orator A. S. Pinto, A. H. Hippie, Alex S. Reed, S. S. Peters, E. L. Bradley, A. Norton, W. M. McKay of Omaha and C. M. Rich of South Omaha, all members of the grand council committees. After discussing business matters the grand officers adjourned to the Heidelberg cafe, where a sumptuous luncheon was served. They afterward returned to Secretary Powell's office, where the afternoon was passed in laying plans for a vigorous winter campaign in the interest of the order throughout this jurisdiction.

Fall colds are quickly cured by Foley's Honey and Tar, the great throat and lung remedy. The genuine contains no harmful drugs. Sold by all druggists.

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The Quality Musical Play
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Friday, Saturday Matinee and Night,
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In the Sparkling Musical Play
The Boys and Betty
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Daily 1 to 5; 7 to 11 p. m.
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Matinee Every Day 2:15—Every night 8:15.
This week: Frank J. Conroy, George La Maire & Co., Three Athletic Sisters, Harry H. Richards & Co., Lockwood & MacCarty, Herbert & Willing, Ruby Raymond & Co., Frank Rogers, Kinodrome, Orpheum Orchestra.
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For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills, and suffering women owe it to themselves to at least give this medicine a trial. Proof is abundant that it has cured thousands of others, and why should it not cure you?